The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LII.—NO. 188. FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1893—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

CARAVELS COMING.

They Will Have a Splendid Reception Here Today.

START FROM MILWAUKEE

After a Day of Pleasure They Leave at 7 O'Clock.

DUE EARLY THIS MORNING.

Cream City's Royal Welcome to the Guests on the Unique Crafts.

NOTHING TOO GOOD FOR THEM.

To day will be another memorable one in the history of the Fair. The voyages of the great discoverer will be brought vividly to mind by the arrival of the caravels, the Santa Maria, the Nina, and the Pinta. These reproductions of the craft in which Columbus voyaged across the unknown seas will arrive about noon. They have come from Spain by way of Havana, from Havana they went to Hampton Roads, thence to New York, and from there through the St. Lawrence they have come through the great lakes, to be anchored off Jackson Park during the remaining months of the Exposition.

The caravels will be met with ceremonies fitting their historic associations. All the nations of the world will be represented in the reception which will be given them. The arrangements are complete, and promise to be more interesting than anything that has yet occurred. They will be met at Evanston by a fleet which will be honored by the presence of the Secretary of the Navy. Secretary Herbert and his party will be guests of Capt. Berry on the United States steamship Michigan. The Michigan will weigh anchor off the Van Buren street pier at 8:15 this morning. At the same hour the revenue cutter Andrew Johnson will take on board the representatives of the press, and along with the revenue cutter Blake will follow the Michigan. About twenty private yachts owned in Chicago and those now visiting the port and a large number of other vessels and excursion steamers will form the fleet.

The fleet will be formed heading north, outside the Chicago north breakwater, with the van abreast the north entrance of the harbor. The three government vessels will form the van, the Michigan leading with the Johnson off the starboard and the Blake off the port quarter. The yachts will form in single column astern of the Johnson and the excursion boats the same astern the Blake. Each vessel will preserve a distance of 100 yards from the one ahead.

CAPT. VICTOR CONCAS.

In the prescribed order the fleet will steam to the northward at a speed of six miles until the caravels are met, when a salute of twenty-one guns will be fired by the Michigan and Johnson each. Then the fleet will countermarch by the left flank, the three government vessels taking posts ahead of the caravels and the other vessels following in their rear, their leaders on a bow and quarter line from the rear caravel. This order will be preserved in returning to the southward, passing to the westward of the outer harbor, and so until the caravels reach their anchorage off Jackson Park between the two piers. Upon the anchoring of the caravels a second salute will be fired, and at the last gun the fleet will be considered disbanded.

All vessels that can do so are requested to dress ship rainbow fashion. The signal to go ahead will be the hoisting of "B" of the international code at foretop halyard arm and the vessels will stop when it is hauled down.

The fleet will proceed in column until the caravels are met and saluted when they will turn and escort them to Jackson Park. At the park the Columbus vessels will be again saluted.

The caravels and the fleet that goes out to welcome them will reach the Exposition grounds between 1 and 2 o'clock. Then Capt. Concas of the Santa Maria and his officers will be brought in steam launches to the landing in the great basin on the north side of the Agricultural Building. Along the terrace, back of the landing, will be drawn up in line the novel escort that has been arranged, composed of military and naval representations of about thirty nations from the Exposition and the Midway Plaisance. All of the strange people in the plaisance villages will be in the parade, and the South Sea Islanders will go out in their war costumes and singing their war songs. Buffalo Bill, with his rough riders from all over the world and his Indians, the members of the British Military Tournament, now giving performances in the Live-Stock Pavilion, and the Indians in camp in Prof. Putnam's Village on the south lagoon will also join in the procession.

The line of march will be eastward from the Agricultural Building across the peristyle bridge, and then westward along the north side of the great basin to the grand stand that has been erected in front of the Terminal Station. There Capt. Concas and his men will be received by Director-General Davis, who asked Gen. Miles and his staff and all the military and naval officers on the grounds to assist him. These officers will be in full dress uniform.

The Director-General will introduce Capt. Concas to the public and then ask Senator John Sherman to deliver the address of welcome, to which Capt. Concas will make an appropriate reply. Secretary Herbert will then make an address, and he may be followed by Mr. Carlisle, the Secretary of the Treasury.

A complete list of the yachts that will participate in the reception of the caravels, together with the names of their owners, has been submitted by Commodore Robert Rae, as follows:

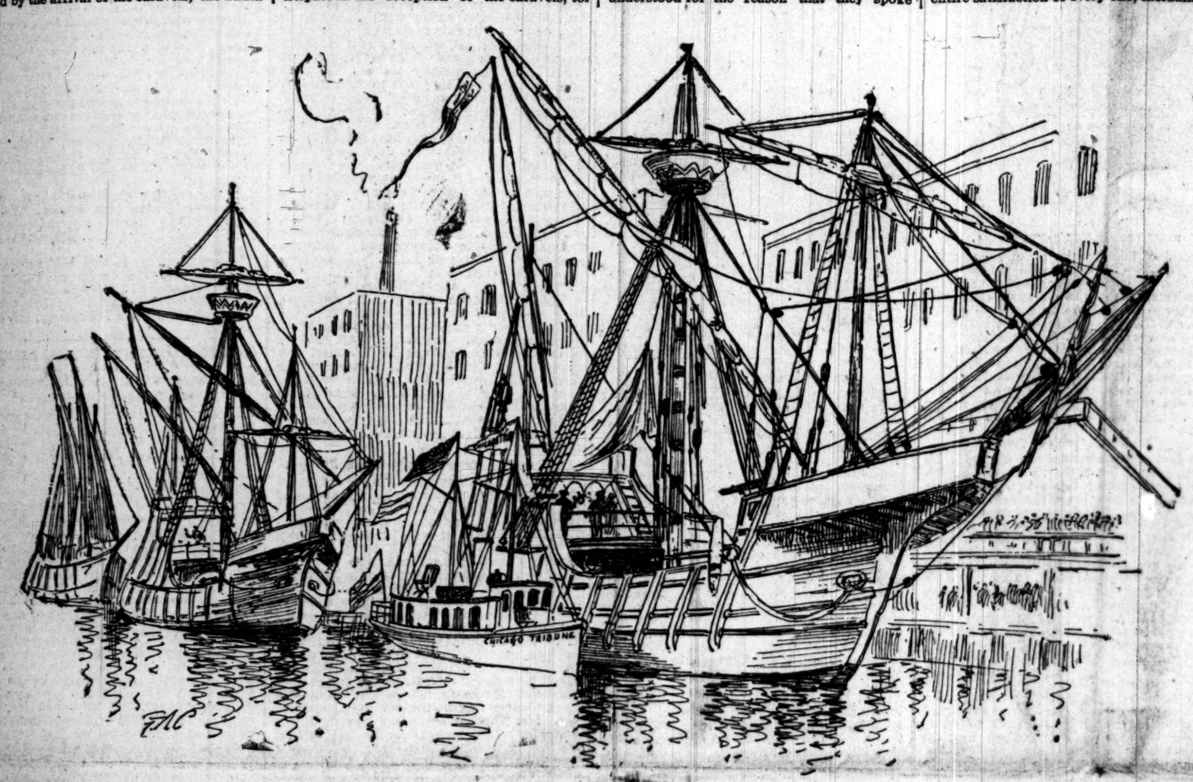
Steam yachts—Argo, C. B. MacDonald; Buena, F. T. Simmons; Cudahy, John Cudahy; Gryphon, Allison V. Armour; Glad Tidings, Henry Bundy; Hinda, O. F. Aldis; Mina, L. R. Giddings; Ruth, Charles Cavaroc; Restless, Hiram W. Sibley; Thistle, H. Warrington; Volanta, L. C. Gifford; Zero, J. R. Brandon.

Sailing yachts—Argo, C. W. Leffingwell; Bon Ami, P. F. Pettibone; Chicago, W. H. Thompson; Chetopa, John R. Montgomery; Druid, G. M. Rynchon; Hattie Bradwell, Thomas Bradwell; Hattie B., D. L. de la Fontaine; Idler, John Cudahy; Irene, Joseph Burke; Phantom, E. P. Warner; Rambler, W. D. Boyce; Scorpion, T. G. Dickinson; Skitch, John Prindiville.

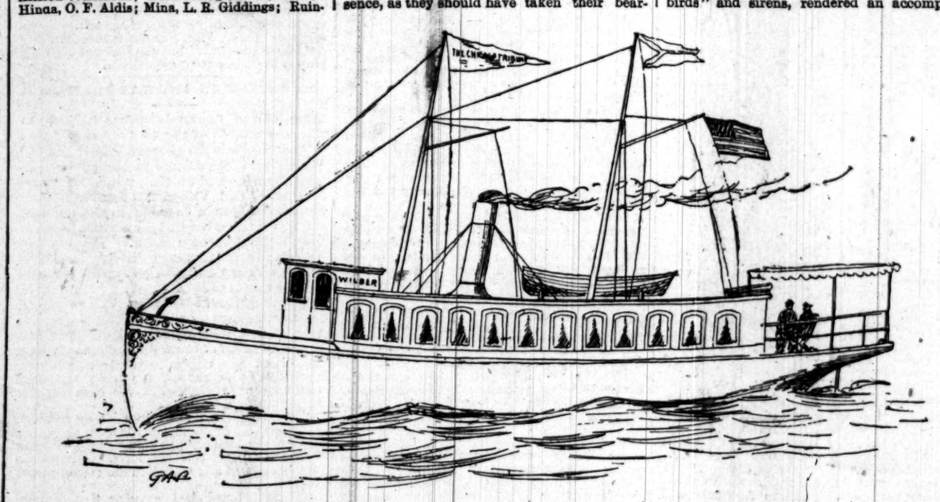
Secretary Carlisle was to visit the Exposition yesterday and at 11 the Johnson steamed up to the Erie street landing to take him aboard. A salute of seventeen guns was fired and the maneuvers accompanying the visit of distinguished officials were executed in a thoroughly satisfactory manner. Commander Davis is resting in an easier frame of mind now. "Tomorrow will be the great naval event of Chicago's history," he said, "and everything, I am now satisfied, will pass off smoothly. Our new men are well drilled now, and as the evolutions on board a vessel like the Johnson are not elaborate there is no doubt they will be executed just as I would wish them."

Mayor Harrison and the Aldermen will take part in the welcome to the caravels. A steamer has been chartered and the City Hall, under the direction of Sergeant-at-Arms Powell, will go with the welcoming fleet. The steamer will leave Van Buren street at 8 a. m.

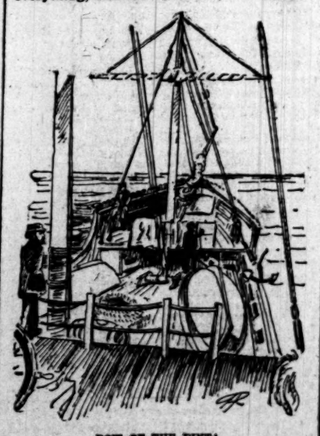
Sergeant-at-Arms Powell of the Council gives notice to the Aldermen and city officials to meet at the Van Buren street pier at 8 o'clock this morning to go out on the steamer Cyclone to meet the Columbian caravels.



THE SANTA MARIA, PINTA, AND NINA AT GRAND AVENUE BRIDGE, MILWAUKEE.



"THE TRIBUNE'S" STEAM YACHT WILBER ON ITS WAY TO MEET THE CARAVELS.



BOW OF THE PINTA.

CABIN OF COLUMBUS ON THE SANTA MARIA.

THEY START FOR CHICAGO.

Whistles Blow and Crowds Cheer as the Caravels Leave Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 6.—[Special.]—The caravels, accompanied by THE TRIBUNE'S yacht, got under way for Chicago at 7 o'clock this evening. The wind was light and from the northeast, and there was little sea. Should the weather continue favorable during the night Evanston will be reached by 7 o'clock in the morning.

At 5 o'clock, the time set for the start from the river, everything was in readiness, and the mooring lines were about to be cast off, when Capt. Concas of the Santa Maria was informed that five of his marines were missing. After a wait of a few minutes he dispatched five of his crew in search of the missing seamen. There was a curiosity among all on board the Santa Maria as to the whereabouts of the men, and many were the theories of a lost, strayed, or stolen nature offered by members of the citizens' committee and others on board. Some pictured the men lost in a remote place and unable to make their inquiries understood for the reason that they spoke only Spanish. Others suggested that perhaps an overindulgence in Milwaukee beer might have caused them to forget the time of day. To all the theories Capt. Concas replied that there could be no excuse for the men's absence, as they should have taken their bearings carefully when leaving the ship. After half an hour the five searchers returned with two of the missing seamen, who claimed to have lost their way. The other three were not to be found and the Santa Maria sailed without them.

On invitation of Capt. Concas the citizens' committee, city officials, and other distinguished persons became his guests aboard the Santa Maria on the trip down the river. Thousands of people on Grand avenue bridge the docks, and from the buildings adjoining the river viewed the start of the fleet. The fire tug Cataract, with all of its colors flying and crowded with people, acted as escort. Then followed the Santa Maria, Pinta, and Nina, each with a tug at its bow and another at its stern. As the procession started slowly down the river the tugs blew their whistles incessantly. Every other steamer in the river joined with them until the chorus of screeches became almost deafening.

All the way down the river to the lighthouse pier the bridges, wharves, and buildings were lined with people who waved their handkerchiefs and doffed their hats as the caravels passed along. Such a demonstration was never before witnessed in Milwaukee. It was after 6 o'clock when the procession reached the lower harbor. There the Cataract came alongside the Santa Maria and took off the Milwaukeeans. Capt. Concas said good-by to every one and expressed himself as highly pleased with the reception afforded himself and his companions in Milwaukee. As the Cataract's lines were being cast off the Santa Maria three hearty cheers were given by those aboard the firetug for Capt. Concas and his companions. Then the caravels were taken out in the bay where THE TRIBUNE'S yacht and the steamer Hecla were in waiting for them. While the tow lines were being got in readiness and other preparations made for the start to Chicago the First Light Battery from the lake front fired a parting salute.

THEIR WELCOME AT MILWAUKEE.

Greeted with Enthusiasm and Towed Around the City.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 6.—[Special.]—Chicago will have to bestir itself if it welcome the Santa Maria, Pinta, and Nina with more noise than did Milwaukee this morning. All the possibilities of every kind of steam whistle in a musical way were demonstrated to the entire satisfaction of every one, including the men who pulled the cords and controlled the emission of sound. The bass roar of the lighthouse foghorn, mingled with the cultivated and melodious tenor of THE TRIBUNE'S yacht Wilber and the various-toned "mocking-birds" and sirens, rendered an accompaniment that was strictly Wagnerian, technically speaking. And all the engines had lots of steam, so that there was no cessation from the moment the tugs came alongside the three queer craft and started to drag them up the river until they reached the Grand avenue bridge, where they lay until the journey to Chicago was resumed.

Capt. Victor Concas, who is playing the role of Christopher Columbus, and doing it well, stood on the poop deck of the flagship of the squadron and, with the grace of an old-time courtier, bowed his thanks to the people who thronged every bridge and filled every window within a block. By his side as the journey commenced, perched on a coil of rope, was a pretty white and yellow kitten, "Sevilla" by name and mascot by occupation. The animal, slightly bewildered by the

[Continued on second page.]

EXTRA.

5:20 A. M.

DEATH BY CYCLONE.

Hundreds Killed by Terrible Winds in Northern Iowa.

POMEROY IS DEMOLISHED

One Hundred of Its Inhabitants Are Reported Killed.

MANY DEATHS AT FONDA.

Four Counties Swept by the Whirling, Devastating Mass.

WIRES GO, RAILROADS DAMAGED.

MANSON, Ia., July 7—2 a. m.—[Special.]—A cyclone passed through Pomeroy, eight miles west of here, at 7:30 o'clock last night. The south part of the town is a total wreck. About 100 persons are reported killed and many more injured. Two special trains have gone to the scene of the catastrophe. All wires are down west. Ray Brownell, a bank cashier, met a train half way to Pomeroy, which returned with him to Manson for aid. He said he saw fifteen bodies on his way to the depot, and that the whole southern part of the town was destroyed.

G. N. GRAVES, telegraph operator.

J. T. Harrahan, Vice-President of the Illinois Central, has sent the following dispatch here by train:

POMEROY, Ia.—Midnight—A cyclone destroyed most of this city at 7 o'clock tonight. The southern portion is entirely wiped out and in the remaining part of the village no house is left entire. At 11:30 the number of killed was estimated at fifty and the injured at two or three times that number. I brought a relief party from Manson. The Illinois Central is also sending reliefs from Fort Dodge and Para. The population of the town is 900. It is also reported that many persons and stock have been killed in the surrounding country. Owing to the confusion it is impossible to get details. All wires are down.

FONDA, Ia., July 7.—[Special.]—The cyclone started in the southwest part of Cherokee County and moved almost directly east. The width was about 1,000 yards. The most appaling sight is at the Village of Pomeroy. Only thirty houses are left standing in the town.

It is estimated that 100 were killed outright and 200 injured, the latter lying out in the streets crying and yelling for help. Special trains were run to Fort Dodge and Fonda for medical assistance and every able-bodied man in the county is lending a helping hand. The telegraph wires are down east of Fonda. It is expected there are several homes that have been wrecked that are yet unheard from. The cyclone was followed by a heavy hail. Some of the stones were as large as turkey eggs. Vice-President Harahan and party of the Illinois Central railroad narrowly escaped the cyclone at Pomeroy, reaching there a few minutes after it had passed. To show the velocity of the storm, a cylinder in a threshing-machine was torn out and found twenty rods away in the field.

F. S. JAMES,
Train Dispatcher.

CHEROKEE, Ia., July 7.—[Special.]—A terrible tornado passed over the southern part of this county this evening. Owing to the lateness of the hour and the confusion which exists, as well as the peculiar nature of the visitation, it is impossible to give full particulars of the injury done at this hour, but it is known that eighteen people have been killed outright while a large loss of property has resulted. The storm was preceded by heavy rain and some hail. In places this hail, while not of duration, was very severe, great chunks of ice large as a man's fist falling.

The Illinois Central passenger train from the East which arrived here at 6 p. m. had upwards of twenty panes of glass destroyed in the cars, while similar damage was inflicted all over the city, but the tornado itself passed south of the main line of the railroad, striking near Quimby and then again near Aurelia, leaving a path of desolation half a mile wide in its wake and of unknown length. Just north of Quimby half a dozen houses were wrecked. Two aged women—Mrs. Molyneaux and Mrs. Lester—were killed here and many people are injured.

Farm buildings were razed to the ground and cattle destroyed, trees uprooted, fences leveled, and general havoc created over the small area covered. Beyond and south of the Town of Aurelia the storm worked its fury in a comparatively thickly settled neighborhood, and here the greatest loss of life was inflicted, but it was impossible to reach the scene tonight and the names of the dead are not known at this hour, midnight.

It is known, positively, however, that fifteen more people have been killed there.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., July 6.—[Special.]—A cyclone, accompanied by heavy rain and hail, passed over Cherokee, Buena Vista, Ida, Sac, and Pocahontas Counties late this afternoon. Wires are down and little can be learned. The cyclone struck just west of Quimby in Cherokee County and did much damage to property. Many buildings were wrecked. Mrs. Allen Warburton of Quimby was killed. Manson is reported to have been half destroyed and many lives lost. The storm swept across the country nearly eastward, destroying crops and buildings in its path. It is estimated over one hundred persons were killed or wounded. Trains on the Illinois Central railway, which runs clear through the pathway of the storm from end to end, suffered severely and some were derailed. Hail stones were found ten inches in circumference.

At Quimby four churches were wrecked and a number of residences literally reduced to splinters. Fires were started in three localities by the lightning. The storm center appeared to pass four miles west of the town where for many miles nothing was left standing. Jacob Breecher, a farmer, was struck by a flying timber and instantly killed. His 5-year-old daughter was also killed, and his wife and four children dangerously hurt. Charles Lotman, another farmer, is reported dead. Thomas Wall and his child had their legs broken, and his wife's spine hurt so that she will die. Others in the same neighborhood reported dead are Joseph Slate, Thomas Johnson, and Henry Straub. An old man named W. R. Clemens and his wife were severely injured.

MANY KILLED NEAR FONDA.

Names of About Ten Dead Already Known, While at Least Nine Are Hurt.

FONDA, Ia., July 6.—[Special.]—The tornado passed west and south of this place between 6 and 7 o'clock this evening, demolishing buildings and groves, injuring many persons and causing the loss of many lives. The dead are:

Dead at Fonda.

DETWILER, JOHN.
GARTON, MRS. AMOS H.
GARTON, child of Mrs. A. H. Garton.
HEARSOM, SAM, entire family.
MILLER, D. E., and two of his family.
SARGENT, ED, entire family.

The Injured.

DETWILER, MRS. JOHN.
GARTON, two children of Mrs. A. H. Garton.
SHIRLEY, C. E.
SHIRLEY, MRS. C. E.
HEARSOM, two children of Sam Hearsom.
ENO, several members of the family of A. W. Eno.

The buildings of the following persons were demolished:

George Sanborn, barn; Mrs. William Marshall, tenant house and barn where John Detwiler resided; Amos H. Garton, house and barn; Harvey Eaton, barn; Samuel Hearsom, house and barn; school-house.

The course of the storm was a little southeast and was preceded by an east wind and slow moving clouds going westward. It was attended by a heavy fall of rain and some hail and an unusual electrical disturbance.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., July 6.—[Special.]—Hundreds of shade trees were twisted to pieces and small grain and garden plants leveled to the ground last night by the most terrific wind and rain storm experienced in this part of the State for years. The residence of John Young, near Palo, was wrecked. The family had just gotten into the cellar when the crash came. Many barns were wrecked, and one brick block in this city was unroofed.

GROVER CLEVELAND HAS RHEUMATISM.

It Is in Such Aggravated Form as to Require Careful Treatment.

BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., July 6.—A call just made at Gray Gables reveals the fact that the President is confined to his room. Col. D. S. Lamont says Mr. Cleveland has an attack of rheumatism in his foot and knee, a complaint from which he has suffered for many years and which is no doubt aggravated at this time by the severe strain on his strength which the President has undergone since the 4th of March. The trouble has been hanging about him for some weeks, but has now so much increased in severity that he will be compelled to take absolute rest in order that he may be at his post of duty at the special meeting of Congress next month. A similar attack confined him to his house here for a fortnight about this time last year. Surgeon-General Bryant is in attendance on Mr. Cleveland. The yacht Oneida sailed this afternoon.

Dr. Bryant was asked tonight:

"From what is the President suffering?"

"He is suffering from rheumatism, just as it was reported this afternoon. Those reports were correct."

"Then, doctor, the report that he is suffering from a malignant or cancerous growth on the mouth and that an operation was necessary and had been performed to relieve him is not correct?"

"He is suffering from his teeth, that is all," answered the doctor.

"Has an operation been performed?"

"That is all," said the doctor again.

BULLETIN OF

The Daily Tribune.

PAID ATTENDANCE AT THE FAIR.

First week, May 1 to 6	202,125
Second week, May 7 to 13	134,231
Third week, May 14 to 20	192,184
Fourth week, May 21 to 27	247,077
Fifth week, May 28 to June 3	420,309
Total for May	1,050,037
Sixth week, June 4 to 10	533,829
Seventh week, June 11 to 17	723,796
Eighth week, June 18 to 24	706,317
Ninth week, June 25 to July 1	689,527
Total for June	2,675,113
July 1	132,576
July 2	47,754
July 3	105,977
July 4	283,273
July 5	79,034
Yesterday [50 Cents]	90,865
[25 Cents]	5,470
Passes to workmen, exhibitors, concessionnaires, officers, and employes	31,326
Total	127,661

CHICAGO, FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1893.

Weather for Chicago today:

Generally fair, southerly winds.

Pages.

1 Caravels Due at Chicago This Morning.
Hundreds Killed by a Cyclone.
Duke of Veragua's Fortune Gone.

2 Strong Demand for Lower Rates.
Belgian Jurors of Awards Arrive.

3 Women and Children Carried from a Fire.
R. J. Smith's Rumored Appointment.

4 Prize Plans for New University Buildings.

5 Marriage of Prince George and Princess May
Paris Riots Grow More Serious.
Pardoned Anarchists Make Speeches.

6 Racine Wins the Boulevard Stakes.
Dobbins Beaten by Jack of Spades.
Chicago Takes a Game from Philadelphia.
Pixley's Fast Race at Indianapolis.

7 New York Business-Men Vote Against Silver.
Catholic Montreal Welcomes Endeavorers.
St. Louis Pastimes Are Again Beaten.

8 Interesting Musical Papers Read.
Mrs. Sherman Opposes Fads.

9 Uncle Abe and Aunt Em at the Fair.
Watson Gas Ordinance May Come Up Again.
Gov. Pattison Reaches Chicago.

10 Western Roads to Grant Low Fair Rates.
News of the Insurance World.

12 Clifford Will Sentence Lewis Voss.
Stocks Go Down and Then Up.

WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION NEWS.

Yesterday—A Fund Started Under President Palmer's Direction for Relief of the Duke of Veragua—American Exhibiters Elect Maj. Pangborn President, and Demand Low Railroad Rates—Belgian Jurors Arrive and Arrange Interview with Thacher—Director-General Davis Issues a General Order Defining the Rights of Foreign Commissioners—Troubles of Concessionnaires on Midway Plaisance.

Today—Arrival and Imposing Reception of Columbus Caravels.

Coming Events of Importance.

Friday, July 14—French day.
Wednesday, July 19—Missouri day.
Thursday, July 20—Colombia celebrates its independence.
Monday, July 24—Utah day, commemorating advent of Mormon pioneers.
Wednesday, July 26—Liberia celebrates the forty-seventh anniversary of the founding of the republic; commercial travelers' day.

PREPARING FOR BATTLE IN SAMOA.

Malietoa Thinks He Can Subdue the Rebels—The Country Almost Bankrupt.

APIA, Samoa, June 20.—[Via San Francisco, Cal., July 6.]—The war dogs on these islands have not yet been let loose, though there is constant fear that the two factions will begin open warfare. King Malietoa has informed the Consuls of the three powers he is confident of being able effectually to subdue the rebellion without much fighting. In the meantime it is freely said the rebel party has not been inactive, but has strengthened and improved its position. It is rumored today that Mataafa has advanced in the direction of Mulineau, the King's headquarters, as far as Sainsee, thus covering about half the distance between his former camp at Malie and the seat of government. It is understood he is engaged in strongly fortifying the position he has taken up, and will await an attack he confidently expects the King to make. The Consuls are inclined to discredit these rumors because they have received no direct information, though they had made arrangements to secure accurate reports early. The natives in the district where it is expected the trouble will be are removing their goods to places of safety.

Baron von Pilsach has departed from Samoa, his resignation having been accepted by the powers and the King. He handed over the duties of his office to the Consular Board June 3 and the following Thursday left for Germany by way of New Zealand and Australia. On taking over the treasury the Consuls found the finances of the country in a deplorable condition—in fact, it was painfully apparent that drastic measures would be necessary to save Samoa from hopeless bankruptcy.

The health of Robert Louis Stevenson has greatly improved.

NEGRO MURDERER TO BE BURNED ALIVE.

Armed Men Start After the Man Who Killed the Ray Sisters.

CAIRO, Ill., July 6.—[Special.]—A special train bearing Charles Miller, the negro who murdered the Ray sisters Tuesday, will arrive at Bird's Point, the scene of the crime, at 3 a. m. It is expected he will be burned at a stake.

Fatally Stabbed in a Wrestle.

Clif Meyers, a German 19 years old, employed at Cook's packing house, Forty-first and Loomis streets, was fatally stabbed last evening by Charles Basurke, a fellow-workman. The two young men were engaged in a friendly scuffle, during which Basurke picked up a large butcher-knife. Meyers pushed him away and Basurke stumbled. The knife caught Meyers in the left side killing him instantly. Basurke is locked up at the Nineteenth Precinct Station pending an investigation.

Guy de Maupassant Dead.

PARIS, July 6.—Guy de Maupassant, the distinguished romancist of the naturalistic school, who had been confined in Dr. Mauriah's private asylum for the insane for some time, died today.

The excellent 1880 vintage of G. H. Mumm & Co.'s Extra Dry is attracting great attention for its natural dryness, parentage, and quality.

DUCATS FOR A DUKE.

Financial Ruin Stares Veragua in the Face.

MOVING FOR HIS RELIEF.

President Palmer Proposes a Popular Subscription.

CAUSES OF THE TROUBLE.

The Descendant of Columbus Finds His Property Involved.

SPANISH COMMISSIONER'S STORY.

Financial ruin stares the Duke of Veragua in the face. Late the honored guest of the government, he has returned to Spain to find that his ancestral palace, his art gallery, and even his stock farm, most dearly prized of all, are in danger of being sold at a sacrifice to satisfy creditors. From a fortune of half a million dollars, which means more in Spain than it does in this country, the Duke found his property so badly involved that unless some aid comes to him he will be left practically penniless.

When the news came to many friends made by the ducal party during their stay in this country it aroused the liveliest feelings of regret. One of the first to whom the information came was President Thomas W. Palmer of the National Commission. Being practical, President Palmer did more than merely regret.

"Shall we see the descendant of the great Columbus bankrupt in the year of the Columbian festivities?" he thought to himself. Then he answered the question in the negative. Afterwards several consultations were held with prominent citizens of Chicago and New York and it has been decided to raise a large fund by popular subscription which will be invested in United States bonds and put in trust for the benefit of the Duke and his children after him. An appeal will be sent out in a few days not only to citizens of the United States but to those of South America and the West Indies as well. They will be asked as a graceful tribute to the memory of the great discoverer to contribute of their plenty to the end that his descendants may not be hounded by the importunate creditors as was the Admiral himself.

President Palmer said last evening that as yet the plans for raising the fund were not completed, nor had it been decided what amount they should attempt to raise. For the present he has consented to act as Chairman of the Fund committee and will receive and acknowledge all contributions.

The plan meets with the hearty approval of Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish Commissioner-General.

"It certainly would be a very graceful thing," he said yesterday. "While the Duke of Veragua was never an extremely rich man he has always been able to command all the comforts and most of the luxuries of life. About a year ago he lost several pensions which had swelled his income and recently his entire personal fortune, which he had intrusted to a friend who played him false, has been swept away. I am afraid that his entire estate will be sold if something is not done for him. The appeal which it is proposed to issue will meet, I am sure, with the heartiest response possible from South America and the West Indies as well as from this country. It may not be generally known, but it is the fact, that the Duke of Veragua made a considerable sacrifice in coming to this country. It is true that he was the guest of the Nation and that he was royally entertained at no expense to himself, but at the same time the more royal the entertainment the more money the Duke felt obliged to spend. I am sorry, indeed, that a descendant of the great Columbus in this Columbian year should meet with financial embarrassment."

LOW RATES NEEDED.

AMERICAN EXHIBITERS TAKE ACTION IN THE MATTER.

Maj. J. K. Pangborn Is Elected President on This Issue and Promises to Open an Aggressive Campaign to Bring the Railroads to Their Senses—An Executive Committee Will Be Named to Formulate the Demand—Paraguayan Incident Ended Satisfactorily.

Low rates must come. Twenty-two thousand American exhibiters at Jackson Park have said it. They propose to keep hammering until the desired result is accomplished.

Through a specially selected delegation, composed of the most prominent men among them, they will shortly make an imperative demand upon the railroads for a sweeping reduction in fares to the Exposition. This much these exhibiters settled in their meeting held yesterday afternoon at Festival Hall. Not all of the 22,000 were there, but the attendance was large, and those present represented the sentiment of the absent ones. The demand will be of such a character that it is thought the railroad officials cannot resist its force. Appeals have been in vain. Hundreds and thousands of people are waiting to come just as soon as the rates are made low enough and the limit on tickets long enough. In an earnest talk of five minutes Solomon Thatcher said: "Something must be done to get them here." The chief object of the meeting was to elect a new President and Treasurer of the Association. but all the way through the proceedings exhibiters were on their feet urging the necessity of going for the railroads and forcing them to come down with their charges to a basis of at least one fare for the round trip. This was put forth strongly as one of the principal questions to be considered in the selection of an executive officer.

George M. Pullman and Clement Studebaker had been elected to the positions yet vacant. When a committee of fifteen waited on Mr. Pullman last Wednesday and tendered him the Presidency he declined it. His reasons for doing so were that it would be impossible on account of his business engagements to give the matter the time and attention he thought it ought to have. This left the Board of Directors at liberty to select and recommend another man. The board met yesterday at 1 o'clock, and after a three hours' session presented the name of Maj. J. G. Pangborn, who is in charge of the Baltimore and Ohio's exhibit. But Maj. Pangborn was not the first choice of some of the members of the organization, and Joseph M. Palmer placed Clement Studebaker in nomination. Then there was a pretty fight. The meeting became a political convention. H. J. Truesdell, St. E. J. Spencer, H. D. Cary, Howard Smith, G. B. Coffin and half a dozen other good speakers were the champions of the Pangborn forces. H. R. Davis spoke for Mr. Studebaker until after the ballot had been taken. Before the result could be announced, however, he withdrew his candidate and moved Maj. Pangborn's election by acclamation. At the start there was a good deal of sentiment in favor of Mr. Studebaker. But Solon Thatcher turned the tide with a little speech calling attention to the fact that Mr. Studebaker had declined the Treasurership and was therefore not in the field. Mr. Pangborn was then chosen.

On the announcement of the Major's election a committee composed of H. J. Truesdell, G. B. Coffin, J. T. Shayne, E. J. Spencer, and Howard Smith was appointed to escort him to the hall. When they returned leading the Major by both hands there was great cheering. The Major said he accepted the honor and would do everything within the scope of possibility to advance the interests of the association. The exhibiters, he declared, want many things done to benefit themselves and the Exposition. They want to beautify the interior of the buildings and will do it at their own expense. They want bands of music in all the buildings and will get them, but most of all they want low rates on the railroads to bring the people here to see their exhibits.

As Mr. Pangborn closed his speech Mr. Thatcher moved the appointment of a Special Committee on Ways and Means for the reduction of railroad rates to the World's Fair. That committee will be announced at the next meeting.

J. T. Shayne was elected Treasurer and the meeting adjourned. Charles B. Steel was the Chairman of it. A large number of the exhibiters present signed the constitution and paid their membership fee.

An Ohio Excursion Arrives.

The Pennsylvania railroad company started its popular Word's Fair excursion yesterday. A special train of five cars steamed into the terminal station at Jackson Park at 4:30 o'clock with about 250 passengers, each holding a one-fare round trip ticket good for ten days. This train left Columbus, O., early yesterday morning with a goodly number of visitors aboard, and took on a great many at stations along the line between there and Fort Wayne. All passengers brought to the Fair by the Pennsylvania on its excursion trains have the privilege of returning home any time they get ready to go on any of the regular trains except the "limited" and "Keystone express."

The lack of interest shown by nearly all the railroads in making such rates and arrangements for bringing thousands of people to the Fair that are waiting to come has been a source of discouragement to the terminal station officials. Supt. Green said yesterday that he had just returned from Fulton, Ill., where he spent three days, and while there was asked by at least a hundred men when the railroads were going to make cheap rates. He said:

"The Northwestern, St. Paul, and Burlington lines run through Fulton, but they have done nothing as yet to accommodate the people. I learned that it was simply folly to expect a heavy attendance from the country unless the people can get low rates and tickets of more than ten days' limit."

A Little Rock dispatch says an excursion party of 300 left there last night for the World's Fair. The outrageous rate of $25.80 was charged. Seven hundred people had promised to go providing the railroads would furnish the rate of one fare, $16, for the round trip, same as was given to the National Democratic convention, but the railroads refused to comply with the request.

ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL.

Director-General Davis' Order Closes the Paraguayan Incident Satisfactorily.

Director-General Davis promulgated yesterday the first general order which he has issued under the new arrangement which makes him the de facto Director-General of the Exposition. This first order was to notify all persons in authority at Jackson Park that foreign Commissioners must be treated with every courtesy by officers and employés, and that they are exempt from arrest. This is the outcome of the trouble with Dr. Hassler, the Commissioner from Paraguay, who was arrested by a Columbian Guard. In addition to the general order letters from Col. Davis and Prof. Putnam, at the door of whose building the arrest occured, were also sent through the Secretary of the Foreign Commissioners' Association to Dr. Hassler, and the guard who committed the arrest has been removed from his company. Here is Col. Davis' general order:

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF THE EXPOSITION, CHICAGO, July 4.—To the Director of Works, the Chiefs of Departments, and the Commandant of the Columbian Guard—Gentlemen: You will instruct your subordinates that the foreign Commissioners to the World's Columbian Exposition must at all times be treated with special respect and distinction.

Foreign Commissioners are to be admitted to the grounds and to the buildings in which they have exhibits at all times upon the presentation of their badges or passes, and within the sections assigned to the governments their authority must be recognized by officers and employés so far as may be consistent with the published rules of the Exposition.

Foreign Commissioners are exempt from arrest, and any question concerning their rights and privileges under the rules and regulations should be reported to this office, and no further action taken without special instructions.

GEO. R. DAVIS, Director-General.

It required several other communications to formally and finally adjust the difficulties satisfactorily to the foreign commissioners and the Exposition management. In the first of these letters, which was addressed to the Secretary of the Foreign Commissioners' Association, Col. Davis says in substance:

I have received your communication concerning the unpleasant incident which recently occurred at the Anthropological Building and which it is needless to assure you no one regrets more than myself. Prof. Putnam has made an explanation to Commissioner Hassler, and July 4 I prepared an order to all heads of departments and the Commandant of the Columbian Guards which meets all the requirements of the foreign Commissioners.

The foregoing was satisfactory to the Commissioners, and their Secretary, Artur Leffler, addressed a letter of response to the Director-General, to which in substance he replied yesterday:

You will permit me to avail myself of this opportunity express the sincere appreciation of myself and my associates in the management of the Exposition for what the foreign Commissioners have done to contribute to its success. No Exposition was ever held at which foreign nations were so fully or ably represented, and not only the management of the Exposition but the Government and people of the United States will always remember with profound gratitude the intelligence and untiring zeal of yourself and your fellow-Commissioners.

Prof. Putnam's letter to Mr. Hassler, in which apology was made for the arrest, recites that he had inumerable trials and difficulties in the installation of the exhibits in his building and decided to issue permits to those who wished to remove anything from the building. He took this step to prevent pilfering, which at that time was so common, and he thought the order would be beneficial to foreign as well as American exhibits. Then Prof. Putnam adds:

The unfortunate part of the whole matter is that I meant to state that foreign Commissioners were exempt from the rule. I realize they are here as the representatives of their governments and that their persons should be held sacred. But unless the guard was specially instructed each would use his discretion in enforcing the rule. Unfortunately the guard at the door was one who felt that in the absence of particular instructions on the subject he had not the discretionary power and considered you should obtain a permit to take a package from the building, while he personally wished he could let you pass without it. It must be remembered that the guard was under military discipline and did not know that a representative of a foreign government was exempt from all interference.

Prof. Putnam adds that a notice has been tacked up by the board announcing that it "does not apply to foreign Commissioners." He regrets the unfortunate occurrence and assures Dr. Hassler, for the Director-General, that no similar occurrence will take place in the future.

STILL DRAWING THEIR PER DIEM.

The National Commissioners Manage to Get a Quorum After Much Labor.

Uncle Sam's National World's Fair Commissioners had a good time yesterday as usual. They didn't transact any business of particular moment, because there is precious little for them to do, and since they have started out to stay here all summer their labors have to be protracted as long as possible.

President Palmer was ready to begin the session at noon yesterday but didn't have a quorum, and for half an hour the distinguished members of the body sat around enjoying the sights of the Court of Honor. When finally a quorum did straggle in President Palmer read a lecture.

"Here we have been waiting," said he, "for half an hour for five or six members to come here and constitute a quorum. The Commissioners who were late have been dawdling around on the grounds smoking cigars. We present a spectacle for contemptuous criticism, and, gentlemen, I appeal to your better instincts when I ask you to do your duty."

By this time the $6-a-day Commissioners began to feel that they ought to bestir themselves, and President Palmer called upon those who were willing to be prompt in their attendance to rise and be counted. Fifty-two stood up, and one by one others until there were fifty-seven who pledged themselves to be in the hall every day promptly at 12 o'clock while the commission was in session. Then it was decided that if a Commissioner wished to leave the city he should first notify the commission, so that if necessary they might instruct the absentee's alternate to be here. When Commissioner Tousley asked that a resolution be referred to the Judiciary committee it developed that President Palmer had never appointed any one to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Commissioner Massey. That vacancy had to be filled to keep the wheels of the commission moving, and J. H. Clendenning of Louisiana was at once named.

Commissioner Barbour of Michigan had been reading some unfavorable comments about the time the commission was wasting, and he wanted a resolution passed to the effect that when the commission transacted the business immediately in hand it would adjourn.

"I move that resolution be laid on the table," said Commissioner Tousley of Minnesota, and there it was laid, Mr. Barbour being the only one to vote in the negative. It took ten minutes more to adopt some old and forgotten minutes, and then John Boyd Thacher's communication relative to the organization of his board of reference and appeals was laid over until tomorrow, for upon motion of Mr. Tousley the commission decided that today should be a holiday with them at $6 per member.

Next the Commissioners tackled the problem of going out to meet the caravels. But they wanted to go without expense to themselves or the government. Finally they decided not to go.

Everybody made a speech on a resolution offered by Commissioner Platt of Ohio that the salary of Secretary Dickinson be raised from $3,000 to $5,000 per annum. There were three interesting resolutions introduced, each meaning about the same thing and all were thoroughly discussed. It was at first decided to refer the matter to the Judiciary committee, but subsequently the question was withdrawn and the Secretary of the Treasury will be asked by Col. Dickinson's friends to make the increase. Later the commission went into executive session to discuss the appointment of jurors of awards.

It begins to look bright for Commissioner White of New Mexico. Although President Cleveland peremptorily ordered his removal from the National Commission and appointed John M. Webster to succeed him, the subcommittee of the commission, to whom the matter was referred, it seems, is practically of the opinion that Mr. White should be retained. The committee met yesterday afternoon and James D. Butt was elected Chairman, and C. K. Holliday, Secretary. The other members are J. H. Clendening, J. W. Ritchie, R. E. Godell, and Euclid Martin. It was decided at the meeting to report to the commission that pending the investigation Mr. White should retain his seat.

Both contestants have engaged attorneys and will go into exhaustive arguments, but in all probability the finding of the committee will be that inasmuch as the office of National Commissioner is not a political one the President had no right to remove Mr. White without cause and that he should be permitted to retain his seat. This position will be opposed by Commissioners Massey and St. Clair and the affair will be warmly contested in the Commission.

RIVAL WOMAN COMMISSIONERS.

A Dispute in the Minnesota State Board.

Before the Minnesota State Commission, which met in executive session yesterday, there came a delicate question which it will take the combined wisdom and legal knowledge of all its members to satisfactorily adjudicate. Early in March the Woman's Auxiliary Board of the State Commission met and appointed Mrs. L. P. Hunt of Mankato to represent them as installing officer in the Woman's Building. She took charge of the work and conducted it until May 18, when Mrs. F. B. Clark of St. Paul, President of the Woman's Corps and a National Commissioner from Minnesota, appointed Mrs. B. F. Stebbins of Rochester installing officer to succeed Mrs. Hunt. Both Mrs. Hunt and Mrs. Stebbins claim to hold the position and the board is asked to decide which of the ladies is legally entitled to it. The contest has provoked some feeling and nearly every member of the board has taken sides. Most of them are attending the meetings of the Executive Board, and they spent a breezy hour yesterday afternoon presenting the claims of their respective candidates. The board decided to leave the Ladies' Auxiliary to settle the matter, possibly today.

Mrs. Charles J. Murphy read a paper yesterday in the Woman's Building on the "Experiences of Introducing Corn in Europe." Today at 2 o'clock Mrs. E. R. Mendenhall of Oklahoma will speak on the "Benefit of a Turkish Bath in Every Home."

Voting on the national flower attracts many visitors at the Woman's Building. Yesterday's vote was largely in favor of Indian corn.

Dr. Albert S. Bickmore of New York gave a bright and entertaining lecture yesterday in the Children's Building on Norway. Today at 4:15 Col. Parker of the State Normal School will show a beautiful set of pictures and carry the children on a tour "Across the Continent."

Mrs. Rorer began the work of practical cooking with her second class yesterday. She will be assisted by Miss Crane of New York City, a graduate of Mrs. Rorer's Normal Cooking School.

Mrs. John Wilkinson gave an interesting account of the Household Economic Association and the Columbian Housekeepers' club yesterday in the Woman's Building. A discussion followed in which Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker and Mrs. Mary Cecil Cantril of Kentucky participated. The second paper of the morning was given by Mme. Martha Sesselberg of Brazil, who spoke on the "Beliefs and Superstitions of Amazonian Women." Today at 11 o'clock Mrs. M. K. Craig of Dallas, Tex., will speak on "Arts as Tide Marks in History." Mme. Kirstine Frederiksen of Denmark will speak of "Woman and Industry."

FOR THE IRISH DAY CELEBRATION.

Preliminaries Mapped Out by a Committee of the Irish-American Council.

The Executive committee of the Irish-American Council met last evening at McCoy's Hotel to arrange the preliminaries for the celebration of Irish day at the Fair. Committees were appointed but no date chosen for the celebration. This will be left to the general meeting of delegates from all the Irish societies in Illinois the last Sunday in this month.

Letters from New York, Boston, and Philadelphia Irish-American societies were read in which financial aid and big delegations to the parade were promised.

Foley, Conroy, Henley, A. J. Ford, M. J. Kelly, James Maher, and J. J. Mahoney were appointed a committee to send circulars to all the societies and prominent Irishmen requesting their attendance at the general meeting to be held the last Sunday in this month.

Colby, Jordan, Henley, and Byrne were appointed to call on prominent Irishmen as to the methods of celebration, and J. J. O'Connor, P. B. Flannigan, H. J. Jordan, D. F. O'Connor, J. Maynihan, and P. J. Gorman were named to confer with Director-General Davis as to what arrangements could be made for fireworks, halls, etc. The Committee on Program appointed was made up as follows: Henley, O'Sullivan, Keating, Keane, Brady, Finerty, and Keough.

Before the adjournment of the committee, to meet at McCoy's Hotel next Thursday evening, a Committee on Parade and Military Organization was appointed as follows:

Lieut. John Byrne, Maj. Buckley, W. H. Joyce, and Martin Mulchahey.

MR. PALMER ON SUNDAY OPENING.

His Views Clearly and Emphatically Stated.

As reported in yesterday's TRIBUNE, President Thomas W. Palmer declared himself at Wednesday's meeting of the National Commission on the subject of Sunday opening. It was while Mr. Hundley's resolution declaring that the gates are kept open in defiance of a rule of the commission was under consideration that President Palmer made his speech. After a number of gentlemen had spoken he called Mr. Bullock of Massachusetts to the chair and took the floor. In substance Mr. Palmer said that the commission had put itself in an antagonistic attitude towards the Congress that created it and he wanted to see the resolution adopted at once. He declared that the commission was in a false position and was setting a beautiful example to the young men of the country in permitting that fact to go out without being contradicted.

"I am tired of this evasion," he continued, "which pretends to say that the opening of the gates on Sunday is in accordance with the law. The repeal of the Sunday closing act has never been in the courts. The only decision was on jurisdiction, and I contend that the opening of the gates was in violation of faith. The original closing rule stands and will stand unless a majority of the commission sees fit to repeal it."

Mr. Palmer gave notice that if the motion to adopt the resolution was lost he would not only move a reconsideration then but keep on moving as long as the commission sustained him.

The Daily Budget.

It costs about $16,000 a day to administer the World's Columbian Exposition. That is a tidy sum, but it indicates how economically and at what cost a great international Exposition can be conducted. The amount indicated is that presented in the budget which was submitted to the Executive committee Wednesday and practically approved. At this rate it will cost the Exposition company approximately $1,856,000 to administer the Fair until its close Oct. 30. This estimate does not include, however, the expense of the Bureau of Music, which is another item to be determined by the Executive committee. Director Lyman J. Gage said yesterday: "I think the budget an economical one. I do not see how we could materially reduce it."

Electric Launch Investigation.

C. Densmore Wyman, General Manager of the electric launches, said yesterday he understood the Executive committee of the National Commission had passed a resolution calling for an investigation of complaints of overcharges made by the launches Tuesday, but he had not been officially notified. Mr. Wyman declared he was ready to have the charges investigated, "because," he continued, "they are groundless. We made no overcharges. No complaints have been made to me, and if any person was charged $1 for riding in any of our launches I certainly know nothing of it."

A Day for the State Commissioners.

The Ceremonies committee has decided to honor the State Commissioners represented at Jackson Park by a fête day next September. It is just beginning to dawn upon the Exposition management that the State Commissioners have been the best friends to the Fair who have been associated with it since the gates were opened, and they have been continually overlooked at all receptions and entertainments. Yesterday the committee decided upon the fête day for them, and hereafter they will be recognized on public functions.

Strike in the Casino Settled.

A great many people who went to the Casino for their dinner yesterday had to accept a cold lunch or go elsewhere. At 11 o'clock, as soon as the warm dinner was nicely cooked, the twenty-two cooks filed into Manager Wiener's office and told him they would not serve it until they were paid off. It was 3 o'clock before they received their money and returned to work.

World's Fair Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dudley Warner of Hartford, Conn., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Clark, No. 2000 Prairie avenue.

Whitelaw Reid and family and D. O. Mills and family of New York City are visiting the Fair. They are occupying Andrew Onderdonk's residence, No. 188 Pine street.

Cries of "Hoch!" and the popping of champagne corks were the most prominent features of the exercises that formally opened the three rooms devoted to the manufacture of sulphite in the German Building yesterday afternoon. Commissioner Wermuth proposed the toast to the managers and directors of the great paper manufactory to which the German shouts of enthusiasm came as a response. Herr Haas, the director of the works, explained to the guests the process of manufacture and the results of the process as shown in the exhibit, and Assistant Commissioners Spies, Berg, and Groening helped to make the occasion a pleasant one to those in attendance.

In Memory of John Huss.

Five hundred representative Bohemians of Chicago celebrated at No. 936 West Twelfth street last night the 478th anniversary of the burning at the stake of their countryman John Huss, the reformer. The celebration included an address by the Rev. V. Vanek, pastor of the Second Bohemian M. E. Missions; an address in Bohemian by Karl Macha, an address in English by Robert H. Vickers, historian of Bohemia. The proceeds will go towards building the John Huss Chapel on California avenue.

All Pennsylvania Through Trains Will Stop at South Chicago, Grand Crossing, and Englewood to Receive and Discharge World's Fair Passengers and Baggage.

Beginning with Sunday, July 9, all through passenger trains of the Pennsylvania lines, including those of the Pan-Handle route, will run into and out of Chicago through Englewood, Grand Crossing, and South Chicago. All through trains coming in will stop at South Chicago, Grand Crossing, and Englewood to discharge passengers and baggage and all through trains going out will stop at Englewood, Grand Crossing, and South Chicago to receive passengers and baggage.

The accommodations for passengers and baggage via Pennsylvania lines are much better, however, at the Chicago Union Station, Canal and Madison streets, than at either point named above, and we therefore advise such patrons as will not be especially inconvenienced thereby to arrive at and depart from that station and to have their baggage checked to and from there also.

Sleeping-car passengers should bear in mind that they cannot take their train on the Pennsylvania lines at either Englewood, Grand Crossing, or South Chicago unless they have previously presented their railway tickets at the city office, No. 248 Clark street, under the Grand Pacific Hotel, and have there secured sleeping-car tickets with the leaving time of their train and number of their car plainly marked thereon.

For further particular information please drop a note, with your address carefully given, to H. R. Dering, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pennsylvania lines, No. 248 Clark street, Chicago, and he will promptly mail an information folder which will tell you all about it.

CARAVELS ARE COMING

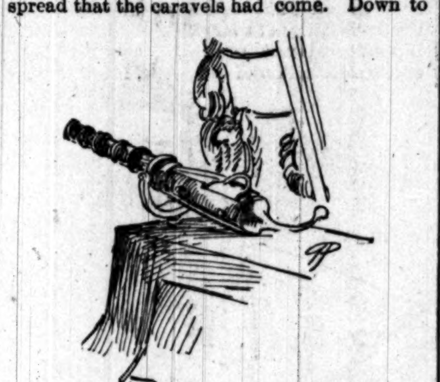
THEY WILL HAVE A SPLENDID RECEPTION HERE TODAY.

Start from Milwaukee After a Day of Pleasure Made at 7 o'Clock—The Unique Boats Due to Arrive Here Early This Morning—Cream City's Royal Welcome to the Spanish Guests on the Crafts—Nothing Too Good for Them There—Three Marines Get Lost.

[Continued from first page.]

almost unearthly din, jumped on the Captain's shoulders and thus made its triumphal entry into the Cream City. And nothing is regarded more highly on the Santa Maria than this little creature, which has a purr for each bare-footed sailor and a scratch for every inquisitive stranger. Sevilla wandered on board the Santa Maria just before good-by to Espania was said and soon worked its way into the affections of every one on board, and woe betide the individual who attempts to hurt it, for a dozen swarthy-browed sons of the sea stand ready to resent any indignity. Capt. Gutrerrez Sobrae of the Nina stood for'ard on his craft and bowed his acknowledgements, and so did Capt. Vazquez of the Pinta, but they had no cat to share the honors of the day.

When the Hecla, which has towed the pride of the Spanish navy up the lakes, tied up in the inner harbor at 4:20 o'clock this morning the light artillerymen who were to have fired a welcoming salute had either gone home or to sleep. But when Milwaukee rubbed its eyes and got thoroughly awake the news soon spread that the caravels had come. Down to



FALCONET ON THE SANTA MARIA.

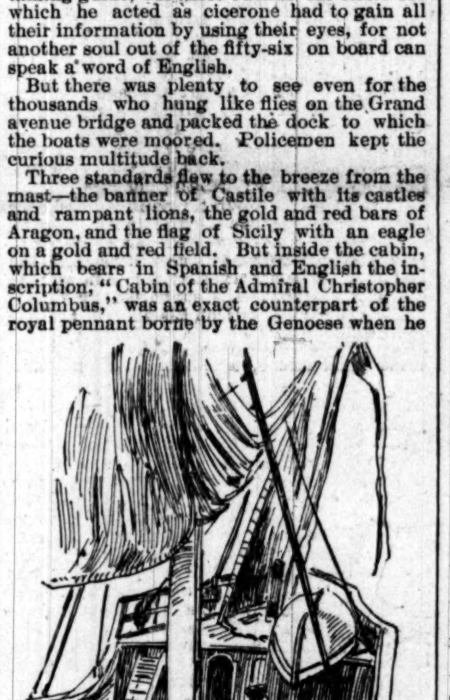
the mouth of the river the populace streamed and the docks were black with people. The sky was speedily of the same color, for all the tugs who had nothing to do and six of them who were to do the towing appeared on the scene, and the fact that they do not burn hard coal was soon apparent. Citizens have been bending their best efforts for the last two days to the task of arranging the details of the function with which the city was to signalize its joy. The opening number on the program was "Trip down the river on firetug, Cataract and speech of welcome by the Mayor."

No Time for Speeches.

The first part was carried out all right, his Honor John C. Koch, Gov. Peck, and a number of other shining lights in the Wisconsin firmament being on board the boat. But the Mayor made no speech of welcome because Capt. Concas, the moment the party climbed on board his vessel, resolved himself into a committee of one on welcoming, and grasping the hands of his visitors told them how glad he was to see them. Then he led the way to his cabin and with considerable pride pointed out its historic furnishings. The Captain speaks English well and proved an entertaining guide, but those outside the circle for which he acted as cicerone had to gain all their information by using their eyes, for not another soul out of the fifty-six on board can speak a word of English.

But there was plenty to see even for the thousands who hung like flies on the Grand avenue bridge and packed the dock to which the boats were moored. Policemen kept the curious multitude back.

Three standards flew to the breeze from the mast—the banner of Castile with its castles and rampant lions, the gold and red bars of Aragon, and the flag of Sicily with an eagle on a gold and red field. But inside the cabin, which bears in Spanish and English the inscription, "Cabin of the Admiral Christopher Columbus," was an exact counterpart of the royal pennant borne by the Genoese when he



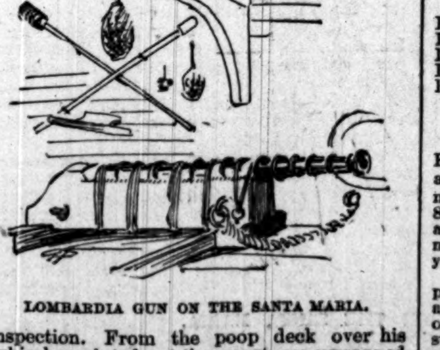
CABIN OF THE NINA.

started on his voyage and similar to that carried by John of Austria at the battle of Lepanto. The standard, six feet high, surmounted by a golden spear, is covered with red silk, and the banner, of the same color and texture, bears on one side the arms of Spain and on the other a Madonna and child. Such was the symbol of conquest planted in American soil 400 years ago.

The cabin is rich in relics, or rather exact reproductions of the furnishings of the one on the original Santa Maria. On the carved oak table of the design prevalent in the fifteenth century are an hour glass, astrolabe, and forestaff, the instruments which the Genoese used to make his calculations of latitude and longitude. They lie on a chart—a queer-looking thing with red lines, green spots, and dark brown coasts—a copy of the first one made by Columbus. But one is in no danger of thinking while he gazes at these articles that time has turned backward for 400 years, for 'twixt astrolabe and forestaff is a box of American cigarettes. Columbus was either a short man or else he did not sleep comfortably when en route, if the bed in which Capt. Concas slumbers is an exact counterpart of his. It is short, narrow, and with rockers would make a good cradle. History says Christopher covered himself with a red spread; so does Capt. Concas. This is a good indication of the fidelity with which the work of reproduction was carried on. Around the walls of the cabin are hung specimens of the armor of that day, shields, swords, and the "long Tom" muskets of naval fame.

Tour of Inspection.

When Capt. Concas had explained all these things to his guests he took them on a tour of



LOMBARDIA GUN ON THE SANTA MARIA.

inspection. From the poop deck over his cabin he pointed out the great rope-wrapped mast and told how in the only storm they encountered in their thirty-six days' journey across the Atlantic they thought the big spar was going to give way so viciously did the wind blow. He showed the three-foot cannon, the butt end of which is lifted out by a handle when the thing is loaded with stone cannon balls. He pointed with pride to a queer looking piece of stone hollowed out in the center on which a son of Neptune was busily at work smoothing its rough exterior. That, he explained, was a stove such as were on board the Santa Maria and it will be shown in operation, side by side with a range, at the Fair. He took the party down into the twelve-foot hold, in one corner of which the paymaster, with a stack of $10 gold pieces and piles of five and one dollar bills, was paying off the crews of the three boats.

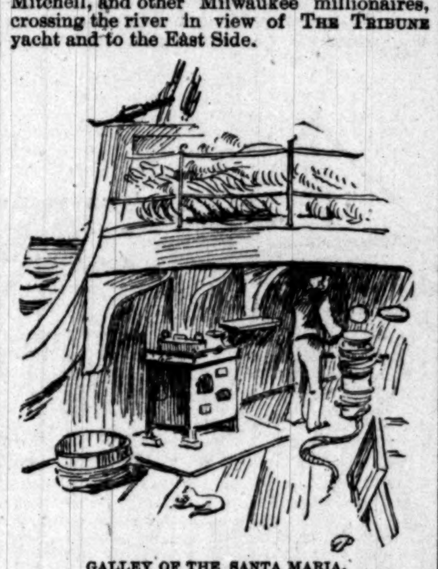
At noon a policeman fought his way through the crowd, climbed on board, announced that carriages were waiting, and in ten minutes the inspection of the city commenced.

While the policeman was making room for the Spanish hidalgos and the Milwaukee dons to get to the street above, some one in a balcony overlooking the river where the Santa Maria was lying started a cry, "The balcony is giving away!"

There was a stampede started in a moment which threatened serious consequences. A thousand people had gathered on the balcony and on the narrow dock alongside with only a little stairway to give egress to the street. This was filled with a struggling crowd of men and women while others clambered up the side of the Santa Maria despite the efforts of the Spanish sailors to keep them off.

A woman was handed over the heads of the men to a policeman who stood on the bulwarks and the policeman's foot slipped and both came near taking an involuntary bath in the pellucid waters of the Milwaukee River. The coolness of some of those in the crowd quieted the crowd and left the way clear for the Mayor's party to get to the street above.

Five carriages were waiting on Grant avenue for the party. The head carriage was driven west on Grant avenue and north to a group of gray brick buildings which were pointed to with pride by the Mayor as the biggest brewery in the world. Commander Concas expressed a desire to see the inside of the establishment and a tour of inspection followed during which the Spanish officers had to roll up the bottoms of their trousers and wade in beer. Small souvenir bottles were presented the visitors, who were then taken in carriages again and driven west to Western avenue, back on Grant avenue, passing the houses of the Plankintons, Senator John J. Mitchell, and other Milwaukee millionaires, crossing the river in view of THE TRIBUNE yacht and to the East Side.



GALLEY OF THE SANTA MARIA.

Milwaukee's Lake Front Park, overlooking Lake Michigan, is the proud possessor of two bronze statues—one of Juneau, the first white settler, the other of Lief Erricson. The visitors were driven by the park and the statues pointed out to them. When Lief Erricson's statue was reached the officers of the Columbus fleet of caravels expressed a desire to view more closely the bronze figure of the Norseman who divides honors with Columbus on the discovery of America. The statue is of heroic size with base of brown stone, having carved shells at either corner. It shows Erricson in Viking armor, shading his eyes with his right hand and gazing intently to the westward in the direction of the aforementioned brewery. Following the view of the statuary there was a drive on Prospect avenue and a return to Hotel Pfister, where luncheon was served.

The members of the Committee on Entertainment who accompanied the officers were: Gov. George W. Peck, Mayor John C. Koch, August Ross, Henry C. Payne, E. C. Wall, John E. Hanson, Frederick Pabst, August Richter, H. M. Mendel, H. C. Fink, Theodore Otjen, President Hase of the Milwaukee City Council, George H. Russell, Horace Rublee, and George R. Mahoney.

How They Were Built.

The Nina and Pinta were built under the direction of Lieut. McCartee Little, U. S. N., who was sent out by the Columbian Exposition and was appointed Naval attaché of the United States government at Madrid, in order that he might have every facility afforded to him. There was the greatest difficulty in obtaining plans for these ships. Nothing more than a few small sketches like those on the map in the naval museum at Madrid was accessible. The officials in charge of the construction of the Santa Maria, the Spanish caravel, guarded their own plans very carefully. After ransacking all accessible authorities the plans for the caravels were finally drawn and the vessels built.

At the launch the caravels were solemnly consecrated by a bishop, he sprinkling the vessels with holy water. The first celebrations in which the caravels took part were those at the Port of Huelva on the occasion of the Columbian celebration. Early in the day that the Queen was expected the caravels lay in the harbor off the town.

The Santa Maria spread its broad sails and was partly towed and partly sailed to a point off the Convent of La Rabida. The Nina and the Pinta soon followed, and awaited the arrival of the Queen's yacht. It steamed through the squadron of warships lying outside the pier and passed the caravels to anchor at Palos, while the Queen made her first visit to the new Columbus monument. As the yacht steamed past, the caravels saluted with their fifteenth century guns, and their sides were manned by their crews.

The caravels have been an object of the greatest interest among naval men in Spain. Every detail of their equipment is in accordance with the traditions that survive from the discoverer's time. The Santa Maria has been the subject of an elaborate monograph by Admiral Cæsario Ferdinando Duro, in which the details of the vessel are beautifully illustrated. No little rivalry existed between the constructors of the Spanish caravels and Lieut. Little, it being declared that he could not possibly carry out his commission, but the Nina and the Pinta bear evidence of the success which he attained.

CHICAGO JUNCTION RAILWAY MEETING.

Directors Elected and They Will Hereafter Receive $2,500 a Year.

NEW YORK, July 6.—[Special.]—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago Junction railway and Union Stock-Yards company was held in Jersey City today. About 102,000 shares were represented. Chauncey M. Depew, Chairman of the board, reported the company's affairs were in satisfactory condition. These directors were elected:

Chauncey M. Depew, New York; John Quincy Adams, Boston; Edward J. Phelps, Burlington, Vt.; William J. Sewell, Camden, N. J.; Frederick H. Prince, Boston; Frederick H. Winston, Albert H. Veeder, Edward J. Martyn, Chicago; Martin L. Sykes, New York; George Peabody Gardner, Boston.

A resolution was adopted giving the directors an annual compensation of $2,500 each. Following is the Treasurer's statement for the year:

RECEIPTS.

Balance from last year	$ 210,638
Dividends U. S. Y. T. Co.	1,024,577
Interest	6,700
Total	$1,841,916

PAYMENTS.

Expenses, taxes, etc.	$ 98,247
Proportion of extraordinary expenses	14,984
Interest payments	796,850
Dividends	910,000
Balance carried to balance sheet	21,834

Wonderful Results.

CHICAGO, June 16, 1893.—Gage E. Tarbell, Resident Secretary, Chicago, Ill. Dear Sir: I am in receipt through you of the society's statement giving Tontine options under policy No. 82,011, taken upon my life just twenty years ago, the same being for $1,000 on the 20-payment life plan, with a Tontine period of 20 years.

I have during said twenty years paid an annual premium of $39.93, amounting in all to $798.60, and I am now offered my choice of the following options among others: First, to draw $560.02 of surplus, retaining my policy fully paid up and participating in profits hereafter; second, to have a paid up policy for $1,929, or, third, to receive in cash, upon the surrender of my policy, $1,163.51—which last option would give me, in addition to having been insured for twenty years free of cost, a return of every dollar that I have paid, together with about 4½ per cent interest.

Such results are truly wonderful and cannot help but be satisfactory to any reasonable man. My only regret is that I did not take all the insurance that I have ever carried on the Tontine plan, which to me seems decidedly preferable to all others, and especially so if taken in your great society. Very truly yours,

E. NUSBAUM.

BELGIAN JURY HERE.

A REPRESENTATIVE GROUP OF FOREIGN EMINENT SPECIALISTS.

They Are Ready to Begin Work on Behalf of Their Government at Once and Will Have an Interview with Mr. Thacher Today with a View to Saving Time—Eastern States Get the Lion's Share in the Allotment of Judges in the Manufactures Section.

Of the nine members of the Belgian jury five have just arrived in Chicago. The other four are due to arrive in New York by Saturday and will come on at once to this city. The men sent over by the Belgian Government to do work on the jury are persons of high standing in their country. In the party is Mlle. Dansaert, well known in Belgium for the interest she has shown in woman's rights and in all labor questions in which female help is employed. She will sit with the lady jurors. The names of the jurymen are as follows:

MM. Ch. Morisseaux, Labbé, Greener, Canon, Jules Ancion, Dehousse, Desenfan. Farasyn. M. Charles Morisseaux is Director of the Ministry of Industry in Brussels and is the chief of the party. An interview with Mr. Thacher was arranged for him by Commissioner Ed Guérette, for there has been a slight misunderstanding between the Chief of the Jury of Awards and the Belgian Commissioner. After receiving a communication from Mr. Thacher the latter wrote some time ago to his countrymen to be in Chicago July 1 at the latest, as their work as jurymen would commence that day. The Belgians sailed June 10, and they had been but two days at sea when Mr. Thacher altered his plans and informed the Belgian Commissioner in Chicago that there was no necessity for the jurymen to arrive until July 15, as they would not be able to start on their work before that date. It was useless for M. Guérette to cable the new decision to Belgium as his friends had already set out on their journey. Now that they are in Chicago they want to work, and it is probable that some arrangement will be reached by which these gentlemen can begin at once. Said McGuerette: "These men are too busy to be able to stay in Chicago eight or ten days more than they had previously arranged. The Director of the Ministry of Industry is compelled to return on a certain date to Belgium; Mr. Labbé has immense industrial interests at Verviers, where his presence is necessary; Messrs. Greener, Canon, and Dehousse are engineers and professors in mining and industrial schools at Mons and Liège. They have important functions to fulfill. Mr. Desenfan is a well-known sculptor and Mr. Farasyn, an artist of note, and both these gentlemen have many reasons for not prolonging their stay here more than is absolutely necessary. Anyway we are not to blame; the fault lies with Mr. Thacher, who changed his date after the departure of the jurymen from Belgium. Our jurymen are here and they want to work. I have every reason to believe that the matter will be settled by Mr. Morisseaux and that our jurymen will be enabled to set about their work immediately."

Commission Approves Thacher's Judges.

The National Commission in executive session approved yesterday the judges nominated by the Executive Committee on Awards for Department H or manufactured products. The judges named were the American portion of the jury and numbered about 89. The foreign Commissioners will also name an equal number and fifteen woman judges are to be added. Mr. Thacher had judges for other departments, but action upon them was postponed until tomorrow. In the number of names submitted the State of New York had about nineteen and Massachusetts and Pennsylvania had the next highest number. Most of the judges were recommended by the National Commissioners of their respective States. The allotment of the foreign judges will depend upon whether France decides to come in or not. Mr. Thacher could not say definitely yesterday what it would do. He has assured the French Commissioner that an equal show would be given France, although it is late about signifying its intention to participate in medals and awards.

Mrs. Potter Palmer will call the fourth session of the Board of Lady Managers to order today at 12 o'clock. The special session has been called for the election of the women who will serve as members of the Jury of Awards. The nominations have been made by the committee of the board and will be presented at the full session for confirmation. One important subject will be presented—the use to be made of the $30,000 profit on the souvenir coins. Mrs. Palmer favors building a "Memorial Hall," but she will not urge her plan if there is strong opposition.

DISCONTENT IN MIDWAY PLAISANCE

Some of the Concessionnaires Object to Payment of the 25 Per Cent.

Three shops in the German Village and Old Vienna closed their doors to the public yesterday and covered up their goods. Manager Schmidt of Old Vienna said that the restaurant had not been able to pay any 25 per cent and might close, but that for a while, at least, Old Vienna would remain. The German Village management deny that they have been served with any notice to give up 25 per cent of their gross receipts.

Two shops in the German Village closed their doors when asked to pay $8 a week for the rent of a cash register. Paul Blackner, Superintendent of Collections, closed up Shop No. 49 at the village yesterday. Blackner says that he bought a $15 pin at the shop which was not registered in the cash register as required.

The donkey boys of Cairo went on a strike. Manager Pangola has published an order against the drivers accepting "tips" from visitors in the street. The drivers struck, but were appeased and will be in their usual places today.

It was reported last evening that Hagenbeck's show in the Midway had been told to pay up its 25 per cent in which they have been in arrears to the Exposition.

Austrian Day Celebration.

Regarding the statement that the Austrian day has been postponed to Aug. 22, and that some of the Austrians in Chicago, especially the Czechs, are opposed to any celebration of the Emperor's birthday, Consul-General Dr. Anton von Palitschek-Palmforst declares that with the consent of the Director-General and the Committee on Ceremonies Aug. 13 has been set forth and will be celebrated as the birthday of his Majesty the Emperor Francis Joseph, and will be the only Austrian day of the World's Fair. The celebration will begin with a high mass and will then continue with a festival meeting in Music Hall, a banquet, and will conclude with a large fête champêtre in Old Vienna. As that day will be celebrated as a national day in connection with the World's Fair any resolutions agreed upon by societies of Chicago contrary to these arrangements with the World's Fair authorities are of course void and incompetent.

More Seizures by Customs Officers.

The customs officials continue the rigid enforcement of the Treasury regulations regarding illicit sales at Jackson Park. Yesterday morning officers from the special agent's office made a seizure of the exhibit belonging to the Russian Silversmith company. It will remain in charge of a special detail of inspectors pending the decision of the case against the manager of the exhibit, Ivan S. Levitte, who is under $2,000 bonds to answer the charge of selling goods under bond. Giovanni Boncinelli, an Italian dealer in Florentine mosaics, was the second victim of the government detectives. He had made several sales of exhibits, and on being brought before Commissioner Hoyne acknowledged his guilt. He was held in the sum of $1,000.

Weather Conditions.

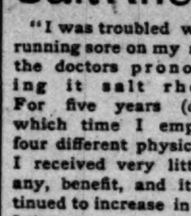
The weather conditions at the World's Fair were recorded by the automatic instruments in operation at the Weather Bureau exhibit as follows: Minimum temperature, 61° at 4:45 a. m.; maximum temperature, 74° at 4 p. m.; temperature at noon, 72°. A remarkable and sudden fall in the barometric pressure occurred between 4:30 and 5 a. m., the wind velocity rising in the meantime from almost perfect calm to a velocity of thirty-seven miles per hour. These conditions were accompanied by a light rainfall, 23-100 of an inch. Intermittent sunshine and cloudiness prevailed after 9:30 a. m.

Twenty-five More Inspectors.

Collector of Customs Clark has been authorized to add twenty-five new men to the number of customs inspectors now at the World's Fair. A list of the applicants is posted in the Federal Building, and Mr. Clark will make his selections today or Saturday.

Before going to the World's Fair take Bromo-Seltzer. It clears the head and invigorates.

Salt Rheum 5 Years



"I was troubled with a running sore on my ankle, the doctors pronouncing it salt rheum. For five years (during which time I employed four different physicians), I received very little, if any, benefit, and it continued to increase in size. I then commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and using Hood's Olive Ointment, and at the end of two years I was completely cured, and have had no trouble with it since." SIMEON STAPLES, East Taunton, Mass. Remember,

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

even when all other preparations fail. It possesses merit PECULIAR TO ITSELF.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver troubles, indigestion, and headache. Try a box. 25c.

FOR A WORLD-WIDE ORGANIZATION.

That Is the Aim of the National Seamen's Union—Other Labor News.

"The National Seamen's Union," said T. J. Elderkin, the Secretary, yesterday, "two months ago sent out as general organizer Richard Powers. Through his efforts five organizations of maritime wage-workers in British Columbia have applied to the union for membership. We have just closed negotiations by which the Australian unions have been admitted. The attention of the union will be now turned to the organizations among our fellow-workers in England, Norway, Sweden, and other European nations, and we will include them in our ranks so as to make a union of sailors of the world. We will take in the seamen of both steam and sailing vessels. We have thorough organization now in the Pacific, Atlantic, and Gulf coasts and along the chain of lakes."

In reference to the dispatch from Pittsburg in THE TRIBUNE of yesterday stating that the Illinois Steel company was willing to pay $5 for puddling and in all ironmaking departments, provided a similar reduction be granted in the finishing departments, an official of the company said yesterday: "That has reference to the works of our company at Milwaukee. We know nothing of this proposition. It is, however, closely interwoven with the Eastern companies. Whatever they pay will be paid by the Illinois Steel company."

A very exciting election will be that of the Bricklayers' Union next Sunday. The fight is between two factions, the leaders of which are Ed Laughlin and P. J. Miniter, the Presidential candidates.

The clothing clerks will hold a mass-meeting in the interest of early and Sunday closing tonight at No. 250 Blue Island avenue, which will be addressed by William Gleeson, T. J. Elderkin, W. C. Pomeroy, and Walter Groves.

GETS JUDGMENT AGAINST TATTERSALL'S.

Maj. Crowdy Victorious in His Suit Against the Military Tournament.

Testimonials of a high order were produced by Maj. John Crowdy, a pensioner of the British Army, in his suit against Tattersall's Military company in Justice Everett's court yesterday morning. He had been discharged from the employ of the company for the reason, it was alleged, that he was insubordinate and given to overindulgence in liquor. In refutation of these insinuations he produced a letter from Negal Kingscote, Colonel Controller of the Stables for the Prince of Wales. The Major also showed documents which proved a contract between himself and the military company, the latter hiring him for one year at a weekly stipend of 4 guineas. There was no actual contract, but an acceptance of the Major's services was produced and judgment given him for one week's salary. The amount involved in the suit is about $1,000, and the Major can sue for his salary every week. His attorneys say they will immediately swear out writs and levy on the property of the Military Tournament company now at the Exposition. The company at the Exposition is a new one formed by one of the directors of the former one, a Mr. McKenzie, who lent the former company $40,000, for which he took a chattel mortgage and foreclosed. The new company was then formed and it is a question as to whether the Major can collect his judgment.

DEATHS FROM VIOLENCE INVESTIGATED

Conductor Holt Was Knocked from a Train—Simon Weise Committed Suicide.

An inquest was held yesterday on the body of F. G. Holt, the Illinois Central conductor who was injured Wednesday at Seventy-first street. Holt was working on a World's Fair express train. At this place there is a temporary bridge over the tracks and it is supposed that Holt was knocked from the car by it. A verdict of accidental death was returned.

Deputy Coroner Buckley conducted an inquest yesterday over the remains of Simon Weise, whose body was found between the breakwaters at the foot of Fortieth street Wednesday with a bullet in the left temple. Simon Weise Jr. testified that since his father's failure in business about two months ago he had at times acted strangely. The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

Will Be Hanged for Mutiny and Murder.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 6.—In the United States District Court today Judge McKenna passed the sentence of death on Henry St. Clair, the seaman convicted of having murdered Second Mate M. Fitzgerald of the bark Hesper, near Tahiti. The court named Friday, Oct. 6, as the date for the execution.

Tillmanites at War.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 6.—[Special.]—State Officer Adjutant-General Farley is out in a "fighting" letter denouncing United States Senator Irby, leader of the Tillman party in this State, as a braggart. It has caused a sensation throughout the State and is considered the first sign of disintegration in the Tillman party.

Shot While Trying to Escape an Officer.

James Norton was shot and badly wounded while trying to escape arrest early last evening by Officer Matthew Healey of the Nineteenth Precinct Station. Norton was taken to the County Hospital.

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

Delightful and Refreshing

Bottled at the Apollinaris Spring Rhenish Prussia.

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

"The leading dietetic Table Water."

NEW YORK TRIBUNE, December 18th, 189[illegible]

In all your outings—to the World's Fair—Seaside—Mountains—everywhere, take

Beecham's (Tasteless) Pills with you.

ONLY 25c. A BOX.

Illness frequently results from changes of food, water, climate, habits, etc., and the remedy is Beecham's Pills.

WOMEN CARRIED OUT.

MIDNIGHT FIRE IN AN APARTMENT HOUSE CAUSES A PANIC.

Occupants of the Illinois Flat Building Have Narrow Escapes—Saved from Suffocation by Quick, Hard Work—Portion of a Cornice in the Postoffice Falls, Striking and Injuring M. Dumas—Inspection Goes On—Body of a Horse Lies on the Street for Several Days.

A lively blaze in the Illinois Flat Building, La Salle avenue and Illinois street, last night at 11 o'clock caused a panic and for a time it was thought that many lives would be lost and the entire building would be destroyed. Women and children were awakened and carried down in their night clothes and some fainted and others, hysterical, sought shelter in neighboring buildings. The fire started in the Cascade Laundry, Nos. 140 and 142 Illinois street. Smoke was detected by Capt. Raymond, the owner of a saloon in the corner of the building, and C. Schutte, who were talking at the bar. An alarm was immediately turned in and Raymond, Schutte, and Officer John Becker hastened to arouse the tenants.

Flames were then breaking out of the basement windows of the laundry. The occupants of the building were all in bed. They were aroused wieh difficulty, and many were so excited and so overcome by the smoke that they had to be carried down. Officer Becker carried out three women and a child and Officer Thayer a child. Capt. Raymond also rescued several of the inmates. In a few moments the fire department was on the ground and the flames were soon extinguished, the windows of the laundry being broken in and every available hose turned into the basement. It is supposed that the fire started from a spark from the boiler. The damage was confined to the laundry and does not exceed $1,500. The building is a new one, having been finished last October. The structure, a four-story brick, is valued at $25,000 and insured for $18,000.

LOUIS DUMAS STRUCK IN THE RUIN.

A Thirty-Pound Piece of Plaster Cornice Tumbles on His Shoulder.

Louis Dumas, No. 4461 Ellis avenue, had a narrow escape from serious injury and perhaps death yesterday afternoon in the east corridor of the old ruin on Adams street known as the Chicago Postoffice. He was standing at window No. 20, and had just asked the clerk for a money order blank, when he was hit by a section of plaster of paris cornice work weighing thirty pounds, which fell from the ceiling, a distance of twenty-five feet, striking him a glancing blow on the shoulder and breaking into a dozen pieces when it struck the floor. A long line of people was at the money order window. The falling piece just missed the head of a little girl. There was a scattering of the crowd, and several apprehensive people made a dash for the doors. One timid woman refused to reënter the building.

Mr. Dumas and a friend entered the building together. The friend left his side only a few seconds before the cornice fell. Had they stood together a moment longer one might have been seriously and perhaps fatally hurt. Mr. Dumas' injuries are not serious, though painful.

The sound of the falling missile as it struck the floor brought Chief Paying Teller Schlossman out of his office to investigate. He said that he was fearful of the safety of those in the building.

The work of inspection will be completed today. Tomorrow with the data collected Mr. Clarke will begin compiling his report, which will be ready for submission to the Washington authorities next Monday evening. The report is first made to Supervising Architect O'Rourke, who will confer with Secretary of the Treasury as to what action may be necessary.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 6.—[Special.]—Assistant Secretary Curtis of the Treasury Department held a consultation with Supervising Architect O'Rourke on the subject of the safety of the Chicago Postoffice Building today. Mr. O'Rourke informed him that Mr. Clarke had been sent to make an inspection of the building. "Well," said Mr. Curtis, "telegraph him at once if in his opinion the building is unsafe to see Secretary Carlisle, who is now in Chicago, and lay the matter before him. In the report of the Supervising Architect to Congress he showed the building to be unsafe and recommended its destruction. Congress ignored that report and today thousands of people pass in and out of the building which may fall in at any time."

LEAVE THE CARCASS IN THE STREET.

People at Forty-second Street and Oakenwald Avenue Sickened by a Stench.

Rotting under the hot July sun and filling the neighborhood of Forty-second street and Oakenwald avenue with an intolerable stench is a dead horse which lies half across the stone walk on Forty-second street. Despite the pleadings of every one in that neighborhood the Health Department has refused to remove the pestilence-breeding nuisance. The bloated body announced its presence to every citizen in the ward last Monday. That same day three people whose dwellings look out upon it telephoned to the Health Department and were assured it would be given attention. The body is still there.

Mrs. McKenna, the aged mother of W. H. McKenna, who lives at the southeast corner of Oakenwald avenue and Forty-second street, succumbed to the odor and is now confined to her bed. The physician attendant on Mrs. McKenna has ordered her immediate removal from the neighborhood.

The dead animal is supposed to have belonged to a teamster who has stalls in the rear of No. 4219 Oakenwald avenue. Sunday night the animal was pulled out and left at the foot of Forty-second street against the stone wall inside the Illinois Central tracks. Early Monday morning Allan Ransom, manufacturer of machine tools, Nos. 68 and 70 South Canal street, who resides at No. 4203 Oakenwald avenue, went out to investigate the cause of the strange stench that came from towards the lake and upon turning the corner he saw the dead horse. Mr. Ransom went to a telephone and notified the Health Department. They promised to have the carcass removed that day. Tuesday morning he again telephoned the Health Department. They said that all their wagons had been busy the day before, but again promised to remove the carcass that afternoon.

The Health Department yesterday promised magnanimously to attend to the matter as soon as they could get around to it. They claim that their wagons have been busy. In the meantime Mrs. McKenna is preparing to sue the city and her neighbors to get out of their homes.

PARTNER IN THE BANK IS ARRESTED.

Depositor with Schaffner & Co. Issues a Warrant Against Becker.

As a sequel to the failure of Schaffner & Co., bankers, No. 100 Washington street, Abraham G. Becker, the partner of Mr. Schaffner, was arrested in the County Building yesterday afternoon.

The warrant upon which he was arrested was sworn out by August Klaas, who alleges that on the day before the assignment of the bank he deposited $364 in it. Klaas and his attorney went before Justice Everett yesterday morning and swore out the warrant. It charges Mr. Becker, as a partner of the bank, with accepting deposits contrary to the laws of the State governing banks.

Mr. Allen, the attorney for the plaintiff, said that the arrest was made for violation of Sec. 118 of the Criminal Code.

Mr. Allen said, in speaking of the act, that all the salient points at issue had been passed upon by the Appellate Court in the Murphy case wherein the court had held "that no knowledge of insolvency or fraudulent intent was necessary to be alleged in the indictment or need be proved on the trial."

Mr. Becker was immediately taken before Justice Everett and the case was set for hearing Friday morning at 10 o'clock, Mr. Becker being held in bail of $800 until that time, which was furnished, and he returned to the County Building.

EXAMINING THE COLLECTOR'S BOOK.

C. W. Finney of Evanston Acknowledges a Deficiency of $4,000.

The books of ex-Special Assessment Collector Charles W. Finney of Evanston are undergoing a careful examination by an expert bookkeeper under the direction of a special committee—Ald. Dyche, Cowper, and Pearsons. The Collector's accounts should have been closed March 31, but upon promise after promise the Council and the Finance committee have waited until the present time. Yesterday his bondsmen—R. A. Davis and J. B. Spencer—were notified to make up a deficiency of $4,000. The deficiency is acknowledged by Finney. It appears that Finney, who was appointed by Mayor Mann, collected between $65,000 and $70,000 of Evanston assessments under a bond of $10,000. Last fall Evanston City warrants were selling at a large discount. Finney was positive of being reappointed and invested $18,000 in warrants. The appointment of B. F. Housel to act as his successor made things assume a more serious aspect. Finney made known his predicament to the Council and asked them to be lenient with him. The present financial stringency made it next to impossible to dispose of his papers. However, he realized enough to reduce his deficiency to $4,000, which will have to be made up by his sureties.

ARE NOT TEARING DOWN WALLS.

No Action in the Fish, Joseph & Co. Building Yet Taken.

Nothing was done yesterday towards tearing down the condemned walls of the Pardridge Building, No. 112 State street, that burned last Monday night. Immediately after the fire an inspection by the City Building Department was made and notice was served on the owner of the building, Edwin Pardridge, to remove such parts of the standing walls as were decided to be dangerous. Yesterday there was no sign that anything was to be done. A couple of policemen were stationed in the alley flanking the building on the south and kept every one from passing the rope stretched across. Inside the building Fish, Joseph & Co's. employés were engaged in sorting the damaged stock. Manager Barber, in charge, knew nothing of any proposed tearing down of the walls further than that such was the order. Commissioner Toolen when seen at his office in the City Hall said that the wall next the alley from a point twenty feet from the front of the building back had been condemned and the two upper stories were ordered torn down. "The rear wall and the other side wall," said he, "are party walls and therefore are safe. They need not be torn down, but will require repairing when the building is rebuilt. As for the wall next the alley, I have served verbal notice upon Mr. Pardridge to have the two upper stories removed. He has three days in which to do it and then the city fire department will do it at his expense."

APPARENTLY DIED BY HIS OWN HAND

Indications Are That Dr. C. F. St. Clare Ended His Life with Morphine.

Dr. Charles F. St. Clare was found dead in his room at No. 332 West Monroe street at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. From the appearance of the body and the fact that a paper was found near his bed containing a few grains of morphine it is supposed that he took his own life. Dr. St. Clare rented the room from Mrs. Lizzie Shannon two weeks ago. She sent to Dr. F. F. Whetzel's office at No. 155 West Madison street. Dr. Whetzel was an intimate friend of the dead physician, and he at once went to the house on Monroe street. Dr. Whetzel absolutely refused to say anything regarding the man's history further than that he had a wife living in Omaha, Neb. Dr. St. Clare was 38 years old and was always flashily dressed.

F. W. Newburg of No. 145 Thirty-fifth street was found dead in his room at McCoy's Hotel, Clark and Van Buren streets, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He was lying on the bed partly disrobed, and had evidently been dead for several hours. On a stand near the bed was found a half-ounce bottle which had contained morphine. Newburg was about 35 years old and was a traveling salesman for the Hiawatha Tobacco company of Detroit, Mich. No cause is known for the suicide.

HE SAYS THE REPORT IS UNFOUNDED.

Siberian Exile Declares That Russians in America Are Not in Conspiracy.

A New York dispatch yesterday morning gave an account of a letter sent to the clerk of the Clarendon Hotel warning him against a nihilist plot to kill Gen. S. M. Donkousky, recently appointed Governor-General of Siberia. Russians in Chicago do not believe there is any truth in the report as far as the Nihilists are concerned. They say it is a plot by the Russian police in America to throw discredit upon the political refugees in this country. A prominent Siberian refugee in Chicago is Isaac A. Hourwich, Ph. D., a graduate of Columbia College, editor of the Russian paper, *Progress;* member of the Illinois bar, and lecturer in the University of Chicago. Speaking about the report from New York he said yesterday:

That story from New York is a manufactured one entirely. I am well acquainted with the Russian societies of New York and Chicago. I was connected with the agitation against the American-Russian treaty and I am a Siberian exile. I can say that there is a secret Russian police organization in this country, under the leadership of the Russian Consul-General in New York, Olrroffsky. I know several Russian spies myself. They want to manufacture some plot among the refugees to show Americans that they are not worthy the refuge given them here. I am positive there are no such plans made by the Russian-American League.

GIVES BARGAINS IN BOGUS TICKETS.

Man Engages in a Thriving Business with Counterfeit Excursion Rates.

A swindling scheme by which a large number of local business firms and an indefinite number of laboring people have been caught is that of a man who has been selling what purport to be round-trip excursion tickets to Milwaukee over the St. Paul railroad for the low price of $1 each. The trade has been conducted under the guise of charity, and thus a larger number of people have been victimized than would have been the case otherwise. The plan as conceived and carried out is as follows: Large-sized blue tickets with return coupons attached were printed, stamped with a seal, and peddled around as coming from the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association. Each ticket read as follows: "Seventh annual excursion and picnic given by Lodge 304 of the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association of North America, to Milwaukee and return, July 30, 1893. To be held at National Park. Tickets round trip $1. Trains leave Milwaukee and St. Paul depot at 8:30, 9:30, and 11 a. m. Good on all trains to return." The seal is merely a dotted circle, and the ticket bears no person's name.

SUNDAY CLOSING CASE TO COME UP.

Judge Jenkins Will Pass Upon the Demurrer to the Wanamaker Suit.

Judge Jenkins, after a week's vacation in Milwaukee, will be on the United States Circuit bench again today. He is expected to hand down his decision on the demurrer filed by the defendants in the Wanamaker & Brown petition for injunction.

The decision if sustaining the demurrer will throw the matter out of court. If the demurrer is not sustained arguments will proceed on the subject matter of the petition. The latter sets forth that the financial interests of the applicants, who are stockholders, are being injured by Sunday opening.

MURDER OVER A CAN OF BEER.

Colored Cook Shot and Instantly Killed by His Assistant.

Robert Nelson, head cook at the Turner Hotel, Thirty-third street and Wabash avenue, was shot and instantly killed about 5 o'clock last evening by George Stone, second cook at the same hotel. The shooting was the result of a quarrel about a can of beer. The ball struck Nelson in the breast, penetrating the heart, and he fell dead. Stone disappeared immediately after the shooting and has not yet been found. Nelson was a colored man and lived with his family at No. 3648 Dearborn street. Stone came to Chicago several months ago from St. Louis and lived at No. 368 Thirty-first street.

Kinsella Murder Trial Begins.

The Kinsella murder case has at last come to trial. Yesterday afternoon the work of impaneling a jury was begun, but little progress was made. The crime with which Kinsella, who is a police officer, is charged is the murder of Charlie Smith, a colored man, Thanksgiving night. The case promises to be a long and tedious one.

Charged with Selling Impure Ice.

A. F. Connor, an ice dealer of Evanston, was arrested yesterday on complaint of Health Commissioner Clapp, who charges him with violating the health ordinances of Evanston by selling impure ice. The case will be heard before Justice Kearney this morning. The death rate from malaria and typhoid-fever has been far above anything in the history of the city this summer. An examination revealed, it is claimed, that the ice was polluted with disease-breeding germs. Notwithstanding this Connor continued to deliver ice until yesterday morning, when he was summoned to appear for a hearing.

Wants the Will Set Aside.

Thomas C. Fetrow, by his guardian, J. S. Huey, has filed a bill in the Circuit Court contesting the will of his grandfather, Jacob Fetrow, who died June 29, 1891, leaving the major part of his estate to his widow, Cassie R. Fetrow, after bequeathing the complainant $2,000 and certain vacant lots in Cook County. The defendant, Mrs. Cassie R. Fetrow, before her marriage to the testator was a domestic in his house. She was forty-five years his junior, and it is alleged that Fetrow, who was 70 years of age when the marriage was contracted, was in his dotage and not responsible for his acts.

Items.

Henry Hutchinson, alias "Sheeny Henry," who shot and killed Florence Burl in a State street saloon last January, was sentenced to life imprisonment by Judge Horton yesterday.

Supt. Lane announced yesterday that of the 700 persons who took the examination for teachers' certificates given June 27, 133 secured the requisite average of 75 per cent and will be given certificates.

Charles Baron, an army veteran living at No. 6427 Peoria street, claims to have been robbed of $7 by three men at Sixty-first street and Wabash avenue. He says he was beaten into a state of insensibility.

Eleven prisoners were taken to Joliet by Jailer Morris yesterday. Among them were Joseph Jackman, fifteen years, for murder; Pearl Rogers and Tillie Jackson, three years, for larceny; and Irene Moore, two years, for larceny.

R. A. Adams, arrested some time ago and charged with stealing $2,000 worth of jewelry from the Austrian exhibit at the Fair, was arraigned before Justice Quinn yesterday. The charge was changed to disorderly conduct and Adams was fined $10.

Charles Nate, a Louisville, Ky., traveling man, was held up by two men on Blue Island avenue Wednesday night. His cries for help attracted the attention of an officer, who arrested the two men. They gave their names as John Martin and John Riley.

Inspector Gruenhut of the Health Department has refused to give a "sweat shop" license to Joseph Kopilski of No. 60 Augusta street because he has in his employ a number of girls under 14 years of age. The license will be withheld until the proprietor discharges the girls who are not of age.

Charles Knox and Samuel Sigel, two newsboys, created some excitement last night in front of the Hartford Building, Madison and Dearborn streets, by indulging in a quarrel in which they cracked a large plate-glass window of the Hartford Building by throwing gravel. Officer O'Connell arrested the boys.

Among the real estate transfers recorded yesterday was that of 90½x190 feet on Monroe street, 49½ feet west of Franklin street, from Jacob Weil to R. D. Sheppard for $300,000; also that of the leasehold interest in the property at Randolph street and Fifth avenue, 80x180 feet, from R. D. Sheppard to Jacob Weil for $100,000.

The property of W. M. Stebbins, which has interfered with the completion of Sheridan drive from Chicago to Evanston, has been condemned, and a value placed upon it by a jury in Judge Brown's court. The land is at the foot of Dempster street in Evanston and is a strip 100x192 feet. The jury fixed its value at $10,000.

As a result of the examinations made yesterday in the insane court, Alfred Daniels, E. J. Dawson, Robert Gillespie, Niles Jurgensen, Peter Groles, Bernard Stumps, Andrew Ferrier, Michael Cogley, and Max Londerg were committed to the Jefferson Hospital, while Edward Lors, Jeannette Goldsmith, and Olive Hull were sent to the asylum at Elgin.

SEBASTOPOL SEIZED BY THE SHERIFF.

Lack of Patronage Places the Concern in Financial Straits—Other Failures.

The property of the Columbian Pyrotechnical company, at Sixty-first street and Cottage Grove avenue, known as the "Siege of Sebastopol," was seized by the Sheriff yesterday to satisfy judgments secured in the Circuit and Superior Courts. Executions were issued on confessions of judgment entered for a total amount of $6,054. The attorneys for the complainant attribute the failure to the small attendance since the World's Fair opened.

The Smith-Obergfell Manufacturing company made an assignment in the County Court yesterday in favor of Herbert S. Worth. The company manufactures sash, doors, and blinds at No. 367 Sedgwick street. Its assets were scheduled at $6,000 with $3,500 liabilities.

The Wisconsin Furnace company, 70 Dearborn street, failed yesterday. E. Louis Kuhns was appointed assignee. The company has blast furnace plants at Fond du Lac, Wis., and owns and operates twenty-five kilns, valued at $18,600 and incumbered for $15,000. Joseph F. Forsythe and Ebenezer H. Hyde, doing business as Forsythe, Hyde & Co., assigned their effects to the same assignee in connection with the affairs of the furnace company. Their assets were given at $50,000.

Henry Myers, President of the Columbian Cigar company, Gertrude S. Myers and Edward S. Walsh, stockholders, in a Superior Court bill, ask for a receiver. The company was organized last January under the statutes of New Jersey for the purpose of selling cigars through a patented machine, near the World's Fair grounds. It is charged that the defendant stockholders are about to leave Chicago and intend to divide the assets of the concern among themselves. To guard against such a contingency Judge Stein issued a temporary injunction, as prayed for in the bill.

A writ of attachment was placed in the hands of the Sheriff yesterday to attach the property of the Columbian Casino Restaurant company on the World's Fair grounds. R. S. Peale, the publisher, holds a claim against the company for $7,719. The company has been unable to meet the demands made upon it for some time on account of a lack of patronage.

A bill was filed in the Circuit Court yesterday asking that a receiver be appointed for the Chicago Fuel Gas Appliance company. John Stirlen, a creditor for $300, makes the application.

HAUL MADE AT AN OPIUM JOINT.

Three Chinamen and Seven Whites Nabbed by the Police.

The Fourth Precinct police raided an opium joint in the basement No. 1703 Wabash avenue last evening. Three Chinamen and seven white patrons were arrested. They gave the names of Lee Sam, Bung Quay, Wang Lee, Ed Myers, G. Gray, P. Donnelly, S. Gray, H. M. Martin, Harry Jones and Sam Crutcher. Martin's real name the officers say is H. M. Wicks. Seven pipes, fifty bowls, six lamps, and $200 worth of opium were secured, the total worth of the goods being $500. The place has been run by the Chinaman Lee for some time under the guise of a laundry. Detective J. J. Hanstine said the joint was frequented in the day by women and at night by men. The men will be arraigned at the Harrison street court this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Change of Time.

Train No. 53 leaving Chicago at 6:35 p. m. for Galesburg will be discontinued after Saturday, July 8.

"How to Reach the World's Fair."

Take steamboat at Van Buren street pier, Lake-Front. A thirty minutes' run lands you at Sixty-third street pier, within two minutes' walk of the "Court of Honor"—the heart of the Fair grounds.

Return home by the same route. Boats leave from each end of the line every ten minutes.

No delays; no crowding. Every one guaranteed a seat. No charge made for children under 8 years of age. Refreshments at reasonable prices.

The lake route is the favorite one—cool and refreshing. Do not fail to take it.

Fare one way 15 cents. Round trip 25 cents. Twenty-ride tickets for $2. Boats run from 7 o'clock a. m. until 11 o'clock p. m.

The Fast Train for Lincoln, Neb.,

with through Palace Sleeping cars, leaves Chicago via the Northwestern line at 7 p. m. daily. Tickets and sleeping car reservations at No. 208 Clark street and passenger station corner Wells and Kinzie streets.

Don't hesitate. You know the old saying, "He who hesitates is lost." When you know you are right, don't hesitate to say it. When you go to buy a bottle of Carter's Little Liver Pills don't hesitate to say you want "C-a-r-t-e-r-s." Demand the genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills."

See advertisement California land for sale page eight.

Jenkins Bros.' Valves and Jenkins' Standard Packing. 81 and 83 North Canal street.

WILL IT BE SMITH?

RUMOR OF HIS APPOINTMENT AS POSTMASTER GETS AFLOAT.

Mr. Smith Does Not Confirm It, but Is Not Downcast Over the Prospects—Outlines His Possible Policy—Secretary Carlisle Denies Knowledge of the Matter—Frank Lawler Refuses to Believe It—Mayor Harrison Casts a Shadow of Doubt on Mr. Smith's Democratic Principles.

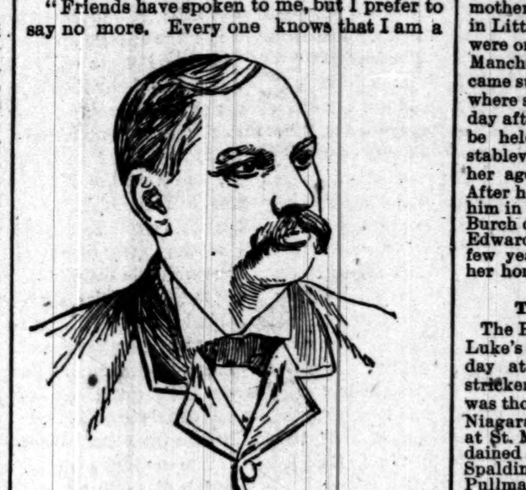
An able-bodied report was current in the city yesterday that R. J. Smith had been appointed Postmaster of Chicago by President Cleveland. The report was apparently put in circulation by Mr. Smith's friends with an intimation that the news had leaked out through the presence in the city of Secretary Carlisle. Mr. Smith frankly said that he had received no official notification, but his manner was not that of a man cast down, and what he said seemed to indicate that he thought his chances gilt-edged.

"Have you received a private intimation that you were to be appointed to the office?" he was asked.

"That is another matter. You must excuse me from answering the question. It would be indelicate to discuss it as matters stand at present."

"Has any one spoken to you on the subject?"

"Friends have spoken to me, but I prefer to say no more. Every one knows that I am a



ROBERT JORDAN SMITH.

candidate for the Postmastership. Many influences necessarily have had to be consulted in the disposition of such an important office, but sooner or later, of course, the appointment had to be made."

While Mr. Smith thus declined to discuss the direct question his conversation conveyed the impression that he had heard from Washington and expected to be Postmaster.

Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle was asked last night whether he had any information regarding the reported appointment of R. J. Smith to the Postmastership.

"No," he replied. "I have read what was published in the evening papers but know nothing about the matter. It is not within the functions of my department."

The Mayor Expresses Regret.

"I am sorry that President Cleveland did not appoint a Democrat," was the comment of Mayor Harrison yesterday when the rumor that R. J. Smith had been appointed Postmaster reached him. The Mayor, clearly enough, is not one of Mr. Smith's supporters for the position to which he has not thus far been appointed, and which the local Democratic leaders say he will not get. Those leaders were much gratified at a dispatch received during the afternoon, which said that Postmaster-General Bissell authorized the statement that: "There is no truth in the report that R. J. Smith is to be appointed Postmaster at Chicago. I do not believe that anybody will be appointed till the President returns. The papers of the different candidates have not been even taken up for consideration." This was considered as disposing of Mr. Smith's chances.

A leading Democratic politician who was one of the delegates-at-large in the last National Democratic convention said yesterday: "I don't believe that Smith will be appointed. The only reason that exists for believing that he will be is that he is supported by William R. Morrison. Morrison has got all the Federal offices that have been given out in Illinois thus far. Those who were most loyal to Cleveland last year got nothing. However, we can't blame Cleveland. Here in the northern end of the State we cannot agree among ourselves. Frank Lawler started out by ignoring those who were Cleveland's lieutenants here at the beginning of last year. Durborow and Goldzier followed his example. Then came Jake Richards. Mayor Harrison is so afraid that Cleveland will snub him that he will do nothing. I for one think it is time this childish business should cease and that we should get together. Cable is all right and it is easy enough to agree with him. But with Morrison we can have no agreement."

From one of the district delegates it was learned that he and nearly all his colleagues from this section would fight Smith. They will not believe that Cleveland thinks favorably of him. They say that he demonstrated during his Presidency of the County Board his want of executive capacity. But they would fight him any way because he is a protégé of Morrison. He came to Chicago from the Morrison district in Southern Illinois.

Leaders Will Hold a Conference.

Speaker Crafts had a brief conference with Mayor Harrison last evening when the situation was discussed. There will be a further conference, it is believed, in a few days, when all the Chicago delegates, the Democratic members of Congress, Speaker Crafts, and the Mayor will attend. An effort will be made to get Senator Palmer to attend the conference also.

Frank Lawler laughed at the story of Gen. Smith's appointment as Postmaster when seen yesterday. He said:

"There is nothing in the report of Smith's appointment as Postmaster. President Cleveland had not looked at the papers in the case up to the time he went to Gray Gables, and I do not think he will take any action until after Congress meets. The delay has been such that many believe the President will hold Sexton until after the World's Fair rush is over."

"Would you accept the Marshalship if appointed?"

"That's another question. I am after the Postmastership. I have had twelve years' experience in that line and can fill that place better than any other. This whole thing would have been settled months ago if I had made promises and agreed to run the office as a political one. It is the Senatorial fight that is causing the delay. I have 66,000 indorsers and have seen those of Gen. Smith. He has only 1,000. I did some good to the party last fall; the other candidates did not. This stir at present is for the purpose of having the Eastern papers say that every one in Chicago is wild for Smith. It won't work and there is nothing in it."

Mr. Smith Outlines His Policy.

Mr. Smith, however, went so far as to talk freely of the policy he believed in for the management of the office.

"I am not afraid that the building will tumble down," said he. "Recently I had a long talk with Cornelius Price, whose ability as a building expert cannot be questioned. He made an examination of the Postoffice which occupied him three days. He assures me that, while the structure is defective, it will not tumble in. His opinion and my own observation confirm me in the belief that the building will stand.

"But there is no doubt that it should be torn down and replaced by a modern structure. The new additions will afford only temporary relief. The government should rent one of the new buildings in the city and proceed to put up the structure that is needed. I do not favor a lake front site. The present location will do for years to come."

"Do you believe efficient employés in the Postoffice should now be removed because they are Republicans?"

"No, and I would not remove them. A certain number of changes would, of course, have to be made, but I would not disturb the minor officials if they did their duty. I would make as few changes as possible and conduct the Postoffice as a big business institution, which is just what it is."

Mr. Smith's candidacy for the Postmastership was presented to President Cleveland at the time of the inauguration. A month later Mr. Smith went to Washington and had a conversation with the President. His papers were signed by a number of prominent citizens.

"I told the President that the papers would speak for me, and that I did not propose to camp on the steps of the Executive Mansion," said Mr. Smith. "I have since kept free of the scrambling, and have waited for results."

His Business and Political Relations.

Robert Jordan Smith was born in Redbud, St. Clair County, Ill., July 12, 1837. He became a clerk in a country store near his native place. In 1863 he entered the insurance business. He came to Chicago in 1868. In 1874 he was elected Secretary of the Traders' Insurance company, and has occupied that position ever since.

Politically Mr. Smith is a strong Democrat. He has taken more or less part in local, State, and national politics for the last fifteen years. In 1880 he was Chairman of the County Central Committee. In 1891 he was elected President of the County Board, serving one term and refusing a renomination. This was the only political office he ever held. He is one of the oldest members of the Iroquois club and the Illinois club, and was twice elected to the Presidency of the former and served one term as President of the Illinois club. In the Iroquois club he was twice Chairman of the Political committee. He belongs to the Union League club, and has also been a member of the Political committee of that organization.

THOSE WHO HAVE PASSED AWAY.

Mrs. Eliza F. Burch, Mother of Mrs. Edward S. Isham of Chicago.

Word was received yesterday by Edward S. Isham of No. 1 Tower place that Mrs. Isham's mother, Mrs. Eliza F. Burch, had died suddenly in Little Falls, N. Y. Mrs. Burch and Mrs. Isham were on their way to the Isham country home at Manchester, Vt. At Utica, N. Y., Mrs. Burch became suddenly ill and was taken to Little Falls, where she had lived years ago. She died yesterday afternoon, and it is expected the funeral will be held Sunday. Mrs. Burch was born in Constableville, N. Y., and was in the 89th year of her age. Her maiden name was Eliza Todd. After her marriage to Mr. Burch she lived with him in Little Falls. Thirty-four years ago Mr. Burch died, and their daughter having married Edward S. Isham, Mrs. Burch came to Chicago a few years later. Since that time she had made her home with her daughter.

The Rev. John Joseph Waldron.

The Rev. John Joseph Waldron, pastor of St. Luke's Church, Oak Park, died suddenly yesterday at his residence in Oak Park. He was stricken with paralysis three days ago, but it was thought he would recover. He was born at Niagara Falls June 18, 1854; studied theology at St. Mary's Seminary, Baltimore, and was ordained a priest June 28, 1879, by Bishop John S. Spalding. His first charge as a pastor was at Pullman. Five years ago he was transferred to Oak Park.

B. F. Goss.

PEWAUKEE, Wis., July 6.—[Special.]—B. F. Goss, a member of the Wisconsin Assembly, died suddenly this afternoon of heart disease at the age of 72 years.

Those who suffer from nervousness and dyspepsia use Carter's Little Liver Pills.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 6.—The weather indications for Friday are:

For Illinois and Indiana, generally fair Friday, southerly winds, warmer in Southeastern Illinois, and Northern Indiana.

For Lower Michigan, occasional showers, but generally fair in eastern portion: southeasterly winds, slightly warmer in eastern portion.

For Upper Michigan, local showers, southerly winds.

For Wisconsin, showers in western, fair in southeastern portion, winds shifting to southeasterly, slightly warmer in eastern portion.

For Iowa, local thunder storms during the afternoon or night, preceded by fair weather in southeastern portion, southeasterly winds, probably cooler Friday night with winds shifting to westerly.

Place of observation.	Height of barometer...	Thermometer	Maxim'm temperature....	Direction of wind......	State of weather....	Precipitat'n 12 hours....
Abilene	29.76	96	100	S. E.	Clear	......
Bismarck, N. D.	29.68	74	76	S.	Clear	.01
Boston, Mass	29.66	72	78	N. W.	Clear	......
Buffalo, N. Y.	30.02	70	72	N. W.	Fair	Trace
Cairo, Ill.	29.96	86	92	S.	Clear	......
Charleston, S.C.	30.12	82	92	S. W.	Clear	......
Cheyenne, Wyo.	29.48	86	88	W	Fair	......
Chicago	29.88	68	74	N. E.	Clear	Trace
Cincinnati, O.	29.92	86	92	S. W.	Clear	......
Cleveland, O.	29.98	64	70	S. E.	Cl'udy	.50
Davenport, Ia.	29.76	86	88	S. E.	Clear	......
Denver, Colo.	29.54	90	94	N.	Fair	......
Des Moines, Ia.	29.72	86	88	S.	Clear	Trace
Detroit, Mich.	29.96	64	64	N. E.	Cl'udy	.44
Dodge City, Kas.	29.58	94	98	S.	Clear	......
Duluth, Minn.	29.82	58	60	Calm.	Cl'udy	Trace
El Paso	29.74	92	94	W	Clear	......
Erie, Pa	29.98	66	70	S.	Fair	.04
Galveston, Tex.	30.02	84	86	S. E.	Clear	......
G'd Haven, Mich	29.92	68	72	E.	Cl'udy	.22
Green Bay, Wis.	29.94	62	72	N. E.	Cl'udy	......
Helena, Mont.	29.86	60	62	W.	Cl'udy	Trace
Huron, S. D.	29.66	74	80	E.	Clear	Trace
Indianap'lis, Ind	29.90	88	94	S. W.	Clear	......
Jacksonville	30.12	78	90	S.	Cl'udy	.20
Kansas City, Mo.	29.78	86	...	S. E.	Clear	......
Knoxville	30.02	88	94	S. W.	Clear	......
La Crosse, Wis.	29.86	74	78	N.	Cl'udy	......
Little Rock, Ark.	29.92	88	94	S.	Clear	......
Louisville, Ky.	29.96	88	94	S.	Clear	......
Manistee, Mich.	29.90	68	68	S. E.	Cl'udy	Trace
Marquette, Mich	29.82	68	76	S. E.	Cl'udy	......
Memphis, Tenn.	29.98	88	96	S. W.	Clear	......
Miles City	29.78	62	78	W.	Rain	.08
Milwaukee	29.92	64	68	N. E.	Clear	......
Minnedosa	29.52	68	76	W.	Cl'udy	.01
Montreal	29.96	70	80	S. W.	Fair	......
Moorhead	29.72	70	76	S.	Clear	.02
New Orleans, La	30.04	80	88	S.	Cl'udy	.24
New York City	30.02	76	80	W.	Cl'udy	......
Omaha, Neb.	29.66	88	92	S.	Clear	Trace
Oswego, N. Y.	30.04	64	70	W.	Clear	......
Palestine	29.94	86	92	S.	Clear	......
Pierre, S. D.	......	...	...	......	......	......
Pittsburg	29.98	72	82	S. E.	Fair	Trace
Port Huron	30.04	66	68	S. E.	Clear	.06
Pueblo	29.52	92	96	W.	Clear	......
Rapid City	29.64	70	70	S. E.	Cl'udy	Trace
St Louis	29.88	88	94	S.	Clear	......
St. Paul	29.86	68	72	S. E.	Cl'udy	.04
Salt Lake City	29.74	76	78	N. W.	Clear	......
Santa Fe	29.78	78	82	W.	Cl'udy	......
Sioux City	29.64	78	86	E.	Cl'udy	......
Springfield, Ill.	29.86	86	92	S. W.	Clear	......
Springfield, Mo.	29.88	82	90	S.	Clear	......
Toledo, O.	29.94	68	68	S. E.	Clear	.20

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Manasse, optician, TRIBUNE Building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 71 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 71; 10 a. m., 72; 11 a. m., 72; 12 m., 74; 1 p. m., 75; 3 p. m., 76; 6 p. m., 76. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.49; 6 p. m., 29.47.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

BREMERHAVEN—Arrived—Aller, from New York.
SOUTHAMPTON—Arrived—Fuerst Bismarck and Chester, from New York.
KINSALE—Passed—Angloman, from Baltimore.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
Robert E. Davenport, Anna C. Putter	21–21
George F. Colden, Mary E. Murphy	28–21
Nathan Foot, Irene Morgan	29–21
Ferdinand Kebs, Minnie Ebert	37–30
Otto Niegt, Agnes Hagon	24–24
Daniel Madden, Amanda Smith	34–25
Charles Fahl, Tillie Eckert	21–21
John Ray, Ida Johnson	20–18
George A. Huntington, Kate F. Flight	37–38
Patrick Payton, Mary Byrns	30–23
John Oetken, Rosa Vogelsander	27–29
Charles Rivers, Susie Rivera	20–20
Morris Evenberg, Blanche Justice	23–17
Joseph Hartlott, Mary Fay	35–24
Robert Cook, Frances Alexander	20–23
Jules Maurice, Lena Schultz	36–22
Frank Bezdicek, Mary Chladek	27–22
William Senchall, Bridget Quinleyvin	25–28
George Newhaus, Emma Downer	30–27
William Conibeur, Ellen Dyer	21–22
Matthew Peppard, Mayme Redmon	46–29
Jakob Petterson, Bertha Albinsen	23–21
John Goudy, Maggie Calten	21–18
John Jagta, Antonina Mahnowska	27–21
Frank Hogren, Laura Modin	31–30
Oles Eddie, Kate Hyland	20–21
William Buhler, Mary Grominger	27–23
Charles Vogel, Hattie Derman	22–18
Thomas Angell, Amelia Clark	30–30
Frank Martinek, Mary Otcenasek	26–24
Nels Ostberg, Emma Snell	28–20
Andrew Reynolds, Nellie Moran	24–23
Richard Pendull, Elizabeth McCann	25–23
John Permesang, Helena Schram	26–23
Jessmair Vail, Lizzie Crocker	44–36
Fred Brandt, Euphenia Bender	24–23
Lewis Baransky, Stella Morris	21–18
Peter Finnigan, Susan Newton	38–39
Stanislau Kobowski, Katarzyna Nilmiec	22–21

DEATHS.

BAILEY—July 5, 1893, Mrs. J. A. Bailey, at Wesleyan Hospital. Funeral at Desplaines at 10:30 a. m. from Desplaines M. E. Church today to Park Ridge.

BODDEN—July 6, at the German Hospital, at 1 o'clock a. m., Jacob Bodden, beloved husband, father, son, and brother, in his 42d year. Funeral Saturday, July 8, from late residence, 491 School-st., at 2 o'clock, to Rosehill Cemetery. Milwaukee papers please copy.

BUCKLEY—Margaret, beloved daughter of Moras and Johana Buckley, age 24, at her home, 217 S. Sangamon-st., at 4 p. m. July 6. Funeral notice given hereafter.

BURCH—At Little Falls, N. Y., Thursday afternoon, July 6, Mrs. Eliza F. Burch of this city, in 89th year of her age.

CASE—At 172 25th-st., July 1, 1893, Manna D. Case, aged 64 years. Burial at Forest Home Cemetery.

FORD—William N. Ford, July 5, of peritonitis, age 42 years. Funeral services at Cornell Avenue Hotel Friday 5 p. m. Interment at Lafayette, Ind., Saturday at 1 o'clock p. m. Indianapolis and Lafayette papers please copy.

FURLONG—June 10, at Waupaca, Wis., Ruth N. Furlong, widow of the late Isaac P. Furlong, mother of Atherton Furlong and Mrs. Benjamin Shurtleff of this city.

GJERSTEN—Christian Gjersten died at the Cook County Insane Asylum July 5, 1893. Unless friends call for the body within five days same will be disposed of according to law.

GASKILL—John Bailey Gaskill, 3748 Elmwood-pl., July 6, aged 73 years. Notice of funeral hereafter. Manchester, England, papers please copy.

HORAN—At his residence, 619 South Union-st., Thomas Horan, beloved husband of Delia Horan, nee Ryan, brother of M. Horan, and brother-in-law of Patrick Ryan, aged 28 years. Funeral Saturday, July 8, 1893, at 9:30 a. m., by carriages to Sacred Heart Church, thence by cars to Calvary via C., M. & St. P. railway.

MOORE—Walter Leslie, beloved son of William and Lizzie Moore, aged 5 months and 16 days. Funeral at 2 o'clock today from residence, 188 Emerson-av., to Rosehill.

MURRAY—July 5, John Murray, aged 67 years, member of Blair Lodge, A. F. and A. M. Funeral Friday, 2 p. m., from residence, 3951 Dearborn-st., to Oakwoods.

SACKLEY—Rigney J., beloved son of James A. and Mary F. Sackley, aged 4 months and 21 days. Funeral Friday, July 7, at 1 o'clock from parents' residence, 310 Walnut-st., by carriages to Calvary Cemetery.

SWARTZ—July 5, at her residence, 272 E. Division-st., Johanna E. Swartz, aged 66 years and 7 months. Funeral Saturday, July 8, at 2 p. m., from above residence to Graceland Cemetery.

WEISE—July 6, 1893, Minnie Weise, at Amboy, Ill. Funeral Sunday at 2 p. m.

WALDRON—At his residence, Oak Park, the Rev. John Waldron, at 10 a. m. Thursday. Funeral notice hereafter.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—TWO FINE MOCKING BIRDS AND a magpie. 181 West Van Buren-st. and 6324 Wright-st., Englewood.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH FEW HUNDRED dollars cash to go in ticket brokerage business with man of long experience. Address D 747, Tribune office.

PROGRAMME FOR SABBATH, JULY 9.

MR. MOODY Preaches in Haymarket Theater (W. Madison and Halsted) at 10:30 and 7:30.

Praise service at 3:30, when Mr. Stebbins and male choir, Mr. Burke, Oberlin Quartette, and others will assist in singing.

REV. PASTEUR THEODORE MONOD OF PARIS Preaches in First Cong. Church (Ann-st. and Wash.-boul.) at 10:45; and in Second Pres. Church (Michigan-av. and 20th) at 7:45.

DR. A. J. GORDON of Boston preaches in Immanuel Baptist Church (Michigan-av., near 23d-st.) at 10:45; and in Chicago-av. Church (cor. La Salle-av.) at 7:30.

REV. JOHN McNEILL preaches in Chicago Avenue Church at 10:30; and in Immanuel Baptist Church at 7:45.

R. G. PEARSON OF ASHEVILLE, N. C. Preaches in Haymarket Theater at 10:30 and in First Congregational Church at 7:45.

Tickets for the above meetings may be had free of charge at 150 Madison-st., 191 West Madison-st. or by sending stamped envelope to D. L. MOODY, 80 Institute-place.

McVICKER'S THEATER—21 Exits.
EVERY NIGHT, INCLUDING SUNDAY, AT 8. MATINEE SATURDAY.
DENMAN THOMPSON —IN THE— OLD HOMESTEAD.
Secure your seats early and avoid the rush at night. Seats Sold Two Weeks in Advance.

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THE OPERA LA CIGALE (In English)
LILLIAN RUSSELL
OPERA COMIQUE COMPANY. A Great Big Hit
MATINEE SATURDAY.

CHICAGO OPERA-HOUSE—Fireproof.
MR. DAVID HENDERSON....Manager.
Every Night. Matinees Wed. and Sat. 502d TIME.
American Extravaganza Co.
ALI BABA
Or, Morgiana and the 40 Thieves.
Get Seats Early And Avoid the Crush At Night. | Character Quadrille. Bubbling Waterfall. Prismatic Ballet. Ballet of Jewels. Grand Transformation Scene.
Seats secured 3 weeks ahead. Admission 50c.

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By all the leading painters. Also the latest Proof Etchings and Engravings.

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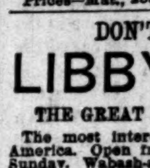
HARRY L. HAMLIN....Manager
Third Month—Crowded Nightly. Matinee Saturday. Engagement of the Eminent Comedian, MR.
Sol Smith Russell,
In Clyde Fitch's Delightful Comedy,
APRIL WEATHER.

SCHILLER THEATER—Tonight.
—SOUVENIR NIGHT—
200th PERFORMANCE OF
Chas. Frohman's Stock Company.
THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME.
By DAVID BELASCO and FRANKLIN FYLES.

H. R. JACOBS' CLARK-ST. THEATER.
H. R. JACOBS....Sole Manager.
Last Week of Season—Last Nights of
CORINNE IN MONTE CRISTO Jr.
Matinees Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday.

THE GROTTO.
Michigan-av., Near Madison.
EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK.
MATINEES SATURDAY, SUNDAY ONLY.
All-Star Vaudeville. Grand Ballet. Burlesque. Kangaroo "Jack." SEE ANNABELLE'S NEW SUN DANCE. Refreshments. Smoking Allowed. Second Regiment Military Band of Forty Pieces. Reserved Seats, 25c, 50c, 75c; Box Seats, $1.00.



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Tel. Main 2198. Madison-st., bet. State and Dearborn. Coolest theater in Chicago. Every day at 2. Every night at 8. Sam T. Jack's Creole Burlesque Co. Unrivaled beauty theirs in form and face, And theirs the dance of fervid, tropic race.
Prices—Mat., 25c, 50c. Night, 25c, 50c, 75c.

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LIBBY PRISON.
THE GREAT NATIONAL WAR MUSEUM.
The most interesting and wonderful exhibit in America. Open from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. daily and Sunday. Wabash-av., between 14th and 16th-sts.

WEST SIDE PARK—Lincoln and Polk-sts.
BASE BALL TODAY.
PHILADELPHIA VS. CHICAGO.
Game called at 3:45. Admission 25, 50, 75c, and $1. Take Ogden-av. car on Madison-st. Cable, Van Buren, Harrison, Taylor or Twelfth-st. horse cars. Get off at Lincoln-st.

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Evenings (except Sunday) at 8:15—Sat. Mat at 2.
Mr. E. S. Willard IN
The Professor's Love Story By J. M. Barrie

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Rendered by a troop of ex-slaves, producing spectacular scenes and tableaux. Three performances daily, 11 a. m., 3 p. m., and 8 p. m.
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Shows Perfectly the Burning of Chicago. Open day and evening. Michigan-av. and Madison-st.

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THE PICTURE OF THE AGE.
Audiences view it entranced and enthralled. Is she a living reality or a work of art? 1,000 delighted admirers daily. Open every day from 9 a. m. till 11 p. m. at
218 STATE STREET, 6 doors south of Adams-st. Admission 25 cents.

WASHINGTON PARK CLUB.
WASHINGTON PARK CLUB
CHICAGO.
1893--Summer Meeting--1893
FRIDAY, JULY 7th,
TWELFTH DAY,
7-Grand Races-7
INCLUDING
A FREE HANDICAP,
WITH 8 STARTERS.
Races begin promptly at 2:30 p. m.
RAIN OR SHINE.
SPECIAL TRAINS on Illinois Central R. R., Alley "L" Road, and South Side Cable Lines land passengers at main entrance.
No Minors Allowed Upon the Grounds.
ADMISSION, $1.00.
Season Tickets and Daily Admission Tickets now on sale, Room 32, Palmer House.
SATURDAY, JULY 8,
THE WORLD'S FAIR STAKES.
$25,000—Guaranteed—$25,000.

Illinois Central Race Trains to Washington Park,
Running direct to entrance gate, within a stone's throw of the grand stand
IN LESS THAN TWENTY MINUTES.
EXPRESS TRAINS
MAKING NO STOP SOUTH OF VAN BUREN-ST.
Leave Randolph-st. 12:30 p. m., 1:10 p. m., 1:30 p. m., 1:50 p. m., 2:10 p. m.
Leave Van Buren-st. 12:33 p. m., 1:13 p. m., 1:33 p. m., 1:53 p. m., 2:13 p. m.
LOCAL TRAINS MAKING ALL STOPS
Leave Randolph-st. a 11:00 a. m., a 12:40 p. m., a 2:00 p. m., a 2:40 p. m.
Leave Van Buren-st. a 11:03 a. m., a 12:43 p. m., a 2:03 p. m., a 2:43 p. m.
From Park Row, Central Station, a 11:05 a. m., a 12:45 p. m., b 1:40 p. m., b 2:10 p. m., a 2:35 p. m., a 2:45 p. m.
a—transfers at 60th-st. b—runs direct to grounds.
Fare for the Round Trip, 20c.
Purchase Tickets, as full fare will be charged on trains

62D AND 63D-STS.—Opp. World's Fair.
EVERY DAY—RAIN or SHINE
(Sunday Included) at 3 and 8:30 p. m.
—THE COOLEST PLACE IN CHICAGO—
DRYEST, CLEANEST, NEATEST, AND MOST COMFORTABLE, RESORT IN CHICAGO. NO MUD, NO DUST. BEST PLACE TO GO ON RAINY DAYS; 20 FEET FROM ALL RAILROADS.

Buffalo Bill's Wild West
And Congress of Rough Riders of the World.

The [key] To All.
VOTED A WORLD BEATER.
18,000 Seats. Covered Grand Stand. Herds of Buffalo, Wild Steers, and Bucking Broncos.
Alley L, Illinois Central, Grip, Electric, and Horse Cars all stop at entrance going to or coming from the World's Fair.
Admission, 50c. Children under 10 years, 25c.
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FILLED TO OVERFLOWING NIGHTLY.
THE SURPASSINGLY GRAND AND BEAUTIFUL SPECTACLE, IMRE KIRALFY'S MASTERPIECE
AMERICA
ABBEY, SCHOEFFEL & GRAU, Props and Mgrs.
Such a lot of Fun, Music, Singing, Dancing, and the Marvelous
SCHAFFERS In Novel and Indescribable Acts.
MME. LUCIE PELICOT, Pedalia Pianiste.
Prices 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50. General Admission, 50c.
Branch Office Inter Ocean Building.

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TROCADERO
Michigan-av. and Monroe-st.
A Great Performance—A Cool Theater.
See the new attractions—Kittie Mitchell, Amann, Paquerette, and the old favorites—Van Bulow Band, Hungarian Orchestra, Orme Darvall, Astarte, etc. Admission, 50c; Boxes, $8 and $6; Reserved Seats, $1.00 and 75c.
Evening at 8. Matinees Thurs., Sat., and Sunday.

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Do not fail to visit the Grand Panorama of the
"BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG."
It has been before the public for the last ten consecutive years. Opened DAILY from 8 o'clock a. m. until 10:30 p. m., Sundays included.

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JERUSALEM.
A most beautiful and interesting cyclorama of Jerusalem and the Crucifixion. Open every day and eve. DON'T MISS IT. Wabash-av. and Hubbard-court.

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WORLD'S FAIR MUSIC HALL.
EXPOSITION MUSIC
FRIDAY, JULY 7, at 8 O'Clock.
Exposition Orchestra of 114.
CONDUCTOR....THEODORE THOMAS.
Program of American Compositions.
RESERVED SEATS....FIFTY CENTS

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MILITARY TOURNAMENT
In the STOCK PAVILION,
Twice Daily 3 and 8 p. m. | 12,000 SEATS at 50c.

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North Side Midway Plaisance—World's Fair.
NOW ON EXHIBITION,
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Also Showing at His Complete Factory
10—PROCESSES—10
Spinning— | Weaving— | Blowing— | Moulding— | Stamping— GLASS —Cutting —Polishing —Engraving —Painting —Decorating
10c—ADMISSION FEE—10c
Refunded on Any Purchase.

GERMAN VILLAGE.
World's Fair, Midway Plaisance.
Collection of Typical German Peasant Hou[ses].
GERMAN CASTLE AND TOWN HALL.
INTERESTING ETHNOGRAPHIC MUSEUM.
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Indoor and Garden Restaurants accommodating 8,000 people, managed by first-class German caterers.
TWO GRAND CONCERTS DAILY by German Infantry and Cavalry Bands in Full Uniform.

HAGENBECK'S ZOOLOGICAL ARENA.
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WONDERFULLY TRAINED WILD ANIMALS.
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Largest Collection of Rare Monkeys and Parrots.
Four Performances Daily.
RESTAURANT—POPULAR PRICES.

OLD VIENNA—Midway Plaisance.
Historically true reproduction of the "Graben," as it appeared 200 years ago. From 10:30 to 4, Concert by the celebrated Hungarian Band, "Hazai Natzi." From 5 to 10, Concert by the famous Hoch and Deutschmeister Military Band under the leadership of Hofkapellmeister C. M. Ziehrer.

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Do not fail to visit the Turkish Theater at Midway Plaisance, where the Beautiful DANCING GIRLS of Damascus and Constantinople are to be seen.

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

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FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1893.

ABOUT the hardest hack that has been made on Altgeld's hide is the proposition to trade it off for the Governor of Missouri.

MAX JUDD, Consul General to Austria, has done a thing calculated to make him disliked in establishing the precedent that a Consul can be sued.

THE latest quotation for silver in Wall street was 75⅛ cents per fine ounce of 480 grains. This corresponds to 58.1 cents for the value of the pure metal in the United States dollar, and to 27½ to 1 as the ratio of value for equal weights of gold and silver.

GEN. JAMES FIELD, who permitted himself to be dragged by the heels as the plaything of the "Populist party," is trying to get before the public by saying that Harrison ought to have been impeached, and that it isn't too late to administer the same dose to Cleveland. Jimmy needs another pull from the nursing bottle of Aunt Mary Lease.

COMPLIMENTS of the boundless West to the Hon. Hoke Smith. Wish he could have been here on the Fourth, but there is still something left, and it is all his'n if he wants it. And if he wants to eat with his knife he can do that and there won't be any giggling back of the napkins. Make way for the Mount of Possumphat.

THE Canadian Pacific railroad has set a good example to the Grand Trunk in cutting rates to the Fair and to territory farther east than this city. It offers to carry passengers from San Francisco by boat to Victoria, including meals and berth, and thence by rail to this city, for $48.60 first class and $41.40 second class. The reduction is not so great as it might have been, but it will help to increase the difficulty experienced by the Southern Pacific in keeping all the rest in line for high rates.

SOME of the silverites are talking of an increase of the ratio between gold and silver to 18 or 20 to one, with free coinage. This will not do. To grant that would be but to make matters worse instead of better. Twenty to one would be but a step over one quarter of the distance opened up by the recent slump in the silver market. It would be to admit that the silver in the silver dollar is worth 80 cents. It should be worth 100 cents, or we ought to quit the use of the dollar altogether, except as a token, and the country does not want the free and unlimited coinage of token money.

ALD. MADDEN quite properly objected at the Council Wednesday evening to the passage of an ordinance for paving a street with one kind of asphalt owned by one company and controlled by it. Such ordinances are in the interest of monopoly. There are four or five different asphalt companies. The material which they use is of about equally good quality. There is no reason why the product of any one of them should be unduly favored. The Aldermen who try to gratify the greed of a monopoly of the character referred to also will bear watching.

THE New York stock market opened heavy, but under the influence of easier money a general advance was scored. The local market declined early in the day and later advanced sharply, carrying prices higher than they have been for some time. Sterling rates were unchanged and the tendency heavy. New York exchange sold at 75 cents discount.—The leading produce markets were fairly active and generally at a slightly higher range of prices. Provisions were less dull, with a fair inquiry and grains were stronger, wheat leading in interest, due to the receipt of many unfavorable crop advices. As compared with the latest prices of the previous day September wheat closed ⅝ cent higher, corn ⅜ cent higher, oats ⅛ cent higher, rye firm, barley steady, flaxseed steady, September pork nominally 10 cents higher, lard 12½ cents higher, and ribs 12½ cents higher.

SOMEBODY in the Board of Education will bear watching. There can be no doubt that steals have been attempted in connection with the Washburne avenue and Augusta street school lots. On the testimony of Ald. Kammerling, the school lot on Augusta street which the Board of Education recommended the Council to purchase at $27,500 was offered last May at $21,000. Property in the vicinity has not increased in value since. What then is the reason for the advance in price? Has some member of the Board of Education been "seen"? Again, the Board of Education recommended that lots on Washburne avenue near the Brainerd School be purchased for $8,000. There does not seem to be any necessity for this school site. The price is $3,200, or 66⅔ per cent, in excess of the market value. A school teacher and an officer of the Board of Education are said to have recommended the purchase at $8,000. There ought to be a full and exhaustive investigation of these and other transactions. Ald. Martin's School committee is to look into the matter. It may be able to discover other jobs as well as those referred to and to locate the responsibility.

THE Socialist convention now in session in this city has adopted the following:

WHEREAS, We recognize the necessity of carrying on the war with capitalism simultaneously on the political and economic fields; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we recommend to all Socialists to join the organizations of the trade to which they respectively belong.

The object of this is plain enough. The intention is to socialize and anarchize the trades unions. The Socialists, who at heart hate and despise these unions just as much as Spies said he did, intend to gain admission to them and carry on an educational campaign within them. They think that they can make more converts when they are masquerading as union men than when they are on the outside.

As the purpose of the Socialists is so plain, the trades unions ought to defend themselves, because if socialistic dreams were to become realities, and the socialistic state were to be established, trades unions would not be tolerated for a moment. No men would be allowed to organize for the purpose of managing their common interests. The State would assign his place to every man and see that he remained there. His duty would be to obey orders and draw the rations of food and drink allowed him. If the unions are wise they will require men to abjure socialism as a condition of membership, just as the United States makes it a condition of citizenship that an applicant shall abjure allegiance to all other powers.

OUR MARINE VISITORS.

After some delay at Beaver Islands, occasioned by a severe windstorm, the Spanish caravels arrived at Milwaukee yesterday morning about 3 o'clock during a heavy thunder shower none the worse for their Lake Michigan experiences except that their crews had the novel experience of a thorough drenching on the great fresh water sea. After a fitting reception at Milwaukee the caravels will leave for Jackson Park harbor, the terminus of their long voyage, this morning. Off Evanston they will be met by the United States vessels and, escorted by the Michigan, Andy Johnson, and Blake, twenty-five steam and sail yachts, and a numerous fleet of steamers and sail vessels, will sail to their anchorage off Jackson Park where they will be a memorable feature of the great Exposition. The military force of the Fair, soldiers, marines, and guards, will act as an escort for the officers and crews of the little fleet to the place of official reception near the Administration Building. The honors paid them will be even more noteworthy than those which were accorded the Princess Eulalia at the park. The President's official family will be represented by Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle and Secretary of the Navy Herbert and the United States Senate by Senator Sherman, all of whom will extend a cordial welcome to the officers of the caravels. There will be a great crowd of the people also to welcome them, for no cards of invitation have been issued for the ceremonies. They will be free to all and there is room enough in the plaza for all who desire to go. Let it be a grand outpouring and let the caravel crews have an enthusiastic greeting, which shall tell in no uncertain manner how highly the people regard the navigators of the Santa Maria, Pinta, and Nina.

Meanwhile the little Viking which sailed across the Atlantic without tow, guided only by the skill of the brawny Norse sailors, was yesterday at Detroit and is expected at Jackson Park Saturday. As there are few Spanish people here the reception of the caravels will be accorded largely by Americans and other nationalities represented at the Fair, but when the little Viking with her great square sail and dragon prow goes past the city and comes to anchor at the park thousands of Swedes and Norwegians will be there and will give bluff Capt. Andersen and his weather-beaten crew as stout a welcome as if it were Frithjof himself, or any other of the old Norse scourges of the sea who harried the coasts of Europe, that had arrived. Norsemen and Spaniards probably never will agree which of the two great navigators, Leif Ericsen or Christopher Columbus, is best entitled to the honor of discovering America, but they can at least agree that the world never had two more skillful or daring sailors than these men who crossed the comparatively unknown ocean in cockleshells as compared with modern vessels. Whether Columbus ever saw the main land of the continent or not, and whether Leif Ericsen planted his little colony on the Charles River or not, the American people will pay equal honors to their descendants who have imitated their voyages. The little Viking and the three caravels during their stay here will be one of the most attractive features of the Exposition.

ABSURD CLAIMS BY SILVER MEN.

The number of persons employed in the gold and silver mines of this country is about 380,000, and some 200,000 others are engaged in the various branches connected with these mining industries. Counting in others dependent upon the operation of the mines it is estimated that at least 1,000,000 would be disastrously affected by their closing down. But those who make this estimate ought to know that the cessation of silver purchases by the United States no more would result in shutting up all the mines than does a year of slack railroad building cause a closing of all the foundries and rolling mills in the country.

In the first place, according to the showing made by the silver men themselves, all the gold that could be produced would be wanted, and this would involve the output of rather large quantities of silver. Secondly, the use of silver in the arts would vastly increase with a corresponding lessening of the price to the point at which all but the poorest of the mines now open could be operated at a profit. Thirdly, the requirement that a dollar's worth of silver should be paid out for a dollar of obligation would shrink the nominal value of all the silver now in store in the Treasury, thus making room for more bullion in other places, besides which there would then be a free market for silver, and the metal could be used in any available quantity as a basis for credit up to within a small percentage of its real value. That is the way in which wheat, corn, pork, and cotton are stored, and those articles are fully as necessary to the community as silver can be. The repeal of the Sherman law and the consequent stoppage of silver purchases by the government need not interfere with the production of silver. The metal could still be mined in as great quantities as wanted by people who were willing to pay the prices asked for it. The probability is the repeal of the Sherman law would not throw out of employment more than one-third of those now engaged in the overproduction of silver, and the market would be all the healthier for the stoppage of the poorer mines till such time as the relation of supply to demand under the new conditions was better understood than it appears to be by the silver men today.

So the statement that the Union Pacific lines in Colorado are about to lose $200,000 per month, or 75 per cent of the total traffic, the Rio Grande and the Colorado Midland lines to lose 30 per cent of their business, and 1,000,000 of people to be thrown out of employment by stopping the government purchases of silver may be dismissed as an idle tale. But if it were absolutely true that would not constitute a sufficient reason for the continuance of a suicidal financial policy fraught with mischief to nearly 70,000,000 of other citizens and damaging the business of the country to the extent of billions of dollars per year. The farmers and laborers in the rural districts and the workers in the cities, who would be robbed of untold billions by a drop to the silver basis, to say nothing of the merchants, manufacturers, and capitalists whose ability to employ labor would be cut down one-half by the change, are of far more consequence numerically than are the silver miners and their products of vastly more use to the community. The claim that it is necessary to plunge nearly 70,000,000 people into misery for the sake of rendering 1,000,000 a little more prosperous and encouraging them to a further exaggeration of conditions that are intensely artificial already is equivalent to one for letting the tail wag the whole animal.

WILL ALTGELD APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE?

Altgeld ran for Governor last year on a false issue. He pretended that he wished to be elected in order that the Edwards compulsory education law might be repealed. He asked for and got the votes of the Republican German Lutherans on that ground, although they ought to have known that the measure to which they objected would have been taken off the statute books no matter who was elected. In spite of this fraudulent issue and this deception practiced on one class of the voters, his plurality fell 4,000 below that of Cleveland, and nothing save the great personal popularity of the latter gave Altgeld the plurality which he actually received. Had the Presidential vote been a close one, Altgeld would have been defeated. The two preceding Democratic candidates for Governor in this State—Harrison and Palmer—ran largely ahead of their tickets; Altgeld only ran behind.

Altgeld's pretended object in running was to sign a bill to repeal the Edwards law. His secret intention was if he had a chance to bring about the pardon of the Anarchists. Primarily, of course, his purpose was to gratify his ambition; secondarily, he wished to rescue his "friends" from jail. On this point nothing was said to the people. They were not consulted and they expressed no opinion. They did vote for a repeal of the Edwards law, but not for the liberation of Fielden, Schwab, and Neebe. Judging from the comments of individuals and papers throughout the State, they no more approve of their pardon now than they would have approved of their acquittal in 1887, and they condemn Altgeld's conduct all the more because they think he got into office under false pretenses to do something he did not tell them he would do if elected.

Gov. Altgeld may say that this is an error and that the people do sustain him. If he thinks so he ought to devise some way by which the question may be submitted to them and their real sentiments ascertained. The Governor, having an American skin but an alien heart, must be familiar with and in favor of foreign methods of appealing to the voters. He must admire the German mode of dissolving Parliament summarily and going before the people to find out at once what their views actually are regarding a given question. He must like the Swiss referendum, by which a law must be ratified by the mass of the voters before it can go into effect.

Cannot his ingenuity get up some plan by which he can go before the people and find out whether they do or do not approve of his pardon of the Anarchists and of the "malignant ferocity" of his attacks on the Supreme Court and Judge Gary? There is one American precedent which he (not being an American) may be unfamiliar with. Preston Brooks, a Southern member of the Governor's party, made a brutal and nearly fatal assault on Senator Sumner. A resolution for his expulsion failed to pass the House for the lack of a two-thirds vote. Nevertheless Brooks resigned so as to give his constituents an opportunity of sustaining or repudiating him. He was unanimously reëlected and could say that his course had been vindicated. On the other hand Roscoe Conkling and "Me Too" Platt resigned from the Senate for a vindication and did not get it. Altgeld cannot surely know whether he will be vindicated or not until he tries. We should like much to have him try.

If Gov. Altgeld can get a vindication from the voters of Illinois, and if they say they are really satisfied with his pardon message, even though he did not breathe a word to them during the campaign of his intention of writing it or avow that he specially wanted to be elected that he might write it, then that will end the matter and THE TRIBUNE will have nothing more to say. For when the people, with all the facts before them, with no false issues to deceive them, say deliberately and positively that they would rather a certain thing should be done, it is best to bow to the verdict. Will Altgeld give the voters a chance to proclaim their verdict in this Anarchist case, and if it is against him will he bow to it?

No doubt the Governor will say that he cannot resign and go before the people for reëlection to the same office at once. But will he undertake to make his pardon of the Anarchists a leading issue when the next Legislature is elected? Altgeld—the more shame to him!—is a candidate for the United States Senate. We hope the memories of the people will not be so short that they will have forgotten his scandalous and infamous pardon message when he next comes up as a candidate for public office.

STOP CRITICISING AND ACT.

The senior Democratic organ calls on its party to cease condemning Republican policies, and go to work to put into effect some of its own. It says:

> The time for arraigning Republican administration has gone by because there is no longer such administration. The time for active formative work has come, and the duty of its performance devolves upon the Democratic party. It is said we have an unsafe currency system. Let us make it sound. It is said that the McKinley law is a curse. Let us repeal the McKinley law. But until Democracy has shown what its statesmanship can accomplish toward economy, toward a just revenue and currency system, let it not assail a party out of power save as the work accomplished by that party is used as a warning. We have heard more than enough of the demerit of the Republican party. Let us have something to show in actual, tangible, healthful legislation of the Democratic party, of the merits of a triumphant Democracy.

The Democratic party has not had control of the government since 1861. Necessarily, therefore, it has been unable to go beyond criticism and opposition. Last year's election reversed the attitude of parties. The Republicans must become the critics now and the Democrats must do something for them to criticise. If they do nothing and leave everything as it is it will be an admission that their past criticisms and opposition were an error.

Certainly the time for "actual, tangible Democratic legislation" has come. Nor is it necessary for the Democrats to hold a convention to settle on the legislative work to be done. They said last year in the Chicago platform that if in power they would do the following things—repealing certain old laws and enacting certain new ones:

1. Repeal all laws for the Federal supervision of elections.
2. Repeal the McKinley tariff law.
3. Pass a "tariff for revenue only" law, with no "unconstitutional and robber" protection in it.
4. Abolish all reciprocity agreements.
5. Pass all necessary anti-trust laws.
6. Repeal the Sherman law.
7. Do something to keep the silver currency at par with gold.
8. Repeal the 10 per cent tax on State bank issues.
9. Provide for the improvement of the Mississippi and "other great waterways."
10. Admit New Mexico, Arizona, and Utah as States.

This is an ample program for one session, even though it were a long one. Had the President called Congress together in March and were it to sit continuously till next summer it would have all it would care to do. And when it had finished its work and the laws it had passed had gone into effect the people would have a chance to know from experience what the Democratic capacity for government really is. When the Federalists were overthrown and the Jeffersonian Republicans came into power in 1801 they set to work legislating to carry out their policies. If the Democrats of today are in earnest they will imitate that example, stop talking about what they call the errors of their predecessors, and remedy them if they can.

BETTER FOR THE SCHOOLS.

Mayor Harrison is to be congratulated to a certain extent on his change of heart in reference to the School Board appointments. Some days ago he announced that he intended to appoint Mr. T. C. Diener, a German Lutheran politician and contractor, to succeed Mr. D. R. Cameron as member of the Board of Education. When Mr. Diener's name first was mentioned it was pointed out to Mr. Harrison that he is not and has not been in sympathy with the public schools, and that he has been a conspicuous supporter of the parochial schools as opposed to them. That made no difference to Mr. Harrison. When it was shown that Mr. Diener has contracts from the Board of Education and that while holding those contracts he personally begged for a place on the body which has to pass on the sufficiency of his work and to vote on his bills, the Mayor determined to shift Mr. Diener from the School Board to the Public Library Board. The good taste of the change may be as questionable as the good taste of Mr. Diener's self-seeking. But that is by the way, and the friends of the public schools will be satisfied that Mr. Diener will have nothing to do with the course of study pursued in them or their management, and that the Mayor, under the circumstances, felt compelled to reappoint so useful and capable a member as D. R. Cameron because of the timely discovery of Mr. Diener's relations with the board.

It would have been better had the Mayor also reappointed Mr. Gunderson and Mr. McLaren. But the persons named as their successors not yet have been confirmed. The Council has to pass on their qualifications, and it may be that it will decide that Mr. McLaren shall be retained on the School Board for some time longer. The nominee of the Mayor for Mr. McLaren's place is an estimable lady, it is true, but she has not the experience nor the knowledge to enable her to render such good service to the public as Mr. McLaren. As for Mr. Lindblom's appointment, it is too much of an experiment to merit the approval of the Council. Mr. Lindblom is a man of unsettled convictions, of disputatious disposition, and rather eccentric temperament. Such men do not make useful members of the School Board. They readily join with the faddists in adding to the costliness of the schools without adding to their efficiency. Mr. Gunderson, whom it is proposed to displace to make way for Mr. Lindblom, is a quiet, able man. He should not be punished because he has done his duty in the board in opposition to the fads and the frauds. The attempt of Mr. Halle and others to go back to the old order of humbug dumb-bell exercises and foreign language studies can best be resisted by rejecting the Mayor's nominees for the places of Messrs. McLaren and Gunderson.

NOT A CENT MORE SHOULD BE PAID.

The Controller says he will pay no more money to the Washingtonian Home. He ought not to pay a cent till he is ordered to do so by some court. Since 1867 the city has paid to the home, a private corporation, $447,000. It has received nothing in return. The law of 1867 provided that—

> Any person sentenced by the authorities of the city to the bridewell for intemperance, drunkenness, or for any misdemeanor caused thereby, may, *with the consent of the proper officers of the home*, be received and detained as an inmate of said home in lieu of the bridewell until the expiration of such sentence.

The officers have persistently refused their assent, except when the persons handed over to them were able to pay their board. In other words, they did not want to give an equivalent for the money they got from the city. Those whom they received were such as would have paid their fines. The law therefore has turned out to be a jug-handled one. The city has lost by it and the home has profited. Even assuming that the Legislature of 1867 had power to divert the city funds to a private corporation, it certainly had no power unless the home gave an equivalent.

It has not done that. Those in charge of it have tried to cure a physical disease with moral agencies and have failed. They have "doped" violent patients with bromides, and when they came to their senses have tried to cure them with good advice, prayer-meetings, and the recital of experiences. While the patients were confined to their rooms and could not get liquor they kept sober. When they regained their freedom they generally got drunk again. It was very well understood that the home was a good place for a man to sober up after a spree to have the liquor boiled out of him in a place with moral surroundings. A few men may have gone out of the home cured by faith. Most of them left there to fall victims to the first saloon they saw. Even after Dr. Keeley had shown how the worst inebriate could be cured the officers refused to discard their attempts to heal the body through the mind and the imagination. Had they adopted Keeley's plan they could have cured the hardest drunkard the city might have sent them, but they would not change.

There is no excuse for continuing the payments to this faith-cure establishment, and the courts will sustain the Controller's refusal, for the Corporation Counsel's law is sound. The Legislature had no power to take the funds of the city and make a pure donation to a private concern organized for reform and money-making, with much of the latter and very little of the former. The city will break no contract and violate no law by refusing to pay a cent more.

THE ROYAL WEDDING.

The function of the marriage of the Princess Victoria Mary of Teck to Prince George of Wales, Duke of York, only surviving son of the Prince of Wales and in the line of succession to the throne, took place yesterday in the Chapel Royal. It hardly needs to be said that the function was a brilliant one, for, whether at the weddings or the funerals of royalty, the loyal British subjects are never parsimonious. In this case the popularity of the bride and bridegroom added to the popular enthusiasm, and apparently there was no complaint over appeals for liberality in presents which looked very much like royalty going a-begging. The bridegroom himself is more popular than his unfortunate brother, the Duke of Clarence, and the bride has commended herself to the people by her benevolence, her devotion to the poor, her many accomplishments and her manifestation upon every occasion of thorough English traits of character. It is probable also that the peculiar circumstances of the marriage have aroused a romantic sentiment and added to the natural feeling of exaltation over the happy lot of their prospective queen.

Be all this as it may, the wedding was a brilliant affair, and the royal family never had a more successful day of it. There were processions galore, and all London was in the streets to see them, from Tommy Atkins up to the General Staff and from Hodge up to the nobility. There were stately carriages bedecked with crowns and coronets. There were eight members of the clergy to see that the knot was tightly tied. There was bluff old Handel's music for the royal family itself, Sullivan's for the bride's family, and Wagner's for the bride. The world of women will be delighted to know that the bride wore her mother's veil, and as she and all the pretty bridemaids wore a simple rose in the hair, it is to be hoped the fashion will spread, and that this simple adornment will take the place of the corsage monstrosities which have been the rage on marital and other occasions. The presents to the bride would fill columns of space and mount into the millions of dollars. With the annuities which will be settled upon the groom, the fortune of the bride, and the expectations of both from their parents, the Prince of Wales and the Princess Mary of Teck, and the millions of wealth in the shape of presents, there would seem to be no fear that either of them will come to want or that they ever will have to work hard to make a living. They are both young, he being 28 and she 26. She is an amiable and accomplished young woman and he is popular. Both are beloved by the English people. To all appearances it will prove a happier marriage than it might have been had the Duke of Clarence lived to be the Princess' husband.

RAILROADS AND THE FAIR.

At Wednesday's meeting of American exhibiters Maj. Pangborn gave the interesting information that the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, with which he has been connected for many years, is in favor of a one-fare round-trip rate for the Exposition, and has been so from the start. He rightly regards the securing of a low rate over all the railroads as the most important step in the direction of an increased attendance at the Fair. Evidently the Baltimore and Ohio is not one of the two Eastern lines the Presidents of which stand out against the desire of all the rest to put in force the reduction "adopted" by the passenger agents at their latest meeting.

It is generally understood that one of these protesting lines is the Grand Trunk, and it is widely thought the other is the Pennsylvania. But why should they stand in the way? If the Baltimore and Ohio is in earnest in wishing to establish a half rate, no power on earth can prevent it from doing so by giving a ten days' notice of withdrawal from a trades union combination which is unlawful. Then there are the New York Central, the West Shore, the Nickel-Plate, the Lake Shore, the Michigan Central, the Big Four, the Chesapeake and Ohio, and the Northwestern. All of these lines are absolutely controlled by Chauncey Depew, who professes to be in favor of low rates of transportation to and from the Fair. What hinders him from putting down his foot, telling the recalcitrant fellows that the thing has been carried too far already and that he will have no more of it? If these professions of good will to the Fair and this hesitancy to prove it be kept up awhile longer some folks will begin to suspect the declaration in favor of low rates is but a hollow sham. They will think it belongs to the hypocritical line of conduct in which one thing is said while the opposite is meant and intended. Of course such suspicions might be unjust, but it will be natural to entertain them nevertheless, and a few of the more cynical may even go so far as to hint an idea that the lines which are holding out do so at the instance of one who tries to make the public believe he deplores the obstinacy which will not permit the roads to offer attractive rates of transportation to the Fair.

It is not improbable that while these are obstinately holding aloof the Western lines, which resolved they would never make the desired concession, will adopt a radical change of policy and set an example to their Eastern brethren. They are reported to have become convinced that if the masses of the people are to be brought to the Fair it must be by offering more attractive transportation rates than have hitherto been named by them, and the thing has settled down into the question whether they will handle the business or let it alone. Furthermore it is stated that some half-dozen of the Western lines will withdraw from the association if the now opposing roads persist in the refusal to carry the people cheaply to and from the Fair, and it is considered as probable that this will bring the others into line.

It is understood the proposition will be submitted to the meeting of Western road managers today to carry Fair passengers at one rate for the round trip, minus the accommodation of sleeping cars on the first half of the journey only. If this be agreed to all will be well, except as to the loss of business due to the making of other arrangements by people who have grown tired of waiting. If not it will be the duty of the lines which have professed to favor the liberal policy to come out boldly and adopt it for themselves anyway. That will bring the rest to terms and be an escape from the present awkward position of professing to be held back from acting rightly by a trades union agreement which they dare not break for fear of being accused of "ratting."

THE free silver men threaten that their friends in the Senate will, if they find that they are in the minority, talk to death any measure which may be introduced for the repeal of the Sherman law. They certainly will if their eloquence is not curbed. There are some of them who can talk a month apiece. But if the majority of the Senate really wishes to repeal the Sherman law it can stop the flood of talk when it sees fit. The Senate rules have never provided for the previous question, but they can be amended if necessary for this particular occasion. The free silver men say they will talk such a proposition to death also. That will depend on the majority and the presiding officer. Just prior to the war of 1812 the previous question in the House, while cutting off amendments, did not cut off debate. The majority, resenting the attempts of the minority to talk war legislation to death, suddenly and violently changed the practice so as to make debate end when the previous question was ordered. When it becomes absolutely necessary majorities always have their way, sweeping aside rules and custom without ceremony. If there is a majority in the Senate sincerely determined to repeal the Sherman law it can make short work of its opponents when they become mere obstructionists.

ALD. NOBLE's protest against the methods of the Mayor and the Street Cleaning Bureau at the Council meeting Wednesday evening fully was justified. Ten days before Ald. Noble presented an order in the Council, which was passed, directing the Street Superintendent to report to the Council the condition of the street cleaning fund, the pay-roll of the employés by wards, and other proper and necessary information. The Street Superintendent did not consider it necessary to comply with the order. Why? Is he afraid or are his superiors afraid to make a statement of the expenditures of the Street Cleaning Bureau up to the present time? Is he or are they afraid to publish a list of the employés of the department? It has been asserted that the appropriation for the work is nearly exhausted. A round million was set aside for it. Nearly half of it has been wasted. Is that why there is reluctance to submit the statement called for by Ald. Noble's order? It has been asserted that the employés of the bureau are to a great extent groggerykeepers, rounders, and ward bummers who are not capable of doing an honest day's work. Ald. Noble says that in his ward they are inefficient. Ald. O'Neill says that in his ward they are idle, lazy, shiftless, and worthless. The Mayor who appointed them does not deny that this is the case. All he ventures to assert is that he does not know they are inefficient. He would not dare to say they are efficient. In the meantime the condition of the streets is bad. Some effort has been made recently to improve the appearance of the down-town streets and the thoroughfares leading to the World's Fair. But the residence streets are yet in bad condition for the most part. The alleys are reeking with filth. There is need for improvement. Mayor Harrison cannot shirk responsibility for the disgraceful state of affairs, and Ald. Noble deserves the public thanks for having courageously and pointedly demonstrated to him that he cannot. It was time for plain speaking. There are not enough Nobles in the Council.

IT is charged on what appears to be sufficient evidence that Mayor Harrison has adopted the curious scheme of School Inspector Halle for placing the German language on an equal footing with the English language in certain school districts of the city. When the present Board of Education adopted the new rule against teaching German in the primary grades Mr. Halle proposed the plan as a substitute. It was then rejected. Mayor Harrison now proposes to make it his own. The scheme is to eliminate the teaching of German from certain schools where the attendance principally is made up of the children of native American, English, Irish, Scandinavian, and Bohemian parents. The pupils in those districts who want to take German are to be sent to the schools in pro-German districts, where the German language is to be taught from the primary grade to the highest grade, and where special class-rooms are to be provided for the German teachers. This means that the German language in those favored districts is to be placed on an equal if not a better footing than the English. It may be that this special favor for foreign districts is contrary to the school law of the State. Can the Mayor, who speaks of the project as his own, point to any passage of the school law or of the city charter which warrants the taxing of the people for the teaching of a foreign language and the establishment of special class-rooms to facilitate instruction in that language? The program of the city schools should be uniform. Mayor Harrison and Mr. Halle think otherwise. They propose to exercise the power of their present positions to prevent uniformity. They may not succeed as easily as they think.

I AM sorry I am out of mud. If I had any left I think I could amuse myself spattering the ermine of Justice Brewer of the United States Supreme bench.—*John Peter A.*

NOW THAT an unsinkable ship has been constructed it is time for Keeley to unlock that motor.

THE caravels will not appreciate themselves until they run alongside of the navy of the lakes.

THE White City has soothed the savage breast, causing it to heave with song. And if the White City can do this there is nothing more to say except "cut the railway rates."

THERE is something sweet in the rescue of Claus Spreckels by Minister Blount.

CHUMP CLARK of Pike County, Missoury, is trying to blow out the gas again.

IF the New York *Recorder* will pardon a seeming interference in its own affairs and put stamps on its "letters that were never mailed" they might reach their intended destination and have some effect.

KANSAS is threatened with another party. The newspapers out that way refer to it as the Billhiggins-business-men's party. Without any intention of meddling in the affairs of Kansas the suggestion is offered that any party established on business principles would go a long way toward redeeming the Sunflower State, whether Bill Higgins is in front of it or not.

NIGHT EDITOR (to the correspondent)—"Why don't you give us '30' on that outrage?"

Correspondent—"All right, here you are. If the villain is caught he will be lynched."

Then the paper goes to press.

THE gondolier at Jackson Park will not be as silent and songless as he was if the Electric Launch company gets in many more Fourths of July.

MOHAMMED ALEXANDER RUSSELL WEBB, who is en route to Chicago for the purpose of evangelizing in the interest of Mohammedanism, was once a St. Louis reporter. During Mr. Cleveland's first administration Webb was appointed a Consul in the Orient. Still the missionaries wonder why the President has not done anything for them this time.

WILDWOOD'S winning at 1:44 had a spirited effect on the South State street bourse, where the old game of 4-11-44 had begun to wane.

THE Hon. Francis Murphy, the apostle of temperance, asserts that there is less drunkenness in the country today than there was ten years ago. This is encouraging and raises Kentucky another notch in the scale of progress.

PERSONALS.

Jules Verne is 66 years old and has written sixty-six books. The novelist leads a quiet, retired life at Amiens, and is a member of the Municipal Council of that city.

Jay Gould's family is to build a memorial church at Roxbury, N. Y., costing $250,000 and bearing on its corner-stone this inscription: "To the glory of God and in memory of Jay Gould." This sounds somewhat paradoxical.

Miss Mary A. Greene, a lawyer of Providence, R. I., is to read a paper at the Law Reform Congress in Chicago next month. She will take for her subject "Married Women's Property Acts in the United States and Needed Reforms Therein." She is to represent on the program the women lawyers of all English-speaking countries.

Ephraim W. Bull, the originator of the Concord grape, is still living at Concord, Mass. He is 87 years old, and one of the prominent men of the historic town. He was a friend of Emerson and Alcott and has been greatly honored by distinguished visitors to Concord and by horticulturists at home and abroad. In his garden in Concord he still shows the old mother vine of the Concord grape, which he developed from the seeds of a native wild grape planted just fifty years ago.

Lord Coleridge has been telling the following good story on himself: Browning lent him one of his works to read, and afterwards meeting the poet the Lord Chief Justice said to him: "What I could understand I heartily admired, and parts ought to be immortal; but as to much of it I really could not tell whether I admired it or not, because for the life of me I could not understand it." Browning replied: "If a reader of your caliber understands 10 per cent of what I write I think I ought to be content."

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

A single change in the bills among the down-town theaters will furnish the only novelty that the coming week in down-town amusements will have to offer. At the Grand Opera-House Sol Smith Russell will withdraw Clyde Fitch's comedy-drama "April Weather," which has been given successfully for fifty performances, and substitute in its place Charles E. Kidder's drama "A Poor Relation." As Mr. Russell's personation of Noah Vale, the poor inventor, is one of the most familiar in his repertoire it will furnish but little novelty for local playgoers beyond the fact that it will serve to break the dreary monotony that is at present hanging over theatrical amusements in Chicago. There will be no outlying theaters open after this evening's performance until the hot weather ceases. The music halls will go on during the coming week without material changes in what they have been presenting.

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Mr. Henry C. Jarrett of the old and well-known theatrical firm of Jarrett & Palmer and one of New York's veteran managers, has joined the Eastern theatrical contingent now in Chicago for the World's Fair.

SELECT PRIZE PLANS.

THE UNIVERSITY TRUSTEES MAKE AWARDS IN COMPETITION.

G. W. Bullard of Tacoma, Wash., of the Class of '82, Secures the First—Building for the Mechanical Engineering Department of the State School—Laboratories and Class-Room Arrangements—The New Professors and Their Work in Other Schools.

The trustees of the University of Illinois, in session at the University Hotel on Congress street, yesterday awarded the first prize in their architectural competition to G. W. Bullard of Tacoma, Wash. Students and alumni of this institution have taken a great deal of interest in this competition. When $160,000 was appropriated for a new mechanical engineering building the trustees set aside $50,000 of it for one-story laboratories for mechanical engineering, testing materials, hydraulic experiments, sanitary engineering, engine and dynamo room, and to put up a tower, and in that a chimney and stand pipes for the hydraulic laboratory and lines of traps for sanitary tests. With the $110,000 it was resolved to build a three-story building to more effectually accommodate the engineering departments.

In recognition of the fact that this university has the largest school of architecture in the world it was resolved to offer $1,100 in special prizes to those graduates of the School of Architecture who presented the best plans for the new building. Circulars were sent out June 12 asking all graduates to send in drawings, the competition to close June 30. Owing to the shortness of time responses were received from but fifteen competitors. The prizes were divided, $500 to the first, $300 to the second, $200 to the third, and $100 to the fourth.

The Committee on Awards was: S. W. Bullard, Springfield; Col. R. P. Morgan, Dwight; Col. N. B. Morrison, Odell.

Winners of the Drawing Prizes.

The prizes were awarded as follows: First to G. W. Bullard, class of '82, Tacoma, Wash.; second, Ralph W. Hart, St. Joseph, Mo., class of '92; third, J. C. Llewellyn, Chicago, class of '77; and fourth, P. T. Burroughs, Chicago, class of '92. It was a noticeable fact that nearly all the plans were submitted by recent graduates, and that two of the prizes were taken by the class of '92, which has shown up better than any other. It was rather a remarkable thing, too, that the three first prizes were taken by members of the same literary society, one that has always been particularly prominent in college politics and affairs.

The building as planned will be a handsome three-story and basement structure, with stone basement and foundations and the upper part of light colored pressed brick, with slate roof and copper cornice. It will be 240 feet long and 70 feet wide, with an L or extension in the central part, making a total length from front to rear of 170 feet. It will be finished in oak throughout, and the floors will be of heavy timbers or slow burning construction. The whole building will be occupied by drawing-rooms, special laboratories, recitation and class rooms, professors' private laboratories, professors' studies, and accommodations generally for the students in the courses of civil, mechanical, electrical, mining, and municipal engineering and architecture.

Some flattering reports were made of the success of the university. In the last two years there has been an increase in attendance of more than 40 per cent over previous years, and accommodations are now being provided for 1,000 students, the number expected in the fall from the letters of inquiry sent in and correspondence already had. There were this last school year 714 students, of whom 376 were in the College of Engineering and 114 in the School of Architecture, the largest in the United States. Among the students in architecture are two young women, who are entered with the rest for the full four years course.

It was voted to establish a chair of philosophy, to be filled as soon as some suitable person can be found to fill it.

C. W. Spaulding, President of the Globe Savings Bank, was elected Treasurer, with a bond of $600,000.

A special appropriation of $5,000 was made for new books for the library and $10,000 for additional equipment in mechanical, electrical, and sanitary engineering.

Work of the New Teachers.

Edward G. Howe, A. M., just elected Principal of the Preparatory School, was in Harvard School, Chicago, for a number of years.

The professors appointed to the newly created chairs are: "Political Economy and Social Science," Dr. David Kinley, Ph. D., who took his A. B. at Yale in '81, was principal of the high schools in a Massachusetts city until 1886, and from 1890 to 1892 was a post-graduate at Johns Hopkins University, and during the last year has been Assistant Professor of Political Economy at the University of Wisconsin. He has published "The Independent Treasury of the United States," which has received favorable notice. "Pedagogics," F. M. McMurray, who is a graduate of the University of Michigan, was afterwards three years at Holly, was at one time principal of the Carter School in Chicago, and afterwards professor of pedagogics in the Illinois Normal University at Bloomington. He resigned that a year ago to pursue some advanced studies in Europe. "Romance Languages," Dr. J. D. Bruner, Ph. D., who took his B. A. at Franklin College, Ky., and was afterwards two years in Europe studying French, Italian, and Spanish, and for the past two years has been at Johns Hopkins University studying romance languages. He has just received the degree of Ph. D. from Johns Hopkins University.

The trustees adjourned last evening and went home without transacting any business of importance.

Has Secured a New Assistant Professor.

The Northwestern University has secured H. B. Loomis, Ph. D., instructor of physics at the University of Wisconsin, for the position of Assistant Professor of Physics. Prof. Loomis is from Hartford, Conn., and is a graduate of Trinity College and Johns Hopkins.

CURRENT NOTES.

You can't always tell a man's beat when he's on the stoop.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

It is difficult to convince the girl with a silvery voice that silence is golden.—*Troy Press.*

Van Wither—"Miss Gladys is a lovely girl, but she has no heart." Von Miner—"Yes, she has—mine."—*Vogue.*

Miss Elderly—"What would you do if I should tell you my age?" He—"Multiply it by two."—*Brooklyn Life.*

A man is never so badly deceived as he is when he supposes that in deceiving himself he can fool the world.—*Milwaukee Journal.*

It doesn't take a struggling young physician long to discover that practice possesses many advantages which theory lacks.—*Buffalo Courier.*

Physician to Bank President—"Your habits are too sedentary. You should take more exercise." Patient—"How would a run on the bank do?"—*Buffalo Enquirer.*

The Mother—"Now that you have been graduated what do you intend to do?" The Sweet Girl Graduate—"Look out for a husband, I guess."—*New York Press.*

Mrs. Hicks—"A man was here today who gets a living by reading the hands. He wanted $4." Hicks—"Some swindler, wasn't he?" Mrs. Hicks—"Yes; he read the hands on our gas meter."—*New York Times.*

Senior Warden—"I see that Mushroom College has just made the Rev. Mr. Prosy a D. D. As he is now a doctor I wonder what kind of medicine he will dispense to his parishioners." Senior Deacon—"O, anodynes, the same as usual."—*New York Tribune.*

Two Historic Orders.

New York *Advertiser:* Vice-President Stevenson refers to Tammany as "a grand, historic order." Yes, it is almost as historic as that other Democratic society, the Knights of the Golden Circle, at one time popular in Illinois.

And It Pays Them.

Columbus *Journal:* The times cannot be very pinching when the people can spend a sum estimated at $250,000 daily at the Columbian Exposition for pleasure and instruction.

Suspend and Adjourn.

Pittsburg *Dispatch:* If Congress will suspend silver purchases and take a recess till October or November it will have the consent of the country to enjoy the interval of cooling off.

GEORGE AND MAY WED

ROYAL MARRIAGE IN THE CHAPEL OF ST. JAMES' PALACE.

Pretty Ceremony at the Union of the Duke of York and Princess May of Teck—London Thronged as Never Before and Beautifully Decorated in Honor of the Event Over Which All England Rejoices—Crowds So Dense Hundreds Are Overcome—Britons in Chicago Celebrate.

LONDON, July 6.—The marriage of the Duke of York (Prince George of Wales) and Princess Victoria May of Teck took place at 12:30 o'clock today in the Chapel Royal, St. James Palace. The wedding was a brilliant function and was attended by a large gathering of the members of the British royal family, continental sovereigns or their representatives, and many members of the highest nobility. The weather was beautiful, and if there is any truth in the old proverb, "Happy is the bride whom the sun shines on," the new Duchess of York will be exceedingly happy, for a more splendid day has seldom been seen in London.

THE DUKE OF YORK, THE ROYAL BRIDEGROOM.

PRINCESS VICTORIA MAY, BRIDE OF THE DUKE OF YORK.

The occasion was made one of national rejoicing and a partial British holiday. Great crowds of people gathered many deep along the line of the route from Buckingham Palace up Constitution Hill, through Piccadilly, St. James street, and Marlborough Gate, to the garden entrance to St. James Palace, on the north side of the mall. The decorations along the line of the royal procession were profuse and beautiful. The roadway was kept open by the household troops in their glittering uniforms, by detachments drawn from the military depots, by the metropolitan volunteers and militia, by Middlesex yeomanry, and by the police.

The scene was full of life and movement and the ceremony eclipsed in pomp and splendor any recent State ceremonial in connection with the British Court. The royal party left Buckingham Palace in four processions, the first conveying the members of the household and distinguished guests. The next included the Duke of York and his supporters, the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburg. The bride came in the third procession, accompanied by her father, the Duke of Teck, and her brother, Prince Adolphus of Teck. The last was that of the Queen, who, accompanied by the Duchess of Teck, her younger sons, and the Grand Duke of Hesse, drove in state to the ceremonial. Each procession was accompanied by a Life Guards escort, and in addition to this the Queen had an escort of Indian native and Australasian Horse.

Victoria's Glass Coach.

Her Majesty rode in the handsome glass coach used at the opening of Parliament and on other special occasions. The body of the carriage, which is of Irish manufacture, having been built in Dublin, is painted a dark red color, and its rich gilt panels are adorned with the royal arms. The roof is surmounted by a crown and bordered with a wreath of gilt roses, thistles, and shamrocks. The cheering as the royal carriage drove forward was immense.

The members of the royal family and guests on alighting at St. James Palace walked to the state apartments and subsequently down the grand staircases under the Color Court colonnade to the seats reserved for them in the chapel. Her Majesty alighted in the Ambassadors' Court under a specially erected canopy over the glass doors of the passage leading to the chapel. Thence she walked to the haut pas at the north end of the edifice. The spot was beautifully adorned with palms and flowers from the Royal Conservatory and carpeted with crimson. Upon the same platform seats were provided for the Prince and Princess of Wales, the bride and bridegroom, and the other members of the royal family and royal guests from abroad. The members of the diplomatic body, including the members of the United States Embassy and the other invited guests, occupied special seats in the body of the chapel and in the royal and east galleries. Drawing-room dresses were worn by the women, the men appearing in full levee dress.

The marriage ceremony opened with the procession of the clergy into the chapel. This consisted of the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Bishop of London, the Dean of the Chapel Royal, the Subdean, the Bishop of Rochester, the Hon. and Rev. E. Carr-Glyn, Vicar of Kinsington; Canon Hervey, domestic chaplain to the Prince of Wales; and Canon Dalton, honorable chaplain to the Duke of York. Handel's march from the "Occasional Overture" was played by the organist as the procession came forward. While the Archbishop and clergy were taking their places the music of the march in "Scipio" came from the organ, and immediately the front of the second procession, including the royal family and royal guests, came in sight, and the members of it were conducted to their seats as they entered.

"Imperial March" Played.

As the Queen's procession walked up the aisle Sir Arthur Sullivan's "Imperial March" was played. A march in G, composed by Smart, was played during the progress of the bridegroom's procession to the communion, and as the bride and her supporters passed up the aisle to the altar the organist played Wagner's march from "Lohengrin."

At 12:15 o'clock the Duke of York and his escort arrived at the Chapel Royal. Five minutes later deafening cheers announced the arrival of Princess May. A fanfare of trumpets was sounded as the Queen arrived, and the greatest enthusiasm was manifested by the multitude of people who were gathered in the vicinity of St. James Palace.

As the processions entered the chapel and were marshaled in their places in front of the altar a good view was obtained of the royal personages present and also of the lesser dignitaries. Brilliant uniforms, on the breasts of which glistened the stars and crosses of many orders, and magnificent gowns were seen on every side.

The Queen headed the procession. She walked alone, leaning on an ebony stick. Her Majesty was attired in a black dress with a train. The bodice was of broche silk, with lace. She wore across her bosom the broad blue ribbon of the Order of the Garter, the highest British order, and on her head was a small diamond crown, from which a veil depended. Around her neck was a necklace of diamonds, with pendant attached. As her Majesty passed up the nave of the chapel the whole assemblage bowed.

Following the Queen came the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburg, and behind them walked a number of Admirals in full uniform, escorting the bridegroom, who wore the uniform of a Fleet Captain. The Duke of York looked flushed, but this was perhaps due to the weather, which was intensely warm.

The Czarowitz, the official representative of the Emperor of Russia, was in military uniform, and wore a picturesque white sling jacket edged with ermine. The King of Denmark escorted his daughter, the Princess of Wales. The Princess wore a dress of pure white silk and a tiara of diamonds. The Marquis of Lorne wore the dress of a Highland Chief, the plaid of which was that of the Campbell clan. His wife, Princess Louise, the fourth daughter of the Queen, was attired in a heliotrope colored robe. She also had a tiara of diamonds.

Bride Escorted by Her Father.

The bride leaned upon the arm of her father, and as the procession advanced her train was carried by her bridemaids. The bride wore the veil which was worn by her mother on the occasion of her own marriage. Her wedding gown was of silver brocade, in perfect harmony with the bridemaids' toilets of white satin and silver lace. The bridemaids' gowns were made with low bodices, and neither hats, wreaths, nor veils were worn—only a simple rose in the hair. The bridemaids were the Princesses Victoria and Maud of Wales, Princesses Victoria Alexandra and Beatrice of Edinburg, Princesses Margaret and Victoria Patricia of Connaught, Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein, and Princess Eugenie.

The Queen sat throughout the ceremony with absorbed attention.

The Rt.-Hon. and Most Rev. Edward White Benson, Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of all England and Metropolitan, assisted by the other clergy performed the ceremony, the bride being given away by her father. The magnificent gilt sacramental plate, the central alms dish of which is said to have been manufactured in the reign of Charles I. and is valued at $50,000, was displayed upon the altar, which was decked with the choicest flowers.

The services began with the marriage chorale, "Father of Life," specially composed by Dr. Cresser for the occasion and sung by "the gentlemen and children of the Chapel Royal," as the members of the choir are styled. In the middle of the service Sir Joseph Barnby's "O, Perfect Love," a chorale sung at the marriage of the Duke and Duchess of Fife in Buckingham Palace Chapel, was given. The service concluded with the hymn, "Now thank we all our God."

The Duke of York responded to the questions in a clear voice, his answers being audible in the farthest corners of the chapel. Princess May's responses were not so audible and could be heard scarcely beyond the royal circle.

Address to Bride and Groom.

The Archbishop of Canterbury conducted the service with special emphasis. His voice was resonant and not a word was missed by those who listened to him. At the conclusion of the religious ceremonies he made a short address to the bride and groom upon the high station of the wedded and their duties to the nation. He enjoined them to cultivate moderation and discretion, combined with enthusiasm for all worthy ends. Their one prayer, the Archbishop added, ought to be that no element of wisdom, charity, or righteousness be lacking in their lives.

At the conclusion of the closing hymn and prayer the Queen was the first to salute the royal couple, after which the Prince and Princess of Wales and the Duke and Duchess of Teck kissed the bride and congratulated the groom.

Mendelssohn's "Wedding March" was played as the royal party left the chapel, the Duke and Duchess of York leading the way followed by the Queen to the throne-room, where the registry of the marriage was attested by her Majesty and the other members of the royal family and royal guests.

The dejeuner was served at Buckingham Palace, the Queen proposing the toast of the "Bride and Bridegroom," and the Lord Steward the toast of "The Queen."

Among the notables at the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone. They were in their seats before the royal party appeared in the chapel. Mr. Gladstone wore the uniform of the Brethren of Trinity House, which included a large pair of naval epaulets. Mrs. Gladstone wore a black robe trimmed with Brussels lace and a black cap studded with diamonds.

LONDON THRONGED AS NEVER BEFORE

Cordial Reception for the Bridal Couple and the Queen.

LONDON, July 6.—The finest display of decorations was accorded to St. James street, the thoroughfare leading to the palace. Venetian masts were plenty and many floral arches covered the roadway. The West End was illuminated tonight and everywhere social festivities were held in honor of the marriage. Piccadilly presents a most beautiful appearance.

The streets from the Mansion House to Buckingham Palace were almost impassable. It is estimated over 2,000,000 persons were on the streets watching the processions. The balconies and windows along the route commanded fabulous prices. A large number of persons were caught in the crush and so badly injured it was necessary to remove them to the hospitals. Others fainted away owing to the intense heat and excitement.

On the way back to Buckingham Palace from the Chapel Royal the procession was led by the carriage of the Queen, driven slowly. Her Majesty was enthusiastically cheered. She kept up a lively conversation with the Duchess of Teck. Following the Queen came the carriage of the bride and bridegroom, the newly-wedded pair animatedly talking.

Shortly after the royal party entered the palace the Queen, the Duke of York and his bride, and the Duke and Duchess of Teck appeared upon a balcony. The crowd went wild with enthusiasm. So prolonged was it that a chair was brought to the balcony and the Queen seated herself. She appeared to be suffering a little from the heat. Her Majesty plainly showed the pleasure she felt at the enthusiasm of the crowd, and she seemed to be almost as popular as the bride.

The faces of the Duke and Duchess of York beamed with happiness, and they repeatedly bowed and smiled as the salvos of applause and the cheers of the multitude were repeated again and again. The Duchess of York looked charmingly beautiful as she acknowledged the salutations of those she may at some time be called upon to rule. She carried in one hand a bouquet of roses, orchids, and orange blossoms.

At 2:30 o'clock the royal party withdrew from the balcony to attend the dejeuner. Among those who signed the registry of the marriage at the Chapel Royal were Prime Minister Gladstone, Lord Herschell, Lord High Chancellor; the Earl of Rosebery, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; the Earl of Kimberley, Lord President of the Council; and the Duke of Norfolk. The Duke of Norfolk is a Catholic. He signed the registry as the hereditary Earl Marshal of England. The dejeuner was a social affair, royalty for the time putting aside its prerogatives and entering fully into the joyousness of the occasion. The toasts were drank with all the honors and nearly two hours were spent at the table.

At 4:30 o'clock the Duke and Duchess bade adieu to the Queen and their other relatives and left the palace by the grand entrance. An open car drawn by four horses awaited them. The Duke handed his bride into the carriage, and then himself entering they started for the railway station along the route selected, which was literally black with humanity. The carriage was escorted by squads from the Life Guards and Lancers. As the carriage drove off the Queen and all the members of the royal party stood upon the balcony over the grand entrance and waved good-bys to the bridal couple.

The Duchess of York had thrown aside her wedding dress and donned her going-away gown, which was a charming confection of white Irish poplin, embroidered with gold cord. The bodice was close fitting, had broad seams covered with gold embroidery and gold beads. She carried a small white poplin mantle with embroidery matching that of the gown, and a small overcape of extremely costly lace. The bonnet was of gold work surmounted by a small cluster of cream-colored plumes. Along the four miles of the route from the palace to the Liverpool Street Station the royal couple were enthusiastically cheered. Such enormous masses of people were never before seen even in London.

The carriage was driven slowly enabling the populace to get a good view of the Duke and Duchess. They both kept up an untiring acknowledgment of the salutations extended to them. The procession was literally a triumph, and such prodigious and spontaneous enthusiasm has seldom been seen anywhere. The route followed was via the Mall, Marlborough Gate, Pall Mall, the north side of Trafalgar Square, the Strand, Temple Bar, Fleet street, Ludgate Hill, St. Paul's, Cheapside, Mansion House, King William street, Grace Church street, to the station through Bishopsgate.

When the procession reached St. Paul's Lord Mayor Stuart Knill and the Sheriffs of London met it and presented to the Duke and his bride an address of welcome to the city. The Duke made a short reply and then the procession moved on to the station, which was reached at 6 o'clock. The Duke and Duchess went to Sandringham, the Prince of Wales' country residence, to spend part of the honeymoon. They arrived at Wolferton station at 8 p. m. They were met and cheered by thousands. Escorted by the officers of the Suffolk Hussars they drove in an open victoria to Bachelor's Cottage in the grounds around Sandringham Hall. Throngs of countrymen stood cheering along the road and children scattered flowers around the carriage. At the lodge gates the tenants and household formed a bodyguard. School children threw flowers as the bride entered the house. An hour later the royal couple was serenaded and fireworks were set off outside the grounds.

No serious disturbance has been reported. In the scramble for views of the procession seventy persons were slightly injured and two were injured mortally. All these cases are under medical care in the hospitals. Two hundred persons prostrated by the heat and excitement were carried away from the crowds by ambulances, but all recovered before being taken to the hospitals. A man fell this evening from a second story window in Fleet street. He struck on his head and his brains were dashed out. His blood spattered the crowd who were cheering in the street. The street was so densely peopled from wall to wall that it was impossible to keep clear of the body and it was trampled on and pushed about until the police removed it.

PRESENTS OF GREAT VALUE.

The Jewelry Given by the Princess of Wales Is Worth $1,250,000—Other Gifts.

LONDON, July 6.—Presents were received from all parts of the British dominions. The presents received by the Princess May at White Lodge up to June 19 numbered considerably over 200. The collection includes a number of fans, some of which are old and valuable. The Duke of York's present to his bride consisted of an open petaled rose in pearls and diamonds and a five-row pearl necklace. The pearls are not exceptionally large, but they are perfectly pure in color and splendidly matched. The Duke and Duchess of Teck gave to their daughter a suite of jewels comprising tiara, necklet, and brooch of turquoise and diamonds.

Much has been said regarding the opposition of the Princess of Wales to the marriage, it being asserted she did not approve of her son marrying the girl who had been engaged to his brother, even though that brother was dead. The present given by the Princess of Wales should put to rest these rumors, for it is doubtful if a more valuable gift was ever given by anyone on a similar occasion. The Princess' gift consisted mostly of jewelry and precious stones, the whole being valued at $1,250,000. The jewelry which the Princess has received includes a magnificent diamond and pearl bracelet, the gift of the Indian Princesses, a charm set with pearls and diamonds from Lord and Lady Rothschild, and a beautiful diamond watch brooch from Miss Alice de Rothschild. The present from the Marquis and Marchioness of Salisbury is a costly turquois and diamond bracelet.

Among the other articles of jewelry are a handsome amethyst and topaz bracelet, two turquois and diamond bracelets, a cameo of the four Georges set in diamond, diamond and ruby sleeve links, a pearl and diamond comb, a diamond and turquois brooch, a diamond bracelet, a sapphire and diamond bracelet, an emerald brooch, a diamond watch bracelet, a turquois and diamond pin, an emerald watch, a gold chain bracelet set in rubies and diamonds, a diamond spaya, a gold bangle with a heart of rubies, a diamond and pearl brooch, an enamel and jeweled necklace, a pearl brooch, a diamond and a pearl acorn brooch.

There is a number of handsome vases and bowls, several beautifully-painted fire screens, several charming water color and oil paintings, an ornament set in diamonds which belonged to Princess Elizabeth Landgravine of Hesse-Homburg, a pretty parasol with gold handle bearing the Princess May's monogram in diamonds, three or four typewriters, several silver and other inkstands, blotting books, mirrors, a handsome silver table, and numerous clocks.

In addition to the presents which have been received at White Lodge nearly 200 have been forwarded to the Duke of York. These are also of great value and variety.

BRITONS AT JACKSON PARK REJOICE.

Marriage of the Duke and Princess Celebrated at Victoria House.

Enthusiastic Britons yesterday drank the health of the royal pair at the Victoria Building at Jackson Park. The gathering was an informal one and distinctly British in character, only the Commissioners and exhibitors of the United Kingdom being invited. Sir Henry Wood did the honors and stirred up the patriotism of his fellow-countrymen in hearty fashion. He made a pleasant little speech, reviewing the happy causes that brought them together, and at the end proposed the health of the Duke of York and Princess May. He said, in part:

> There is at least one thing in which England is in advance of America—that is time. We could not drink to the young couple in whose honor we are assembled before they were man and wife, but now that they have enjoyed that happiness for an hour or more we can safely wish them continued prosperity. I am sure I express the sentiment of every one of you, whether English, Irish, or Scotch, when I say that every subject of the Queen in this country wishes long life and every happiness to the future King and Queen of Great Britain. This is the toast we will all drink with brimming glasses.

Three hearty cheers followed the greeting of the toast and when Sir Henry Wood added "God bless them" everybody responded with a hearty "Amen." Just then the band from Tattersall's struck up "God Save the Queen." In the evening gunpowder was burned as a further testimonial to the resident English people's pride in the day and the grounds about Victoria House were illuminated by hundreds of little candles that burned themselves out in the friendly protection of small colored glass globes. Long strings of Union Jacks adorned the front of the house.

BRITISH NAVY'S JUNIOR CAPTAIN.

Prince George Is Quite a Sea Dog—Sketch of His Life.

Prince George Frederick Ernest Albert, Duke of York, Earl of Inverness, and Baron Killarney, K. G., is the only surviving son of the Prince of Wales. He was born at Marlborough House June 3, 1865. He was educated at Sandringham and Marlborough House. When 14 years old Prince George was entered as a cadet on board H. M. S. Britannia. He subsequently made a voyage around the world in the war ship Bacchante. He became a Sub-Lieutenant June 3, 1884, and a Lieutenant Oct. 8, 1885. In 1890 he was appointed to the command of a gunboat. In 1891, soon after his appointment as Commander in the navy, he was stricken with typhoid fever and lay at Marlborough House at the point of death for several days. Last year he resumed his sea duties and at the beginning of this year was appointed a Post-Captain. He is the junior Captain in the navy. Shortly after the death of his elder brother, the Duke of Clarence and Avondale, who died a few weeks before the time set for his marriage to the bride of today, Prince George received from the Queen, his grandmother, the Royal Dukedom of York. He is Naval Aide de Camp to the Queen, Captain of the First Prussian Dragoon Guards, Honorary Colonel of the Third Battalion West Yorkshire Regiment, Third Middlesex Rifle Volunteers, and the Suffolk Yeomanry Cavalry. In 1884 the Queen conferred upon Prince George the Order of the Garter, and on the event of his 24th birthday the young Prince received the freedom of the City of London. Wednesday her Majesty made him a Knight of the Order of the Thistle.

Princess May will, in the ordinary course of things, one day be Queen of the United Kingdom. Her descent on the mother's side from the English royal stock is well known. Her mother, the Duchess of Teck, is the daughter of Adolphus Frederick, Duke of Cambridge, the seventh son of George III., whose father was Frederick, Prince of Wales, the eldest son of George II. and Caroline of Anspach. George II. had three sons and five daughters, and of these latter the eldest, Anne, Princess Royal, was in 1734 married to William V., Prince of Orange. They had a daughter, Caroline, who married Charles, the reigning Prince of Nassau-Weilburg, and a daughter of this marriage, the Princess Henriette, married Duke Louis, the second brother of Frederick II. Elector, and after 1806 King of Wurtemberg. The only son of Duke Louis and his wife was Duke Alexander, who married Claudien born Countess of Rhedey, in Hungary, and by her became the father of Prince Francis Paul Louis Alexander, who was born in 1837, and in 1863 received the princely appellation of Teck—from an old castle near the Danube—with the title of "Durchlaucht," or Serene Highness. The marriage of the Duke of Teck and the Princess Mary Adelaide of Cambridge took place at Kew in 1866, and the Princess May was born the following year.

It is doubtful if any Princess was ever held in higher esteem than is Princess May. Her modesty and inherent kindliness have made her a general favorite, and her sympathy with the poor and her active endeavor to improve their condition have made her an idol where royalty, as a rule, is not well received.

RIOTS MORE SERIOUS.

BAYONETS AND REVOLVERS USED ON THE PARIS MOB.

Quiet Temporarily Restored After a Bloody Encounter, but Worse Trouble Is Feared—The French Capital Garrisoned by 60,000 Soldiers Called from all Parts of the Country—Four Clauses of the Home Rule Bill Passed—Argentine's New Cabinet—Foreign News.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

PARIS, July 7—1 a. m.—[Copyright, 1893, by James Gordon Bennett.]—There was some serious trouble this evening at the Place de la Republique, in which pistols were brought into use by the rioters against the troops, who charged the mob with fixed bayonets. Several omnibuses were overturned and set on fire and the street railways were pulled up and the tram cars upset. It is the general opinion that the disorders will continue and become more serious tomorrow.

The labor syndicates, representing 260,000 workmen, have decided not to make any street manifestations, but they propose a general strike. The government has closed and occupied with troops the labor exchange, where the syndicates of the workingmen held their meetings in order to discuss among themselves and with their employers the conditions and wages of the work. This labor exchange was a creation of the Municipal Council of Paris, and its closing has greatly angered the working classes of the city, so that serious disorders are possible.

The government has assembled troops in Paris from every direction and there are now no less than 60,000 men massed in the barracks of the city. For the present everything is quiet, but it is feared a disturbance may break out during the night.

JACQUES ST. CERE.

PARIS, July 7.—A mob took possession of the Boulevard Du Temple at 10:30 o'clock and began breaking windows. The police charged twice before they could force the rioters back. The police used their revolvers and several rioters were shot. The rioters fired back, but wounded only one policeman. Omnibuses were overturned and set afire by rioters in the Rue St. Maur and Rue Berkamp. The Republican Guards charged the mobs in both streets. The mobs fought stubbornly, but were routed. Thirty rioters were arrested. The number injured is estimated at thirty-five or forty.

It is reported the government has decided to dissolve the Municipal Council. After the clearing of the Labor Exchange the syndicates of the exchange gave warning to the government through the Municipal Council that unless this attempt to compel them to register were abandoned they would proclaim a general strike. Nevertheless M. Guerin, Minister of Justice, told the Senate that all labor syndicates which had been constituted illegally or were proceeding illegally would be prosecuted. The Labor Exchange, he said, had become the hotbed of revolutionary propaganda and had defied the laws so the government had closed it. The government would not be deterred from enforcing the law.

As soon as the action of the government became generally known thousands of workingmen came to the building from all parts of the city. They were restrained from violence by several companies of military and by the strong force of the police. The auxiliary labor exchange in the Rue Jean Jacques Rosseau has been closed also and is held by troops. The labor leader, Allamane, at the main exchange yesterday morning warned his hearers against resorting to open fighting with the government. He said if the workingmen should go into the streets to obtain their rights they would be shot down by the military. Their fight would be futile, as the country was not ripe for the revolution.

When the Municipal Councilors heard the government had closed the labor exchange M. Humbert, their President, invited the Deputies and Senators to meet him for conference at the city hall. The Senators and Deputies who answered M Humbert's invitation found the city hall surrounded by troops, who would allow only the Municipal Councilors to enter. They held a secret meeting elsewhere, declining to tell the result.

At 2 a. m. it was reported the people were firing on the police from the windows at Menilmontant, but it was impossible to obtain confirmation of the story. Another report was that the Anarchists had determined to tear up the railway line of Est, outside of Paris, and intrench themselves there.

The action of the police in making the arrests at the Charity Hospital has caused the most intense anti-police agitation in professional and other circles. Police Commissary Dehares, who was in charge of a body of gendarmes that had been struggling with the rioters in the vicinity of the hospital, heard somebody in the hospital hissing the police. He ordered the arrest of six house surgeons, but when his subordinates attempted to carry out the order the surgeons shut and locked the hospital doors. They refused to open them when ordered to do so by the police, and the latter burst the doors in and assaulted the surgeons, who were standing in the vestibule.

Two of the surgeons were placed in custody and taken to the Prefecture, where M. Loze, the Prefect of Police, ordered that they be at once released. This further angered the police, and shortly afterward several officers returned to the hospital and seized Prof. Villejean, another physician and chemical analysist, and struck him violently. Several surgeons witnessing this assault attempted to defend the professor. The police turned on them and handled them roughly, inflicting serious injuries on three or four of them. The hospital was in an uproar at this, and some of the surgeons procured revolvers and compelled the police to withdraw. Yesterday morning a number of high officials, deeply indignant at the police, intervened in the matter and demanded of the government that the hospital be protected against further intrusion by police endeavoring to redress personal grievances.

Premier Dupuy informed the Cabinet Council that the street disturbances had been suppressed and probably would not be repeated. All precautions had been taken, he said, for the immediate repression of any further attempts to start riots.

Americans Registered at Paris.

The following Americans are registered: John Macgarigle, Julius May, Mr. and Mrs. Naegeli, Frank Smith, P. Lyon, New York; W. Howell, Albany; Mrs. Harrison, Philadelphia; B. Wolfe, Leavenworth; Mr. and Mrs. Boyd, Atlanta; W. Hughes and son, Denver; A. Bowersax, Chicago; the Gordon family, Miss Smithson, Ohio.

Cloudy at Paris.

At times today it was cloudy. The temperature ranged from 62° to 80°; barometer, 29.96; wind east-northeast, and light.

NEW MINISTRY FOR ARGENTINE.

Harmony Is Lacking and Revolution Feared—South American Notes.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

VALPARAISO, July 6.—[Copyright, 1893, by James Gordon Bennett.]—A correspondent in Buenos Ayres telegraphs that Señor Delvalle accepted the commission from President Pena and has formed a Cabinet. Pena has notified all the members of the old ministry that their resignations have been accepted. The portfolios are distributed as follows:

Interior—Lucid Lopez.
Foreign—Señor Varason.
Treasury—Manano Demana.
War—Señor Delvalle.
Justice—Enrique Quintana.

The new Cabinet was sworn in today. Gen. Metre assured Delvalle that he would aid him in the formation of the new Cabinet. It is a coalition of Radicals and Mitristas. Some of the posts were offered to many prominent leaders before they were filled. The new Cabinet is not in harmony. In all circles in the city, especially among the merchants, it is feared the crisis will bring on a revolution.

Many of the chiefs of the Brazilian army have arrived in Montevideo from Rio. They intend to join the revolutionists.

Ex-Minister Egan today turned over to his successor, Minister Porter, the United States Legation.

Ex-President Picrola of Peru has reached this city. He said he has no desire to contribute in any way to a revolution in his country. He deprecates the reports emanating from Panama and Lima relating to the purchase of arms and his movements.

PANAMA, July 6.—[Copyright, 1893, by James Gordon Bennett.]—Peruvians who arrived on the steamer Imperial report the situation in their country critical. A popular outbreak is momentarily expected.

At Caracas the old Guzmancista party has perfected an organization and is developing surprising strength. At the celebration at La Guayra in honor of Crespo's election cheers for Crespo were drowned in "vivas" for Guzman. In these cries many of Crespo's appointees in the local government joined.

At Tegucigalpa nineteen prominent partisans of Bonilla were shot this morning under orders from President Vasquez.

LIMA, July 6.—[Copyright, 1893, by James Gordon Bennett.]—The relations of the government with the Peruvian corporation are strained. Mr. Dawkins, the representative of the Peruvian corporation, has presented various petitions to the government. He uses severe language and makes demands on the government which seem to be well founded.

RUSHING THROUGH HOME RULE.

Five Clauses of the Bill Pass the Commons at the Sitting Last Night.

LONDON, July 6.—The House of Commons was crowded tonight with persons eager to see clause 5 of the home rule bill forced through the committee. Only an occasional ebullition of Unionist resentment or bitterness disturbed the proceedings. At 9:40 o'clock Mr. Balfour, leader of the Unionists, began speaking. He was in the middle of a sentence when "Big Ben" struck 10 o'clock; he did not wait to finish it, but resumed his seat amid deafening opposition cheers and cries of "Shame!" and "Gag!" Almost immediately Chairman Mellor put the question of the last Unionist amendment. He spoke timidly, as if afraid of his own words. Some of the Tories shouted "Gag!" and "Coercion!" The amendment was lost by a vote of 324 to 286. Clause 5, which concerned the Irish executive authority, was then passed by a vote of 324 to 289.

Clause 6, which provides for an Irish Parliament with a legislative council of forty-eight members was passed without debate. The vote was 315 to 300. Henry Labouchere, Radical; John Burns, Labor; Charles Conybeare, Radical; and Calvin Brown Clark, Radical, went with the opposition in this division, so as to make known their disapproval of the creation of an Irish House of Lords. The small majority and the preparations of the government to proceed with the passing of clauses caused intense excitement. The Conservatives howled and the Irish howled back, while the Liberals cheered with might and main. Chairman Mellor tried to obtain the attention of the House, but he was unable to do so. Eventually the exhaustion of the Unionists gave him an opportuntty to put the question of Clause 7, which provides for the constitution of one Irish Legislative Assembly.

Sir James Fergusson, Conservative, exclaimed: "There are blanks in this clause. We do not know what it means. How can we vote intelligently on it?"

"No question can be raised at this time," replied Chairman Mellor.

The clause was carried by a vote of 325 to 289. Clause 8, which contemplates cases of disagreement between the two Houses of the Irish Legislature, was carried by a vote of 323 to 291. The abatement of the confusion left Mr. Gladstone an opportunity to move that the committee rise and report progress. The motion was carried before the Conservatives fairly realized what was being done.

A page and a half of the bill was pushed through committee this evening. This is almost as much as the House of Commons disposed of in all the previous sittings.

TRIAL OF A NEW DISINFECTANT.

New York Health Officers Say It Is a Wonderful Agent.

NEW YORK, July 6.—[Special.]—New York city officials today witnessed at Brewsters, N. Y., experiments looking toward the solution of the problem of devising an effective and practical means of disinfecting sewage. At the close of the experiments Commissioner of Public Works Daly said:

> I regard the electrical disinfectant of Prof. Woolf as one of the most beneficial discoveries of the age. I am entirely satisfied with the result of the experiments.

Health Commissioner Dr. Edson said:

> I have no doubt whatever that this is the cheapest and most effective means of disinfecting that has been devised. We have in this disinfectant, in my opinion, an agent combining powerful disinfecting and deodorizing properties which can be produced at a low cost and can be made in any quantity. It is a disinfectant that, in consequence of its cheapness and non-poisonous quality, can be used so freely and unreservedly as to make its discovery one of the most important, from a sanitary standpoint, that has ever been made.

With apparatus costing $5,000, which is run at a cost of $4 a day, Prof. Woolf stated that 4,000 gallons of the disinfectant were produced every twenty-four hours. The disinfecting fluid is conveyed by a pipe into the sewer, and it is claimed that it will kill the germs of all contagious diseases, including those of cholera, diphtheria, scarlet fever, measles, typhoid, and typhus fever. The party subsequently witnessed experiments in disinfecting putrid meat and other matter. In less than one minute a piece of putrid meat subjected to immersion in the disinfecting fluid was restored to a healthy color and the offensive odor was entirely destroyed.

To Consider Reduced Chicago Rates.

NEW YORK, July 6.—[Special.]—The Presidents' committee of the Grand Trunk Association has been called to meet Tuesday to dispose of the matter of reduced rates to Chicago. As Tuesday is July 11 this will necessitate the postponement of the date when the accommodation schedule will go into effect. The day set for the Passenger Agents' conference was July 10, and that has been the day looked forward to by many intending visitors to the World's Fair.

Thomas B. Fowler, the President of the New York, Ontario and Western railroad, has been objecting to the proposed schedule, and it seems is the only opponent of the plan.

Capt. McKay Loses Girl and Fortune.

Capt. Donald McKay of the Queen's Artillery arrived from London Monday expecting to go to Chicago to marry Miss Blanche Culberson of New Albany, Ind. He found the girl had wedded Leigh French of Minneapolis while he was getting leave of absence, and today he went to Newport. It is understood Miss Culberson's father has made a codicil to his will depriving her of $500,000 she would have received had she not married Mr. French.

News Notes of the Metropolis.

Chauncey M. Depew will sail for Europe on the Majestic next Wednesday.

Col. Appleton will confer tomorrow with the Seventh Regiment's Captains in relation to the proposed trip of the command to Chicago.

No tidings have yet been learned of the whereabouts of Miss Edith Drake, the daughter of Banker James M. Drake, who disappeared two days ago and for whose arrest a warrant is in the hands of the police.

Dr. John E. W. Thompson, ex-Minister from the United States to Hayti, was sent to jail for twenty-nine days by Justice Sutherland in the Coney Island Police Court today for being drunk and disorderly.

Anarchists of this city, Brooklyn, and Jersey City will gather tomorrow night in the Windsor Theater on the Bowery to hear Herr Most and other "reds" glorify Gov. Altgeld and welcome him as a "comrade" in the cause of the proletariat.

Among the passengers on the steamer Columbia today for Southampton and Hamburg were: Frederick C. Penfield, United States Consul-General to Egypt; Frederick Opp, United States Consul at Breslau; and Augustus P. Russ, United States Consul to Hawaii.

Among the passengers who arrived from Bremen on the Lahn today were: Gen. von Dockturoff of St. Petersburg, First Lieut. P. Grundt of Wiborg, Prof. R. Garbe of Königsberg, Dr. W. Meyer of Berlin, Postoffice Secretary August Oberlander of Berlin, and Assessor Schulz of Berlin.

HARMLESS AS DOVES.

THE WORDS SPOKEN BY THE THREE PARDONED ANARCHISTS.

Neebe, Schwab, and Fielden Thank the Amnesty Association for Its Efforts at a Meeting Held for Terminating the Organization—Steps Taken for Defending Altgeld from Attacks, and a Resolution of Gratitude to Him Adopted—A Hot Debate Over the Latter.

The Amnesty Association wound up its affairs last night at Uhlich's Hall, heard the first public utterances from Neebe, Fielden, and Schwab since they were pardoned, thanked Gov. Altgeld and others for the release of the Anarchists, and adjourned sine die. A resolution thanking the Governor was hotly debated.

Chairman Morgan was authorized to appoint a committee of five to call a mass-meeting, issue publications, and do all other acts which will tend to assist Gov. Altgeld in the fight now being made on him by press and certain people for his action in pardoning the Anarchists.

The hall was well filled. It was a delegated meeting and those present represented a constituency up in the thousands. Among them were many pronounced Anarchists and Socialists, trades and unionists. The Germans predominated, with the Americans next in number. Many Bohemians and Poles were scattered through the hall.

President T. J. Morgan cautioned the members to be careful as to their utterances, as "unreasonable remarks would be made use of by the enemy."

The Pardoned Men Speak.

Oscar Neebe said:

> My friends, I thank you. Many years I was in the prison. I knew that many good men and women were working to release us. I want to thank all of you. Especially I want to thank Charlie Bary. I want to thank the Personal Rights League. There were men of all political parties in that. They worked heart and hand to release me. I notice that some of my German friends wanted that resolution made more elaborate. I understand that Gov. Altgeld wants nothing of the kind. To one and all of you I give my heartfelt thanks.

Schwab, who looks aged, broken, and careworn, said:

> A great work has been accomplished. The object you toiled for was hard to reach. Men of all organizations, especially labor bodies, joined this body. You knew it was a doubtful undertaking. We being in Joliet, in the hotbed of politics, as public institutions ever are—we knew our case would be run a good deal to suit the ends of politicians. But the courage of Gov. Altgeld arose. I doubt if any other Governor would have done it. He has our gratitude. I want to thank you all. I want to thank the prominent men who joined you to aid us. Many of them were opposed to our views, but they believed we had been sufficiently punished. I want to thank, especially one man who is here tonight, who, had he not secured Judge Gary's signature, I would not be before you tonight.

Fielden said:

> I can't express my feelings. You can't imagine the life of myself, Schwab, and Neebe for the last seven years. Though we may not know what this association has done we knew some people outside of the walls were our friends. Had it not been for that our life would have been far more hopeless. This society can lay claim to have accomplished its object, to restore us to our families. Whether the society thought we had suffered enough for our faults or whether they believed we were unjustly prisoned we thank them. It has been worse for our families than to us. I thank you on behalf of my family. When you go home tonight and look into the eyes and faces of your wives and children—[here Fielden's voice broke and, brushing tears from his cheeks, he continued in faltering accents]—you will feel in your hearts that you have done a good deed in restoring us to our families.

President Morgan shook the pardoned men by the hands warmly and said:

> These three men are as good American citizens as there are in the United States. [Cheers.] They can't sit down and stay out of the struggle that is going on for humanity, but I hope they will make no more mistakes.

Resolution Thanking Altgeld.

Secretary Charles Bary read his report, which showed that at a special meeting held last Saturday Gen. M. M. Trumbull and Mr. Lloyd had been appointed to draft suitable resolution of thanks to Gov. Altgeld. Gen. Trumbull offered the following, which he said he believed would meet the views of his fellow-committeeman:

> WHEREAS, The Amnesty Association of Illinois was organized for the purpose of procuring, if possible, the pardon of Oscar W. Neebe, Samuel Fielden, and Michael Schwab, imprisoned in the Joliet Penitentiary for alleged complicity in what is known as the haymarket riot, and
>
> WHEREAS, The Amnesty Association is about to dissolve because its purpose is accomplished, therefore be it
>
> *Resolved*, That the thanks of the Amnesty Association are hereby tendered to his Excellency, John P. Altgeld, Governor of Illinois, for the pardon granted by him on the 26th day of June, 1893, to Oscar W. Neebe, Samuel Fielden, and Michael Schwab.

This at once precipitated a red hot discussion. It broke loose in four languages at once. Matt Schmidinger opposed it, saying it should be as broad and courageous as the Governor's document. Louis Neebe favored the resolution. J. Ingenthron spoke for the resolution. It was next savagely denounced as "too dry," "cut and dried," "too full of politics" by three speakers in German, Bohemian, and Polish. J. J. Selig, the cigarmaker, defended it. T. J. Morgan spoke for it; so did Charles Bary. Schmidinger took another whirl at it, and, speaking in German, charged T. J. Morgan with bulldozing Gen. Trumbull in the committee-room. Morgan does not understand German, and was looking on in a guileless way till some German friends rushed to his defense. J. C. Harding, W. Lacher, and ex-County Commissioner Englehardt defended the resolution and John Simpson, and a half-dozen others fought it vigorously, until finally the resolution was adopted by about a two-thirds majority.

Treasurer Ingenthron made his report, which showed money yet in the treasury.

Brevities by Cable.

NEARLY ALL THE DEAD RECOVERED.

One hundred and thirty-eight dead bodies have been recovered from the Thorn Hill Mine, England, in which there was an explosion Tuesday.

OFFICES FOR SOCIALISTS.

Ignatz Auer, a Socialist, has been chosen Chairman of a permanent committee in the Reichstag, and Paul Singer, a Social Democratic leader, was made Vice-Chairman of a committee.

WILL ENFORCE QUARANTINE AT SUEZ.

Troops are leaving Cairo to form a cordon on the banks of the Suez Canal for the purpose of intercepting pilgrims who may try to evade the quarantine.

TO PLANT COTTON IN MERV.

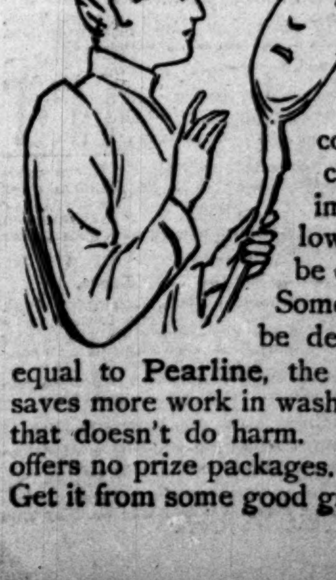
The Minister of Public Domains at Odessa has under consideration a plan for the cultivation of 1,000,000 acres of cotton in Merv.

KHEDIVE LOOKING FOR A BRIDE.

The visit of the Khedive of Egypt to Constantinople is in relation to his projected marriage to a daughter of the Sultan, whom he has never seen. It is expected the Khedive will visit Vienna, Berlin, Copenhagen and Paris, meeting the Czar at Copenhagen.

Killed the Girl He Loved.

BIRD'S POINT, Mo., July 6.—[Special.]—Miss Sadie Fisher of Cairo, Ill., was shot and instantly killed by N. B. Plummer, her lover, last night. She had refused to marry him. Plummer then shot himself and cannot live. He is supposed to have relatives in Chicago.



It isn't "The Same As," and it isn't "as good as" no matter what any grocer may tell you about any imitation of Pearline He makes more money on it, of course—but do you want to ruin your clothes for his profit. Some of the imitations of Pearline are sold at a lower price, naturally. They ought to be cheaper, for they're not as good. Some of them are dangerous, and would be dear at any price. None of them is equal to Pearline, the original washing compound, which saves more work in washing and cleaning than anything else that doesn't do harm. Pearline is never peddled, and it offers no prize packages. Every package is a prize in itself. Get it from some good grocer. 374 JAMES PYLE, New York.

IS THE OLD RACINE.

CALIFORNIA'S CRACK SPRINTER WINS THE BOULEVARD.

A Year's Enforced Retirement Has Not Dulled the Son of Bishop's Flight of Speed—He Runs Off by Himself with a High-Class Field Behind Him—Flirtation Gallops Over a Field of Youngsters—Buck McCann, Henry Young, and Huron the Other Winners—Today's Card.

The rejuvenated Racine after a year of enforced retirement is himself again.

Yesterday at Washington Park he took up 124 pounds and won the Boulevard Stakes by himself in such impressive fashion and with a field of such class behind him that he left no doubt of the fact that he is back to that form which routed Ten Broeck's long standing record for a mile over a circular track two years ago. The Boulevard has become a classic event from the associations surrounding it. While by no means a valuable stake it has always brought out a high-class field.

Yesterday was no exception to the rule. The rain of Wednesday night caused some scratching, Yo Tambien, Ida Pickwick, Aldebaran, Santa Anna, and Verge d'Or being drawn, but Riley, Highland, Galinto, Dare Vela were added so that the race lost nothing in class by the shift.

Maid Marian and Riley Were Favorities.

Maid Marian and Riley were equal favorities, and that, too, despite the fact that weight has always stopped the filly and the distance, one mile, was known to fit Riley none too well. Racine was second choice in the betting and received some support from those who had not forgotten his wonderful flight of speed two years ago. The talent would have none of him, however, hardly thinking he could be ready. Tom

RACINE, WINNER OF THE BOULEVARD STAKES.

Williams, however, believed that he would win and bet heavily on his crack.

Rival, known to have no fondness for any too much weight, Galindo, supposed to be, and Highland, known to be, anchored by the weights, and Dare Vela, with a bad race against her in the Sheridan since her praiseworthy effort in the Queen Isabella, were only nibbled at.

When the flag fell Rival was nearly clear of her field, heads and necks separating the others. Maid Marian, off next to last and cut off in her first effort to get through, finally found an opening on the rails and, rushing through, was in command when the quarter was reached. Rival was at her throatlatch, while Riley was at the mare's withers, a half length in front of Racine. Up the backstretch Rival fell back out of the bunch and Racine, moving up on the outside, took Maid Marian by the head and choking her before the stable turn was reached, was never in trouble afterwards. Rounding to for home two lengths to the good he held his advantage to the wire, running in hand. Riley in a hard drive wore Galindo down on the post and took the place by a head. But for Morris' carelessness Galindo would have been second. Taral never gives up. The others were beaten off.

The tabled history of the Boulevard Stakes is as follows:

Year.	Horse.	Age.	Weight.	Jockey.	Time.	Value.	Track.
*1884	Freeland....	5	117	I. Murphy	2:11½	$1,850	G
1885	Freeland....	6	117	I. Murphy	2:09	1,230	Ft
1886	L. Dwyer....	4	113	I. Murphy	2:08	885	Ft
1887	Jim Gore....	3	105	Hathaway	2:08	900	Ft
1888	Volante.....	6	120	I. Murphy	2:08¾	1,040	Ft
1889	Huntress....	4	122	J. McL'lin	2:08¾	1,660	Ft
†1890	Marian C....	4	117	Britton....	1:41½	1,505	Ft
1891	Marian C....	5	124	R. Will'ms	1:41¾	2,230	Ft
1892	Yo Tambien	3	111	Thorpe....	1:43	2,370	G
1893	Racine......	6	124	Miller....	1:46	2,430	Sl

*1¼ miles.
†Reduced to 1 mile.

Buck McCann Won in a Drive.

The sport opened with a dash at a mile for 3-year-olds. The scratching of Clifford and Dare Vela left only four in, with Buck McCann favorite at 1 to 2 and shorter. He was driven out from the eighth pole to win by half a length from the lightweighted Linda. Miles Standish, well played, was a cheap third.

The second race, five and a half furlongs, for 2-year-olds, brought out twelve. Flirtation, the unbeaten California filly, was only an indifferent favorite despite the extensively peddled information that she had marked five furlongs in 1:02½ Monday. The sticky track no doubt made the price. There was nothing to the race. Miller made the start by breaking from behind with the favorite, who ran over her field and was in hand by three parts of a length from Oakwood, on whom Taral persevered to the end. The others were nowhere.

The fourth race, a mile and a sixteenth, selling, was a big romp for Henry Young, who, figuring to win on his good fourth to Loudon, W. B., and Newton in his last race, Balgowan finishing behind him, was at the good price of 5 to 1. Off in front he made all the running and easily stalled off Content's rush on the end.

The last race at seven furlongs fell to Huron, backed down from 2 to 1 to odds on at the post.

Fourth race, purse $1,000, for 3-year-olds and upward, selling, one mile and a sixteenth:

Index.		Wt.	Index.		Wt.
159	Pioneer...........	85	223	Eli Kindig........	94
238	Out of Sight......	87	223	Philora............	94
230	Ja Ja.............	92	230	Gendarme..........	95
....	Melba.............	92	218	Fakir..............	106

Fifth race, purse $1,000, for all ages, penalties and allowances, one mile:

Index.		Wt.	Index.		Wt.
....	J. W. Brooks......	84	237	Janus..............	107
241	Miles Standish....	94	208	Bolivar Buckner.	107
231	Aldebaran.........	94	237	Prince of Dark's.	107
209	Plankshire........	102	233	Michael............	109
207	Emma Primrose.	102	233	Virge d'Or	109
229	Santa Anna........	104	218	Silverado	109
208	Ethel.............	104	....	Poet Scout	114

Sixth race, purse $800, for 2-year-olds, five furlongs:

Index.		Wt.	Index.		Wt.
226	Leo M.............	108	....	Gov. Tillman.....	115
....	Pirate King.......	108	(226)	King David........	115
(221)	Emp's of Norfolk.	112	216	Pop Grey..........	115
216	Anna Mayes......	112	....	Eau Claire........	115
236	Will Fonso........	115	236	Whitestone	115

Seventh race, purse $1,000, for 3-year-olds and upward, selling, one mile and a sixteenth:

Index.		Wt.	Index.		Wt.
(194)	Emma Pickwick..	79	224	W. B...............	97
(230)	Belfast...........	88	218	Silverado.........	102
....	Dolly McCone ...	94	....	Clementine........	103
212	Ulster............	95	222	Duke of Milpitas.	108
....	Tenny Jr..........	97			

Louisville Pooling on Washington Park.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 6.—[Special.]—Tonight's auction pooling on Friday's Washington Park races was as follows:

First race—India, $10; Caroline Hamilton, $10; Marjory Hilton, $6; Rap-a-Tap, $6; Dolly Varden, $5; field, $8.

Second race—Hugh Penny, $20; Runyon, $15; Jake Johnson, $8; Joe Murphy, $8; Lola A., $5; field, $8.

Third race—Diablo, $50; Clifford, $35; Joe Blackburn, $25; Rambler, $10; Lake Breeze, $8; Hasty, $6; Calhoun, $5; Versatile, $5.

Fourth race—Philora, $15; Out of Sight, $10; Ja Ja, $6; Eli Kindig, $6; Fakir, $5; field, $5.

Fifth race—Ethel, $20; Silverado, $18; Santa Anna, $12; Virge d'Or, $9; Bolivar Buckner, $8; J. W. Brooks, $5; Emma Primrose, $5; field, $8.

Sixth race—Will Fonso, $25; Empress of Norfolk, $10; Anna Mayes, $10; Pop Gray, $10; King David, $5; field, $4.

Seventh race—Belfast, $15; Silverado, $15; Ulster, $10; Clementine, $10; Dolly McCone, $8; W. B., $6; field, $3.

DOMINO AT WASHINGTON PARK.

He Is After Saturday's $25,000 World's Fair Stakes—East Think Him Invincible.

Domino, the crack 2-year-old of the year, is safely domiciled at Washington Park.

The colt was due early yesterday afternoon, but did not arrive at Englewood until 7:30, and it was two hours later before he and his stable companion, El Telegrafo, were housed at Washington Park. The colt stood the trip well, and will be a certain starter in the World's Fair Stakes Saturday.

Yesterday Fred Taral received a letter from Mr. Keene asking him to ride the colt. Taral telegraphed last night accepting the mount, which means that Walcott & Campbell will have nothing to send to the post. Among those likely to start are Vassal, Peter the Great, St. Julien, St. Maxine, Banker's Daughter, Domino, Lazzarone, Clara Bauer, Milan, Frog Dance, Ellen, Strathflower, Gen. W. H. Jackson, North Side, Empress of Norfolk, Buckrene, Dart, Christopher Columbus, and Flirtation. If half this lot go to the post the race should be a really great one. Billy Lakeland says that Domino has never been measured and that he really has no idea how good he is.

Last night's dispatch from New York says:

The Keene youngster Domino will not be the only Eastern representative in the Washington Park 2-year-old stakes, as C. Fleischman & Son have sent on St. Maxim and St. Julien. In view of the fact that neither could make Domino gallop fast enough to keep himself warm it seems as if their journey would be a fruitless one.

The East almost to a man look upon Domino as the best 2-year-old that ever galloped down a stretch. "Billy" Lakeland himself does not know how good he really is, and Foxhall Keene frankly admits that so far as this season is concerned he does not think he will know defeat.

The only way to gauge his real merit is through Hyderabad, with whom he played the only time they met. Hyderabad in the same contest beat Dobbins just as easily and Dobbins is unquestionably the superior of the rest of the youngsters, who are anything but a bad lot.

As regards Lamplighter nothing definite is known as to when he will be shipped West, but John Huggins said today that so far as he knew it was Mr. Lorillard's intention to have him shipped to Washington Park. The latter's reputation for changing his mind is so proverbial that it is impossible to make any emphatic assertion about the movements of his horses.

COMBINATION BOOK TRICKERY.

Bets Taken on Yo Tambien for Two Hours After She Is Scratched.

The public was badly worsted at Washington Park yesterday by somebody's carelessness or design in the betting ring.

Yesterday Yo Tambien, who has been coughing, was scratched out of the Boulevard Stakes before 12 o'clock, according to Secretary Brewster's announcement, yet the fact was not announced in the ring until after the betting on the first race had been in progress for some time. From 12 o'clock up to 1:30 the combination book had laid against the Kendall Stable entry as a pair and that too at ridiculous odds. A sample combination which was offered a TRIBUNE reporter was 10 to 1 against Miles Standish, to win; Flirtation, a place; The Entry, to win; Puryear D., a place; and First Ward, a place. Figuring the entry as a 1 to 2 shot the combination figured 45 to 1. At even money the Kendall entry figured at 59 to 1.

This is a sample of the way the public is being treated by the combination stand. There must have been $1,000 taken in on Yo Tambien after she was scratched. Combination bets are play or pay, but the public is entitled to the protection afforded by information as early as it gets to the betting ring.

July 6, Eleventh Day, Washington Park Summer Meeting. Day Fine. Track Slow.

241. First race, purse $1,000, 3-year-olds, allowances. One mile. Time, 1:46½. Start good. Won driving, second driving. Winner by Buchanan—Mollie McCann. Scratched—Clifford, 122 pounds; Dare Vela, 87.

Index.	Horses and wts.	St.	¼	½	Stch.	Fin.	Jockeys.	Owners.	Op.	Cl.	Pl.
(206)	Buck McCann, 122......	4	4	4	3^2	1½	Thorpe	Scoggan Bros........	1-3	11-20	1-6
....	Linda, 102............	2h	1h	1½	1½	2^3	Clayton	Charter Oak Stable.	15	10	2
231	Miles Standish, 112......	1h	2½	2^2	2^1	3^2	Taral	Walcott & Campb'll.	3	2	1-5
215	Mezzotint, 107.........	3h	3^2	3^1	4	4	Covington	Mrs. W. W. Lyles	30	40	4

242. Second race, handicap for 2-year-olds, $15 each, $1,000 added, five and a half furlongs. Time, 1:10¾. Start good. Won handily, second driving. Winner by Wildidle—Flirt. Overweight, French Lady, 2½ pounds; Oakwood, 4; Abbess, 2. Scratched—Rey El Santa Anita, 111 pounds.

Index.	Horses and wts.	St.	¼	Stch.	Fin.	Jockeys.	Owners.	Op.	Cl.	Pl.
....	Flirtation, 115........	6	1^2	1½	1½	Miller	Undine Stable.......	2½	3½	6-5
209	Oakwood, 108..........	1h	2^1	2^3	2^{15}	Taral	T. W. Moore.........	4	3½	6-5
174	Senator Irby, 118.......	4	8	5	3½	McCafferty	Chas. McCafferty....	3	4½	2
226	Advocate, 101.........	9	4	4	4	Clayton	Bashford Manor.....	15	30	10
209	French Lady, 101......	2h	5	6	5	Thorpe	Scoggan Bros.......	10	12	5
209	Lulu T., 106..........	7	11	3½	6	Noble	P. C. Kidd..........	12	30	10
216	Tonganoxie, 108.......	11	9	9	7	Covington	Ed. Corrigan........	10	12	4
....	Vivandiere, 114........	3h	3½	7	8	Fairgood	S. S. Brown.........	8	6	2
221	Minnie Warren, 98......	10	10	10	9	F. Carr	Mrs. W. W. Lyles....	20	60	20
....	Ovation, 106...........	5	7	8	10	Irving	G. Wild.............	8	15	6
....	Del Mar, 101..........	12	12	12	11	R. Bain	H. D. Cable.........	15	20	8
....	Abbess, 107...........	8	6	11	12	Morris	W. O. B. M'Donough	6	15	6

243. Third race, Boulevard Stakes, all ages, $25 each starter, $1,500 added, value of stake to winner $2,490, one mile. Time, 1:46. Start good. Won easily, second driving. Winner by Bishop—Fairy Rose. Scratched—Yo Tambien, 117 pounds; Ida Pickwick, 119; Aldebaran, 109; Santa Anna, 119; Verge d'Or, 124.

Index.	Horses and wts.	St.	¼	½	Stch.	Fin.	Jockeys.	Owners.	Op.	Cl.	Pl.
....	Racine (6), 124.........	7	4	1½	1^2	1^2	Miller	Undine Stable........	6	4	9-5
224	Riley (6), 124..........	4	3½	3½	4	2h	Taral	Ed Corrigan..........	4	3	1
224	Galindo (4), 129.......	2h	6	2½	2½	3^{15}	Morris	Santa Anita Stable..	6	8	3
211	Highland (5), 126.......	5	5	4	3^1	4	Irving	Highland Gr'e S. F.	8	10	3
(229)	Maid Marian (3), 111....	6	1h	5	5	5	Ray	Kendall Stable.......	2½	3	1
(213)	Rival (a), 119..........	1½	2½	6	6	6	Martin	Whitten Bros........	8	8	3
231	Dare Vela (3), 104......	3h	7	7	7	7	Thorpe	M. D. Richardson....	6	7	2½

244. Fourth race, purse $1,000, 3-year-olds and upwards, weights ten pounds above scale, selling, one mile and a sixteenth. Time, 1:50¾. Start good. Won driving second driving. Winner by Duke of Montrose—Perfection. Scratched—Rambler, 94 pounds; Duke of Milpitas, 106; Gen. Marmaduke, 92; Dolly McCone, 84; Lord Lonsdale, 81; Astrakhan, 85; Gen. Miles, 79.

Index.	Horses and wts.	St.	¼	½	Stch.	Fin.	Jockeys.	Owners.	Op.	Cl.	Pl.
220	Henry Young (3), 87....	1½	1½	1½	1^4	1nk	Cassin	Thomas Griffin......	5	5	8-5
214	Content (4), 85.........	7	5	3½	2^2	2^{10}	F. Carr	P. Dunne............	10	8	3
211	Helen N. (4), 87.......	4	2½	2^3	3^4	3^3	Perkins	Scoggan Bros........	2½	2	4-5
214	Puryear D. (4), 92.....	6	4	5	4	4	Clayton	Durham & Applegate	3	3	1
211	Bes. Bisland (4), 103...	9	7	7	5	5	Kuhn	C. E. Brossman......	8	12	4
189	Upman (5), 88.........	8	10	8	8	6	F. Taylor	Hasty Stable........	6	7	2
233	Ormie (a), 88..........	5	6	6	7	7	Fisher	A. Licalzi...........	12	15	6
223	Tom Flynn (4), 114.....	3h	3½	4	6	8	Taral	M. T. Donovan.......	6	10	4
219	Zender (5), 88.........	2nk	8	10	9	9	Reiff	Quickstep Stable....	15	10	4
228	Coquette (3), 100......	10	9	9	10	10	Ballard	W. Hendrie..........	20	20	8

245. Fifth race, purse $1,000, 3-year-olds and upwards, penalties and allowances, seven furlongs. Time, 1:31. Start good. Won handily, second driving. Winner by Iroquois—Brunette. Scratched—Capt. Rees, 128 pounds; Racine, 114; Springaway, 122; Romair, 112; Tulla Blackburn, 109; Pedestrian, 122.

Index.	Horses and wts.	St.	¼	½	Stch.	Fin.	Jockeys.	Owners.	Op.	Cl.	Pl.
233	Huron (4), 122.........	2½	3h	3h	2½	1^2	Taral	Ed Corrigan.........	2	9-10	1-3
227	First Ward (3), 103.....	4	4	4	3½	2½	Covington	J. J. Coughlin.......	5	5	2
213	Ajary (4), 107..........	5	5	2h	4	3h	Clayton	H. C. Rodenbaugh..	10	20	5
....	Aleha (a), 114..........	1½	1h	1½	1½	4	McCafferty	McCafferty & Wish.	2	3	1
227	Oregon Eclipse (a), 115.	3nk	2^1	5	5	5	Thorpe	G. W. Leihy & Sons.	7	12	2

Washington Park's Huge Race Card.

Washington Park's card for Friday is a huge one of seven events, which, with their entries, are as follows:

First race, purse $800, 2-year-olds, five furlongs.

Index.		Wt.	Index.		Wt.
129	Marjery Hilton...	105	158	Mrs. Bradshaw...	112
221	Delaphine	105	135	India..............	112
....	Alesia...........	105	216	Carol'e Hamilton.	112
195	Dolly Varden ...	105	242	Abbess............	112
....	Little Walter....	108	199	Rap-a-Tap........	115

Second race, purse $800, for 3-year-olds, penalties and allowances, six furlongs:

Index.		Wt.	Index.		Wt.
....	Lola A...........	105	....	Hugh Penny......	110
179	Matietta.........	105	231	Ko Ko............	110
208	Princess.........	105	232	Runyon...........	110
179	Bridal Veil......	105	232	Jake Johnson.....	110
241	Mezzotint........	105	203	Francis Pope......	120
....	Chess Rogan.....	110	202	Joe Murphy	120

Third race, $1,200 added, handicap, for 3-year-olds and upward, one mile and three furlongs:

Index.		Wt.	Index.		Wt.
....	Diablo...........	115	196	Lake Breeze......	98
224	Joe Blackburn...	112	190	Calhoun..........	100
229	Rambler..........	104	(218)	Hasty............	96
241	Clifford..........	104	224	Versatile.........	100

Coming for the Pony Races.

Secretary Brewster of the Washington Park club yesterday received a telegram from the Secretary of the Hunt and Pony club announcing that eleven ponies would be shipped Saturday night from New York to take part in the races set for July 14 and 17. A number of famous gentlemen jockeys will be on hand to pilot them.

Blondie Breaks the Two-Mile Record.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 6.—Blondie trotted two miles yesterday in 4:48, breaking the record for that distance by half a second. Blondie is a chestnut horse, foaled in 1886 by Lemont, dam Molly—Frank Chapman. He was bred by Bud McAllister of Le Grand, Ore.

DOBBINS IS BEATEN.

BLEMTON BRED JACK OF SPADES WON THE SEABRIGHT.

Ajax Overturns Sport in the Palisade Stakes—Yemen Defeats Sirocco and Gets Doggett into Trouble—Banquet and Pickpocket Have a Rare Battle and the Iron Horse Triumphs—Lord Nelson and Addie Take the Other Monmouth Park Events—General Turf News.

NEW YORK, July 6.—[Special.]—Weight and a sharp and severe campaign told on Richard Croker's youngster, Dobbins, at Monmouth Park today. Hitherto he has acknowledged defeat only to Domino and Hyderabad, but now another juvenile has proved himself smart enough to lower the Tammany colt's colors. His failure, however, was no disgrace, for apart from the fact that he had participated in a number of grueling races he shouldered 125 pounds and was beaten a neck by a colt who had fifteen pounds less on his back.

The defeat in question was in the Seabright Stakes at five and a half furlongs and the Belmont youngster, Jack of Spades, a son of Magnetizer and Nellie James, was the victor. The only indication that the latter had given of being in any way useful was last Monday, when he ran second to Senator Grady in a maiden scramble.

The seven others whose numbers were hoisted on the board, with the exception of Halton, had'nt given the slightest indication of being able to cope with Sir Francis' game brother. As a result Dobbins was an overwhelming favorite at 1 to 4, while Jack of Spades was next in demand at 10 to 1, with Halton, Dorian, and Melody each on offer at 15 to 1. and liberal prices quoted against Tenacious, Warlike, The General, and Equation.

To a fair start Tenacious, on the extreme outside, was smartest to get into his stride, and when they had fairly settled down he was well clear of Halton, who was closely followed by Jack of Spades, Dobbins, and Melody. They ran much in this order for half the journey, when Melody was the first to give way, and approaching the last furlong both Halton and Tenacious were in trouble. Dobbins and Jack of Spades then singled themselves out, and after a rattling set-to the verdict was in Jack of Spades' favor by a neck. Dobbins was a second four lengths before Tenacious.

Ajax Beats Sport for the Palisade.

Dobbins' defeat was naturally a heavy blow to backers, but another was in store for them in the Palisade Stakes for 3-year-olds at a mile and an eighth which followed. Opposed by Ajax and Redskin, the Washington Stable's colt Sport was installed a hot favorite. Redskin was totally ignored, but Ajax was in strong request at 8 to 5 and 7 to 5. The last named shot to the front directly the flag fell, and as he swung around the first turn he had a good four lengths advantage of Sport, who was the same distance in front of Redskin. Entering the homestretch Ajax went wide, but this had no effect on the result, for he played with his opponents the rest of the journey and won as he pleased by two lengths and a half. Sport was eased up in the last furlong, which enabled Redskin to finish second.

The opening scramble at five and one-half furlongs resulted in the defeat of Sirocco, who was at the prohibitive odds of 1 to 4. He and Yemen raced away from Appomattox, their solitary opponent, and, running almost locked in the last furlong, Yemen just managed to win by a neck. After the result P. J. Dwyer took it upon himself to question Doggett, who rode Sirocco, as to the reason why the horse did not go out in the front when the flag fell. Doggett replied that he did not know, unless it was that the horse was unable. The autocratic President of the Gravesend track then told Doggett that he had better find out or it might be worse for him, to which Doggett replied that any one who suggested that he had pulled the horse was a liar. Dwyer, who thoroughly deserved such a retort, reported Doggett to the Executive committee for insolence, with the result that the jockey had to apologize. If P. J. Dwyer exhibited his inquisitiveness nearer home it might be more to the purpose.

The second race was a grand one. It resolved itself into a duel between Banquet and Pickpocket. In a drive of nearly a furlong Banquet answered to the last and won by a head amid cheers. The race was one of the prettiest seen for some days and was worth going miles to see.

A Sirocco-Yemen Match Talked Of.

The upshot of Sirocco's defeat was that Yemen's connections announced their willingness to match the gelding against Sirocco. The latter's owner replied that he was agreeable and would run Sirocco for $5,000 or $25,000 a side within a fortnight.

The fifth contest was a 2-year-old selling event at five and a half furlongs. The unnamed colt by Stratford—Crossfire was established favorite, but after a bitter struggle with Lord Nelson at 10 to 1 he suffered defeat by a head.

Addie was the medium of a big plunge in the last race at six furlongs. But she did not have matters all her own way, for Beansey, who has not been seen out since 1891, challenged her in most resolute fashion, and only by Sims' vigorous efforts did she succeed in getting home by a scant length. Mr. Sass was third a length away.

How the Horses Ran in Their Races.

MONMOUTH PARK, N. J., July 6.—Track fair.

First race—For all ages, penalties, five and a half furlongs straightaway. Time, 1:09¼.

Horse and wt.	St.	¼	½	Fin.	Jockey.
Yemen, 119..........	2	1½	1nk	1nk	Sims.
Sirocco, 122..........	3	2^2	2^5	2^{10}	Doggett.
Appomattox, 89......	1	3	3	3	Carter.

Good start. Won in a drive.

Betting—1 to 3 Sirocco, 14 to 5 Yemen, 15 to 1 Appomattox. Scratched—Vestibule, 122 pounds; Senella, 89; Ambulance, 117.

Winner—Chestnut gelding, 4, Alarm—Hira.

Second race, for 3-year-olds and upward, one mile and an eighth. Time, 1:57¼.

Horse and wt.	St.	¼	½	¾	Mile.	Fin.	Jockey.
Banquet, 124........	3	3	3	3	1½	1nk	Lamley.
Pickpocket, 107.....	1	2^3	2^1	2^1	2^1	2^5	Sims.
Reckon, 110.........	2	1½	1½	1½	3	3	Littlefield

Good start. Won in a drive.

Betting—3 to 5 Banquet, 3 to 1 Pickpocket, 18 to 5 Reckon.

Winner—Bay gelding, 6, by Rayon d'Or—Ella T.

Third race, the Seabright Stakes, for 2-year-olds, penalties and allowances, five and a half furlongs, straightaway. Time, 1:09¾.

Horse and Wt.	St.	¼	½	Fin.	Jockey.
Jack of Spades, 108..	2	3^1	2^1	1nk	Hamilton.
Dobbins, 125........	1	4	3^1	2^4	Lamley.
Tenacious, 108.......	3	1½	1½	3^2	Midgley.
Halton, 121..........	4	2½	4	4	Flint.
Melody, 118..........	5	5	5^3	5	Littlefield
Dorian, 108..........	6	6	6	6	J. Murphy
Equation, 108........	7	7	7	7	Penn.
Warlike, 108.........	8	8	8	8	Goodale.
The General, 108.....	9	9	9	9	P. Rogers.

Fair Start. Won in a drive.

Betting—1 to 4 Dobbins; 10 to 1 Jack of Spades; 15 to 1 each Halton, Dorian, and Melody; 30 to 1 Tenacious; 50 to 1 The General; 60 to 1 Equation; 200 to 1 Warlike.

Scratched—Ouida, 110.

Winner—Bay colt, by Magnetizer—Nellie James.

Fourth race, the Palisade Stakes, for 3-year-olds, penalties and allowances, one mile and an eighth, circular course. Time, 1:57¼.

Horse and wt.	St.	¼	½	¾	Mi.	Fin.	Jockey.
Ajax, 122........	2	1½	1½	1^2	1^2	1½½	Sloane.
Redskin, 110....	3	3	3	3	3	2^4	Goodale.
Sport, 122.......	1	2^1	2^4	2^1	2^4	3	P. Rice.

Good start. Won easily.

Betting—13 to 20, Sport; 7 to 5, Ajax; 40 to 1, Redskin.

Scratched—Don Alonzo, 115 pounds; St. Michael, 110; Rainbow, 125.

Winner—Bay colt, by Dandie Dinmont—Moonlight.

Fifth race, for 2-year-olds, selling allowances, five and a half furlongs, straightway. Time, 1:10¾.

Horse and wt.	St.	¼	½	Fin.	Jockey.
Lord Nelson, 105...	6	2	2^1	1h	Flint.
Crossfire colt, 113...	1	1^2	1^2	2^2	Overton.
Roland Reed, 100...	2	4	3^1	3^3	Midgley.
Hush, 101...........	5	5	4^2	4^4	Goodale.
Wolsey, 103.........	3	6	5	5	Penn.
Duke of Fief, 96.....	4	3	6	6	Carter.
Senator, 107½.......	7	7	7	7	Sims.
Aria, 95.............	8	8	8	8	Fox.

Fair start. Won in a drive.

Betting—8 to 5 Crossfire colt, 3 to 1 Roland Reed, 8 to 1 each Wolsey, Lord Nelson, and Duke of Fief; 10 to 1 Hush, 12 to 1 Aria, 30 to 1 Senator.

Winner—Bay colt by Himyar—Queechy.

Sixth race, for 3-year-olds and upward, selling allowances, three-quarters of a mile, straightaway. Time, 1:15¾.

Horse and wt.	St.	¼	½	¾	Fin.	Jockey.
Addie, 107..........	4	2^1	1½	1½	1½	Sims.
Beansey, 112........	6	2½	2^1	2^2	2^3	Littlefield.
Mr. Sass, 105........	7	5	4	3^1	3^5	Penn.
Sir Peter, 99........	5	7	7	6	4	Midgley.
Onward, 108.........	1	3½	3½	4	5	Doggett.
Fremont, 106........	3	4	6	5	6	P. Rogers.
Poor Jonathan, 106.2	6	5	7	7	7	Lamley.

Good start. Won in a drive.

Betting—9 to 10 Addie, 5 to 1 Onward, 6 to 1 each Mr. Sass and Poor Jonathan, 10 to 1 Beansey, 15 to 1 Fremont, 30 to 1 Sir Peter.

Scratched—Tormenter, 114 pounds; Estelle, 89.

Winner—Brown filly, 4, by Iroquois—Babee.

Friday's Monmouth Park Card.

First race, handicap, seven furlongs—Roller, 116 pounds; Prince George, 112; Fairy, 112; Merry Monarch, 110; Long Beach, 107; Ambulance, 106; Julien, 105; Sir Matthew, 104; Herald, 100.

Second race, for maidens, 3-year-olds and upwards, one mile—Pisa colt, 109 pounds; Accident, 109; Tiny Tim, 109; Treasure, 109; Nellie Peyton gelding, 106; Bonaventure, 104.

Third race, for 2-year-old fillies, five and a half furlongs—Flirt, 120 pounds; Clementina, 110; Volee, 110; Francesca filly, 110; Miss Gallop, 110; Micmac Queen, 110; My Lady, 110; La Misere, 110; Parasang, 110; Flying Fish, 110.

Fourth race, for 3-year-olds, non-winners, one mile and a sixteenth—Hammie, 125 pounds; Don Alonzo, 115; St. Michael, 115; Certainty, 115; Roche, 108.

Fifth race, handicap, for 3-year-olds and upwards, one and an eighth miles—Raceland, 118 pounds; Mars, 118; Montana, 114; Now or Never, 112.

Sixth race, for 3-year-olds and upwards, selling, three-quarters of a mile—Wah Jim, 117; Key West, 114; Tormentor, 109; Harvest, 106; Chief Justice, 100; Lady Pulsifer, 99; Skedaddle, 98; Estelle, 94.

Louisville Pooling on Monmouth Park.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 6.—[Special.]—Pools sold tonight on tomorrow's Monmouth Park races as follows:

First race—Roller, $20; Prince George, $15; Merry Monarch, $10; Long Beach and Ambulance, $6 each; Fairy and Herald, $5 each; Julien and St. Matthew, $2 each.

Second race—Treasure, $15; Accident, $10; Pisa colt and Nellie Peyton gelding, $5 each; Tiny Tim and Bonaventure, $3 each.

Third race—Flirt, $20; Parasang, $12; Flying Fish, $6; Mic Macqueen and Tamisere, $5 each; field, $8.

Fourth race—Don Alonzo, $25; Hammie, $13; St. Michael, $10; Certainty and Roche, $5 each.

Fifth race—Now or Never, $20; Mars, $16; Raceland, $12; Montana, $8.

Sixth race—Estelle, $15; Key West, $8; Tormentor, Harvest, Skedaddle, and field, $6 each.

GOOD RACING AT BRIGHTON BEACH.

Control, Briar Gelding, Rear Guard, Mabel Glenn, Remorse, and St. John Win.

BRIGHTON BEACH, L. I., July 6.—[Special.]—A good card was run off here this afternoon. The summary:

First race, five furlongs, selling—Control, 89 pounds (Brooks), 10 to 1, won; Pansy, 93 (J. Lamley), 4 to 1, second; Primus, 113 (H. Jones), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:03¾. Compradore, 104 (McDermott), 5 to 1; Virginia, 101 (Smith), 30 to 1; Vocalist, 95 (Keefe), 15 to 1; Adjust, 84 (T. Flynn), 20 to 1; Phyllis T., 96 (N. Hill), 3 to 1; Marionette, 101 (Kelley), 30 to 1; Hazel, 93 (E. Tribe), 10 to 1, and Dexter, 107 (Jones), 50 to 1, also ran.

Second race, five furlongs—Briar gelding, 106 pounds (T. Flynn), 3 to 1, won; Factotum, 115 (Bergen), 3 to 1, second; Lady Love, 104 (N. Hill), 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:04. Lorinda, 104 (E. Tribe), 10 to 1; Marole, 115 (Pansy), 100 to 1; Williston, 115 (Neumeyer), 20 to 1; and Gleam filly, 113 (C. Hill), 30 to 1, also ran.

Third race, selling, seven furlongs—Rear Guard, 102 pounds (N. Hill), 7 to 5, won; Play or Pay, 110 (J. Jones), 8 to 5, second; Wallace, 102 (H. Jones), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:30. Uproar colt, 104 (T. Flynn) 10 to 1; Little Nell, 92 (Heidler), 30 to 1; and Blue Blood, 112 (McDermott, 20 to 1, also ran.

Fourth race, six furlongs—Mabel Glenn, 97 pounds (H. Jones), 10 to 1, won; Saragossa, 91 (Donohue), 12 to 1, second; Sandowne, 91 (E. Tribe), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:15¾. Blitzen, 112 (Manlove), 10 to 1; Bellevue, 104 (McDermott), 3 to 1; Lizzie, 109 (Bergen), 7 to 1; Harlem, 95 (N. Hill), 3 to 1; and Speculation, 100 (McGlone), 10 to 1, also ran.

Fifth race, seven furlongs—Remorse, 106 pounds (N. Hill), 7 to 1, won; Cottonade, 102 (Donohue), 4 to 1, second; Alcalde, 107 (J. Lamley), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:29¾. Larghetta, 110 (McAbee), 20 to 1; Bess McDuff, 103 (T. Flynn), 6 to 1; Virgie, 103 (H. Jones), evens; and Airplant, 107 (McDermott), 8 to 1, also ran.

Sixth race, one mile and a quarter, over five hurdles—St. John, 130 pounds (Mr. Donavan), 8 to 5, won; Lijero, 129 (Blakeley), 3 to 1, second; The Duffer, 128 (Oliver), 20 to 1, third. Time, 2:23¾. Caster, 129 (Pines), 20 to 1; Rockaway, 145 (Post), 10 to 1; Leather Stocking, 132 (Green), 100 to 1; Bel Espoir, 129 (Richardson), 30 to 1; and Japonica, 136 (Phayr), 4 to 1, also ran. The latter fell at the second jump.

Brighton Beach entries for Friday are:

First race, one mile and a sixteenth, selling—Larghetta, 122 pounds; Gettysburg, 112; Shenandoah, 107; Picket, 106; King Leo, 104; Lizzie McDuff, 102; Seabird, 98; Baylor, 97.

Second race, five furlongs, selling—Hindomere, 108 pounds; Daly, 106; Edith, 103; Eliza Ann, 101; Inspector C., 100; Lorinda, 97.

Third race, three-quarters of a mile—Eclipse, 101 pounds; Bayberry, 98; Blitzen, 93; Tom Tough, 93; Doncaster, 87; Lou Rhett, 86; Fidelio, 85.

Fourth race, three-quarters of a mile, selling—Harry Alonzo, 112 pounds; Mordottel, 109; Lorimer, 109; Airplant, 105; Virgie, 102; Cœur de Leon, 95.

Fifth race, three-quarters of a mile, selling—Bolero, 109 pounds; Faithful, 108; Billet Doux, 107; Early Blossom, 104; Billy S., 95; Balance, 95.

Sixth race, five furlongs, maidens—Don't Know, 105 pounds; Primus, 105; Ingot, 105; Comprader, 105; Hay Tay, 105; War Cry, 102; Miletta filly, 100.

FOUR FAVORITES AT GLOUCESTER.

Grand Prix, Eagle Bird, Lost Star, Drizzle, Queen Bess, and Anna E. Win.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 6.—[Special.]—Four favorites, a second choice, and an outsider were the winners at Gloucester today. The summary:

First race, six and one-fourth furlongs—Grand Prix (Yetter), even, won; Airshaft (Lambley), 3 to 1, second; Wyoming (Lewis), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:21¾.

Second race, six furlongs—Eagle Bird (Kuchen), 1 to 4, won; La Juieve filly (Corbley), 8 to 1, second; Perchance (Murphy), 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:17¾.

Third race, seven and one-half furlongs—Lost Star (Riley), 10 to 1, won; Gen. Gordon (Merrick), 25 to 1, second; Houri (Ham), 2 to 5, third. Time, 1:39¾.

Fourth race, seven furlongs—Drizzle (Morris), 8 to 5, won; Knapp (Yetter), 4 to 1, second; A. O. H. (Kuchen), 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:31¾.

Fifth race, four furlongs—Queen Bess (Kuchen), 3 to 5, won; Downcast (Wallace), 3 to 1, second; Veracity filly (Cannon), 30 to 1, third. Time, 51.

Sixth race, five furlongs—Annie E. (Corbley), 3 to 1, won; Pokino (Yetter), 8 to 5, second; Blue Wind (Johnson), 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:04½.

Gloucester entries for Friday are:

First race, five furlons, maidens—Turner, 109 pounds; Sentinel, 109; Headlong, 105; King Richard, 105; Duke of York, 105; Bold Hardy, 105; Prince John, 105; Jack Adler, 105; Sawdust, 105; Indiana, 105; Montell, 105; Armelia, 104; Ann Filly, 100; Lockspur, 100; Normanda, 100.

Second race, six and one-quarter furlongs, 3-year-olds—Freeland, 108 pounds; Little Mid, 108; Roman, 104; Lyrist, 104; Westside, 104; Pessimist, 104; Forget-Me-Not, 103; Dillon J., 100; C. O. D., 100; Prince Imperial, 100; Honeymoon, 100; Vocal, 95; Calantha, 95.

Third race, five furlongs—Bobolink, 110 pounds; St. Hubert, 106; Tradesman, 106; Irregular, 106; Morton, 106; Red Mike, 106; Topmast, 106; Luray, 105; Tassett, 102; Baby, 102; Lebanon, 102; John Lackland, 102; Gold Pan, 102; Bill Barnes, 102; Lita, 101.

Fourth race, four and one-half furlongs—Prince Peyton, 106 pounds; Elmstone, 106; Little Phil, 102; Needmore, 102; Young lottery, 102; Red Elm, 102; Penzance, 102; Morning Glory, 97; Fleurette, 97.

Fifth race, one mile—Fernwood, 104 pounds; Knapp, 102; Jersey, 102; Greenwich, 101; Vocalite, 97.

Sixth race, six and one-half furlongs, beaten horses—Edward F., 108 pounds; Markstone, 108; Foxhill, 108; Soho, 108; Judge Mitchell, 108; Poverty, 108; Pluto, 108; Jamestown, 108; Big Man, 108; Voltaro, 108; Jubal, 108; Silver Prince, 108; Pokino, 108; Wahoo, 108; Maid of Richland, 103.

JOCKEY BEACH NEARLY MOBBED.

He Rides an Odds-On Favorite Vilely at East St. Louis and Is Ruled Off.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 6.—[Special.]—There was considerable excitement at East St. Louis after the last race today over Beach's riding of the odds-on favorite Edgar Johnson. St. Pancras went out in front and made the pace all the way while Beach lay back in the ruck with the favorite and made no effort to get up until in the last hundred yards. He then came with a rush, but was beaten two lengths. A howling mob at once surrounded the judge's stand and for a time it looked as though Beach would be mobbed. The offense was so flagrant that the judges declared all bets void and ruled Beach off. There was some doubt as to whether Roscoe T., winner of the first race, was a 2 or 3-year-old and the purse was withheld and all bets allowed to stand until a thorough investigation can be made. The summary:

First race, maiden 2-year-olds, three and one-half furlongs—Roscoe T., 108 pounds (Morrissey), 5 to 2, won; Violet Bellairs, 98 (Arnold), 5 to 1, second; Mary C., 98 (J. Morgan), 7 to 1, third. Time, 47½.

Second race, five furlongs, selling—My Partner, 108 pounds (E. Watson), 7 to 1, won; Footlight, 100 (F. Jackson), 15 to 1, second; Connemara, 108 (Pierce), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:22¾.

Third race, five furlongs, selling—Grafton, 110 pounds (Loates), 5 to 1, won; Susie Nell, 96 (Pierce), 5 to 2, second; May Bird, 117 (Stansbury), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:06½.

Fourth race, welterweight handicap, four and one-half furlongs—Knickerbocker, 114 pounds (Gorman), 9 to 5, won; Linger, 100 (Pierce), 3 to 2, second; Ballardine, 100 (Barrett), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:00.

Fifth race, six furlongs—St. Pancras, 100 pounds (Arnold), 2 to 1, won; Edgar Johnson, 115 (Beach), 9 to 10, second; Cheswell, 105 (Stansbury), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:21½.

East St. Louis entries for Friday are:

First race, selling, four and one-half furlongs—Soney Robertson, 93 pounds; Chloe, 97; Negus, 102; Coleraine, 102; Veto, 112; Gen. Miles, 93; Buck Walker, 98; Dick, 102; Earl Palmer, 103; Iago, 107.

Second race, 2-year-olds, selling, four and one-half furlongs—Helen, 89 pounds; Millie B., 95; Donnella, 101; Miss Bettie S., 104; Southernest, 92; Bertha Fenton, 98; Frank Davis, 104.

Third race, selling, six furlongs—Footlight, 102 pounds; El Paso, 103; Dr. Malcolm, 96; Rustic, 109; Florimor, 114; Alfalfa, 102 Livingston, 107; Boro, 109; Euna, 114.

Fourth race, selling, four and one-half furlongs—Kittie Phillips, 97 pounds; Palomita, 98; Joshua, 102; Minnie H., 102; Ulf, 112; Minnie Walker, 97; Germanic, 102; Grey Minnie, 102; Leander, 103; Swagalator, 117.

Fifth race, selling, 2-year-olds, four and one-half furlongs—Fay, 95 pounds; Tody Smith, 98; Harry M., 104; Dr. Parke, 113; Tessie, 95; Gore Jay, 101; Capt. Sinclair, 110.

WASHINGTON PARK'S $11,000 STAKE.

Eighteen 4-Year-Olds Made Final Payment to the Trotting Event.

NEW YORK, June 6.—[Special.]—The *Spirit of the Times'* $11,000 stake to be trotted at Washington Park Sept. 12 has received final payment from the following 4-year-olds:

J. J. Amos' Jr. ch. c. Czar, by Russia—Bon Doon.
D. J. Cameron's b. c. Oh So, by Nutwood—So So.
Castleton Stock Farm b. c. Trevilian, by Young Jim—Miss Kittridge.
Claireview Stock Farm ch. f. Siva, by Guy Wilkes—Sable Hayward
Martin Clark's blk. c. Macleay, by Sable Wilkes—Mamie Comet.
G. M. Fogg's ch. c. Volta, by Benton—Gold Bug.
J. M. Forbes' b. c. Arion, by Electioneer—Manette.
G. J. Fuller's b. c. Parole, by Patron—Rachel Ray.
P. J. Kaufman's b. c. Sparx, by Jersey Wilkes—Blanche.
Kerner's ch. c. Leonatus, by Alcantara—Serene.
Palo Alto Stock Farm's b. c. Advance, by Electioneer—Lady Amanda.
Palo Alto Stock Farm's br. f. Elden, by Nephew—Eleanor.
Prospect Hill Farm's br. f. Belleflower, by Electioneer—Beautiful Bells.
J. R. and C. J. Smith's b. f. Matrimony, by Aberdeen—Happy Choice.
M. T. Smith's b. c. Langar, by Benefit—Lizzie H.
Robert Steel's b. f. Vertner, by Epaulet—Ella Medium.
Robert Steel's b. f. Queen of Cedar, by Epaulet—Princess Medium.
Village Farm's b. f. Beautiful Chimes, by Chimes—Maid of Honor.

TROTTING ON WESTERN TRACKS.

Results of Minor Races at a Number of Points Yesterday.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., July 6.—[Special.]—The attendance at the races today was 2,000. The results:

Trotting, foals of 1890—Bobadil won, Rose Leaf second. Best time, 2:23¾.

Pacing, foals of 1890—Free Coinage won, Baron Bel second, Star Hornet third. Best time, 2:23¾.

2:50 class, trotting—Oakley Maid won, Blue Blood second, Sam Weller third. Best time, 2:24.

MUNCIE, Ind., July 6.—[Special.]—The races closed here today. The results:

2:25 class, pacing—Charlie Wilkes won, Hambrino Boy second, William Penn, third. Best time, 2:24¾.

2:35 class, trotting—Agnes Clay won, Belle Butler second, Cornelius M. third. Best time, 2:34½.

2:45 class, pacing—Nellie M. won. Best time, 2:35¾.

SANBORN, Ia., July 6.—[Special.—Results of today's races:

2:50 class, trotting—Hodgins Herald won, Elsie second, Annie Rooney third. Best time, 2:44½.

2:40 class, pacing—Prince Almont won, North Star second, Maid of the Mist third.

Humming Bird (2:22¾), pacer, and Mogul (2:24), trotter, started for a special purse of $500, Humming Bird winning in 2:28.

MOUNT STERLING, Ky., July 6.—[Special.]—Another large crowd attended the races today. The results:

Independence Stake, for 4-year-olds—Tolu won, Dorfmark second, Dandy Sprague third. Best time, 2:22¾.

2:25 class, trotting—Happy Promise won, Mary second, Snip Nose third. Best time, 2:19¾.

COLTS WIN THE GAME.

UMPIRE LYNCH HAS A BAD DAY, BUT BREAKS EVEN.

He Gives Philadelphia a Run in the Ninth Which Ties the Game and Awards Chicago One in the Eleventh Which Breaks the Tie—Plenty of Batting and Runs for Both Teams—Virginia Kills Off the Wesleyans in the College Tournament—Other Baseball News.

No change in the standing of the clubs resulted from yesterday's games. The three leaders lost, Chicago defeating Philadelphia, Pittsburg Boston, and Cincinnati Brooklyn. The standing of the clubs is as follows:

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct
Boston..................	57	37	20	.649
Philadelphia............	57	37	20	.649
Brooklyn................	58	34	23	.596
Cleveland...............	51	30	21	.588
Pittsburg...............	58	31	27	.534
New York...............	58	28	30	.483
Cincinnati..............	58	27	31	.466
Baltimore..............	55	25	30	.455
Washington.............	58	25	33	.431
St. Louis...............	56	24	32	.429
Chicago................	56	23	33	.411
Louisville..............	47	13	34	.278

The schedule for today is as follows: Philadelphia at Chicago, New York at Louisville, Boston at Pittsburg, Brooklyn at Cincinnati, Washington at St. Louis, Baltimore at Cleveland.

UMPIRE LYNCH PROLONGS THE GAME.

His Decisions in the Last Three Innings Radically Wrong.

But for the poor work of Umpire Lynch in the ninth inning it would not have required eleven innings for Anson's men to win from Philadelphia yesterday afternoon. The score stood 10 to 9 in favor of Chicago when the Phillies went to bat in the ninth. Boyle led off with a drive to center for a base and Cross followed with a single to left. Reilly sacrificed to Parrott and Boyle went to third and Cross to second. Allen drove a hard grounder to Parrott, who cut Boyle off at the plate. Then Allen started for second. Kittridge threw to Dahlen to catch him and Cross sprinted for home. Vickery, who was at bat, stood in Kittridge's way when Dahlen returned the ball, but Kittridge certainly caught Cross, for the latter in dodging Kittridge missed the plate. Lynch allowed the run and the game was tied.

Lynch favored Chicago in the eleventh when Ryan came in from second on Dungan's hit to right for a base. Thompson threw to catch Ryan at the plate and did so by six feet. But Lynch happened to have his attention centered on Dungan and didn't see the play.

Both teams hit the ball hard and often, each scoring nineteen hits. Jack Boyle carried away the honors for stick work, and in doing so made a record for the year. He was at bat six times and each time hit safely. Every man in both teams, except Vickery, who succeeded Weyhing in the ninth, got in a safe drive.

Chicago scored its runs in the third, sixth, seventh, eighth, and eleventh. Singles by Hutchison, Kittridge, Dungan, and Anson, sacrifices by Ryan and Dahlen, an error by Reilly, and a three-bagger by Wilmot scored five in the third; singles by Lange and Parrott and a sacrifice by Wilmot one in the sixth; a base on balls to Ryan and a three-bagger by Dahlen one in the seventh; a base on balls to Lange, singles by Wilmot, Hutchison, and Ryan, a sacrifice by Parrott, and an error by Thompson three in the eighth, and long singles by Ryan and Dungan and Lynch's failure to see the play at the plate the eleventh and last in the eleventh.

Philadelphia got one in the first on a base on balls to Hamilton, a sacrifice by Thompson, and a single by Delehanty. Two came in in the third on a base on balls to Weyhing, singles by Hamilton, Delehanty, and Boyle, and an error by Wilmot. A double by Boyle and a single by Cross got in another in the sixth, and singles by Weyhing, Boyle, and Hallman, and a double by Hamilton gave two in the seventh. In the eighth three came in on singles by Allen, Hamilton, and Thompson, an error by Ryan, and a three-bagger by Delehanty. Singles by Boyle and Cross, a sacrifice by Reilly, and Lynch's decision let in the tenth run in the ninth. The score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	P	A	E	SB	SO	BB	BE	LB
Ryan, c. f......	5	2	3	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
Dahlen, s. s....	6	0	2	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	3
Dungan, r. f....	6	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Anson, 1b.......	6	1	1	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Lange, 2b.......	5	3	2	0	3	0	0	1	1	1	2
Wilmot, l. f.....	4	1	3	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	2
Parrott, 3b......	5	0	2	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hutchison, p....	4	1	2	1	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Kittridge, c.....	5	2	1	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.........	45	11	19	33	14	2	0	1	4	1	6

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	P	A	E	SB	SO	BB	BE	LB
Hamilton, c. f...	5	3	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Thompson, r. f...	6	1	1	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
Delehanty, l. f..	6	1	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Hallman, 2b.....	6	0	1	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	1
Boyle, 1b.......	6	1	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Cross, c.........	6	1	2	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reilly, 3b.......	6	0	1	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	2
Allen, ss........	5	1	1	8	2	0	1	0	0	0	1
Weyhing, p......	3	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vickery, p.......	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.........	50	10	19	33	16	2	1	2	2	0	9

Chicago ....0 0 5 0 0 1 1 3 0 0 1—11
Base hits.........1 1 5 0 1 2 1 3 2 1 2—19
Philadelphia......1 0 2 0 0 1 2 3 1 0 0—10
Base hits ....1 1 3 1 0 2 4 4 2 0 1—19

Exact attendance—2,800. Earned runs—Chicago, 5; Philadelphia, 5. Two-base hits—Hamilton, Boyle, Reilly, Dahlen. Three-base hits—Dahlen, Wilmot, Delehanty. Sacrifice hits—Thompson, Reilly, Allen, Ryan, Dahlen, Dungan, Wilmot, Parrott. Double plays—Dahlen-Anson; Hallman-Allen-Boyle; Thompson-Cross; Allen-Hallman; Hallman-Allen. Wild pitch—Weyhing, 1. Umpire—Lynch. Time of game—2:15.

Parrott Still Refuses to Leave Chicago.

Tom Parrott did not go to Cincinnati with Comiskey Wednesday after all. He claims that Comiskey refused to pay him more than $175 a month. He has been getting $300 a month from Chicago and says he will not play ball elsewhere for less. Until Comiskey agrees to pay him as much as he received here Parrott says that he will remain idle. As matters now stand Chicago cannot play him.

Cincinnati, 9; Brooklyn, 8.

CINCINNATI, O., July 6.—The Reds batted out three runs and the victory in the ninth inning. The weather was the hottest of the year. Attendance, 1,000. The score:

Cincinnati.	R	B	P	A	E	Brooklyn.	R	B	P	A	E
Latham, 3b..	2	3	4	1	0	Stovey, cf.....	0	1	2	0	0
McPhee, 2b.	1	1	2	1	1	Foutz, lf.......	2	2	3	0	0
Holliday, cf.	2	2	4	0	0	Br'uthers, 1b.	2	3	4	0	0
Vaughn, 1b..	0	3	7	0	2	Kinslow, c....	1	0	5	2	1
Canavan, lf.	0	1	4	2	1	Daly, 3b.......	1	2	0	0	1
Murphy, c...	0	0	4	2	0	Corcoran, ss..	0	2	3	1	0
J. Smith, rf.	1	2	1	0	0	Shoch, rf......	2	0	2	0	0
G. Smith, ss.	1	2	1	4	0	Rich'rds'n, 2b	0	1	6	1	0
Sullivan, p..	1	2	0	0	0	Stern, p.......	0	1	0	1	0
Totals...	9	16	27	10	4	Totals....	8	11*25		5	2

*One out when winning run was made.

Cincinnati....................2 1 0 0 0 0 2 1 3—9
Brooklyn......................5 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—8

Earned runs—Cincinnati, 7; Brooklyn, 5. Two-base hits—Sullivan, Holliday. Three-base hits—Holliday, Daly. Home run—Brouthers. Stolen bases—Shoch, Richardson, J. Smith, G. Smith. Double plays—Murphy-McPhee, Richardson-Brouthers, Kinslow-Richardson. First on balls—By Sullivan, 3; Stein, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Sullivan, 1. Struck out—By Sullivan, 3; Stein, 4. Wild pitch—Stein. Time—2:15. Umpire—Emslie.

St. Louis, 12; Washington, 4.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 6.—The Browns had an easy time of it today. Maul's ineffectiveness and wildness lost the game for Washington. The score:

St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E	Washington.	R	B	P	A	E
Dowd, lf......	3	3	4	0	0	Radford, rf.	1	0	2	0	0
Brodie, cf.....	2	3	2	0	0	Hoy, cf......	0	1	2	0	0
Bannon, rf....	1	1	3	0	1	Farrell, c....	0	2	2	2	2
Shugart, ss...	2	1	1	4	1	Wise, 2b.....	0	0	6	1	2
Peitz, c.......	2	2	4	1	0	Larkin, 1b....	1	3	0	8	0
Werden, 1b...	1	2	10	0	0	O'Rourke, lf.	1	1	3	1	0
Crooks, 2b....	0	0	3	3	1	Sullivan, ss..	1	0	4	4	0
Quinn, 3b.....	1	1	3	1	0	Mulvey, 3b....	0	1	0	2	1
Gleason, p....	0	2	0	1	0	Maul, p.......	0	1	0	0	0
Totals....	12	15	27	10	3	Totals....	4	9	27	10	5

St. Louis.....................3 0 4 1 2 1 0 0 1—12
Washington...................1 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 0—4

Earned runs—St. Louis, 3; Washington, 3. Two-base hits—Dowd (2), Peitz. Three-base hits—Werden, Quinn. Home run—Brodie. Stolen bases—Brodie (2), Bannon, Shugart, Radford. Double play—Crooks-Quinn-Werden. First on balls—Off Gleason, 3; off Maul, 7. Hit—By Maul, 1. Struck out—By Gleason, 2. Wild pitches—Maul, 2. Time—1:50. Umpire—McQuaid.

Pittsburg, 10; Boston, 9.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 6.—After losing the game by rank fielding in the sixth the Pittsburgs won out in the ninth on account of Nichols' wildness and Boston's errors. Attendance, 2,150. The score:

Pittsburg.	R	B	P	A	E	Boston.	R	B	P	A	E
V'n H'tr'n, cf	1	1	3	0	1	Long, ss......	1	1	2	4	1
Donovan, rf.	2	2	2	0	1	Lowe, 2b......	2	2	2	4	0
Beckley, 1b.	2	1	12	1	0	Duffy, cf......	1	1	1	0	0
Glassco'k, ss	2	1	3	7	2	McCart'y, lf	1	0	2	1	1
Smith, lf....	1	4	1	0	0	Nash, 3b......	0	1	2	1	2
Lyons, 3b....	1	0	0	2	1	Tucker, 1b....	0	0	11	0	0
Bierba'er, 2b	0	2	4	1	1	Carroll, rf.....	1	0	4	1	0
Miller, c.....	0	1	1	0	0	Bennett, c.....	2	0	1	0	0
Ehret, p.....	0	1	0	3	0	Nichols, p....	2	1	0	0	0
Totals....	10	13	26	14	6	Totals....	9	6	26	12	4

NOTE—Nichols out for interfering with fielder. Bierbauer hit by batted ball.

Pittsburg....................2 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 5—10
Boston.......................0 3 0 0 6 0 0 0 0—9

Earned runs—Pittsburg, 3; Boston, 1. Two-base hits—Van Haltren, Beckley, Smith. Home run—Glasscock. Stolen bases—Duffy, McCarthy (2). Double plays—Glasscock-Beckley, Beckley-Bierbauer, Long-Tucker. First base on balls—Van Haltren (2), Beckley, Lyons, Lowe, McCarthy (2), Bennett (2). Hit by pitcher—Long. Struck out—Beckley, Ehret, Tucker. Wild pitch—Ehret. Time—2:10. Umpire—McLaughlin.

Louisville, 11; New York, 11.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 6.—With the bases full in the ninth inning and one man out Baldwin took Schmidt's place in the box. After Bill Brown forced Browning out, O'Rourke scoring on the play, Stafford dropped Weaver's fly and Grim and Brown came in. The game was called at the end of the New York half owing to darkness. Seward's umpiring was the worst on earth. Weather clear and pleasant. Attendance, 1,500. The score:

Louisville.	R	B	P	A	E	New York.	R	B	P	A	E
T. Brown, cf..	2	2	0	0	0	Stafford, cf.	3	3	2	0	1
O'Rourke, ss	2	2	1	1	0	Tiernan, rf..	2	3	1	0	0
Grim, c......	3	0	6	1	0	Davis, 3b....	1	2	2	5	0
Browning, lf	0	2	4	0	0	Connor, 1b...	0	1	10	1	0
W. Brown, 1b	2	1	6	0	0	Doyle, ss.....	0	0	3	4	4
Pfeffer, 2b...	1	2	2	3	1	Milligan, c...	0	0	6	3	1
Weaver, rf...	1	2	4	1	1	Burke, lf.....	1	3	1	1	0
Pinckney, 3b	0	0	2	1	0	H. Keller, 2b	3	1	2	1	0
Rhoades, p...	0	0	0	1	0	†Schmidt, p.	1	2	0	2	0
						Kelly, ...	0	0	0	0	0
Totals...11		11*25		8	2	Totals....	11	15	27	17	6

*Kelly, who took Milligan's place in the ninth, batted out of turn and he and Doyle were declared out.
†Baldwin took Schmidt's place in the ninth with bases full and nobody out.

Louisville...................0 2 1 0 2 1 1 0 4—11
New York ....2 1 0 0 3 2 0 3 0—11

Earned runs—New York, 7; Louisville, none. Two-base hits—W. Brown, Burke. Three-base hits—Tiernan, Davis. Stolen bases—T. Brown (2), Stafford, Keller (2). Double plays—Weaver-Grim, Davis-Milligan-Connor, Davis-Doyle-Connor. First on balls—Off Rhoades, 4; off Schmidt, 7. Struck out—By Rhoades, 5; Schmidt, 3. Time—2:45. Umpire—Seward.

VIRGINIA KILLS OFF WESLEYAN.

The Collegians from Dixie Played Splendid Ball and Shut Out the Easterners.

If Anson wants to get an aggregation of players that can play winning ball he can go out to the South Side park and find his men among the collegians. The spectators at the game between Virginia and Wesleyan Universities yesterday saw a gilt-edged game, Virginia again carrying off the honors. Stephens pitched splendidly and the Wesleyan batsmen could get but three hits off his delivery. In the field, however, the Wesleyans played a remarkable game, making not a single error throughout the nine innings, besides spoiling for the Virginians several hits which appeared to be safe.

Wesleyan is the fourth team that the boys from Dixie have retired from the tournament, and it begins to look as though they would be winners of the University Clubs' cup.

Virginia scored two earned runs in the first inning. Rhett lined the first ball pitched out to center for a clean single. After Marshall had struck out hits by McGuire and Smith and Worthington's sacrifice sent in two runs. H. Tirrell got as far as second in Wesleyan's half on his single, which was fumbled by Nelson. There he remained, as Searls and Jester struck out.

Virginia increased its lead in the third. After two men were out Marshall got to first on balls and was sent around on hits by Smith and Worthington. Abbott was hit by a pitched ball and the bases were full. Nelson followed with a line drive to center and Smith and Worthington scored.

At this stage of the game Frost retired to the bench and the Tirrell brothers did the battery work for the rest of the game. The side was retired immediately, and scored but one run afterwards.

In the sixth for Virginia Stone made a hit, got to second on a passed ball, and scored on Rhett's single. The Wesleyans had men on bases nearly every inning and three times they got as far as third. In the ninth inning they got men on first and second before any one was out, but the next three men retired in order, G. Tirrell striking out, and Smith at first retiring Leo and Gordon unassisted. The score:

Virginia.	R	B	P	A	E	Wesleyan.	R	B	P	A	E
Rhett, rf.....	1	2	0	0	0	Smith, 1b ...	0	0	13	1	0
Marshall, c..	1	0	10	2	0	H. Tirrell, c.	0	1	2	1	0
McGuire, 2b	1	1	1	1	0	Searls, lf....	0	0	4	0	0
Smith, 1b....	1	3	13	0	0	Jester, c. f..	0	0	0	0	0
W'th'gt'n, 3b	1	1	1	1	0	Lapham, r.f.	0	1	1	1	0
Abbott, ss....	0	0	1	6	1	Beeman, 3b.	0	1	0	3	0
Nelson, lf....	0	1	0	0	1	G. Tirr'l, ss. p	0	0	3	6	0
Stephens, p..	0	0	0	3	1	Frost, p......	0	0	0	0	0
Stone, cf.....	1	1	1	1	0	Gordon, 2b..	0	0	3	0	0
						Leo, ss.......	0	0	1	1	0
Totals....	6	9	27	14	3	Totals....	0	3	27	13	0

Virginia......................2 0 3 0 0 1 0 0 0—6
Wesleyan......................0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Earned runs—Virginia, 3. Two-base hit—Smith of Virginia. Sacrifice hits—Worthington, Leo. Stolen bases—Smith (Wesleyan), Lapham, G. Tirrell (2), Frost. Struck out—By Frost, 1; by Tirrell, 1; by Stephens, 10. Passed balls—Tirrell, 1; Marshall, 1. Base on balls—Off Frost, 2; off Stephens, 3. Wild pitch—Stephens. Hit with ball—Abbott, Lapham, Jester, G. Tirrell. Time—1:40. Umpire—Tindill.

How the Teams Stand in the Race.

There have been nine games played so far in the tournament. The race now is between the Universities of Virginia and Vermont, Yale and Amherst. The game Saturday is between Vermont and Amherst, and if Vermont wins it, as it is thought it will, it will doubtless be Virginia's strongest opponent in the race. The standing of the teams to date is as follows:

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Standing.
Virginia............	4	4	0	1.000
Vermont............	1	1	0	1.000
Amherst............	1	1	0	1.000
Illinois.............	3	1	2	.333
Wisconsin..........	3	1	2	.333
Yale................	1	0	1	.000
Wesleyan...........	2	0	2	.000
Vanderbilt..........	2	0	2	.000

Southern League Games.

Montgomery, 4; New Orleans, 2.
Chattanooga, 8; Atlanta, 3.
Memphis, 9; Nashville, 8.
Augusta, 4; Charleston, 4.
Birmingham, 8; Mobile, 5.

Eastern Association Games.

Buffalo, 13; Providence, 6.
Erie, 8; Springfield, 2.
Troy, 10; Wilkesbarre, 5.
Albany, 17; Binghamton, 3.

Baseball Notes.

Stafford, the new outfielder secured by N w York, is also a pitcher.

Burns, Griffin, Stein, and Lovett of the Brooklyn team are suffering from severe injuries.

Shugart is playing a great game at short for St. Louis. He claims that he couldn't play good ball for Pittsburg.

Three triple plays have been made by league clubs this season. Pittsburg, Brooklyn, and Baltimore made them.

Philadelphia and Chicago play again this afternoon at the West Side park. The batteries will be Keefe and Clements and Mauck and Schriver.

Pitcher Chamberlain of the Cincinnatis is accused of throwing Tuesday's game to the Philadelphia team in the interest of Cincinnati gamblers.

Director Conant of the Boston club, who saw yesterday's game from the grand stand, pronounced Umpire Lynch's work the poorest he had seen him do.

There is a division of Metropolitan baseball cranks anxious to saddle John Ward with the failure of the alleged Giants, and calling for his reduction to the ranks, vice C. H. Byrne of Brooklyn.

Reception for a Victorious Ball Team.

The Evanston Township High School gave a reception last evening in honor of the High School's victory over the other teams of the Cook County High School League. Frank White, President of the league, presented the banner, and W. O. Powers, Captain of the Evanston team, received it. Prof. Boltwood made an address, commending the team for its efficient work.

Bicycle to Mount Steep Slopes.

NEW YORK, July 6.—[Special.]—By means of what is called a "climbing attachment" a bicycle has surmounted the steep slope of the Dorsher Hill with little exertion on the part of its rider, who then descended the declivity without a brake. The belt which goes to a 32-inch wheel is like one on an ordinary bicycle, the practical circumference of a 64-inch wheel, and passes around a small wheel called the sprocket. The inner circumference of this sprocket is cogged just as is the outer circumference. Within the inner circumference and about the main shaft of the sprocket another circumference of teeth or cogs is set, while between these two cogged circumferences within the sprocket are set small disks, also cogged. Thus, when the belt sets the sprocket in motion by passing over and around its exterior circumference the inner cogs impart the motion to the intermediate disks, which in turn move the cogged circumference of the main shaft.

Sculling from Rhode Island to Chicago.

TOLEDO, July 6.—After five weeks of sculling, over a distance of 1,200 miles, F. G. Appley of the Pawtucket, R. I., Boat club, reached Toledo today on his way to Chicago, which he will reach by lake, hugging the shore all the way. His shell is of aluminum, the first ever made. It weighs twenty-eight pounds and is but one-sixty-fourth of an inch in thickness.

Telegraphic Notes of Sport.

TOLEDO, O., July 6.—[Special.]—A. A. Zimmerman telegraphed today that he would be in Toledo for Friday's races. John S. Johnson is here. Tomorrow Johnson meets Zimmerman and Sanger.

NEW YORK, July 6.—[Special.]—The sale of the Manhattan Athletic club house, which was announced to take place today under a decree of foreclosure, was again adjourned, this time until July 20.

NEW YORK, July 6.—[Special.]—Clarence Hobart this afternoon won the first prize in the Tuxedo tournament, and Saturday will meet Edward L. Hall to decide which is to possess the championship silver cup.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 6.—[Special.]—J. S. Coxey has sold to Thomas J. Carson, Natchez Miss., his famous Dixiana farm, consisting of 250 acres of fine blue grass land. Price, $25,250. The farm will be used as a thoroughbred breeding establishment, Mr. Coxey shipping all his trotters to Massillon, O.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 6.—Eli Marks, the best known gambler who ever hailed from Louisville, is reported to be dying. He is now at the house of a friend twenty miles from the city, on the river road. He is too feeble to walk and hopes of his recovery have been abandoned. He is said to be the squarest man who ever dealt a card.

MUNCIE, Ind., July 6.—[Special.]—A prize fight of short duration occurred here early this morning, the participants being Kid McCoy, who claims the Indiana lightweight championship, and Charles McCarthy, a middle weight. McCarthy was knocked out in the third round. The fight was for a purse of $250 and a side bet of $200.

CINCINNATI, O., July 6.—[Special.]—The complications regarding Pitcher Tom Parrott continue. At present Parrott is with no club at all. He was dropped from the Chicago pay-roll July 1, and does not intend to report with Cincinnati until he receives special instructions from President Young to do so. Parrott has written to Young and is now in Chicago awaiting an answer to his letters. Regarding Chamberlain Comiskey said he had taken no action.

Neuralgic headaches promptly cured by Bromo-Seltzer—trial bottle 10 cts.

PIXLEY'S FAST RACE.

BUDD DOBLE'S REVIVED MARE WINS AT INDIANAPOLIS.

A Day of Great Speed and Surprises—Erratic Walter E. Distanced—Sunset Dies in a Race—Converted Boone Wilson Paces Fast and Wins—Prince Wood and Blairwood Take the Other Events—Harness Races at Belmont Park, Minneapolis, Columbus, and Monmouth.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 6.—[Special.]—A card of exciting races attracted 5,000 to the fair grounds today. The track was fast and the mercury stood at 106° in the sun. Starter Frank Walker was in a street car wreck on the way and was reported killed at first, but was pulled out of the wreck with nothing worse than a severely mashed leg and some bad bruises, in spite of which he officiated in the stand after the second race.

In the second heat of the 2:17 pacing race the horse Sunset, who got a mark of 2:15¾ at Rushville last week, fell dead within two lengths of the wire. Driver Picket was thrown twenty feet against the fence. Boone Wilson, who changed from a trotting gait last season, got a mark of 2:13 in the first heat.

Prince Wood, a son of Princess, took the 2:28 class trotting race in straight heats from the favorite, Octo, winning the first heat in 2:18¼.

The most interesting event of the day was the special between Anderson's Nightingale, 2:13½; Elko, 2:17; Pixley, 2:16; and Walter E., 2:11¾. Budd Doble's assistant, John Dickerson, drove Pixley. The Jay Gould mare has not been in a race since 1891 and broke in every heat, but came swift as a bird in the stretch and won all save the second heat. Nightingale was favorite. Walter E., who took his Rushville role in 2:12¾, laid up the first heat, won the second, and then lost a shoe and was distanced in the third. The first heat was won in 2:14½ and the next three in 2:14¾. The summaries follow:

2:17 class, pacing, purse $500:
Boone Wilson, gr. h., by Jim Wilson (Walker)........1 6 1 1
Atlantic King, blk. h. (Bogart)..........3 1 3 3
Country Girl, b. m. (Winship)...........2 5 2 3
Dolly Brown, br. m. (Jones).............5 2 3 2
Ialine, ch. m. (Campbell)...............4 3 dis.
Ivorine, blk. m. (Shelley)...............6 4 dis.
Sunset, b. s. (Picket)...................7 dis.
Time—2:13; 2:17¾; 2:16¼; 2:17½.

2:28 class, trotting, purse $500:
Prince Wood, blk. h., by Princeps (Spears)....1 1 1
Octo, b. g. (Curry).......................3 2 2
Daisy C., b. m. (Whitney)................2 3 3
Hulbert, b. h. (Landon)...................4 4 4
Time—2:18¼; 2:21¼; 2:24¾.

Special trot, purse $1,500:
Pixley, b. m., by Jay Gould (J. Dickerson)..1 2 1 1
Nightingale, b. m. (Pickett)..............4 3 3 2
Elk, b. m. (Curry)........................2 4 3 3
Walter E., b. g. (Stewart)................3 1 dis.
Time—2:14½; 2:14¾; 2:14¾; 2:14¾.

2:35 class, pacing, purse $500:
Blairwood, blk. h., by Wedgewood (Gilbert).1 2 1 1
Ben Harrison, b. h. (R. C. Blackwell)........4 3 2 2
Effie Powers, b. m. (Hourston)..............2 4 3 3
Kismuth, ch. h. (J. Blackwell)...............3 1 dis
Dispatch, b. h. (Landon)....................6 5 dis
Annie C., b. m. (Patterson)..................5 dis
Kaiser Wilkes, b. g. (Bogart)...............dis
Topsy, b. m. (P. Dickerson).................dis
Time—2:16; 2:19½; 2:19; 2:21.

REBUS, THE FAVORITE, DISTANCED.

He Sells Against the Field at Belmont Park and Aline Wins.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 6.—[Special.]—At the Belmont track today Grayfield, a new purchase of B. F. Kindig, of York, Pa., from Kentucky, won the first race, making a record of 2:19¾. Sid fell in the first heat, owing to Hurlingham running into him. Both horse and driver were unhurt. Pacers outnumbered the trotters five to one in the 2:15 mixed race, Rebus selling first choice at $10 to $25 for the field. Aline was in good shape and led the side-wheelers a merry dance in the first and second heats. The summaries:

2:26 class, trotting, purse $500:
Grayfield, g. g., by Greenfield (Kindig)...........1 1 1
Hattie H., b. m. (Clark).........................3 3 2
Happy Lady, br. m. (Turner)......................2 2 3
Sid, bl. g. (Meredith)............................7 2 4
Hurlingham, blk. h. (Howell).....................4 6 6
Big Four, ch. g. (Commings)......................5 5 5
Highland Lass, br. m.............................6 7 7
Time—2:21½; 2:19¾; 2:21¾.

2:40 class, trotting, purse $500:
Annie Bennett, b. m., by Bayonne Prince (Smith)..1 1 1
Mac D., b. g. (Lester & Trimble)..................2 2 2
Romona, blk. m. (Strickland)......................3 3 3
May Faint, b. m. (Fulmer).........................4 4 4
Forward, b. h. (Achuff)...........................5 dis.
Time—2:26¼; 2:26¼; 2:27¼.

2:15 class, trotting and pacing, purse $500:
Aline, b. m., by Almont (Elliott)..................1 1 2
David Copperfield, blk. g. (Commings)............5 2 1
Puritan, b. g. (Scattergood)........................2 5 3
Hibibi, br. m. (Herrington).........................3 3 4
Rebus, b. g. (Rush).................................4 dis.
Red Davis, c. g. (Roxberry)........................5 dis.
Time—2:18; 2:18¾; 2:16¾; 2:20.

SEVEN HEATS WITHOUT DECISION.

The Free-for-All Pacing Race at Columbus, O., to Continue Today.

COLUMBUS, O., July 6.—[Special.]—Today's races drew 4,000 people to the driving park. The free-for-all trotting was postponed until tomorrow. The summaries:

2:39 class, trotting, purse $500:
Geb, b. h., Penrock.............................1 4 1 1
Jacksonian, s. h., Chaney........................4 1 4 4
Ordinance, b. m., Clayton........................2 2 2 2
Prince Reno, Elmore...............................3 3 3 3
Time—2:20¾; 2:28¼; 2:22; 2:25.

Free for all, pacing, purse $500.
Alvin Swift, b. h., Reynolds.............3 7 2 7 1 1
Cassie, ch. m., Chaffin....................8 1 1 4 4 4
Turco, b. h., Jewett.......................9 2 5 1 2 2
Strong Burr, g. h., Bright.................1 8 dis.
Maud P., c. m., Clayton....................7 8 dis.
Prima Donna, ch. m., Simmens..............5 4 3 3 3
Fanny L., b. m., Warner....................4 5 8 8 5
Hostler, b. g., Grimes.....................6 6 6 5 6
Blonde, ch. g., Caton.......................2 9 6 5 4
Time—2:12½; 2:13¾; 2:13; 2:14; 2:17½; 2:24.

2:27 class, trotting, purse $500.
Silver Star, blk. g., Branagan...................1 1 1
Nyanza, b. h., Kitcham..........................2 2 2
Dauntless, ch. g., Trader........................3 3 3
Lazelle, b. m., Fuller............................4 4 4
Fred H., g. g., McAdams..........................5 5 5
Sutherland, b. h., Elmore.........................6 6 6
Time—2:19¼; 2:19¾; 2:17.

GOOD PACING TIME AT MONMOUTH.

Guy and Wisconsin King Go, the Former Making the Mile in 2:10.

MONMOUTH, Ill., July 6.—[Special.]—Three thousand people witnessed the races at the Monmouth Driving Park today, the principal card being the special pacing race for $1,500 to beat the track record of 2:09¾. Guy and Wisconsin King paced, the former making the mile in 2:10. The summary:

2:30 class, trotting, purse $500:
Lady Robert......................................2 1 1 1
Mary...1 2 2 2
Wayside..3 3 3 3
Emily..4 4 4 4
Miss Redmon.....................................5 5 5 5
Idelweiss..6 6 6 6
Daisy..7 7 7 7
Count von Moltke................................8 8 8 8
Zuleka...9 9 9 9
Time—2:20¾; 2:20¾; 2:22¾.

Free-for-all trotting, purse $500:
Phoebe Wilkes, by Hambletonian Wilkes......1 1 1
Vertio...2 2 2
Lady June.......................................3 3 3
Lycurgus..4 4 4
Minnie P..5 5 dr
Time—2:17; 2:16½; 2:18½.

2:35 class, pacing, purse $500:
Woodshed, by J. A. Shed.........................1 1 1
Keswick..2 2 2
Zeal..3 3 3
Idolator..4 4 4
Gear Brue..5 5 5
Dick Wilkes......................................6 6 6
Altona..7 7 7
Rochelle Star....................................8 8 dis.
Sagna..dis.
Foxie B..dis.
Time—2:18¾; 2:18¼.

RAIN INTERFERES WITH THE RACES.

Only Two Are Trotted at Minneapolis—E. T. H. and Fairhaven Win.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 6.—[Special.]—Owing to the rain only two of the three races scheduled at the Minnehaha Driving Park were trotted. Greenleaf, 2:10¼, J. C. Oswald's fast speeder, trotted an exhibition mile. He was entered in the free-for-all race, but this race did not fill. The summaries:

2:24 stake, trotting, purse $1,000:
E. T. H., b. g., by Victor von Bismarck, V. L. Shuler......................................1 1 1
Hiatoga Chief....................................2 2 2
Abbadonne.......................................3 3 3
Billie Gaines......................................4 4 4
Greenbush Star...................................5 5 5
Chester Allen.....................................6 6 6
Little Mike.......................................7 7 dis
Nine Densmore...................................dis
Time—2:22¼; 2:22; 2:23¼; 2:23¾.

2:40 class, trotting, purse $500:
Fairhaven, br. h., by Wilton, A. Colony......1 1 1
Dan Neville.......................................2 2 2
Guido..3 3 3
Maestro..4 4 4
Agnes H..5 5 5
Jerry W..6 6 6
Lillie Rysdyk.....................................7 7 7
Time—2:28; 2:25¾; 2:27¾; 2:27.

ACCUSE REAGAN OF PULLING.

The Old Jordan Stable Owners Say That Ingomar Was Yanked.

It begins to look as though the end of the Old Jordan Stable and Jockey Reagan controversy is not yet reached.

The owners of Ingomar make no bones of declaring that Reagan pulled Ingomar in his race before the Sheridan Stakes and hint darkly that they know where the inspiration for the deed came from.

They say that in that race Reagan's orders were to lie back in the bunch and not make a move until the stretch was reached. Instead of obeying orders Reagan went out and was in front in the stretch, where it is claimed he yanked his mount in behind three horses.

Further than that they claim that Reagan was angry because he was not allowed to ride Ingomar in the Derby, and took his spite out on Ingomar, whom he hit over the head with his whip and lashed severely at the post. No formal charges have been made against Reagan.

RAISE THEIR VOICES.

BUSINESS-MEN DEMAND ALOUD THE SILVER LAW'S REPEAL.

With but Three Negative Votes, the New York Chamber of Commerce Calls for the Effacement of the Purchase Clause—Committee to Go to Washington to Work Against the White Metal People—Banks That Recently Suspended Again Resume Business.

NEW YORK, July 6.—The business-men of the metropolis met today and, looking into one another's faces, considered the financial and commercial situation. The occasion was a gathering of the Chamber of Commerce in response to a call issued by its leading members, who therein declared that "the present disturbed condition of the finances of the country, brought about primarily by the enforced purchase of useless silver bullion and the consequent distrust in the ability of the government to preserve the gold standard, calls for a public expression of opinion by business-men to the remedies to be applied for the restoration of confidence."

Vice-President Orr presided, and as soon as the overflowing chamber had been called to order John Claflin arose in response to the Chairman's question, "What is your pleasure?" and said that they did not need to be told that the strain the business-men were suffering from was a severe one. Many causes, he said, had contributed to the present trouble. Most of them would right themselves in the natural course of business, but there was one chief cause which was not included in that category, and that was the silver purchasing clause of the Sherman law. [Applause.] It had caused distrust abroad and weakened us while it strengthened Europe. He did not see how any sensible man could oppose the repeal of that law, the wiping it off of our statute book. Any laws that might take its place should only be enacted after wise and lengthy deliberation.

Resolutions for Repeal.

Mr. Claflin concluded by offering for adoption the following:

WHEREAS, This country has often suffered greatly by reason of hasty and ill-advised legislation; and

WHEREAS, It is now suffering from the effects of the silver purchasing clause of the Sherman act, which, by creating distrust as to the interchangeability of our currency based on silver with our currency based on gold, has caused widespread alarm and has almost created a commercial panic; and

WHEREAS, In consequence of this alarm money is withdrawn from circulation, business is greatly depressed, many mills and manufactories are closing or preparing to close, and thousands of laboring men are about to be thrown out of employment; and

WHEREAS, Business enterprises will not be resumed or labor be steadily employed until money can be obtained by manufacturers and by merchants at moderate rates; and

WHEREAS, Ordinary interest rates cannot be expected until confidence in the stability of all the money of the country shall be thoroughly reëstablished, so that the lender may not fear repayment in dollars less valuable than those he lends; now be it

Resolved, That the repeal of the silver purchasing clause of the Sherman act, which month by month renders increasingly difficult the maintenance of the parity of each dollar with every other dollar, is essential to the prompt restoration of national prosperity. This chamber, therefore, urges the speedy and unconditional repeal of such silver purchasing clause.

Resolved, That in the judgment of this chamber a representative commission should be appointed by Congress at the special session about to convene, which commission should diligently study the whole body of coinage and currency laws of the United States and of other countries, and report at the regular session of Congress, to the end that a comprehensive plan for a safe and elastic currency may be carefully matured in the light of the world's experience.

Mr. Windmuller Favors the Plan.

Louis Windmuller seconded the resolutions and offered an amendment providing for a committee of seven, who should, with other like bodies, go to Washington and work for the repeal of the Sherman silver law. In support of his amendment Mr. Windmuller said:

Congress must respect our wishes. New York merchants pay a large part of the revenue of this country, while its finances are controlled by our bankers. But let us not rely on our prestige or that of other commercial bodies. If we want help we must help ourselves. We have heard of the activity of the silver men. They are making every effort for a continuance of the present law or for free silver coinage. They are raising funds to influence legislation and have called a "national" convention to their assistance. We must not be idle while they are so aggressive. The issuance of clearing-house certificates has demonstrated that a flexible currency controlled by bankers is desirable. But we have a circulation of $7 per capita more here than they have in England, where interest is 2 per cent while it is 10 per cent per annum here. We need only confidence in the currency which we have already and that can only be reëstablished by the unconditional repeal of the silver purchase act.

Mr. Windmuller's amendment was accepted as an addition to the original resolution.

A. Foster Higgins said he disagreed with Mr. Claflin as to the cause of the financial disturbance, but at the same time he personally had no objection to the repeal of the Sherman silver purchase law. He admitted that there seemed to be a very general opinion that the Sherman law was responsible for all our troubles. After quoting from the report of a British Royal Commissioner he contended that every step that had been taken in the direction of a monometallic basis had retarded the progress and prosperity of the world. There was not enough gold in the world, Mr. Higgins said, to supply the money of the world.

Claflin Wins Applause.

Mr. Claflin replied to Mr. Higgins. He regretted as much as Mr. Higgins that silver should be demonetized, but it would be an extremely dangerous and foolish thing for this country to attempt to maintain silver as money against the whole world. We should join with the rest of the world in the struggle for gold. [Applause.] Unfortunately, however, the course of this country had made it much easier for other countries to get gold while we were losing it. The thing for this country to do, if Mr. Higgins was right, was to bring all the gold we could into this country and show Europe that it couldn't do without silver. That would be the best way to remonetize silver throughout the world. But just so long as the Sherman law remained on the statute books so long would this want of confidence and this disturbed condition continue. Mr. Claflin reminded Mr. Higgins that when this country resumed specie payments it was not in the depths of financial distress, but that the country was in an exceptionally good condition. "In fact," he added, amid loud applause, "I should be glad to see two such years again in business as we had in 1879 and 1880."

William P. St. John, President of the Commercial National Bank, said he was glad for once to be in unison with the Chamber of Commerce. He agreed with them that the thing to do was to repeal the Sherman silver law and stop buying silver. [Applause.] In consideration of that he begged them to give him kindly attention. The trouble with the Sherman silver law, Mr. St. John said, was that it had not been properly administered, but that involved a political discussion and he didn't care to go into that.

There were cries of "Question," upon which Mr. St. John sat down and a viva voce vote was taken. The resolutions were declared adopted, the result as announced by the Chairman being "three nays against the whole chamber." The nays were William P. St. John, A. Foster Higgins, and J. B. Colegate.

The Chairman at the close of the meeting appointed the following members as the committee called for by Mr. Windmuller's addition to the resolution: John Claflin, Henry Hertz, Gustav H. Schwab, W. L. Trenholm, Cornelius N. Bliss, J. Edward Simmons, and John Sloane. The chamber then adjourned.

BANKS REOPEN THEIR DOORS.

Two at Los Angeles and One at Spokane Resume Operations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 6.—The Controller of the Currency is informed that the First National Bank of Los Angeles, Cal., and the Southern California Bank of the same place, which suspended recently, will open their doors for business again within a few days.

Controller Eckels is adopting precautions in all cases where suspended banks apply for permission to resume, to make sure that the banks are put on an absolutely sound basis before the request is granted, in order to guard against a second suspension within a short time.

The Controller is informed that the First National Bank of San Diego, Cal., which reopened for business yesterday received deposits to the amount of $25,000 as against withdrawals to the amount of $8,000. This is regarded as an evidence of returning confidence.

The Washington National Bank of Spokane reopened for business this morning.

BUSINESS STAGNANT IN AUSTRALIA.

Unfavorable Reports Brought to San Francisco by the Last Steamer.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 6.—The news brought by the Mariposa today from Australia is of a discouraging tenor. Business is at a standstill. Strikes are imminent and tens of thousands of people are out of work. The unemployed swarm among the docks, seeking a chance to stow away on any vessel bound for the United States. The Mariposa's second cabin and steerage were crowded with men and women who were once well-to-do but who had lost nearly all in the general crash.

One of the relief measures adopted by the Government of New South Wales is the establishment of a State bank, having the sole right of issue of note currency upon a gold and fiduciary basis, in addition to government stock. The government stood by the Bank of New South Wales and paid $319,000 in gold into its Treasury. Proceedings were also taken to restore a large quantity of the gold in the closed Australian Joint Stock Bank to circulation. The shareholders of the Bank of Victoria decided to wind up the bank. The affairs of the Mercantile Bank of Melbourne are reported in a bad way. The Australian Joint Stock Bank is to be reconstituted and nearly all the Queensland banks are getting on their feet again.

TROUBLE FOR MR. LOWRY GOODE.

Attachments Filed Against a Well-Known Des Moines Man.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 6.—[Special.]—This evening Lowry Goode was the victim of fifteen attachments and liens aggregating $89,000. Goode prepared himself for the crash by transferring a large amount of real estate to his father, E. J. Goode. The Des Moines Electric Light company, the Zoo Park company, and Highland Park College are all involved in the matter. Goode confessed judgments aggregating $15,000 to various persons. The whole amount involved will reach $150,000. The principal attachment was placed by John J. Ryman for $43,337. Mr. Goode ten years ago was a poor man. He became editor of the Des Moines *Leader* and from that position stepped into that of a real estate Napoleon. He claims that if he can realize he has $2 for every dollar involved.

STOCK-YARDS COMPANIES FAIL.

Two Concerns Doing Business at Jersey City in Financial Straits.

NEW YORK, July 6.—The New Jersey Sheep and Wool company and the Gansevoort Market Sheep company, corporations under the laws of New Jersey and doing business at the Central Stock-Yards at the foot of Sixth street, Jersey City, failed this morning. The announcement caused some excitement at the stock-yards, as it is feared that the failure will involve many small concerns. The Sheep and Wool company is backed by ex-Congressman James N. Pidcock and J. N. Pidcock Jr. C. Brand of Trenton is President of the company. The liabilities will exceed $500,000. What the assets are is not shown. James N. Pidcock Jr. yesterday sold a large tract of land in Harrison for $5,000.

EXPECTS PURCHASES OF SILVER.

Gen. Warner Believes the India Government Will Soon Begin Buying.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 6.—Gen. A. J. Warner, President of the American Bimetallic League, said today:

We may look for purchases of silver on account of the India Government at any time. In fact, that government has adopted a sort of a Bland law, excepting that it has fixed the ratio at 21½ for converting rupees into silver. If the mints of the West remain closed for any length of time silver will rise as the result of purchases by our government and on account of India. If the gold monometallists insist on a subversion of bimetallism by demonetizing the only metal which can be produced in sufficient quantities to maintain stable relations between money, supply, population, and business; and if they persist in their evident intention to destroy the automatic regulation of money through the mines they need not be surprised at a spontaneous movement to demonetize the other metal and transfer the control of money from the mines to legislation.

JUDGMENT AGAINST GOV. CAMPBELL.

First National Bank of Chicago Files a Claim on Ohio's Former Executive.

NEW YORK, July 6.—[Special.]—Lawyers Peckham & Tyler filed a judgment in the Supreme Court today for $5,000 and $228 costs against ex-Gov. James C. Campbell of Ohio on behalf of the First National Bank of Chicago. Mr. Campbell and his family, it was said at No. 116 West Seventy-ninth street, left the city last week.

[L. J. Gage said last night that the First National Bank held a claim against ex-Gov. Campbell, and that it had been sent forward for collection. He did not know whether judgment had been entered up against the ex-Governor, but thought possibly it had. The transaction, he said, had nothing to do with the Spectatorium.]

Closed by the Attorney-General.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 6.—[Special.]—The Bank of New England assigned today to Judge John P. Rea, the result of a suit brought by the Attorney-General on behalf of the State, asserting that the bank holds a balance of the State funds now on deposit aggregating $81,331.17, which it is unable to pay. The assets are placed at $280,000.

Bank at Odell, Neb., Closed.

BEATRICE, Neb., July 6.—[Special.]—The First Commercial Bank of Odell, this county, was closed this morning by a State bank examiner. No statement. It was a private concern and did a comparatively small business.

Monetary Memoranda.

The Bankers' Association of Missouri, in session at Excelsior Springs yesterday, voted in favor of repeal of the Sherman law.

The condition of the suspended Pacific Bank of San Francisco is officially reported to be: Resources, $2,100,000; liabilities, $1,868,000. The bank will soon resume.

Chairman Taubeneck of the People's party is preparing a call to his Executive committee to meet in Chicago at the time of the convention of the Bimetallic League, to take action on the monetary question.

The run on the Jefferson County Savings Bank at Watertown, N. Y., continued yesterday. All demands were met promptly. The bank has resources of $2,356,222; liabilities, $1,958,607; surplus, $397,615.

Bankers, miners, and merchants of Montana held a silver meeting yesterday at Helena, Marcus Daly presiding. An Executive committee was chosen and given power to select the delegates to the convention in Chicago. At a public meeting at night resolutions against the repeal of the Sherman law were adopted.

Congressman Robert R. Hitt said at Rockford, Ill., yesterday that Cleveland is making urgent appeals to Republican members to be present at the August session and depends on them for votes to repeal the Sherman bill. Mr. Hitt thinks the monetary trouble chiefly results from the uncertainty as to what the Democrats may do in tariff legislation.

BANK OFFICERS ENGAGE IN A DUEL.

Vice-President Page Wounded in an Encounter with the Cashier.

FORT WORTH, Tex., July 6.—[Special.]—The troubles in the Merchants' National Bank reached a tragic climax this morning. Since the bank closed its doors quarrels have occurred between the officers. A. B. Smith, cashier; R. M. Page, Vice-President; A. P. Luckett, President, and Col. R. M. Wynn met in Smith's office today for the purpose of discussing business affairs when a personal difficulty arose between Smith and Page. Both men drew pistols and began firing at each other, seven or eight shots being exchanged. Page was wounded.

Trouble on the O. and M. Feared.

COLUMBUS, Ind., July 6.—[Special.]—The strike of the section men on the Eastern Division of the Ohio and Mississippi railroad continues. The offer of an increase of 10 cents a day has been refused, and trouble is feared.

New Train for Omaha.

The Northwestern line is now running a new train between Chicago and Omaha. This train leaves Chicago daily at 7 p. m., arrives at Council Bluffs 10:20 a. m., Omaha 11:00 a. m., and is equipped with dining cars, with buffet drawing-room sleeping cars, and free reclining chair cars. Ticket offices at 208 Clark street; passenger station corner Wells and Kinzie streets.

Take Bromo-Seltzer for insomnia
Before retiring—trial bottle 10 cts.

WELCOME FROM ROME.

CATHOLIC MAYOR OF MONTREAL TO PROTESTANT ENDEAVORERS.

Senator Des Jardins Stirs the Throngs of Young Christians by the Warmth and Breadth of His Speech—Dr. P. S. Henson of Chicago Responds for the Convention and Gives Carter Harrison of His Own City a Thrust—Dr. Wayland Hoyt and Others Deliver Addresses.

MONTREAL, Que., July 6.—The Christian Endeavor convention got down to business today. When the first meeting was held in the Drill Hall this morning Montreal had an opportunity of fully appreciating the great multitude that has entered the city's gates within the last twenty-four hours. The Drill Hall is a vast structure—a regiment can maneuver with ease on its spacious floor—but it was filled to overflowing.

The vast multitude sang gospel hymns with dash and spirit for half an hour, and then Dr. Clarke arose and led the audience in repeating the 23d psalm, after which the Rev. F. B. Keene of the Protestant Mission, Japan, offered prayer. The Rev. J. A. McKillevray welcomed the convention on behalf of the pastors of Montreal. His address was short. After him came Senator Des Jardins, the Mayor of Montreal, wearing his chain of office. He got a royal welcome from the convention and, after prefacing his remarks by a few words of welcome, he said:

"While I am a Roman Catholic myself, and while Montreal is a Roman Catholic city, that is, the greater portion of its citizens profess that faith, none will extend a heartier welcome than we will." The great crowd cheered the Senator almost into astonishment. "It is not a battle of creeds nowadays," continued the Senator, "but a battle between belief and unbelief," and there was another great outburst of applause.

When Mr. Des Jardins sat down President Clarke called upon the choir to sing "God Save the Queen," the audience joining in and waving their handkerchiefs and American and British flags. As they finished President Clarke shouted "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," and again there was another great outburst of applause which almost stunned the sparrows flying about under the lofty roof. Secretary Budge of the Montreal Y. M. C. A. welcomed the delegates on behalf of the young men of the city.

The third address of welcome came from A. A. Ayer of Montreal, Chairman of the 1893 committee. Laughter and applause were evoked by his remark: "The devil's agents are growing bolder. What means the black heading in the Sunday newspaper? The Sunday was made for Palestine and not for Chicago."

Carter Harrison Gets a Thrust.

The Rev. Dr. S. P. Henson of Chicago replied to the addresses of welcome. Speaking of Mayor Des Jardins' remarks he said that he wished that Montreal could lend him to Chicago for the next four months. They needed him badly enough. That the fame of Carter Harrison has spread over the whole American continent was apparent from the laughter and cheers which came from every corner of the hall.

Dr. Henson's speech was witty and patriotic. He did not think that the time would ever come for annexation, but he did believe the time would come when the proudest thing they could say, English or American, was: "I am a Christian," and the loyalist type of Christian was an Endeavorer. He believed the present convention to be a greater exhibition than that on the shores of Lake Michigan, especially since it had been smirched by the perfidy of a local directorate. Through the Christian Endeavor Society the world was beginning to find out what young blood could do. Dr. Henson did not believe in denominationalism. He did not believe in parceling out the different ways of divine truth, a separate way to each denomination. The forces of evil were massing. It behooved all Christians to do likewise and to forget their differences. The applause was deafening when Dr. Henson finished.

Just as he was finishing the guns of the battery on St. Helen's Island opposite the city began booming out a royal salute of twenty-one guns. President Clarke drew attention to the fact that they were booming for the wedding of the sailor Prince of England and Princess May. He didn't know that Prince George and his bride knew of the manner in which they were celebrating his wedding day, but he thought that they should in some way observe the event. To do this he callled upon Bishop Arnett of Vicksburg, Miss., of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, to offer up prayer, which the Bishop did, the audience then joining in singing impressively "Praise God from whom all blessings flow." The benediction was then pronounced.

Work Among the Juniors.

It was tent against drill hall at the Christian Endeavor convention this afternoon. "Soul Winning" was the subject in the tent, and "The Junior Christian Endeavor Society—Its Past, Its Present, and Its Future," engaged the attention of those in the drill hall. In the latter place Mrs. Alice May Scudder of Jersey City presided and introduced the Rev. J. W. Cowan of Tabor, Ia., whose address was entitled "The First Junior Society—Its Origin and Growth."

The roll-call was followed by the address, "The Possibilities of the Junior Society," by the Rev. Wayland Hoyt of Minneapolis. It was nearly 5 o'clock when "Junior Christian Endeavor in Foreign Lands," an address by Mrs. Frances E. Clarke, the wife of President Clarke, brought the meeting in the drill hall to a close.

While the meetings were being held in the tent and drill hall this afternoon the meeting of the Board of Trustees of the United Society sat in session behind closed doors. Secretary Baer said the membership of the Board of Trustees had been increased by three. They were the Rev. Canon Richardson, London, Ont., representing the Church of England in Canada; the Rev. J. M. Lowden, Boston, representing the Free Baptists of New England; George Lewis Howe of Louisville, representing the Southern Presbyterians. The trustees also decided that the meeting place for 1895 should be San Francisco.

President Clarke's Annual Address.

The Rev. McEwan of New York presided in the hall, while President Clarke spoke substantially as follows:

An old saying has recently been applied with much force to the Christian Endeavor movement—a saying to the effect that every new and successful organization must pass through three stages of development—the "pooh-pooh stage," the "bow-wow stage," and the "hear-hear stage." The society early passed through the "pooh-pooh stage" and survived it. Then the "bow-wow stage" was reached and in basso profundo the critics said: "This is a dangerous movement, outside of the church."

When again these well intentioned but mistaken critics were proved to be in the wrong, some of them joined the ranks of the encouraging "Hear! hear!" army, who through evil report and good report have proclaimed their faith in our principles and plans. Another section of these critics paid the society the compliment of imitating it, and with these plagiarized copies undertook to supplant the orginal. However, these attempts to supplant the society have happily failed; but from still others, who heretofore have been critical or indifferent, has lately come the shrill response, "Adopt my reform"; "Grind my ax"; "And your society may yet do some little good." So the "hear-hear stage" may be said to have ushered in two other developments, the imitative and the "grind my ax" stage. In some respects this last is perhaps the most dangerous of all; but with God's good grace, which has brought the movement through sinners and growlers to popularity and success, we believe it will survive this danger, too.

Should Stick to Its First Love.

It will be a sorry day for the society when it loses its first love, when it is untrue to its first principles, or when it seeks to substitute for the quiet, unobtrusive spiritual work that it has to perform for its own church a more showy and noisy endeavor, which leaves souls unsaved and the work of the church undone.

Endeavorers Not Boycotters.

We have proved for one thing that we are not boycotters whatever ill-natured people may say. There is a color of lawlessness in that word "borrowed" from the bogs of old Ireland. It is not our word, nor does it express our attitude. We protested and petitioned; we did everything we could as individuals and societies to save the Nation from the threatened disgrace; and now we, each one for himself without judging others, will decide what he would have us do in regard to going to the Exposition or staying away from it.

A second suggestion by the President for the year to come was an enlargement and cementing of our interdenominational, international fellowship. The speaker emphasized the fact that the Church predominant in Montreal could join in the Christian Endeavor movement like all others. There were no lines of creed or polity.

In conclusion he said: "Let us still keep for our yearly motto, 'God is our master, even Christ; and all ye are brethren.'"

Secretary Baer next read his annual report. The official enrollment is as follows:

New York State still leads with 2,985 societies, Pennsylvania is a good second with 2,628, Illinois third with 1,822, Ohio fourth with 1,766, and Colorado fifth with 1,186. Massachusetts and Indiana are not far behind. In all there were nearly a thousand societies in foreign lands, making a grand total enrollment for the world of 26,284 local societies, with a membership of 1,577,040. The badge banner for the greatest proportionate increase during the year goes to New Mexico. The greatest absolute increase was in Pennsylvania, being a gain of 799 societies.

After the cheering had subsided the prize banner was awarded. Pennsylvania mustered 600 strong to receive the banner for the greatest absolute gain for one year. New Mexico's delegates received the banner for the greatest proportionate gain in Christian Endeavor membership. Chicago's delegation made their presence known when the announcement was made that 438 junior societies in Illinois entitled them to the retention of this banner for another year. Banners for New York and the District of Columbia were also presented.

INDIANA TOWN NEARLY BURNS DOWN.

Business Portion of Russiaville Destroyed—Fire Near Alliance, O.

KOKOMO, Ind., July 6.—[Special.]—The entire business portion of Russiaville, ten miles west of this city, was destroyed by fire this afternoon, entailing a loss of $40,000 with small insurance. The principal losers are Coffin Bros., dry goods and groceries; Jeter & Dixon, hardware; Eli Crawford, livery; Hodson & Gilliland, buggies; William Eikenberry, buggies. The arrival of the Kokomo Fire department alone saved the entire town from destruction.

ALLIANCE, O., July 6.—[Special.]—The plant of the Fire Furnace Clay company at Salineville, fifteen miles east of here, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss $10,000, partially insured. Congressman Ikert of this district was President of the company and a large stockholder.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

About the Lakes.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 6.—There is a shake-up among Anchor Line Captains. Mason has retired from the China to be succeeded by Christy of the Mahoning, which has been taken by Dwiker from the Wissahickon.

ESCANABA, MICH., July 6.—The steamer Manchester was released from Eleven-Foot Shoal last night after jettisoning 1,000 tons of ore. It is now loading enough ore to trim ship and will sail for Erie. There is no leak aft of the collision bulkheads.

CLEVELAND, O., July 6.—H. D. Coffinberry has disposed of a large part of his interest in the Cleveland Shipbuilding company, with the intention of retiring from active business. He has gone to the seashore for his health. By request he retains the Presidency of the company for the present. James Wallace will act as general manager.

CLEVELAND, O., July 6.—Advices from Washington tonight state that the Canadian Government has given permission to place the light ships in their positions at Lime Kilns crossing in Canadian waters. This ends the controversy over the lighting of this most important channel. Marine men here claim however, that Capt. Mahan had no authority to ask the Canadian Government for permission to place the lights where they are needed, as the point has always been claimed to be on the American side of the line.

Freights and Charters.

Montreal continues far in the lead just now as the principal exporting point in the grain trade. There is said to be a difference of two cents a bushel on corn from Chicago to Liverpool in favor of the St. Lawrence River route as against New York. Buffalo rates held flat at one cent a bushel all around, with no indication of any immediate improvement. Charters: To Kingston—Toltec Miztec, oats; Niko, Folsom, Nelson, Mary B., Mitchell, corn. To Buffalo—Plankinton, corn.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Coal freights quiet. Charters at former rates: Wilbur, H. E. Packer, Chicago, 50 cents; Gilchrist, Milwaukee, 45. Canal freights advanced to 4⅛, wheat to New York. The break beyond Rochester is so far repaired that light boats will pass Wednesday and loaded ones Saturday.

CLEVELAND, O.—Several boats to load at Two Harbors went in at 65 cents today. Other rates unchanged so far as known. Charters: Nahant, ore. Escanaba to Ashtabula, 50 cents; St. Louis, Potomac, Champion, coal, Ashtabula to Portage, 40; Sitka, Hundred Four, Hundred Fifteen, Spokane, Tower, Wallula, Ohio ports to head of Lake Superior, 40; Naples, Duluth, 40; Anne Grover, Amherstburg, 25.

Port List of Chicago.

Arrived—Coal—City of Rome, John F. Eddy, John Shaw, Samoa, Buffalo; David Vance, Erie. Mdse.—Averill, Ogdensburg; Peerless, Duluth; Tuscarora, Buffalo; Schuylkill, Erie. Lumber, etc.—R. C. Wente, Manistee; North Cape, Lake Woolsey; Clara, Marinette; J. H. Prentice, Middlesex, Constitution, Ashland; Huron City, Wenna, Hanaford, Duluth; Light—Plankinton, Milwaukee. Cleared—Grain—Cadillac, Kingston; Plankinton, Commodore, Buffalo; Gov. Smith, Ogdensburg; J. F. Card, Port Huron. Merchandise—City of Traverse, Duluth. Light—Morning Star, Cheboygan; Thomas H. Smith, John Otis, Menominee; R. C. Wente, Manitoulin Island; Annie M. Morse, Alice F. Gill, Northport; Oak Leaf, Maud Bay; Jack Thompson, Point Epouwette; Charley Crawford, Cedarville; Island Belle, Buffalo; George Burnham, Milwaukee.

Vessel Movements.

SANDUSKA, O.—Cleared—103, Duluth.

TOLEDO, O.—Cleared—Coal: Hawgood, Avery, 134, Duluth.

GREEN BAY, WIS.—Cleared—C. H. Johnson, Buffalo.

MANITOWOC, WIS.—Arrived—Fassett, Runnell. Departed—Maxwell, Fontana, Escanaba.

ASHLAND, WIS.—Cleared—Fisk, Chicago; Ford, Buffalo; Wade, Lockwood, Lake Erie ports.

MENOMINEE, MICH.—Arrived—Grand Traverse. Cleared—Pringle, Sweetheart, Harrison, Exile, Buffalo.

ERIE, PA.—Arrived—Marion, Davidson. Cleared—Baldwin, Col. Cook, Marblehead, Pathfinder, Duluth; Armour, Chicago.

STURGEON BAY, WIS.—Down—Reid, Parks, Martin, Foster, Perrett and consorts. Up—Woods, Hickox, Soper, Jones, Neff, America.

MARQUETTE, MICH.—Arrived—Kershaw, Moonlight, Ironton. Cleared—Eddy, Forest City, Ashtabula; McGregor, Joliet, Cleveland.

ESCANABA, MICH.—Arrived—O'Neill, Marshall, Maxwell, Tilden, Kaliyuga, Fontana, Nahant. Sailed—Manchester, Progress, Erie; Roman, Ashtabula.

WELLAND CANAL—Down—Passed Port Colborne—Argonaut, James, Alcona, Alta, Erin, Maggie. Up—Passed Port Dalhousie—Pueblo, Columbia, S. H. Foster, Chicago; Quito, Buffalo.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Pasadena, Wallula. Cleared—Pathfinder, Louisiana, Duluth; Bradley and consorts, St. Louis, Champion, Potomac, Lake Linden; Marina, Two Harbors; Corsica, Corona, Escanaba; Vega, Saxon, Gladstone.

CLEVELAND, O.—Cleared—Coal: Hopkins, Rossport; Ed Kelly, Heron Bay; Planet, Marquette; Donaldson, Houghton; Alice B. Morris, Genoa, Green Bay, Stone: Sheriffs, Duluth. Light: Hiawatha, B. W. Parker, 102, Duluth; Matoa, Two Harbors; Grace Holland, Marquette.

DULUTH, MINN.—Arrived—Spinner, Shawnee, Godfrey, Northern Wave, Colgate, Gratwick, No. 1, Wheeler, Ashland, Fisk, Glasgow, Dundee, Paisley. Cleared—Mecosta, Craig, Chisholm, St. Lawrence, Two Harbors; Williams, Ashland; Mabel Wilson, wheat; Idaho, Philadelphia, flour, Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Chicago, Buffalo, North Star, Sarenac, Pabst, Britannic, G. J. Boyce, Alaska, Frank Nance, Doty, Fairbank. Cleared—Mdse.—Albany, Conestoga, Tioga, Chicago; China, Portage, Duluth; Stevens, Superior. Coal—Wolf, Frank Vance, Buttironi, Milwaukee; Parnell, Wyoming, Chicago; Butman, Carpenter, Racine; 111, Superior; Arnold, Uganda, Duluth; Robert, Portage.

MACKINAW CITY, MICH.—Down—Seattle, 12:30 last night; Andaste, 5 a. m.; Rhodes, 5:15; Washburn, 11; Florida, noon; Porter and consorts, 2:30 p. m.; Roman, 3:40; Mary Boyce, 6:30. Up—Runnells, 9 last night; Coffinberry and consort, 9:40; Maytham, 11; Milwaukee, 2 a. m.; Hudson, 6; Cayuga, 7; Roumania and consorts, 8:50; Manola, 11:20; McVittie, noon; Taber, 1:20 p. m.; De Wolf, Gifford, Kate Winslow, Scranton, 3; Peerless (yacht), 5. Up—James Pickands, 7:20; Felicitous, Mead, 7:30. Calm; clear.

PORT HURON, MICH.—Up—Gilbert, 3:30 a. m.; Osceola, 6:30; Quinby, 7; Fessenden, 9:10; German, 9:20; Castalia, 11; Briton, 11; Griffin, 11:20; Saginaw Valley, 12:10 p. m.; Cambria, 1:10; Hurlbut, Clint, 2; Genoa, Comstock, 3:50. Down—Wetmore, Brunette, 10:10 a. m.; Nyanza, 11:30; Richards, Kent, Waverly, 11:40; Campbell, 12:30 p. m.; Brazil, 1. Up—Owego, 6; Lansing, 6:10; Specular, Magnetic, 6:30; White Star, 6:40; Helena, 8:50; Mystic, 9. Down—Dyer, 9; Clinton, barges, 9:10. Arrived—Weston, barges. Wind south, light.

SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH.—Up—Pressley, Redington, 7:30 last night; Kershaw, Ironton, Sage, 10; Paris, 11; Charles Eddy, 12:30 a. m.; Marigold, Venice, 8:30; Palmer, 10; Germanic, Ward, Hutchinson, noon. Down—Missoula, 8 last night; Manitoba, Manola, 9; Oscoda, Corning, King, 10:30; Yakima, Hundred Thirty-three, midnight; Masaba, 1 a. m.; James Pickands, 4; Manitou, 9; Wadena, 11; Panther, Massasoit, 12:30 p. m.; Blanchard, 1:30; Wawatam, 3; Cherokee, Chippewa, 4. Up—Ranney, Hundred Sixteen, 6:30; Hope, Fitzpatrick, 8.

DETROIT, MICH.—Up—Owego, 1 p. m.; Egyptian, Law, 1:10; Helena, No. 129, 1:30; Parks Foster, 5:30. Down—Moran, 10:30 last night; Superior, Sandusky, Quayle, 1:20 a. m.; Wissahickon, 3:40; Wilson, Manitowoc, 4; Clarion, 6; Harlem, 7:50; Maruba, 6:20; Seneca, 8:30; Chemung, 8:40; Susquehanna, 11:20; Denver, 11:30; Harper, Rochester, Fostoria, 1:20 p. m.; J. Lockwood, 2; Fey, Rhodes, 2:40; Gratwick No. 2, 3:40; Boston, 4; Nyanza, 5:50; Waverly, 6. Up—Sanilac, 7; Avery, Hawgood, 7:40; Swallow, Dacotah, 8:40; Lackawanna, 9:40. Down—Brazil, 6:10; Toledo, Potts, Keweenaw, 6:40; Campbell, 7; Richards, Kent, Wetmore, Brunette, 7:30; Carpenter, barges, 10.

When Traveling,

Whether on pleasure bent or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver, and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches, and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only.

$1.50 to Milwaukee and Return

Next Sunday. Steamer City of Milwaukee will leave from Rush and North Water streets at 8 a. m. and return at 10 p. m. to Van Buren street.

When the head feels dull and heavy, the skin appears sallow and greasy, and the stomach refuses food take Carter's Little Liver Pills. Don't forget this.

Curry's Yellowstone Park excursion rates very low. Inquire forenoons at No. 191 S. Clark-st.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

E. & W. "Octa," "SHATTEMUC," E. & W. Either style if you wear a low collar.

ST. LOUIS IN ILL LUCK.

ITS PASTIMES ARE BADLY BEATEN BY THE WANDERERS.

Indications That the Team Must Return Home Without a Single Game to Its Credit—Its Next Competitors Are St. George and Pullman—Result of the Trap Shooting at St. Louis—Cyclist Wheeler Continues to Win Prizes in the East—General Sporting.

The St. Louis cricketers sank deeper into the mire of defeat yesterday, being beaten by the Wanderers by an inning and twenty-two runs. It would now look as though they will return home without a single victory to their credit, for St. George and Pullman, whom they meet next, are both playing strongly. The game was played at Thirty-ninth street and Wentworth avenue. St. Louis went to bat, but fared badly, Cameron's inning being the only redeeming feature. The bowling of Giffkins and Kelly was too much for them, and all were out for 37. The home team made 102, the innings being remarkable for the easy downfall of some of the best batsmen.

Pugh's inning of 50 not out was a masterly exhibition, containing but one chance. St. Louis did a trifle better at their second attempt, though six of the side did not score. Price redeemed the failure of his companions and notched 27 in good form. The last wicket fell just at the call of time, leaving the home team winners. The score:

FIRST INNING—WANDERERS.

W. Keenan, c. Pither, b. Irish	12
Dr. T. Fisher, c. Irish, b. Pither	13
T. Pugh, not out	50
F. F. Kelly, c. and b. Pither	4
C. J. Giffkins, c. Price, b. Irish	1
C. Herbert, b. Pither	1
C. L. Shaw, b. Pither	3
T. S. Quincy, b. Pither	4
J. M. Whitlaw, b. Clinch	1
C. G. Roberts, b. Clinch	0
E. J. Snilmot, b. Clinch	5
Extras	8
Total	102

FIRST INNINGS—ST. LOUIS.

A. T. Cameron, c. and b. Giffkins	12
J. B. Pither, run out	3
J. W. Wilson, c. Kelly, b. Giffkins	0
H. Farrington, b. Kelly	0
W. J. Price, b. Kelly	3
F. Clinch, b. Giffkins	0
C. Irish, not out	8
T. Dix, c. Giffkins, b. Kelly	7
W. McCreery, b. Giffkins	0
J. D. Grant, b. Giffkins	0
H. Eccles, run out	0
Extras	4
Total	37

In its second inning St. Louis scored as follows: A. T. Cameron, 0; Pither, 0; Irish, 3; Wilson, 0; Price, 27; Clinch, 0; Dix, 0; Farrington, 5; Eccles, 0; McCreery, 4; Grant, 0; extras, 4. Total, 43.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

First inning St. Louis.	Balls.	Mds.	Wkts.	Runs.
Shaw	12	2	0	0
Wright	12	0	0	4
Giffkins	48	2	5	16
Kelly	45	3	3	15
Second inning St. Louis.				
Whitlaw	66	7	2	8
Keenan	42	3	4	6
Giffkins	44	2	2	22
Kelly	12	2	1	3
Wanderers.				
Pither	102	6	5	32
Dix	20	0	0	17
Grant	24	1	0	18
Irish	30	1	2	12
Clinch	24	1	3	14

Today the St. Louis cricketers play at Fullerton avenue against the St. George Cricket club, beginning at 11:30 o'clock.

TRAP SHOOTING AT ST. LOUIS.

Result of Yesterday's Contests—Those in Attendance.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 6.—[Special.]—The first day of the Manufacturers' Trap Shooting Association contest commenced this morning. The visiting shooters were: J. A. R. Elliott of Kansas City, Mo.; Charles Strawn of Jacksonville, Ill.; C. C. Edward of Bowling, Mo.; J. J. Peay of Bowling, Mo.; Dr. J. Knowlton of New York City; Charles Spencer of Bunker Hill, Ill.; Dr. E. L. Spencer of Bunker Hill, Ill.; Cosby of Kansas City, Mo.; E. Crosby of Ofallon, Ill., and A. Class of Springfield, Mo. The results:

Ten singles—Bradley, Prendergast, Elliott, and Class first with 10.

Ten singles—Harris and Kling first with 10.

Fifteen singles, with unknown angles and traps—Bradley and Fink first with 13. Second shoot, ten singles—Harris and Kling first with 10. Unknown angles and traps, shoot three, 15 singles—Bradley and Fink first with 13.

Five pairs—E. Prendergast and Fink first, with 8.

Singles—Fink, Gimble, Siemenski, and J. Prendergast first, with 10.

Fifteen singles, unknown trap and angles—Bradley and Class first, with 13.

Five pairs—E. Prendergast and Fink first, with 8.

Ten singles—Fink, Gimble, Siemenski, Cosby, and J. Prendergast first, with ten.

Fifteen singles, unknown traps and angles—Bradley and Class first, with 13.

WHEELER STILL WINNING PRIZES.

He Takes $200 at the Brooklyn Branch Meet Yesterday.

NEW YORK, July 6.—The Brooklyn branch of the National Cycling Association of America inaugurated its professional season at Eastern Park today. H. C. Wheeler of Orange, N. J., who won the first prize in all the events he competed for July 3 and 4, was today a starter in every event and won $200 in prizes. In the second race P. J. Berlo of Boston and C. W. Dorntge Buffalo came into collision at the lower end of the track and both men and their wheels were thrown over an embankment. Neither, however, was badly hurt. The summary:

Quarter mile, scratch, best two in three heats, purse $150, of which $75 to winner, $35 to second, $25 to third, and $15 to fourth—First heat won by H. C. Wheeler, Orange, N. J.; second, P. J. Berlo, Boston; third, C. E. Kluge, Jersey City; fourth, C. W. Dorntge, Buffalo. Time, :32 56-60. Second and final heat won by H. C. Wheeler, with P. J. Berlo second, H. G. Crocker third, and C. E. Kluge fourth. Time, :34¼.

Half-mile handicap, purse $150, of which $75 to first, $30 to second, $25 to third, $20 to fourth—Won by H. G. Crocker, Newton, Mass., 70 yards; C. J. Apprel, Rochester, 65 yards, second; H. C. Wheeler, scratch, third; C. O. Ashinger, New York, 85 yards, fourth. Time, 1:10 17-60.

Two-mile scratch, best two in three heats, purse $200, of which $100 to first, $50 to second, $30 to third, $20 to fourth—First heat won by H. C. Wheeler with P. J. Berlo second, C. W. Dortnge (Buffalo) third, H. G. Crocker fourth. Time, 5:38. Second and final heat won by H. C. Wheeler, with C. W. Dortnge second, P. J. Berlo third, and H. G. Crocker fourth. Time, 5:43 38-60.

Five mile handicap, purse $200, of which $100 to first, $50 to second, $30 to third, and $20 to fourth—Won by C. W. Dorntge, 250 yards; C. O. Ashinger, New York, 700 yards, second; P. J. Berlo, 150 yards, third; and Frank Albert, New York, 700 yards, fourth.

The Pilgrim's New Mast Stepped.

BOSTON, Mass., July 6.—Tuesday afternoon the mast of the Pilgrim, the Stewart & Binney syndicate cup defender, was successfully stepped. The Pilgrim should have her trial trip next Saturday if all shall go well.

An examination of the Pilgrim can result in but one opinion—that she will be a wonderfully fast boat. Forward she has lines remarkably like those of the Navahoe, with a total absence of any shoulders, and her afterbody is as fine as the forebody. Though she has a small sail area she has less body to drive through the water. Her mast is set well aft and she has a very short bowsprit, which was put in place Monday. Many contrivances for ease in handling have been incorporated in the plan. For instance, her halyards will lead down through the deck, so that when her lower sails are up the coils of rope will not be in the way. With her racing hatches on and everything clear her deck will be almost as free for working the boat as a ballroom floor.

After the mast was stepped the Pilgrim was towed back to Constitution wharf, where she will remain until the riggers are through with their work.

Chicago Fly-Casters at Work.

Members of the Chicago Fly-Casting club met at Washington Park yesterday afternoon. On account of the stiff breeze which was blowing the records were not as good as usual. The club is arranging for a national contest to take place in this city some time in August. Prominent fishermen from all parts of the country are expected to be present and contest for gold medals. Elmer E. Wilkinson made the best record at long-distance casting yesterday, the distance being 70⅔ feet. Following are the others' scores. B. W. Goodsell, 70 feet; George Strell, 63 feet; W. E. Davidson, 64⅓ feet.

The best percentage at accuracy and long-distance casting was made by W. E. Davidson. His percentage was 79⅓. The club will meet next Thursday at the same place.

Smith and Griffin in Shape.

Griffin and Smith are almost at evens in the betting for their fight Monday night. The talent is almost equally divided. Griffin is within a half pound of weight, while Smith is down to 118 pounds and will take on some flesh from this on.

General Turf Notes.

After his last race and defeat Lamplighter nearly bit off John Huggins' finger. As it was he crushed the first joint.

The Pastime Stable, which threatened to be so formidable with King Lee and Quiver, has been dissolved for the season. Quiver has been sent to Saratoga.

The *Spirit's* expert gravely discusses large fields of horses as things of the past. If prejudiced metropolitan eyes could peer into the West some sad errors would be avoided.

Nancy Hanks is gradually coming to her speed. She recently trotted a mile in 2:26 and a quarter in :31½. At the same track, Terre Haute, Miss Alice went a mile in 2:19¼ and a half in 1:08¼.

Before sailing for England last Monday with Jockey Mansur and Strathrose Trainer Sweeper told the New York reporters that Assistant Starter Speakman had knocked out the English colt's eye with his whip thong. This is false. Strathrose left the post in the American Derby with two good eyes.

From present indications the pony races which will be given by the Washington Park club of Chicago July 14 and 17 are likely to draw a considerable number of entries from this neighborhood and to furnish some excellent sport, as only the best in their classes will be sent to the World's Fair city. Among those that will probably be represented are the Messrs. Barnard, Arthur White, J. B. Wood, W. C. Hayes, Fred Gebhard, and the Tamalamah Stable. Others may be added to this list later and it is not unlikely that some of the Philadelphia and Boston followers of amateur sport may decide to enter for the rich purses and stakes which are offered by the Washington Park club. The innovation promises to be a success.—*Spirit.*

SOUGHT TRAITORS AMONG THE SOLDIERS

Conclusive Evidence Against the Hawaiian Conspirators—Spreckels Still at Honolulu.

HONOLULU, June 29, via San Francisco, Cal., July 6 (per steamer Mariposa).—The developments yesterday in the conspiracy case were quite sensational. The preliminary examination of Crick, Walker, and Sinclair went on, and as each successive witness was examined the stronger the government's case appeared to be. Simon von Topaz, a soldier in the provisional army, testified that Walker had approached him on several occasions and after predicting the return of the Queen to power, offered him a position in the customhouse as soon as the old order of things was restored if he (Von Topaz) would give him a list of the soldiers who would turn traitors. Walker said he could easily overthrow the provisional government as he had 1,000 armed men, and told Von Topaz to advise his company to lay down their arms in case of trouble. Walker assured the witness the royalists had good backers in the persons of Claus Spreckels and James Campbell.

A. S. Prescott, a member of Von Topaz's company, testified that he had also been approached by Walker. Prescott corroborated Von Topaz's testimony and further said Walker had told him Claus Spreckels was to assist by giving the Royalists $1,000,000 and James Campbell $500,000. Walker said that he had a battery connected with the Government Building and could blow it up. Some of the royalists' fighters were concealed about the Queen's premises and others were out drilling. The assault on the Government was to be made if the decision of the United States was against the royalists. Both Von Topaz and Prescott were told they would be shot by members of a secret society if they divulged the plans of the royalists.

It is not believed Spreckels entered into the conspiracy, but that Walker used his name in order to influence the soldiers to turn traitors. While the sugar king openly fought against annexation, he is believed to be too shrewd to join with men like those on trial. Claus Spreckels at the last moment decided not to return to San Francisco, and only his son Rudolph and Mrs. Spreckels and Miss Spreckels sailed on the Mariposa today.

JAMES WILDE JR. & CO.

Basement Department—
Inventory Sale—

Already our Basement has earned a reputation as THE place for extraordinary low prices on *meritorious* clothing. Today we add a few more hundreds of Men's Suits and Trousers—mostly broken lots—from one to ten in a lot. Much of this clothing will be sold at *less than half price*—all of it at much less than value.

THIS SALE CONTINUES UNTIL STOCK-TAKING, JULY 15, BUT THOSE MAKING EARLY SELECTION NATURALLY GET THE PICK.

MEN'S SUITS, worth $25——Now $12.50, $15.00, $18.00
MEN'S SUITS, worth $20——Now $10.00, $12.00, $15.00
MEN'S SUITS, worth $18——Now $9.00, $10.00, $12.00
MEN'S SUITS, worth $15——Now $7.50, $8.00, $10.00
CUTAWAY FROCKS—S. B. and D. B. SACKS.

We have accumulated an unusual number of large sizes—40 to 44—they will be included in this sale. Big men please note.

MEN'S TROUSERS, worth $7.50——Now $3.75 to $5.00
MEN'S TROUSERS, worth $6.50——Now $3.00 to $4.50
MEN'S TROUSERS, worth $5.00——Now $2.50 to $4.00
MEN'S TROUSERS, worth $4.00——Now $2.50

This sale is a windfall for big men, as a goodly portion of these trousers are large sizes—40 to 44 waist.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK.
SATURDAYS UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK.

JAMES WILDE JR. & CO.,
Northeast Cor. State and Madison-sts.
FRANK REED, Manager.

THE TRIBUNE, Friday, July 7, 1893.

Plenty of time after
You've Tried
us to go somewhere else, not before.

The chances are, though, that you won't want to go elsewhere after you have been here. You will find here, in the biggest stock in this big town, just what you want, at a price you can afford to pay. We've had an enormous trade in Summer Suits, $10 to $30, but we make 'em as we need 'em, so our lines are always complete.

Tennis and Outing Suits, Feather Weight Office Coats, everything cool for indoor and outdoor wear.

Negligee Shirts to match negligee occasions.

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RADWAY'S PILLS,

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Cause Perfect Digestion, complete absorption and healthful regularity. For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Constipation, Costiveness.

LOSS OF APPETITE,
SICK HEADACHE,
INDIGESTION,
BILIOUSNESS,
CONSTIPATION,
DYSPEPSIA.

☞ Observe the following symptoms following from diseases of the digestive organs: Constipation, inward piles, fullness of the blood in the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust of food, fullness of weight in the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering of the heart, choking or suffocating sensation when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, chest, limbs, and sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above-named disorders.

PRICE, 25c A BOX. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 32 Warren street, New York, for Book of Advice.

HUMPHREYS'

For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding; Fistula in Ano; Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain.

For Burns, Scalds and Ulceration and Contraction from Burns. The relief is instant—the healing wonderful and unequaled.

WITCH HAZEL OIL

For Boils, Hot Tumors, Ulcers, Fistulas, Old Sores, Itching Eruptions, Chafing or Scald Head. It is Infallible.

For Inflamed or Caked Breasts and Sore Nipples. It is invaluable.

Price, 50 Cents. Trial size, 25 Cents.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

THE PILE OINTMENT

Why buy an imitation or substitute, when the genuine
Pears' Soap
is so cheap and lasts so long.
Wears to thinness of a wafer.

NEWSDEALERS
THE NEWSPAPER THAT SELLS ITSELF IS THE NEWSPAPER EASIEST TO SELL
TO DISPLAY THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE IS TO SELL IT.
NEWSDEALERS SELL TO MAKE SELL TO MAKE
WRITE FOR RATES AND TERMS

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
Should always be used for children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

HER PLACE IN MUSIC.

WOMEN READ INTERESTING PAPERS ON MUSIC AND ITS ART.

Brilliant Program at Yesterday's Session of the Congress—Washington Hall Used by the Large Audience—Mrs. Potter Palmer and Mrs. Henrotin Deliver Impromptu Speeches—A Paper from Mme. Nordica Is Delivered—Theodore Thomas' Orchestra's Part.

Today's Program—Hall 3, 9 a. m., Woman's Musical Congress. Mrs. George B. Carpenter, Chairman. Papers: Mrs. Theodore Thomas, Mme. Josephine Chatterton, Agnes Goorich Vaille, Mme. Camilla Urso. Vocal and piano music.

Hall 8, 9 a. m., musical education; addresses: Prof. Orlando Blackman, G. Eglinger, Carrie E. Day, Mr. E. C. Tuttle, Horace Clark, S. H. Preston, A. Danhauser, Leonard B. Marshall, J. S. Curwen.

Hall, 7, 9 a. m.—Illinois Music Teachers' Association. Papers on sacred music by prominent resident members. Reunion of Presidents of the various State associations. Piano soloist, Miss Gussie Cottlow.

3 p. m., Music Hall, Jackson Park—Program of American compositions, tendered the Musical Congresses by the Music Bureau. The Exposition Orchestra of 114. Miss Priscilla White, soprano. March, A. M. Foerster; "Carnival" overture, Henry Rowe Shelley; songs by Ethelbert Nevin and Helen Hood; suite for orchestra, Henry Schoenfeld; "Procession of the Grail," F. G. Gleason; suite No. 3, Arthur Bird.

Hall 7, 7:45 p. m.—Concert of works by Illinois composers.

From a popular point of view the Women's Musical congresses took a decided lead yesterday over all the others held in the Art Palace. The program was both brilliant and interesting. So large was the attendance that the congress was moved into the Hall of Washington, which was a pity, since in place of enabling a few to hear well this one was so large and so disturbed by the escaping steam and bells of the engines on the Lake-Front as to give the listener his lectures and addresses in a sort of patchwork. Nevertheless there were occasional points of lucidity outside. The congress opened with speeches and greetings from Mrs. Henrotin and Mrs. Potter Palmer, who happened in as passing visitors. Then came the first paper, by Miss Nellie Shaw of St. Louis, on "Teaching as an Art." She said:

There are thousands of music teachers in the country who have in charge many more thousands of music students. What are we trying to do? This would take too long to answer, but I may state what we all ought to be doing, and that is striving to develop these students into musicians. Doubtless a true musician, like a poet, is born and not made, but those possessing even a modicum of musical taste and talent may, with proper training, become musicianly. Our energies should be bent to secure this result from the start. What is necessary for this purpose? A perfectly trained ear and eye; muscles of fingers, wrist, and arm fully developed and absolutely under intelligent control: a mind taught to direct these mechanical resources and to think and discriminate, to analyze and grasp compositions in all their constructive details and their intelligent contents; a memory that never fails; and, crowning possession of all, a heart quick to feel, sensitive to beauty, capable of sympathizing with the deepest emotions of humanity, as expressed in musical works, and interpreting these emotions to all who have a soul to receive them.

The whole drift of her paper was sound, and she was heard with great respect and interest. Then came a romance for piano and violin, by Mrs. H. A. Beach of Boston, played by the great artist, Miss Maud Powell, and Mrs. A. H. Burr at the piano. This pleased mightily, and was redemanded.

Mrs Eddy Reads a Paper.

The next speaker on the list was Mme. Lillian Nordica, who was prevented from being here by the opera season in London. Her paper was read by Mrs. Sara Hershey Eddy, the subject being "Women on the Lyric Stage." The paper was discursive. Among its more striking sentiments were such as there:

One thing that shows the absolute superiority of the singer's art to that of others is this: No human being can enter the domain of song without preparation for it. There is no sham, no make-believe about music. It is the most legitimate of all arts, because the singer is before the public and must perform for himself. The great writer may receive suggestions and aid and even the actual article from another; the painter may be assisted by a greater than himself; the sculptor may have the help of many hands, but the actor and singer must speak for themselves. The domain of art is sacred.

Like St. Paul, Mme. Nordica "magnified her office," placing the singer above the actor and composer, no less than above mankind in general. She also declared that no musician could be a good musical critic—a remark likely to "go" better in outside than in purely musical circles. Mme. Nordica's paper was preceded by a group of songs composed by Mrs. Clara Kathleen Rogers of Boston, and delightfully sung by Miss Caroline G. Clark of the same city.

Papers from Various Sources.

Then came Mme. Octavia Hensel in a paper on "The English Language in Song," containing abundance of vigorous and healthy sentiment in favor of our own native language. The Eastern States were well represented in a group of songs following, by Kate Vannor of Bangor, Miss Margaret Ruthvan Lang of Boston, and Miss Hope Temple of London. With the next paper came a diversion in the way of "Modern Harp Music," by Miss Harriet A. Shaw of Boston. After this a group of songs composed by Miss Helen Hood of Boston, sung by Miss St. John of Rockford. One of the most agreeable and valuable papers of the morning happened to be by the youngest speaker of all—Miss Julia Lois Caruthers of Chicago, on "Children in Music," with illustrations. The general ground of the paper was in favor of sound elementary instruction for children, and that the instruction should not only be sound in the sense of developing the musical perceptions and faculties inductively, but also that it should not miss the essential point of recognizing music as a true expression of spirit—soul. The illustrations consisted of several blackboard exercises with a class of small children illustrating the kind and quality of ear training advocated, concluding with a group of children's songs of her own composition—also sung by some of the children. The morning session ended with a piano recital by Miss Adele Lewing, the program composed of her own compositions. The numbers included a "Sherzino," "French Suite," sarabande, con courante, bourree, gavotte, "Greeting," and "Wandering Waves." There were two songs sung by Miss Ella Lewis Krum, "Wanderer's Night song" and "Springtime," also by Miss Lewing. In these pleasant numbers Miss Lewing showed herself well accomplished in handling musical material, as well as furnished with a very creditable vein of musical fantasie. The playing was admirable. Thus in the morning session of this congress there were no less than twenty-seven compositions—all by women, most of whom are still under 30 years of age. Many of these works would have done honor to the better composers anywhere, and the success of the meeting as a whole was calculated to make a sensible man proud of his favorite sex.

The Illinois Music Teachers' Association did not attract a large audience to the Hall of Columbus. The program, however, contained quite a number of interesting papers and performances. The first address was by the President, Dr. H. S. Perkins, "Growth and Development of Music in the State," showing that great progress had been made. S. W. Straub dealt with "The Music Trade," Emil Liebling with "The Piano," in which a varied succession of wise and witty observations followed rapidly upon the heels of one another. He paid a handsome tribute to local pianists—which he can afford to do, being himself now the dean of the faculty. C. H. Britian read upon the voice. George B. Armstrong upon "The Musical Journalist," and the forenoon closed with a long and elaborate piano recital by William H. Sherwood. In this the Illinois composer had a brief showing in Gleason's gavotte from "Otho Visconti."

Concert of American Composers.

The department of common school instruction in music found it necessary to divide into two sections, meeting in Halls 7 and 8. In each of these a long list of short papers upon various school room specialties was read, with illustrations. Among the speakers the more eminent were Mrs. Emma Thomas of Detroit, Mr. Lawrence of Chicago, Dr. L. W. Mason, H. E. Holt, O. E. McFaddon of Indianapolis, and C. E. White. These papers, while instructive, covered the ground usual at teachers' conventions, and therefore presented little that was novel.

In place of an afternoon session the congress was invited to a concert of American compositions at the Fair. Many took advantage of this invitation, whereupon the music hall was quite full below and moderately populous in the gallery. The program offered was this:

Festival March.....Frank Van der Stucken
Overture—"Melpomene".....G. W. Chadwick
Serenade in E major, Op. 25.....Arthur Foote
Prelude.
Air.
Intermezzo.
Romanza.
Gavotte.
String orchestra.
"An Island Phantasy".....John K. Paine
This work was suggested by the memory of summer days passed at the seashore, midst the varied scenes of ocean life, calm and sunshine, murmuring breezes and rippling waves, alternating with surge and storm.
Suite, Op. 42.....E. A. MacDowell
Largamente Misterioso, Allegro Furioso, in a Haunted Forest.
Allegro Grazioso. Summer Idyl.
Andante Semplice. The Shepherdess' Song.
Molto Allegro. Forest Sprites.

It was played by the Exposition Orchestra under Mr. Thomas, and the playing was admirable. Of the compositions it is entirely within bounds to say that these pieces are fully up to the level of most of the new works we get from Europe. In this comparison between American musical compositions and those of Europe one must not forget that Europe has had a couple of centuries of start, and our list of selections is drawn from the best sources through nearly the whole period. Of American compositions, in the high class orchestral sense, there have not been any until within about twenty years. Van der Stuecken's "Festival March" is a piece which shows a thorough knowledge of instrumentation. It is very effective. Chadwick's "Melpomene" overture is a long, elaborate, and well worked composition, containing many charming movements. If on first inspection it may be a trifle difficult to make out what Melpomene is doing at a particular moment it is not sure but a later acquaintance would reveal the mystery. Arthur Foote's serenade for strings is good enough, and so is Paine's "Island Phantasy." The gem of the whole, because showing more imagination, better technic of the orchestra, and freer fantasie, was MacDowell's suite for orchestra, "In a Haunted Forest," where, after much gloom and shuddering, the spooks appear boldly in various uncanny parts of the orchestra, the stopped horns giving dismal intonations of affright and the piccolo shrieking now and then in company with the rest. The "Summer Idyl" is like its name. So also one might say is the song of the sheperdess. As in real life, she fills but a small part of any landscape in which she forms a part, so here her song is an incident which the hurrying traveler might have missed had not his attention been recalled to it. The suite concludes with "The Forest Sprites," where all the light and uncanny spooks of the orchestra take a free hand in the entertainment, now rumbling low down among the double basses, blaring out in the trombones, and now soaring aloft upon the inclined plane of chromatic diminished chords. At the end Mr. Thomas was warmly recognized, but not in any such hearty spirit as was shown by the Germans Wednesday. A second American program will be given today at 3 in Music Hall.

PROGRAM OF LITERARY CONGRESS.

Women Have an Important Part in the Work in the Various Sections.

Women have an important part in the Literary Congress which convenes at the Art Palace next Monday. It is due to the personal efforts of Mrs. Elizabeth E. Reed, the noted Orientalist, that twenty of the sixty papers given by the sections on archæology to be read before the congress were secured. Besides this a large number of the papers are to be read by prominent women. The Literary committee of the Woman's club has taken charge of all the various sections of the congress and will supply young women ushers and a bureau of information, also to be conducted by young women. Wednesday from 4 to 7 the Woman's club will give a reception at its rooms in the Athenæum. Another reception will be given for the delegates Thursday by Gen. and Mrs. McClurg, from 4 to 7, and still another by the Fortnightly club at the residence of Vice-President Mrs. T. B. Blackstone Friday from 4 to 7. The congress opens with a grand reception Monday evening at the Art Palace. The Folk Lore section will hold sessions Tuesday morning and afternoon and continue throughout the week. Only morning sessions will be held Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday in the section devoted to literature. The historical literature section will hold morning and evening sessions Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday. The Philological section will hold three sessions daily, morning, afternoon, and evening, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday.

ONE OF THE WONDERS OF THE WORLD.

Secretary of the Navy Herbert So Speaks of the Fair—Timely Topics Discussed.

"It will go down in history as one of the wonders of the world," said Secretary of the Navy Herbert after he returned from the World's Fair last night. "On the opening day last May I found the grounds and buildings in an incomplete condition. Today they are perfect. This afternoon I inspected the battleship Illinois, and found it in the spick and span condition in which American sailors are noted for keeping their vessels. Tomorrow will be devoted to the reception of the caravels, and Saturday I shall return to Washington.

"No, the extra session does not hasten my return. In fact, I shall be in Washington a month before Congress meets. As to the conditions which persuaded President Cleveland to call the extra session I do not care to speak in detail. A lack of confidence in American securities, both on the part of European and home investors, has caused the present financial panic, for which the Sherman act is directly responsible. If Congress repeals this law, as I hope it will, the worst will be over. Whether it will be a long or a short session depends upon the amount of time taken up in the discussion and adoption of rules. The rules of the last Congress gave altogether too much power to the filibusters. There will be an effort to cut off this sort of tactics in the next Congress, though doubtless a determined effort will be made by the minority to keep the present rules in force. The contest may consume several weeks, and I should not seem surprised, therefore, if Congress sat on straight through the winter. If it were not for the question of rules I should look for a session of not more than two or three weeks."

Speaking of the Victoria disaster, Secretary Herbert said: "To naval people it taught no new lesson. Every man at all versed in naval matters knows that the destructive power of a ram cannot be withstood. The disaster was caused by a blunder in ordering the maneuvers of the squadron. Admiral Tyron seems to have been altogether at fault, though the whole truth will not be known until the termination of the court of inquiry. It was simply a mistake of a man who was famous as a naval commander."

BOHEMIAN-AMERICANS' ANNUAL.

Delegates Decide to Continue the Publication of the Official Organ.

The third annual session of the Bohemian-American National committee opened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock in the Bohemian-American Hall, No. 400 West Eighteenth street. President L. J. Palda of this city presided. The day was taken up with the reading of the minutes of the last session and the presentation of reports of the Correspondence Bureau and Emigration and Statistics committee, and closed with a discussion on the continuance of the organ, *Bohemian Voice*, published in Omaha. It was finally decided to continue the publication. The Bohemian National committee represents through its various societies in America 3,000,000 Bohemians. The principal object of the committee is to represent the Bohemians before the Americans as they are, and further to collect statistics of Bohemian immigration and present the situation to the people in Bohemia who are struggling for home rule. Today will be taken up with the reading of committee reports.

Prospects for Water at Roseland Are Good.

Several days ago a committee of residents of Roseland was appointed to call upon the Mayor yesterday and protest against the delay of the extension of water-mains from the Sixty-eighth street pumping station to their village, the work having been ordered by the Council. Since that time the Controller has examined into the condition of the water fund and finds that it is probable the extension can be made. This fact probably kept the committee from making the proposed call. Bids have been received for the work, but the contracts have not yet been made. Controller Wetherell thinks the Roseland, West Pullman, and Gano residents should advance the city money with which to make the extensions, or at least help furnish the money needed. The extension is estimated to cost about $300,000.

If your child is weakly give it David Nicholson's Liquid Bread. It is healthful and will make your child strong.

IS OPPOSED TO FADS.

MRS. SHERMAN GIVES HER VIEWS CLEARLY ON SCHOOL ISSUES.

She Thinks German Should Be Retained, but Only as a Side Issue—Singing Should Be Merely a Recreation—Mayor Harrison Has Neither Asked Nor Received Pledges—Indications That Her Nomination May Be Rejected—Aldermen Favor McLaren's Retention.

Mrs. Caroline K. Sherman was seen last night at her home and asked to define her position as to special studies in the public schools. She spoke unreservedly and in a way that classed her with the anti-fadists. She favored German, however, and said she thought it ought to be taught, but by a system wholly different from that now in vogue.

"German is the most important of the special studies," said she. "We have a large German population. They are loyal and in love with their language. I can see no reason why the language should not be taught in our schools. It would not be a mere concession to the German people. The language has a great practical value in business life. Besides, it is the language of science and art. One needs German to keep abreast of the times. I doubt if any linguistic study has equal value. French alone approximates it. If the study were made compulsory I should be opposed to it. But it is not. No child need take it if it is not the desire of its parents. It is an expense, it is true, but Chicago is not a poor city. I think it can afford to keep German in the list of tolerated fads.

Singing Only as a Recreation.

"I am in favor of singing in the schools, but only as a recreation. All technical education in music should be left to the parents. It certainly is a rest to the children to lay aside books for a few minutes and sing simple airs. They like it and I believe it beneficial. Further than this I think the special studies should have no place in our schools. I am thoroughly opposed to sloyd and sewing, for the reason that the children are now overworked and have no time to devote to specials of such a nature. I don't mean to say that the studies are useless—many of the so-called fads are good in themselves—but we cannot bear the expense of or devote the time to all, and the least important should be dropped.

"When I say that the children are overworked I know from personal investigation what I am talking about. The children are especially taxed in the lower grades. Clay modeling should not be in the schools at all and neither should physical culture. Proper attention cannot be given to the pupils in clay modeling in the limited time devoted to it and with the number of pupils placed under one teacher. Physical culture I think should be attended to out of school. There are too many other studies to be pursued that are more important.

"I believe in drawing for the same reason that I do in singing. It is a rest for the children and they like it. Besides it tends to develop the powers of observation and is one more means of expression. I think that is all the so-called fads. At least I should hope so.

Favors the Reform Movement.

"I am wholly in sympathy with the reform movement in the Board of Education. The specials should not be relegated to their old place in school work. As I said before, we have no room for clay modeling, sloyd, sewing, technical music, and physical culture. The members of the board did a good thing in opposing them. They are too costly for the benefit derived from them. The cost of German, too, could and should be greatly reduced.

"Have I made any ante-appointment pledges? No. I did have a talk with Mayor Harrison. He asked me for my views about the fads and I spoke to him frankly and freely. He said nothing about pledges, asked for none, and none were given. I was not even asked what stand I would take if appointed. So far as Mr. Halle and Mr. Stern are concerned I have nothing to say save that neither has sought to influence me nor exact promises."

"What of German in the primary grades and of the proposition to put it on an equality with English in some schools and drop it entirely from others?"

"I do not think it is essential that German should be taught in the primary grades. The study could safely and in my opinion with profit be begun in the higher grades. Still I do not think the question an important one. Cost and the desire of parents would be with me the determining factors in forming my conclusion. If the wish of the people were strong that the language should be begun in the primary grades and the cost was not too great I should favor it. Otherwise I should be opposed to it. Thus far German in our schools has not been a success, and those who oppose it have certainly cause for the ground they take. Children of German parents seem to do fairly well, but children of American parents do little or nothing.

German Should Be a Side Issue.

"So far as teaching the language in one school and not in another is concerned, I think that would be unfair. I think it imperative that every teacher employed in the public schools should be a master of English to the extent of speaking the language fluently and writing it well. There should be no schools wholly German. English is the language of the country. It should be the language of all the schools, and German or any other foreign language should be a side issue."

Ald. Martin has not yet called the Committee on Streets and Schools to consider the Mayor's appointments for members of the Board of Education. He will probably call the meeting for Monday. The members of the committee are Martin, Noble, Madden, Kammerling, Peck, Conway, Kerr, Hage, Sayle, Kenny, Gallagher, Tripp, and Knowles. There seems to be no doubt that the committee will recommend the rejection of Mrs. Sherman. She has been named to succeed Mr. McLaren. The members of the committee think that Mr. McLaren ought to be retained on the board. He will be retained until his successor is confirmed. It is believed also that if Mrs. Sherman's appointment is rejected Mayor Harrison will nominate Mr. McLaren as his own successor. There will be a strong fight also against Robert Lindblom. More than half the members of the committee have already decided against Lindblom. There will be opposition also to Mr. Halle on account of his faddist theories. If Mr. McLaren is not reappointed it is probable that Mr. Cameron will be selected as his successor for President of the board.

They Court Investigation.

Speaking of the Council order that the Committee on Schools shall investigate all the books, papers, contracts, and other matters pertaining to the purchase of school sites and the erection of school buildings, Business Manager Guilford said:

"All actions of the School Board are taken above board, and I can see no reason why the members should not court investigation. In the matter of letting contracts for new buildings the law directs that the work shall be given to the lowest responsible bidder, and that action is always taken. The bids are sent in in answer to advertisements and it is to be supposed that the intense rivalry and competition among contractors gives the board the benefit of the lowest possible prices for work."

"We are glad to have the Council investigate," said Chairman Rosenthal of the Committee on Buildings and Grounds. "We will give them all the assistance we can. I don't think anything wrong will be found."

In regard to the recommendation of the board that a school site on Augusta street, near Noble street, be purchased for $27,500, a recommendation which the Council placed on file Wednesday night, Mr. Rosenthal said Ald. Kammerling never made a formal offer to the board to sell the same property for $21,000. Ald. Kammerling told the Council Committee on Schools that he did.

Will Have the Work Pushed Ahead.

The Council Wednesday night passed an order directing the Commissioner of Public Works to compel the contractor for paving Wabash avenue from Thirty-ninth to Fifty-fifth street to complete the work or to forfeit the contract in such a way as to make the contractor liable for damages. The contractor for the work is Patrick Farrell, who has given a bond in the sum of $40,000 signed by E. F. Conway and Joseph A. Sackley. He contracted to finish the work before July 30, 1893. So far all that has been done is the placing of the curbing and some filling. Commissioner Jones said yesterday that the reason Farrell could not do the work was because he could not get money on vouchers, which the banks will not discount at the present time.

If exhausted from your trip to the World's Fair take Bromo-Seltzer. It invigorates.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.
State and Washington-sts.

The Time for Bargains.

Those who keep posted on our movements know why it is especially timely just now.

Ladies' Gowns and Skirts.

Embroidered and lace-trimmed Gowns, now selling at
50c, 75c, and $1.

Ladies' Skirts, lace-embroidered, hemmed and tucked, only
35c, 50c, 75c, and $1.

These are all new, fresh, and perfect, being the entire stock of a manufacturer who sold at a figure that enables us to quote these prices, which are about one-third below real value.

Ladies' and Misses' Shoes.

Laced Oxfords, tan and chocolate, for ladies, very elegant, and only—$2
Blucher Laced Boots, chocolate, very fine, but only—$3
Misses' fine Russet and Chocolate Spring Heel Boots, sizes 11 to 2, only—$1.50
The same boots in children's sizes, only—$1.25

Boys' Summer Blouses.

We have just received a very large invoice of Boys' Blouses in Flannel, Percale, and Cheviot, in sizes 5 to 14 years, which we put on sale at
$1.00, $1.25 and $1.75 Each.

These goods are of the finest quality and make, but they arrived three weeks later than we expected and must be closed out quickly. The above prices are 25 per cent below what we should have asked had they come on time.

ALL THESE GOODS ARE ON THE SECOND FLOOR.

The Exposition is open
Our claims
Remember the name
What they are
Convince yourself
Visit the Cottolene Exhibit at the World's Fair (Agricultural Building)
And see for yourself
Refuse all substitutes

What We Claim

And our claims are fully supported by the thousands of intelligent housekeepers throughout the United States who are using our unequaled shortening

Cottolene

Is that better food, purer food, more wholesome food, and more nutritious food can be produced by the use of Cottolene than by the use of any other cooking fat!

A visit to the Cottolene Booth at the World's Fair will convince you that our claims are well founded, for there you can see for yourselves a thorough practical demonstration.

A handsome Cook Book containing 600 selected recipes by the best cooking authorities in the country will be mailed free on receipt of three cents in stamps for postage.

Manufactured only by
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,
CHICAGO.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE TO PACIFIC COAST

FOUR TRAINS DAILY

STATIONERY

Everything you may need in your Counting Room and Advertising Service. Account Book Makers, Steam Printers and Lithographers.

THAYER & JACKSON STATIONERY CO.,
. . . 248 and 247 State St., near Jackson.

CALIFORNIA LAND FOR SALE.

30,000 acres adjoining Monterey City, Cal. Suitable for various purposes, such as growing potatoes, beans, peas, barley, oats, English mustard, sugar beets, apples, pears, apricots, strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, and for dairying and raising stock. Climate unsurpassed for healthfulness. Particularly suited for syndicate or purchase for colonization purposes. Address D. JACKS, Agent, Monterey City, Cal.

James Wilde Jr. & Co.

July Clearing Sale of Star Shirt Waists—
$1.00 and $1.25 qualities reduced to 50c, 65c, and 75c.
$1.25, $1.50, and $1.75 qualities reduced to 98c, $1.15, and $1.25.

Store open evenings until 9 o'clock.
Saturday evenings until 10 o'clock.

JAMES WILDE JR. & CO.,
N. E. CORNER STATE AND MADISON STREETS.
FRANK REED, Manager.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE

NEWS SELLERS should write for rates and terms. Prompt answers to all inquiries.

The "Tribune" is always sent express charges or postage prepaid—by quickest route.

ALWAYS SELLS BEST.

MANDEL BROTHERS.
117 to 123 State-st., Through to Wabash-av.

Men's Neckwear. It has long been our custom to twice a year mark down the entire stock as follows:

The 50c and 75c grades dropped to—25c
The $1.00, $1.25, and $1.50 grades dropped to—50c

This year's second sale begins this morning, and the reductions as above constitute undoubtedly the best values now obtainable in the city.

MANDEL BROTHERS.
117 to 123 State-st., Through to Wabash-av.

Women's Fine Shoes. All the essentials of comfort, grace and lastingness, with lowest price combined.

White and gray canvas Oxfords, calf trimmed (*don't pay $3 elsewhere*)—$2.00
Tan Blucher Oxfords, goat and Russia leather, *actual value up to $4*—$2.95
Tan Russia and Goat Piccadilly Blucher Shoes, hand welt and hand turned, *actual value $5*—$4.00

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

Midsummer Novelties in
Ladies' Fine Shoes.

The following desirable lines of Fine Summer Footwear have been added to replace the closed assortments in the SPECIAL SALE *now in progress* in the Shoe Departments—*First Floor, north Building:*

Ladies' Chocolate Goat Blucher Lace Boot—extremely fashionable—$3.00
Ladies' Imported Goat Oxfords, hand turned, —late Outing lasts—$3.00
Ladies' Kid Oxford—patent tip—$2.50
Ladies' Colored Goat Oxford—$2.00
Misses' Colored Goat Shoes—button—$2.00
Misses' Kid Shoe—button; pat. leather tips—$2.00
Child's Kid Shoe—button; pat. leather tips—$1.50
Child's Colored Goat Shoe—button—$1.50

The above prices are wonderfully low and we recommend taking advantage of this Closing Sale while the assortments are still satisfactory.

Closed Saturdays at 1 p. m.—During July and August this store closes on Saturday at 1 p. m.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL
I. C. CENTRAL ROUTE R. R.

To the WORLD'S FAIR
Express Trains
EVERY FEW MINUTES
Between Van Buren St. and
TERMINAL STATION
WITHIN THE WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS.
Stopping at 60th and 63d sts. in both directions
Midway Plaisance Station.....60th st.
Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show Station..63d st.
RATE FOR THESE TRAINS 10 Cts.

Van Houten's Cocoa
Highly Digestible and Nutritious. Best and Goes Farthest.
The Exquisite Natural Flavor is fully Developed.
No vanilla used to cover inferiority and imperfections.

DR. A. OWEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.

Catalogue in English, German, Swedish or Norwegian, or treatise on Rupture cured with Electric Truss, 6 cents.
The Owen Electric Belt & Appliance Co.
201-211 State Street, Chicago, Illinois.

NOTICE.

THE County Treasurer's Office will be closed Saturday, July 8th, to have the proper entries made on the tax warrants, preparatory to making application for judgment on Monday, July 10th.
CHARLES KERN,
County Treasurer and ex-officio County Collector.

PROPOSALS INVITED.

Separate proposals will be received by the Board of Managers of the Illinois State Reformatory at Pontiac, Illinois, for furnishing brick, stone, iron work, glass, mill work, and all other material necessary for construction of a New Cell House, Gallery, and Kitchen at said Illinois State Reformatory.

Bids will be opened at the Office of the Reformatory at Pontiac, Illinois, at 2 o'clock p. m. on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1893, in the presence of such bidders as may choose to attend.

Plans and Specifications, giving full information as to quantity and quality of material required, may be seen at the office of H. E. Bell, architect, of Chicago, also at the offices of the Reformatory at Pontiac.

Address all proposals to Board of Managers, Illinois State Reformatory, Pontiac, Illinois.

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all proposals not deemed to the interest of the State.

By order of the Board.
H. P. SHERTS, Secretary.

NATURE'S REMEDY FOR LIVER COMPLAINT
SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE LIVER PILLS

$7.50 a Month!
25 CENTS A DAY—BUYS A $50 DIAMOND
Any style. You spend more than this amount every day. Have something to show for it.
GEO. E. MARSHALL, Importer
103 State-st., 3d Floor, Schiller Building

MOTH POWDER KILLS Flies, Fleas, Roaches, Bed Bugs, etc. Saves Furs and Woolens. 50c, $1. By mail 60c, $1.10.
SOLD ONLY BY
Buck & Rayner, State & Monroe-sts.

Pages 9 to 12.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO.

FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1893—TWELVE PAGES.

WINDMILLS AND FISH

THESE RECEIVE THE ATTENTION OF UNCLE ABE AND AUNT EM.

New Boots Detract Somewhat from the Comfort of Sightseeing—Taking Home Samples from the Kentucky Distillery and Otherwise Stocking Up for Future Benefits—The Sharks and Little Fishes All Right, but No Use for Modern Fishing Tackle and Such Things.

It must have been 1:30 or 2 o'clock in the morning before Uncle Abe and Aunt Em got to their lodgings after the festivities incident to the Fourth. They are the guests of a school teacher over in Englewood, a man who used to live with them years and years ago when he taught summer school in the little house over on the hill by Myrtle Creek. This gentleman came to Chicago ten or twelve years ago and in the course of time became a great educator. He sent Uncle Abe and Aunt Em a cordial invitation to come up and spend a few days with him during the Fair. This is the reason that Uncle Abe didn't bring more than a hundred or two dollars with him when he left home. He had no hotel bill to pay and he didn't need any more money with him. Once on a time Abe's pocket was picked while he was visiting a circus, and he took warning thereafter.

There was a great big water blister on the ball of Uncle Abe's right foot when he woke up yesterday morning and on the heel of the left was another about as big as a silver half dollar. The old gentleman said that he didn't see how in the name of common sense he was going to get those boots on again and tramp around the grounds. If worst came to worst he allowed he would go to the nearest shoe store and get himself a pair of good stout slippers made out of ingrain carpet with leather soles.

"I told ye, Abraham," said Aunt Em, "the day you come from town with them new boots that they'd be the death of you, and I wanted ye to bring the old ones, but you wouldn't do it. Ye was always stubborn, Abe, and when ye sot your head there was no way on earth of changing it."

"That's so," said Uncle Abe, "and I wish't I had tuk yer advice."

"DO YOU KNOW THESE, ABE?"

Then Aunt Em dived into the trunk, which was in one corner of the room, and shouted: "Do you know these, Abe?"

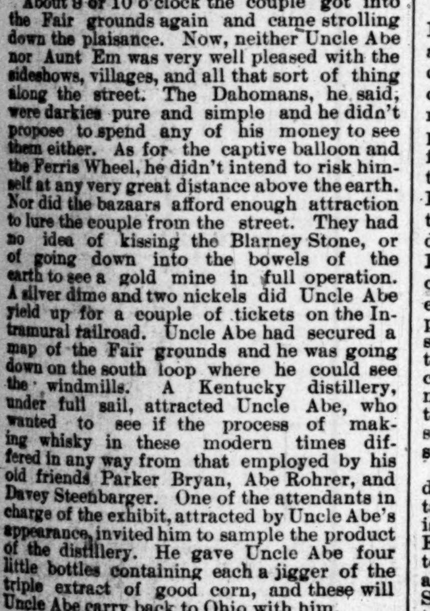
She held aloft Uncle Abe's old boots, the same pair he got made by his favorite bootmaker at Millersburg about two years ago. They were a little worn, it is true, and run down at the heel. The straps were gone long ago, but in lieu thereof Uncle Abe used holes he had cut in the sides of the boot-legs. He was as glad to see them as he would have been to meet his brother, who went to California thirty years ago.

They Take in the Plaisance.

About 9 or 10 o'clock the couple got into the Fair grounds again and came strolling down the plaisance. Now, neither Uncle Abe nor Aunt Em was very well pleased with the sideshows, villages, and all that sort of thing along the street. The Dahomans, he said, were darkies pure and simple and he didn't propose to spend any of his money to see them either. As for the captive balloon and the Ferris Wheel, he didn't intend to risk himself at any very great distance above the earth. Nor did the bazaars afford enough attraction to lure the couple from the street. They had no idea of kissing the Blarney Stone, or of going down into the bowels of the earth to see a gold mine in full operation. A silver dime and two nickels did Uncle Abe yield up for a couple of tickets on the Intramural railroad. Uncle Abe had secured a map of the Fair grounds and he was going down on the south loop where he could see the windmills. A Kentucky distillery, under full sail, attracted Uncle Abe, who wanted to see if the process of making whisky in these modern times differed in any way from that employed by his old friends Parker Bryan, Abe Rohrer, and Davey Steenbarger. One of the attendants in charge of the exhibit, attracted by Uncle Abe's appearance, invited him to sample the product of the distillery. He gave Uncle Abe four little bottles containing each a jigger of the triple extract of good corn, and these will Uncle Abe carry back to Ohio with him.

The windmill exhibit caught Uncle Abe the minute he saw the wheels flying around.

"I've got to git a mill, Em," he said. "I've been looking fer one fer a number of years. I need one badly in that forty acre pastur lot and I'm going to buy one if they'r for sale cheap for ready money."



"I DON'T KNOW WHICH TO PICK."

He saw mills of all sizes and kinds; mills with big sails and mills with little sails. They were all whizzing around and Uncle Abe was quite bewildered.

"I don't know which to pick," he said. "Them big ones is too expensive and too much wind is required to work 'em."

He made a collection of cards of the various exhibiters and said when he got home he would make up his mind which one he wanted.

"That's a good job done," he said. "I've been bothered by this windmill question for a long time. I've been afeared to buy one for fear I'd get into some kind of a patent right lawsuit over it, and I reckon anything showed here at the Fair is reliable and responsible."

Uncle Abe and Aunt Em stood a long time watching an exhibit of steam rollers, the engineers of which were running their machines around with great recklessness and much noise.

Getting Material for Fish Stories.

A little after noon Uncle Abe announced his intention of spending an hour or more in the Fisheries Building. If there is any one thing in which he is particularly proud it is his knowledge of fish, and he didn't propose to return to Ohio and admit he hadn't seen the exhibit.

He made his way first to the cases where the fishing tackle was displayed. If there was any way in the world he could get a couple of bamboo poles and land them at his home he would be happy. You know jointed rods and multiplying reels and braided silk lines and all that sort of thing are not in common vogue down in Uncle Abe's country. A man doesn't think of going fishing there with a split bamboo and a Milan reel. The expert fisherman uses a good cane pole, a linen line, and a blue steel hook. When he hooks a bass he doesn't play with him and allow him to cut all kinds of pranks in the water, but he gives the fish a good hard yank and winds up the sum by throwing the fish over his head out on the bank. Uncle Abe saw rods there said to be worth $1,000 and he saw reels made out of silver and gold and he saw lines that were worth ever so much money a yard. He looked with disdain on this kind of tackle, saying it would be of no manner of account in the waters he knew.

In a tank by near he saw a great collection of bass. There were black bass and yellow bass, big mouthed bass and little mouthed bass, striped bass and green bass, all the way from a quarter of a pound to five and six pounds in weight. The big lazy fish came up to the top of the water occasionally, nabbing flies. Uncle Abe was greatly pleased to see these fellows, the black bass in particular were great friends of his, but he wasn't so well acquainted with the other fellows.

"IN THE NAME OF GOD, WHAT'S THEM?"

Now over on the other side of the exhibit were a number of tanks filled with sea fish. Uncle Abe and Aunt Em stood looking in one of these when all of a sudden about a dozen of the strangest things he ever saw came up to the surface. Never before had he gazed on fish of this character and they startled him.

"In the name of God, what's them?" he said.

There was a fish with a sword about six feet long and a couple of whopping big sharks. At least they looked big to him. The truth was they were little fellows, but Abe had never seen sharks before. There were big sea bass and sheepshead, blue fish, drum fish, tarpon, salmon, in fact fishes of every nature and description. Uncle Abe had never even heard of many of these, so bewildering was the display. He saw a tank full of carp, but he said he didn't think much of them because their flesh wasn't particularly good and not near so palatable as that of a mud cat. He came to the conclusion after awhile that he wouldn't try to lay in his stock of fishing tackle out of those fine exhibits. He would wait until he got down-town some day and get himself two or three good linen lines, a lot of hooks, and two or three cork floats. That's about all a fisherman needs down in Uncle Abe's country. If he saw any way in the world to get a couple of twelve or fifteen-foot bamboo rods home with him they would be purchased. He couldn't take them in the cars with him, as he well knew, but he had an idea he would make the acquaintance of a baggagemaster and get them to Ohio with him either on top or inside the baggage car.

CABINET MEMBERS SEE THE SIGHTS.

Secretaries Carlisle and Herbert Enjoy Themselves Like Other Folks.

Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Carlisle, Logan Carlisle, Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Stealey, and the family of the Hon. W. K. Carlisle, accompanied by some Kentucky friends, came out to the Exposition on the whaleback, arriving at the grounds at 11 o'clock. The party went through the exhibits in the Manufactures and Liberal Arts Building and during the afternoon went over to the Kentucky Building, where a cordial greeting was extended. Mr. Carlisle expressed himself as deeply impressed by the magnitude of the Exposition and said he would like to spend a couple of months if he could looking over the exhibits, feeling that he would be amply repaid. He said he didn't intend to make a speech today on the arrival of the caravels at the park, as had been advertised. He didn't come here for purposes of oratory or speechmaking, and had not prepared himself for the occasion. Mr. Carlisle is the guest of his son, William K. Carlisle, at his home on Erie street.

Secretary of the Navy Herbert and his daughter spent yesterday at the Fair. Secretary Herbert reached the city Wednesday and is stopping at one of the World's Fair hotels. Ensign Roger Wells went down to the city to meet the Secretary, but was disappointed, as the party left the train at the Englewood Station. Mr. Herbert and his daughter came to Jackson Park about noon yesterday and under the guidance of William E. Curtis went through the Manufactures and Government Buildings and visited other points of interest.

More Country Editors Coming.

Two hundred editors of Michigan newspapers will be here July 10. July 24 the Editorial Association of the State of Alabama will materialize. Joseph M. Page, Chairman of the committee appointed by the Illinois authorities for the entertainment of visiting newspaper men, is making arrangements for their transportation and comfort while here.

Some Truths About the Fourth at the Fair.

CHICAGO, July 5.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Of the 300,000 persons who visited the Fair yesterday, fully two-thirds were miserable, tired, and forlorn before they had been within the gates two hours. The glory and beauty of the place at first inspired them, but with fatigue their spirits drooped; they vainly wandered from place to place seeking rest and finding none; all the folding-chairs were rented for the day before noon; all the free seats in the park were filled with tired wearied men, women, and children. Sailing down the lagoon at 3 o'clock and looking up to the faces of those who sat on the benches in the Court of Honor, one was struck by the utter lack of anything like a holiday look; on the contrary every face was lowering and discouraged, and every heart had evidently but one wish—for rest. Many people were sprawling on the ground, some of them asleep. As evening came on the great crowd moved toward the lake shore; there on the stones in the great semi-circle reaching from the battleship Illinois to the pier were 200,000 people before sunset. In their cramped positions they were good-natured, but even the good nature of an American crowd failed before the fireworks began. When the beautiful flag blazed in fire above their heads the crowd cheered faintly, but when the mechanical toots and shrieks of the yachts and steamers began the music of humanity stopped; there was scarcely another cheer during the evening; people were too tired, too disgusted; their bones and muscles ached too much for enthusiasm. The most sublime spectacles of art or nature appeal in vain to a man or woman who is tired out.

How can the managers of the World's Fair excuse themselves? They make every effort to get a great crowd into their gates; they advertised and made a bid for the presence of half a million of people at the Fair yesterday; all the free seats and the rented seats together in the buildings and out might give a resting place for 100,000, and no one is allowed to bring his own seat. To hire one of the rolling chairs is beyond the means of most persons. Does the Fair mean to appeal to the rich only? I am willing to be one of the grains of sand of yesterday, to say: "Never again will I enter the gates of the World's Fair until it provides seats for the multitude, especially on gala days." The great common people, those of moderate means living in Cook County, are the people upon whom the Fair depends for its success or failure; it is within their power to compel the Fair to provide decent accommodations for the masses; until it does so and advertises that it has done so, the people of Cook County should boycott the Fair from this day forth; the celebration yesterday would have been nothing without them; if they stay away they can compel attention to their needs, and in no other way can they do so. ADA C. SWEET.

For that "out o' sorts" feeling Take Bromo-Seltzer—trial bottle 10 cts.

HENRY WATSON AGAIN

RUMOR THAT THE GAS ORDINANCE WILL BE PUSHED FOR PASSAGE.

It Is Now on the Order of Unfinished Business—Northwestern Railroad Officials Discuss Elevation of Their Tracks Before Special Council Committee—Causes of the Delays in Drainage Canal Work Pointed Out by Engineer Randolph—Mayor on the Gambling Question.

It is rumored in financial and stock-broking circles that an effort will be made at the next meeting of the Council to revive the Henry Watson gas ordinance and to pass it.

As the rumor has reached THE TRIBUNE it is that the "Watson ordinance has been quietly reintroduced and will be taken up for passage Monday." This is not the case. The Watson ordinance does not need to be reintroduced. It is now before the Council on the order of unfinished business—at least that is the contention of its supporters—and can be taken up when that order is reached by a majority vote.

The Watson ordinance it will be remembered was debated at one of the meetings of the old Council in the early part of April. A motion to adjourn was carried while it was under discussion. It has not since been referred to. Many Aldermen think that it died with the old Council, or at least lost its place.

At the City Hall the Aldermen profess to be ignorant of any movement to take the ordinance up next Monday or before vacation. But then if the Aldermen wanted to pass it the less they say about it the better for them. They would rather that nothing should be said about it.

Henry Watson, from whom the ordinance gets its name, is a resident of Alton and is associated in business with the men interested in the Hyde Park Mutual Fuel Gas company. The ordinance it is believed is intended to enable that corporation to extend its mains into the old city. The ordinance will of course be bitterly fought and must be passed if at all over the Mayor's veto.

OBJECTIONS TO TRACK ELEVATION.

Chicago and Northwestern Railroad Officials Appear Before Council Committee.

President Marvin Hughitt, General Manager J. M. Whitman, and Attorney A. W. Pulver of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad appeared before the Council Special Committee on Track Elevation at its meeting yesterday afternoon.

President Hughitt, who said the road had no definite proposition to make, explained the difficulties which confront the directors of the road when the track-elevation problem is considered. He showed that their lines running west to Rockwell street, south to West Sixteenth, and east to the river parallel at various points the lines of the St. Paul, the Northern Pacific, the Pan-Handle, and the Burlington roads and explained that whatever was done toward elevating those tracks must be after consultation with the directors of those lines.

With the exception of these sections he thought their lines might be elevated if the streets were partially depressed outside of the old city limits. Inside the old city limits the west line on Kinzie street he said, was protected by viaducts and the north line lay parallel with the river and was crossed by but two crowded thoroughfares, Division street and North avenue.

These conditions taken together with the 166 miles of side tracks leading to various industries, he said, made it almost impossible for the road to elevate the tracks within the old city limits. He suggested that the best protection for the people would be found in a continuation of the viaduct system.

He called attention to the necessity of the city selecting an engineer with whom the engineers of the railroad companies might consult as to just what was needed. This suggestion was considered a good one and the committee, which consisted of Chairman McGillen and Ald. Sexton, agreed to have one appointed at the meeting of the committee next Thursday.

Corporation Counsel Kraus reported that he had not prepared the ordinance for the elevation of the Rock Island and Lake Shore tracks, because he did not think it advisable to draft it. "Either the O'Neill ordinance can be enforced, or it is good to make a start on. There is some danger in drawing an ordinance which shall apply to but two roads unless there be some kind of a contract between the city and these roads. To draw up another ordinance will be to give the impression that you do not intend to enforce the O'Neill ordinance. The question might arise as to whether such an ordinance would not repeal the O'Neill ordinance."

It was agreed that the suggestions of the Corporation Counsel were good.

DISCUSS THE DELAYS IN THE CANAL.

Drainage Trustees Take No Action on the McArthur Contract Cases.

No conclusion has been reached by the Drainage Trustees thus far in the McArthur contract case. Chief Engineer Randolph is firmly of the opinion that the McArthurs are bound to proceed with their contract at the prices named therein, that the hard-and-tough substance they have encountered is glacial drift and must be paid for at the price named for glacial drift—27 cents per cubic yard. At the same time Mr. Randolph is not surprised that the McArthurs complain and is of opinion that the longer some agreement is deferred the longer the digging of the channel will be postponed. "At the present rate," he said yesterday, "it will be indefinitely postponed."

After the meeting of the Finance and Engineering committees yesterday Mr. Cooley as Chairman said that it was probable a decision would be reached before the next meeting. It is understood that the decision will be a compromise with the McArthurs. The trouble, as already explained in THE TRIBUNE, grows out of the classification of the alleged concrete which under the contract appeared as glacial drift and depending on this classification for the rates to be paid for the work.

In accordance with the contract the difficulty was placed in the hands of Chief Engineer Randolph. His decision was rendered against the contractors and they claim that under the circumstances they cannot continue the work and the board is unwilling to have any delay.

Mr. Randolph further said that the McArthurs were far behind in their work. So are two or three other contractors. "If they do not proceed at a more rapid pace the work cannot be completed in 1896. Indeed, if they do not proceed at a better rate than the McArthurs and one other contractor the completion of the canal will be indefinitely postponed. We have been trying to get them to move at a livelier pace and have had some success with all except the McArthurs and the other firm which I do not feel at liberty to name just now.

"Some of the contractors are doing good work. One firm, Mason, Hoge & Co., is, I believe, ahead of time. If all acted as this firm has done the canal would be completed in 1896."

It is said that the other slow-going firm is the Smith & Co. contractors. Mr. Randolph thinks, the published statement to the contrary notwithstanding, that there will not be any excessive demand for extras and that the cost of the canal will easily fall within the financial resources of the Sanitary Board. He says that as soon as the right of way is secured, which will probably be within a month, the contracts for the work between Robey street and Summit, or rather a point a mile at this side of Summit, will be advertised for.

ON THE REGULATION OF GAMBLING.

Mayor Harrison Has Ideas of His Own and Expresses Them.

Mayor Harrison, Supt. McClaughry, and Inspector Shea had a conference yesterday about the down-town saloons frequented by a certain class of women. The Mayor directed a close watch of the dives and promised to revoke the licenses of those conducted as "fences" for the women of the class referred to.

It is intimated that the gambling question was referred to at the same conference. The recent order suppressing the games is said to be in the interest of "regulation." Too many "joints" were in operation. They could not be regulated. Only a limited number will be permitted to run in the future, it is said. The Mayor said last evening on the question: "I run gambling to suit myself, and I believe I can run it better than any other man in Chicago. I did run it better than any one else ever did for five years, and then the preachers interfered and I didn't do so well. This year this is a cosmopolitan city and I am running it to suit the world. The Puritan has liberty to do as he pleases, to pray as he pleases; the cosmopolitan will have liberty in this cosmopolitan city to play as he pleases so long as he does not infringe on the rights of others and conducts himself decently."

WILL OPERATE THE NEW CABLE LINE.

Trains to Be Run on Blue Island Avenue Down to Jefferson Street.

Manager Parsons of the West Division Street Car company was at the City Hall yesterday and said that he hoped to be able to operate the Blue Island avenue cable line within ten days as far as Jefferson street. Owing to the litigation about the tunnel, the cars would have to be hauled by horses from Jefferson street and Madison or Adams to the business center. Mr. Parsons had a conference with the Mayor as to better street-car accommodations for the West Division people in accordance with Ald. Swift's resolution adopted Monday week at the Council. He promised a great improvement in the number of cars to be run during the busiest seasons of the night and morning after July 15. The trouble at present, he says, is in the difficulty of getting horses. This will be overcome by the time set. The Mayor expressed himself satisfied and complimented Mr. Parsons on his arrangements for the night of the Fourth.

MR. BLAND MAY REMAIN AS CHAIRMAN.

No Ground for Rumors Touching His Retirement from the Coinage Committee.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 6.—[Special.]—The announcement that there is a possibility that Mr. Bland may be displaced as Chairman of the Committee on Coinage, Weights, and Measures has stirred silverites to renewed efforts. There are no facts, however, that would warrant such an announcement. Mr. Crisp has not even intimated such a change. Mr. Tracey of New York would willingly accept the Chairmanship if it were offered to him. It is understood that such a selection would be particularly pleasing to the administration. These views of a change in the Chairmanship are held by the radical gold men, who would like to have this happen, but among the more conservative the impression it that Mr. Bland will lead the committee. If Mr. Bland is Chairman it may be expected that the make-up of the committee will be so changed that a majority at least will be in favor of the repeal of the Sherman law. For the Committee on Banking and Currency Mr. Sperry of Connecticut is talked of. The Committee on Ways and Means is likely to have a new man at its head, though Mr. Springer believes that he will again be in the Chair. If Mr. Holman be not the Appropriations Chairman the most promising person mentioned as his successor is Representative Sayers of Texas.

Senator Harris, President pro tem. of the Senate, says that there will be no filibustering in the Senate against the bill to repeal the Sherman law, and, touching the seating of the three Western Senators, he does not believe that there will be a protracted debate on the subject.

Nothing is known at the State Department regarding the appointment of a successor to Minister Blount at Honolulu, that being a matter entirely in the discretion of the President, who has given no intimation of a change at present.

The condition of the Treasury, as taken in charge by Acting Secretary Hamlin, is more satisfactory than for some time past. The gold reserve has increased to $96,400,793 and the general cash balance is $123,228,966. The most encouraging features of the gold situation are the increase in the reserve, amounting since June 10 to nearly $5,000,000, while the gold certificates outstanding, representing private gold holdings, have fallen off nearly $7,000,000. The increase of the general cash balance is another encouraging feature of the situation to the Treasury officials. The notes issued under the Sherman act and the silver certificates issued under the Bland act are readily taken for small amounts, and great quantities of them are being shipped daily from the Treasury. The available currency now stands at $23,371,796, of which $12,787,154 is in the old legal-tender notes, $6,145,427 is in the Sherman notes, and $4,439,215 in the silver certificates.

Mr. Preston, Acting Director of the mint, refused to accept any offers of silver made today because of the manner in which the price had been forced up by short sales in New York. He declined all the offerings, amounting to 530,000 ounces at prices ranging from 75.45 to 80 cents per ounce.

An attorney of San Francisco, one J. J. Fuller, is swindling enlisted men of the various garrisons by asking contributions of $1 each "to secure for them beneficial legislation during the coming Congress," and promising to secure this relief through Chief Justice Fuller, who he alleges to be his uncle, and who, he says, "has more influence than any other man in the United States."

During the absence of Postmaster-General Bissell on his vacation during July, an Illinoisan, First Assistant Postmaster-General Jones, will act as head of the postal service. Fourth-class Postmasters have been commissioned at the following Western places:

Illinois—Birds, J. C. Reynolds; Brighton, W. C. Merrill; Burnside, J. W. Westfall; Columbus, Philip Amen; Ficklin, R. E. H. Westfall; Garrett, Jason Green; Hampshire, D. W. Sholes; Hampton, G. F. McNabney; Harmen, Owen Burns; Huntsville, J. B. Campbell; Johnsonville, A. J. Hale; Nauvoo, Rudolph Anton; Pawnee, J. R. Harris; Rapids City, Peter McCart; Reno, J. C. Herndon; Ruark, Abisha Turner; Smithborough, Theodore Roth; West Point, H. A. Eyman.

Indiana—Bunker Hill, J. A. Meek; Dayton, Kosta Slayback; Fortville, T. H. Vanzant; Independence, J. C. Swadley; Middlebury, J. E. Beverstein; Monterey, P. A. Folmer; Surman, Valentine Hartman; Romney, G. W. Widener; Waldron, G. B. Hamond.

Iowa—Center Point, G. I. Langsdale; Killduff, Henry Weideman; Linn Grove, Ed Evans; Little Rock, Charles Wright; Milford, Austin Case; Pleasanton, I. W. Covington.

Michigan—Alanson, E. D. Cross; Bancroft, B. D. Black; California, Ella Harrington; Ceresco, Mina L. Fero; Clarksville, N. K. Jepson; Custer, F. D. Martin; Lamb, P. C. Carnell; Martin, C. C. Murray; Moore's Junction, Robert Tennant; Perry, H. A. Spaulding; Shelbyville, William Briggs.

Ohio—Commercial Point, J. O. Beckett; Derby, G. A. Hott; Frazeysburg, I. W. Ewing; Harrisville, Michael Bowers; Lemoyne, J. D. Bringman; Orient, L. S. Kibler; Scotch Ridge, James Rogers; Tappan, D. L. Taylor; Williamsport, John West.

The following named Western cadets have been appointed to the West Point Military Academy:

Illinois—W. J. Cahill, Chicago; C. C. Farmer Jr., Mount Carroll; M. F. Cook, alternate, Lanarke; M. C. Keith, Cairo; T. B. Farrin Jr., alternate, Cairo.

Indiana—G. W. Bruce, Forest Hill; L. W. Walter, alternate, Aurora; R. B. Calvert, Kokomo.

Iowa—C. L. Owen, Fort Dodge.

Kansas—C. Allen, Erie.

Minnesota—C. C. Durham, St. Paul; G. T. Bigsbee, alternate, St. Paul.

Ohio—B. Enochs, Ironton.

South Dakota—J. W. Baker, Deadwood; C. E. Kehoe, alternate, Rapid City; P. Strong, Millette; J. Hausan, alternate, Huron.

Wisconsin—T. H. Carroll, Mauston; E. B. Lacey, alternate, Prairie du Chien.

The term of these cadets begins June 1, 1894.

Dr. Guzman, Nicaraguan Minister, today called upon Secretary Gresham and presented his letters of recall.

Since 1888 $20,723 has been expended at the Sterling sugar experiment station in Kansas and $40,024 at Medicine Lodge from July 1, 1890, to June 22, 1893, chiefly in experiments in making sugar from sorghum. The above amounts do not include traveling or other expenses. Secretary Morton is considering the figures with a view of reducing the expenditures.

Alfred P. Swineford of Wisconsin, who served as Governor of Alaska during Mr. Cleveland's former term, has been appointed Inspector of Surveyors-General and District Land Offices.

Scottish Reunion.

The Scottish Assembly has arranged for a reunion this evening at Assembly Hall, No. 75 Randolph street. The Rev. J. Kittredge Wheeler will deliver an address.

TAKE THE LAKE TRIP.

GOV. PATTISON OF PENNSYLVANIA ARRIVES ON THE TUSCARORA.

He Is Accompanied by Attorney-General Hensel, Adjutant-General Greenland, Thomas Bradley, and William F. Harrity of the Democratic National Committee—Russian Commissioners Leave Chicago—Gen. Wade Hampton Is Seeing the Fair Thoroughly.

The Lehigh Valley liner Tuscarora brought a distinguished party to Chicago yesterday afternoon. They were Gov. Robert E. Pattison of Pennsylvania, Atty.-Gen. W. V. Hensel, Gen. W. Greenland, Adjutant General of the State, Thomas Bradley of Philadelphia, and William F. Harrity of the Democratic National Committee. They will spend five or six days at the World's Fair. The Tuscarora left Buffalo at 5:30 Monday night, and reached the piers of Chicago Harbor at 2:30 yesterday afternoon. She was met there by the tug W. R. Crowell of the Dunham line, which led the way for the big steamer to the Fair grounds. When off the north end of the grounds the steamer stopped and the tug came alongside, and the visitors disembarked from the steamer and were landed at the pier just north of the grounds, and went direct to Leland's Chicago Beach.

The trip up the lakes was enjoyed very much by the passangers of the Tuscarora. "We left Buffalo Monday night," said William F. Harrity, "and after a run up Lake Erie during the night reached Detroit and made a short stop. We met Capt. Anderson's party on the Viking ship. We reached Mackinac Island about noon yesterday, and stopped there for an hour. We took carriages and drove over the island, returning to the Tuscarora. We had a most pleasant trip all the way."

In speaking of the next session of Congress Mr. Harrity said: "It is probable that Congress will take up the Sherman law very early in the session. That was evidently in President Cleveland's mind when he called for the session and that will be taken up before everything else. I think the Sherman law will be repealed. I have talked with many people recently and the sentiment generally is in favor of such action."

"Do you think there will be any legislation this session in regard to the silver question in addition to the repeal of the Sherman law?" was asked.

"As to that I have no idea. It is possible that some bill may be introduced and passed upon during this session, but it is not unlikely that this will be deferred until after the routine work is over, such as the appointment of committees. However, it is possible that some of the leaders in Congress will take up the matter after the Sherman law is disposed of."

When asked if he thought the passenger rates made by the railroads had anything to do with the attendance at the Fair Mr. Harrity said: "I have heard many opinions in regard to this subject, and while some think the rates are perfectly reasonable others say that they are too high. Of course a man's opinion on this question is largely influenced by the depth of his pocketbook, but I have heard many people say that they would visit the Exposition when rates were cut."

Commissioner Bilbassop, Department of Manufactures; Commissioner Cherep-Spiridovich, Department of Transportation; and Delegate Aderkars, who has charge of the institutions of Empress Marie, left for their homes in Russia yesterday morning. They have been living at the Metropole, and they return to the land of the Czar with Architect Petrovo-Ropett, whose work here is completed. The Russians said that it will give them great pleasure to become the regular "live advertisement" for the Columbian Exposition. Interest in Russia in the Fair will be increased on their return, they say, if the praise they intend to bestow will count.

Gen. Wade Hampton of Columbia, S. C., is seeing the Fair. He intends to look at everything of interest in Jackson Park, and in order to be within easy distance of the magic spot has domiciled himself in the pretty little Rosalie Court Cottage, Hyde Park. Gen. Hampton is in good health and says there can be no exaggeration in connection with descriptions of the Fair.

M. Jamstyee and Edmylee Fetterlee of Bombay, India, are at the Great Northern. They traveled directly to Chicago from the land of Kipling and his Mulvaney, and had no sooner registered than they inquired the quickest road to the World's Fair. They will see Jackson Park and its contents thoroughly.

Rumbell Sali of Cape Town and Maurice Joseph of Port Elizabeth, South America, are at the Great Northern. They are here to see the Fair and will be in Chicago two months.

State-Treasurer James N. Carlile of Colorado is seeing the Fair. He is stopping at the Wellington.

Renfost—K. K. Kennan, Milwaukee, Wis.; John G. Hieler, Miss Augustia Hieler, Louisville, Ky.; S. W. Snavely, J. C. Snavely, New York; A. J. O'Conor, F. B. O'Conor, A. J. O'Conor Jr., V. J. Duncan, La Salle, Ill.; John Bach, Milwaukee, Wis.; J. R. Kinsley, John O'Donnell, Cincinnati, O.; J. W. Crafts, Miss Crafts, Miss Gemmel, Buffalo, N. Y.; Mrs. V. Barth, Irvin Barth, Columbia, Mo.; James A. Barth, Rockport, Mo.

Hampden—Mrs. A. R. Needham, Washington, D. C.; T. J. Phelps, Greenville, Mich.; W. Warren and wife, Flint, Mich.; G. Brown, Eutaw, Ala.; S. Irwin, Albion, Mich.; E. T. Bennett and wife, Cleveland, O.; Albert Mackie and family, New Orleans, La.; Thomas W. Lewis and wife, New York; B. P. McDonald and wife and B. P. McDonald Jr., Fort Scott, Kas.

Auditorium—James D. Larkin, Baltimore; Miss Mary W. Fuller, Troy, N. Y.; B. L. Baker and wife, Annapolis; C. R. Nutt, Washington; Franklin Henshaw, Boston; J. B. Perkins, Cleveland; J. C. Chamberlain, E. M. May, C. W. Graffin, New York; L. J. Drake, Omaha; L. J. Young, Alfred Mitchell, Maine; David Henly and wife, Cincinnati.

Grand Pacific—Matias H. De Mymanos, Rapael P. Samanillo, Manilla V. De Solweses, Madrid; Ed R. Barker, London; G. G. Ruple, Pittsburg; Franklin Bartlett, New York; F. D. Buskirk, Cincinnati; S. H. Babcock, Salt Lake City; M. L. Doherty, Detroit; J. C. Savery, Des Moines; H. Lotzko, Brunn, Austria.

Metropole—John B. Ayer and wife, Lyda Galloyle, Seattle; H. Hedyer, London; James M. Gillick, French Lick Springs; Perry M. Ames, Rochester; Frank J. Gammens, Seattle; Henry L. Duden, Philadelphia; Thomas D. Mines, E. W. Walton, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Davis, Boston.

Palmer—M. J. Peppard, C. D. Hazzard, S. A. Booth, Minneapolis; H. L. Gordon and wife, Wichita, Kas.; G. D. Collins, Flint, Ga.; Robert Napier, New York; J. Kenzie, Montgomery, Ala.; C. Gaithes and wife, Pittsburg, Pa.; J. Hubbel and wife, Cairo, Ill.; N. W. Walsh, New York.

Tremont—E. L. Webster, Jackson, Mich.; M. C. Beam, Detroit; S. L. Thompson and wife, Jack Boyle, T. R. Gill and wife, C. E. Gill, Philadelphia; R. V. Newman, Boston; J. G. Hoffmann, Wheeling, W. Va.; W. C. North, Cleveland; Paris and Dacie Corey, Fort Scott, Kan.

Victoria—Willard Scudder, G. T. Lapsley, New York; S. A. Witherly, Grand Rapids, Mich.; W. L. Armstsong, Peoria; Charles Micolesky, E. L. Skoda, Pilsen, Austria; J. C. Butler, St. Louis; W. H. Parlin, Canton, Ill.; John Wallace, Marquette, Mich.; J. R. Thomas, West Virginia.

Leland—T. H. Strawbridge, Portland, Ore.; J. Marsh, Indianapolis; H. G. Bodley, Ohio; John Perens, Buffalo, N. Y.; H. E. Barrett, Syracuse, N. Y.; C. E. Miller, Fort Benton, Mont.; James D. Brit, J. C. Crookshank, West Virginia; Alexander Sheaff, New York.

Hyde Park—Abbott E. Kittredge and wife, New York; Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Jewett, Canandaigua, N. Y.; F. A. Norris, J. E. Hayes Jr., J. N. Koch Jr., Brooklyn; A. F. Holly Jr., C. Porter, New York; Miss M. B. Andrew, Miss Nellie B. Andrew, Charles Andrew, Cincinnati.

Great Northern—F. A. Bishop, Hannibal, Mo.; G. M. Bowie, Whitecastle, La.; L. D. Dozier, St. Louis; J. R. Streng, Mrs. M. Potter, H. R. Caulfield, A. S. Klarek, New York; F. P. Blair, St. Paul; J. T. Fanning, Minneapolis; H. L. Joseph, Montreal; W. F. Starn, Boston.

Richelieu—M. Montgomery, Lansing, Mich.; Paul Spencer, Brooklyn, N. Y.; J. Straight, Cincinnati, O.; Mrs. Wellington, Cleveland, O.; John L. Mitchell and wife, Milwaukee, Wis.; G. H. Bartlett, Seattle, Wash.

Wellington—M. E. Switzer, San Diego, Cal.; Eugene M. Camp, New York; George G. Cornell, Yorkville, Ill.; Alfred Levy, Albert Ullman, Paducah, Ky.; O. H. Wilson, Cincinnati; J. M. Thomas, Columbus, O.; J. M. Camp, Miss Camp, Omaha.

Sherman—Harry Walker, Kansas City; G. Maux, New York; C. Jackson, Frankfort, Ky.; J. Lindahl, Springfield; J. Yagor and wife, Miss G. Yagor, St. Louis; A. C. Conway, Philadelphia; W. J. Levesey, Clinton, Ill.; T. F. Snow, Baltimore; H. B. Steward, Peoria.

Imperial—C. Lauren and wife, Stockholm; M. Bamberger and wife, Philadelphia; Mrs. W. B. Belknap, Miss Belknap, Louisville, Ky.; Frank Green, Detroit; C. A. Howard and wife, Memphis; O. G. Levert and family, Baton Rouge, La.; Robert Johns, Kankakee, Ill.

MR. HEWITT'S OPINION OF THE FAIR.

Impressions Made by a Ten Days' Visit to Chicago.

Ex-Mayor Abram S. Hewitt, who recently returned from Chicago, where he spent ten days in studying the World's Fair, said this morning, when asked for his impressions and views:

The Exposition is extremely creditable to this country and especially to the people of Chicago. I have seen all the great exhibitions that have been held in my time and this surpasses them all. The last Paris Exposition was, of course, the culmination of such enterprises in Europe, but it was distinctly inferior to this one. This has been projected upon a larger scale and has been carried out with greater liberality, thoroughness, and artisticalness than any exhibition the world has ever seen. The people of Chicago have demonstrated that they have great courage, enterprise, public spirit, and energy and deserve the commendation and thanks of the whole country. They have, in fact, undertaken and successfully performed a colossal task, which would scarcely have been possible to any but a young community. It is not too much to say that had the Exposition been given in New York it would not have been planned upon a scale so vast, nor elaborated with such energy and completeness. And because of the admirableness of their work neither their work nor the people of Chicago should be criticised as they have been. A part of the New York press has in particular indulged in ridicule of the people and criticism of the Fair. The people are undoubtedly sensitive to this criticism—I perceived that—and have the feeling that New York would like to see the exhibition fail. Very probably this unfriendly comment operated at first to keep people away from the Fair, but it is not likely that it continues to have that effect. Chicago's feelings of wounded pride and resentment towards New York will also probably wear off in time provided the tone of comment here becomes more just.

As to the accommodations, I found them ample and excellent. Many of the hotels, including some of those erected near the Fair grounds, are as convenient and comfortable as the best in New York. I found no disposition to extortion on the part of the proprietors. At the best of these hotels you can get a comfortable room for $4 or $5 a day—about what you have to pay in the newest hotels in New York—and the fare is at about corresponding rates, and in itself excellent. I did not visit any of the cheaper hotels, but I saw that there was almost any number of them of all grades, and also that there was plenty of room in them. The hotel I stopped at was one of the new ones built expressly for the Exposition, although it is intended to be permanent, and it was entirely satisfactory to me in every way. One need not be afraid of these new hotels tumbling down over his head. There may be some flimsy structures, but most of the hotels are of solid construction, some of them, as the one just mentioned, being intended to be permanent hotels and others being meant for conversion into apartment-houses when the Exposition is over.

Now, as to the exhibition buildings, they are highly creditable—such buildings indeed as were never before seen at any exhibition. Even at the Paris Exposition the buildings were plain structures, with the exception of the Fine Arts Building, in which alone architectural effect was aimed at. At Chicago artistic effect has been aimed at in every building and the result is most admirable. The general disposition of the buildings also and the treatment of the intervening spaces are most artistic and pleasing. Of course in number as well as in effect the World's Fair structures exceed those of any previous exhibition.

Coming to the contents of the buildings, the same praise of superiority over all other expositions must be awarded. The only respect in which the exhibition seemed to me inferior to that at Paris was in its display of old and medieval art. But, of course, an equal display could not be expected to be brought to this continent, and it is doubtful whether in Paris itself, now that the Spitzer collection has been dispersed, such an exhibition of medieval art could again be made. One of the largest and most interesting displays to be seen is the agricultural exhibit. It is a revelation of the richness of this country in agricultural products. Not only everything we produce anywhere in the country seems to be there, but a successful attempt has been made to display the products as esthetically and pleasingly as possible. Among the deficiencies must be noted the exhibits of the iron and steel companies of the United States. This is entirely due to the failure of the industry to show itself. The Carnegie Steel company, the Illinois Steel company, and the Pennsylvania Steel company, whose establishments are probably in advance of any others in the world, did not exhibit at all. The Krupp steel exhibit from Germany and exhibits in this line by other foreign countries consequently surpass those of American exhibiters, with the exception of the exhibit made by the Bethlehem, Pa., works. It is a great pity that our largest companies should have shown this apathy, for in this industry, which is one of the principal ones of the world, we now probably lead all countries; but this is not demonstrated at Chicago.

"In the quality of art the French exhibit excels all the rest. The English well maintain their supremacy in products of a practical nature. But there is no exhibit by any country that is not good and that has not its own characteristic superiorities. The exhibition of art is very fine. I am not sure that it is more extensive than that at Paris in 1889, but it is ample for a very full demonstration of the art of every country.

"In the woman's part of the Exposition I was disappointed. The Woman's Building is of all the structures at the Fair the least satisfactory architecturally. A similarly unfavorable judgment must be pronounced upon the exhibits themselves. They seemed to demonstrate the inferiority of the women in the lines of work they had undertaken.

"One can profitably spend any amount of time at this Exposition. Whatever he may be especially interested in, he can here find the latest phase and development of it.

"As to the effect the Exposition is going to have on the country, I think it will be vast. One can readily see of what immense benefit to the country the Centennial Exposition proved. In my judgment the Chicago Exposition will be of far greater benefit. It is a great educational institution, a popular university, whose influence must reach every part of the country. It will be well worth all it has cost and all it may cost, although I feel hopeful that the receipts will bring Chicago out without any loss. We have lost and are going to lose millions of dollars through this silver business, but through the instrumentality of this Exposition we will get it all back again ten times over. I cannot but think also that it will lead those of our people who are astray on financial questions to sounder notions. Surely men cannot look upon this vast aggregate, the product of capital, labor, and brains, and not realize the fallacy of the idea of flat money.

"Upon Chicago the effect of the Exposition must be in the highest degree beneficial. Henceforth the city must be familiarly known the world over. The spectacle, too, of so much which represents the highest refinement and civilization of the world must tend to develop Chicago on the side of esthetics.

"My advice to everybody who possibly can go is to go. It is to be hoped that the cost of getting there and back may be cheapened, but I urge everybody to go, even if he has to make sacrifices to do so."—*New York Evening Post.*

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Hotel Menoken, 5415-17 Cottage Grove-av., fronting Washington Park and near Fair Grounds. First-class Cafe in connection. Prices moderate. Address HAYES & BURCHARD, Owners and Proprietors.

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CONGRESS HALL, CAPE MAY, N. J. Season of 1893 open June 29. L. P. CAKE.

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ONE FARE ROUND TRIP.

WESTERN ROADS TO MAKE THAT THE EXPOSITION RATE.

Such Is the Anticipated Outcome of a Meeting to Be Held Today—Several Lines Will Leave the Association if the People's Policy Is Not Adopted—Low Rates to Denver Were a Financial Success, Showing That the Same Result Can Be Had in the Case of Chicago Now.

Everything indicates that at today's meeting of the General Managers and General Freight Agents of the Western roads a material reduction in World's Fair rates from all points in the West will be made. As stated yesterday seven of the roads have declared themselves in favor of a rate of one fare for the round trip in all cars, except sleepers, on regular trains, and also to run special excursion trains at the same rate whenever it shall become necessary to bring the masses to the Fair. But there are two or three roads that are opposed to making any reduction at this time, and they will do all they can to prevent the other roads from making the contemplated cut. It is not believed, however, that they will succeed in their efforts to keep up the existing rates. Under the agreement any one road can prevent all the others from reducing rates, but it requires but a ten days' notice for any road to get out of the association, and several of the roads stand ready to avail themselves of that privilege should the advocates of high rates persist in their bulldozing tactics.

Business on most of the Western roads has materially decreased during the last two weeks, and these lines find that, in order to get some benefit out of the Fair and keep all their rolling stock in service, it will be necessary to make such rates as will induce those people who cannot afford to pay the present prohibitive rates to come to the Fair.

Communications are received by THE TRIBUNE every day stating that hundreds of people stand ready to come to Chicago if a rate of one fare for the round trip is made, but they will remain at home if a higher rate prevails. People can see no good reason why a rate of one fare for the round trip should be made for meetings and conventions of all kinds, while only a reduction of 20 per cent from regular rates should be made for the greatest affair ever got up in this country. The plea of the railroads that they cannot afford to make lower rates is mere hypocrisy. Low rates for large occasions have always proved beneficial to the railroads and increased their revenues. For the Knights Templar conclave at Denver last year a rate of $12 was made from Chicago and such a multitude of people made the trip in midsummer a thousand miles across the prairies as to afford the railroads a good profit. The Santa Fé claimed at the time that it cleared over $75,000 from that business. This shows that if a reasonable low rate should now be made for the World's Fair thousands would flock to this city from all points and the business of the railroads would be quadrupled.

At a meeting of the General Passenger Agents yesterday the entire time was consumed in discussing the rate war between the Great Northern and the other transcontinental lines. The Union Pacific proposes to put in effect next Sunday a rate of $33.60 from Portland, Butte, Helena, and Ogden to Chicago and return, but allows a basing rate of $25. This would leave a margin of but $3.60 between the Missouri River and Chicago, and, as the regular rate is $9.25, it would give the scalpers, it is claimed, an excellent opportunity for manipulating the rates. It was therefore decided that the Union Pacific should make the basing a selling rate $25, which, if added to the $9.25 rate east from the Missouri River, would make the through rate $33.60 as proposed and prevent the scalping of the regular rates between the Missouri River and Chicago. Of course the principal object of the roads is to prevent the rates east of the Missouri River from being affected by the rate war west of the river. The suggestion was made that all roads except the Northwestern, which has a traffic contract with the Union Pacific, should cease to participate in the low rates from the Far West, but many of the roads did not feel inclined to give the Northwestern such an advantage and voted against the proposition.

ROADS GONE INTO BANKRUPTCY.

Foreclosure Sales and Receiverships for the Last Six Months.

In an article on "Foreclosure Sales and Receiverships for the First Six Months of This Year" the *Railway Age* states that, while 1893 will go into history as a year of comparatively little railway building, it is destined, on the other hand, to show a notable increase in the number of railway companies that have met financial disaster. It is an unfortunate fact that the years of light construction are years of heavy insolvencies; the years of prosperity having their sequences in periods of adversity. Foreclosure sales do not characterize hard times especially, because they are the result of bankruptcies which may have occurred years before, so slowly do the mills of the courts often grind; but when appointments of railway receivers are numerous then railway business is depressed.

The record of foreclosure sales in the United States during the first six months of the year is comparatively small in respect to the capital involved, although the number of roads sold is considerable. From Jan. 1 to June 30 the sales numbered seventeen, representing an aggregate of 1,104 miles and of less than $37,000,000 of funded debt and capital stock. None of these roads was of much magnitude, the largest having only about 175 miles completed, although more is contemplated. Most of the seventeen companies are located in Southern States, though it is noteworthy that four hail from New York.

The record of receiverships is much more significant of trouble. During the six months twenty-seven railway companies, with 5,242 miles of operated lines and an aggregate debt and capital of $370,831,000, have been forced to confess inability to meet their obligations and have been taken possession of by the courts. In respect to amount of investment the half year shows a larger total than any entire year since 1885—from two to nearly five times as much as any of those years except 1892, while in number of roads and mileage the six months also exceed each of these years except the last.

Have Agreed on Tourist Rates.

An arrangement has been reached by the Western roads to use World's Fair rates, both one-way and round-trip, as basing rates for all-the-year-round tourist business. Generally tourist rates to all-year-round points are compiled in the spring. At the meeting called for that purpose about two months ago serious differences arose which prevented an agreement. All the obstacles that stood in the way of a satisfactory arrangement have been removed by the adoption of World's Fair rates as basing rates. Chairman Caldwell of the Western Passenger Association yesterday called a special meeting of rate clerks of the lines east of the Missouri River for next Tuesday to complete the compilation of the all-the-year-round tourist rate sheet. G. A. Collom, who was elected compiler at the regular annual meeting of rate clerks, has resigned and another man will have to be elected to fill the vacancy at this meeting.

To Exchange Trust Certificates.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 6.—[Special.]—The Treasurer of the Baltimore and Ohio has issued a circular notifying the holders of the trust certificates of the Farmers' Loan and Trust company of New York, which represents common stock of the company, that the certificates will be exchanged for Baltimore and Ohio common stock on application to the treasury department of the company. These certificates were issued to represent the Baltimore and Ohio stock which was pooled three years ago.

Milwaukee and St. Paul Purchase.

APPLETON, Wis., July 6.—[Special.]—The Milwaukee, Lake Shore and Western railroad has sold to the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad for $32,685 a half interest in all their side tracks on the water power and two and one-half acres of land used as a yard with the tracks thereon.

Picnic for the Altenheim Home.

Sunday, July 9, the regular annual picnic for the benefit of the German Old People's Home will be given at Altenheim. The picnic will be under the auspices of the Ladies' Society of the home. All the German singing societies and männerchors will attend. Prof. Katzenberger will also be present with his World's Fair chorus. The various societies will sing German songs and choruses separately, and also in a massed chorus. Henry Greenebaum will deliver the principal address. The children will be entertained with games and races for prizes. Strangers from the old country who are visiting the Fair are expected to be present. Special trains will leave the Wisconsin Central depot at 12 and 1 o'clock. Returning they will leave the park at 6:47 and 8:30.

INSURANCE NEWS.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. have decided to make a claim for the water and smoke damage to their stock at No. 110 State street by the fire Monday in the building occupied by Fish, Joseph & Co. Yesterday insurance adjusters finished an examination and compromised the claim for $5,000. This is less than 1 per cent of the insurance carried, which was $650,225. Following is the list, which is interesting both on account of its makeup and because it is one of the largest lines in the city. The list affords an excellent opportunity, too, to compare the aggregate lines of the different companies, Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. being a firm on which all companies would write their limits:

State of Pa.	$ 7,500	Union, Pa.	$ 2,500
Niagara	10,000	Fire Association	10,000
Phœnix, Eng.	17,500	Scottish Union	10,000
Springfield	5,000	Mechanics', Pa.	2,500
Lumbermen's, Pa.	5,000	Mnfrs'. & Merch.	2,500
Teutonia	1,500	Sun Mutual, La.	7,500
Burlington	2,500	Caledonian	2,500
Royal	5,000	First National	2,500
Ins. Co. of N. A.	2,500	Imperial	7,500
Continental	5,000	Germania, La.	2,500
Merchants', N. J.	5,000	Orient	2,000
Newark	5,000	Sun, Eng.	5,000
American, Pa.	15,000	Union Association	5,000
Farmers', Pa.	5,000	Michigan	2,500
Western, Pa.	2,500	Commerce	1,500
New Hampshire	1,500	Reliance	2,500
Phenix, N. Y.	10,000	Rockford	2,500
London Assurance	1,500	Fidelity	3,500
Virginia	4,000	St. Paul	5,000
Firemen's, Ill.	2,500	R. I. Underwriters'	2,500
German Mutual	1,000	National, N. Y.	2,500
Ohio	2,500	American, N. Y.	7,500
Union, Eng.	1,500	Armenia	2,500
German Mil. Mechanics'	5,000	United States	2,500
		Boylston	2,500
German, Peoria	2,500	Pennsylvania	2,500
Transatlantic	5,000	Mech. & Traders'	2,500
Home, N. Y.	12,500	Mfrs.' & Builders'	2,500
National, Conn.	1,500	Citizens', Mo.	2,500
Spring Garden	2,500	Greenwich	2,500
Ætna	2,500	United Firemen's	2,500
Pacific	2,500	Allemania	2,500
Firemen's, Md.	2,500	Queen	5,000
Lancashire	30,000	North American	2,500
Connecticut	7,500	Guardian	5,000
Firemen's, Mass.	4,500	Lion	5,000
Security	2,500	N. Y. Lloyds	10,000
Traders'	10,000	Atlas, Mass	20,000
Farragut	2,500	Economic	5,000
Fireman's Fund	2,500	Mutual Lloyds	5,000
N. Y. Bowery	2,500	Lloyds, Eng.	41,000
Granite State	2,500	Reading	5,000
Western, Pa.	7,500	Syndicate	2,500
State, Ia.	2,500	British America	2,500
Mutual, N. Y.	20,000	North River	2,200
German-Amer., Md.	1,250	Norwich Union	5,000
Individual Und.	20,000	American, Mass.	2,500
Merch. Mut., La.	2,500	Atlas	10,000
Keystone	2,500	Rochester German	5,000
Quebec	5,000	Manchester	5,000
Netherland	20,000	Orient	2,500
Kent	5,000	German, Pa.	2,500
Assicurazioni Gen	7,500	Columbian	5,000
Helvetia	4,500	Prussian National	5,000
Ger.-Amer., D. C.	1,250	N.Y. Underwriters'	5,000

The prosperity of the great life companies doing business in New York finds material illustration in the extensive real estate improvements under way. The Manhattan's new building, with ground, will cost about $3,000,000. The Metropolitan's magnificent marble structure on Madison Square represents an investment of about $3,000,000. The Mutual's extensive addition will cost something like $2,000,000, while the Mutual Reserve's new building on Broadway will cost when completed more than $3,000,000. Adjoining the great structure going up for the Postal Telegraph company at Broadway and Warren street is a noble edifice wherein will be housed the Home Life. The building with ground will represent an outlay of upwards of $2,000,000. Referring to this subject a high authority on insurance writes: "Life insurance companies are every day devising new methods to give their policy-holders more equitable cash and paid up privileges with their policies, and the day has long gone by when managers would count on lapses as a source of income."

The fact that it will cost but $30,000 or $40,000 to call an extra session of the Legislature of Tennessee, while the loss to the State's revenue by the withdrawal of the insurance companies will be about $200,000, is expected by the underwriters to bring about an extra session to repeal the corporation law and induce the insurance companies to return.

A Chicago manager, whose company has withdrawn from Tennessee since the attempt to enforce the recently enacted laws compelling foreign corporations to file charters, yesterday received a dispatch from a local agent in the State that only fifteen foreign companies were left in the State.

E. G. Carlisle, the former special agent of the Springfield, but latterly of the firm of Force & Carlisle of this city, has been reappointed special agent of the Springfield in the States of Colorado, Utah, Wyoming, and New Mexico, beginning July 1. His headquarters are to be at Denver.

The Southeastern Tariff Association has notified its members that in future the New York standard policy is to be required in the Southern field and that the agreement not to pay losses within the sixty days' limit is to be strictly kept.

When the valued policy law goes into effect in Oregon the Pacific Insurance Union has decided to advance rates 10 per cent to meet it.

The Gresham Life Insurance company of London is soon to enter Canada and possibly the United States later.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 6.—[Special.]—Gov. Turney has declined to call an extraordinary session of the Legislature to consider laws relating to foreign fire insurance companies.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., JULY 6.—THE SECRETARY of State today issued licenses for the incorporation of the following new companies:

National Cutlery company, Rockford; to manufacture and sell flat ware and cutlery; capital stock, $100,000; incorporators, John H. Sherratt, Henry W. Price, and George B. Kelty.

German-American Medical Aid and Burial Association, Chicago; to render medical services and burial for the poor; without capital stock; incorporators, H. M. Appelbaum, Jacob Peterson, John S. Schneider, and others.

The Utica Driving Park, Utica; to develop driving horses; without capital stock; incorporators, S. W. Reynolds, J. W. Ribley, W. A. Seed, and J. W. Prentice.

The Nauvoo Fruit company, Nauvoo; to grow and ship small fruit; capital stock, $4,000; incorporators, Emer Taylor, Robert Aitchison, August J. Beger.

The Lincoln Auxiliary Association, Chicago, filed a certificate of increase of capital stock from $3,000 to $15,000.

The Leroy Building and Homestead Association, Leroy, filed a certificate of increase of capital stock from $100,000 to $500,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

THE FOLLOWING TRANSFERS OF CITY PROPerty for $1,000 and upwards were filed for record Thursday, July 6, 1893:

Alexander-av., bet Graceland and Buena, e f, 50x150, w to Stella-st., Oct. 6, 1892 (H. J. Peete to M. T. Creighton)	$ 6,900
Jefferson-av., n w cor Dickson, to s w cor Castello, e f, 267x125, June 28 (J. Murray to C. E. Dyer)	4,500
The premises No. 743 Clybourn-av., 25x120, July 3 (J. Schneider to J. E. Kremer)	2,675
Wells-st., 82 s of Goethe, e f, 27½x100 (C. A. Anderson to B. Anderson)	3,000
Crosby-st., n w cor Hobbie, s f, 50x125, with 100x140 on Hawthorne-av., w and nearly opposite of Hobbie-st., also 25x130 on Crosby, bet Hobbie and Oak-sts., Mch. 10 (J. Stimpson et al. to G. J. Vestner)	10,000
Springfield av., 48 n of W. Ohio-st., e f, 48x125, July 5 (C. C. Oskamp to M. Emmons)	7,000
Chittenden-st., 155 w of Currier, s f, 25x125, July 3 (A. F. Kindblom to J. Gustka)	2,975
Carroll-av., 274 w of Ashland, n f, 25x124 (R. Carpenter to A. A. Storr)	2,600
Carroll-av., 207 e of Paulina-st., n f, 44x124, June 20 (M. O'Neil to J. Salinger)	6,500
Chicago-av., 40 e of N. Franklin-st., s f, 20x100, July 5 (S. Strauss to L. W. Herdrich)	9,000
W. Lake-st., 48 w of Stanton, n f, 25x100, April 28 (H. E. Yerkes to M. W. McCarthy)	2,650
12th-st., s w cor Lincoln, n f, 120½x112, May 16 (E. A. T. Wickes to S. Slovanska)	24,000
Johnson-st., 100 s of W. 21st, w f, 25x110, May 10 (B. Riley to E. Carey)	2,500
Haynes-ct., 239 s of Lyman-st., e f, 25x131, July 5 (G. Topel to Central Building and Loan Assn.)	1,170
Portland-av., 316 s of 31st-st., e f, 25x125, June 20 (J. B. Briggs to M. J. Feeney)	1,700
W. 43d-st., n w cor W. 13th, e f, 58x125, June 9 (M. R. McCarthy to J. Stock)	1,200
Sacramento-av., 148¾ s of 57th-st., w f, 150x125, with 48¼x125 on Clinton-av., s w cor 57th-st, e f, June 24 (O. R. Gorham to M. Meserole)	4,000
55th-st.-blvd., 25 w of Lawndale-av., n f, 150x120, with 9 other lots in same subd, May 30 (M. Rittenhouse to M. H. Squier)	4,500
Greenwood-av., 124 n of 44th-st., e f, 25x126, April 1 (H. M. Bliss to S. M. Isham)	6,000
Tremont-st., 275 w of Stewart-av., s f, 26x121, June 10 (N. Carlson to H. Erdman)	4,000
58th-st., bet Wallace and Wright, s f, 31 to alley, July 1 (P. B. Kelley to A. M. Burch)	1,600
Washington-av., n w cor South-st., e f, 102¼x235½, March 22 (F. C. Shays to M. A. Earnshaw)	5,500
Ontario-av., 75 n of 88th-st., e f, 25x130, June 27 (M. H. Smith to M. H. Smultz)	3,800
87th-st., n e cor Laflin, s f, 57x125, July 1 (C. Booty to E. A. Ryselen)	1,600
Center-av., 125 s of 68th-st., e f, 75x124, June 30 (S. Buckett to G. W. Sherman)	1,950
Aberdeen-st., 46 n of 66th, e f, 25x124, July 6 (J. F. Keeney to C. L. Walton)	2,000
Drexel-av., 237 s of 57th-st., w f, 24x130, July 5 (A. O. Andrae to J. H. Andrae)	3,000
Loomis-st., s e cor 62d, w f, 50x117, July 3 (M. J. Flaws to C. Walch)	9,500
Atlantic-st., bet Garfield-blvd. and 56th-st., e f, 25x125, June 24 (B. C. Rhoads to M. McNamara)	2,300
62d-st., 266 w of Stony Island-av., s f, 100x150, with 50x150 on Stony Island-av., May 13 (J. Dorn to R. J. Keck)	30,000
Emerald-av., 90 s of 46th-st., e f, 10x132, June 26 (L. F. Swift to E. Tilden)	1,000
46th-st., s w cor Emerald-av., 132x150, June 30 (Same to F. W. Conkey)	9,000
The same property as the above, June 30 (F. W. Conkey to Trustees Tenth Presbyterian Church)	9,000
Cottage Grove-av., 166 n of Ellis-pl., e f 24x182, July 5 (H. M. Maas to F. J. Urson)	11,500
Indiana-av., bet. 29th and 30th-sts., e f, 46x120, July 6 (M. Corrigan to C. S. Hutchins)	12,650
Lake Park-av. bet. 31st and 33d-sts., e f, 25x109, May 15 (H. L. Mitchell to F. L. Bridgeman)	18,000
James-st., n e cor. Musprat-st., s f, 24x124, July 5 (J. Eagan to Cath. Bishop of Chicago)	3,100
The premises No. 412 Maxwell-st., 24x100, July 5 (F. Hunsche to S. Jacobson)	6,500
W. 13th-st., 275 e of Hoyne-av., n f, 25x124, June 14 (A. Rehm to F. J. Seeny)	2,000
Monroe-st., 49¼ w of Franklin, s f, 90¼x190, July 1 (Jacob Weil to R. D. Sheppard)	300,000
W. Jackson-st., 32½ e of California-av., s f, 25x124, Jan. 21 (J. H. Sanborn to F. Schaubel)	4,000
Fairfield-av., 354 w of Fulton-st., w f, 25x109, Sept. 10, 1892 (L. Gerhardt to J. Eldrenberger)	1,300
Milwaukee-av., 74 n w of Lincoln-st., n e f, 24x150, May 15 (M. F. McMynn et al. to H. Wedekind)	4,700
The premises No. 275 Augusta-st., 30x106, July 6 (F. Knuth to L. Tabish)	3,700
Laurel-av., 280 n of Fullerton, w f, 50x126, July 1 (R. Clark to A. Wight)	1,900
Clarkson-av., s e cor Cortland-st., w f, 25x125, July 5 (G. E. Jacobson to J. W. O. Johnson)	9,800
Palmer place, 502¼ w of Thomas-av., s f, 50x124, July 5 (A. O. Anderson to J. H. Anderson)	3,000
N. State-st., 263 s of North-av., e f, 5x132, June 11 (I. D. Goodwin to J. A. Speor)	3,000
Wright-av., 100 n of Sunnyside, w f, 50x177, April 5 (E. Baertscky to A. J. Stinson)	1,500
School-st., 243 e of Halsted, n f, 37½ to alley, June 28 (C. Williams to G. Dietz)	4,000
Armin-av., n e cor Front-st., L. V., s f, 96x120, March 21 (V. M. Brand to J. P. Evert)	2,400

SALE OF LEASEHOLD INTEREST.

R. D. Sheppard has sold to Jacob Weil his leasehold int in the property on Randolph-st., n w cor Fifth-av., s f, 80x180, July 1.....$100,000

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT ISSUED THE following permits yesterday:

Frank Kroeger, 1 and 2-story brick addition and front, 922 54th-st.	$17,000
Harvey Sheeler, 1-story brick addition, 15 York-st.	3,000
Charles Friske, 3-story brick flats, 588 North Leavitt-st.	5,000
H. M. McKillip, four 3-story brick stores and hospital, 1639 Wabash-av.	10,000
L. Murphy, 3-story brick flats, 399 West Erie-st.	3,500
J. R. Johnson, 2-story frame flats, 938 Hangan-st.	3,000
J. N. Curter, two 3-story and basement brick flats, Boulevard-pl. and Vincennes-av.	15,000
The Rev. Samuel Edsall, 2-story frame dwelling, 1825 Nevada-st.	7,000

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—JULY 6, 1893—BLACK TEAM HORSE strayed from our barn Thursday morning, weight about 1,300 pounds, about 15 hands high; a small white saddle mark and collar mark; sides of horse brownish color from sunburn. Last seen corner Chicago and California-avs. Reward will be paid for return of horse or information leading to recovery. Seaman, Cox & Brown Cooperage Co., 137 North Hoyne-av., Chicago.

LOST—47TH-ST., NEAR COTTAGE GROVE-av., brown collie dog, answers name "Budge," license No. 688. Return 4432 Langley-av. Liberal reward.

LOST—IRISH SETTER, 1 YEAR OLD; FULL feathered; light red color; tag. 18,867. Return to 5142 Michigan-av. and receive reward.

FOUND—PAIR EYE GLASSES ON CABLE car on Madison-st. Owner can have the same by paying for advertisement. 98 40-th-place.

LOST—ANDREW JACKSON HERMITAGE SUBscription book. Leave at W. W. Kimball Co.'s, 243-253 Wabash-av., and receive reward. W. W. KIMBALL CO.

LOST—$7 REWARD—ON STATE-ST. WEDNESday black pocketbook containing money and watch. Return to C. McKEEVER. Virginia Hotel.

LOST OR STOLEN—A DIAMOND STUD AT THE World's Fair; a liberal reward for its return. S. LARTIGUE, 196 Colorado-av.

LOST—PEACOCK, 4TH JULY. RETURN TO 4730 Kenwood-av.; liberal reward.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

IMPORTANT SALE OF HORSES, SATURday, July 8, by F. J. Berry & Co., Union Stock-Yards, Chicago; 70 richly bred horses and colts; the produce of Sprague, by Gov. Sprague 2:20½; Golden Patchen, by Silver Chief—son of Mambrino Patchen; Eugene by Young Jim; Shasta—bred at Palo Alto by the late Leland Stanford—and Nobly Boy. This consignment is an installment of richly bred stock from Leroy Payne's Horse Home Farm, Chebanse, Ill., and comprises a number of brilliant speed prospects, as well as the imp. Percheron stallion Jules, and the trotting sire Governor, a high-class individual, by Clarion Chief. The offerings are all high-class specimens and will be sold to the highest bidder without reserve. Remember these horses will be sold Saturday, July 8, commencing at 1 o'clock p.m. and will be knocked down at their public valuation. For information and particulars address
F. J. BERRY & CO.,
Union Stock-Yards, Chicago.

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THE PROPERTY OF DECEASED MERchant; big bargain; $175 cash will purchase my stylish Kentucky bred trotting and family horse, Prince Wilkes, 6 year old, weighs 1,000 pounds, sired by Red Wilkes, dam Lucy Almont (record 2:21¼), she by Almont; Prince is a free, easy, and pleasant driver; fearless of objects; wears no boots; has no tricks or vices; no public record; warranted perfectly sound, kind, and gentle, and to trot full mile in 2:35 or no sale; allow trial 30 to responsible purchaser; a lady can drive him; sold only on account of my husband's death; also at great sacrifice, nearly new Brewster sidebar top buggy and set harness, robes, etc.; sell separate if desired. Apply at my private stable rear of residence 347 Ohio-st. cor. Pine, North Side.

CAN BE BOUGHT AT A BARGAIN—A PERfect family or business horse thoroughly city broke and can be driven by a lady; selling for no fault, only for want of use. Can be seen by applying to my groom at barn in rear of the Marquette club, 367 Dearborn-av.

CAN BE BOUGHT AT A BARGAIN, A 6-year-old family or business horse, city broke; can be driven by a lady; must sell for want of use. Can be seen by calling at 503 W. Madison-st., furniture store.

FOR SALE—FINE SPIDER OR CART HORSE; bay gelding 6 years old; also fine Kimball cart and harness; a bargain. Ask for Mr. Coleman's horse at Harz's stable, 502 Dearborn-av.

FOR SALE—PARTY HAVING NO FURTHER use for a good horse and buggy is willing to dispose of same at a reasonable price. Address D 720, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A GOOD SADDLE-horse, sixteen hands, sound, and free from blemishes; owner has no further use for him and must sell. Collins' Stable, cor. Cass and Erie-sts.

HORSES WANTED—SPRING BROOK STOCK Farm offers very finest pasture, box-stall, for coach horses; will be fed green feed. 410 W. Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—GENTLEman's driving team; handsome and fast; young, pacer, standard bred. 302 Tacoma Building.

FOR SALE—VERY FINE DRIVING MARE, one fine saddle mare, two pairs of nice coupe or carriage horses. Harz Livery, 502 Dearborn-av.

FOR SALE—PRETTY SHETLAND PONY with Frazier cart and harness; also phaeton; will exchange for brick. Apply 168 34th-st.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL SELL AT A great loss their handsome surrey and ladies' phaeton; both were purchased new in May; made by reputable makers; also one of the best and gentlest family horses in the city, weighs 1,100 pounds; young, sound, and fearless; can trot in 2:50 and a lady can drive him; must be sold this week. See the groom at private barn, 295 East Erie-st., N. W. cor. State.

NOTICE—WE HAVE CONSTANTLY ON hand a large and complete stock of hearses and covered undertakers' wagons; see our latest styles of white and black funeral cars before you buy; third floor, take elevator.
KEELER & JENNINGS,
355 Wabash-av.

NOTICE—SEE OUR LATEST NEW YORK styles of single and extension broughams before you buy; terms or cash; 3d floor, take elevator.
KEELER & JENNINGS,
355 Wabash-av.

WILL BE SOLD LOW—A NEARLY NEW Goddard phaeton and harness, of no use to owner, in the latest style, and must be sold. Owner's barn, northeast corner of Dearborn-av. and Maple-st.

FOR SALE—A LIGHT EXTENSION TOP cut-under family surrey; has had but little use; also a handsome lady's phaeton and harness can be bought cheap, as they must be sold. Private stable, No. 65 Maple-st., North Side.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—A LIGHT extension-top family surrey, with all improvements; used but slightly; also a nearly new set of harness. Private barn, 2729 Wabash-av.

$800—BREWSTER-POLE MAIL PHAETON without top for sale at $200 if taken this week; owner leaving city. Call YOUNG'S Stable, 145 Michigan-av.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A NEAT LADY'S phaeton; spring seat and loop front; only used a few times; no use to owner. Barn, 220 East 28th-st., near Michigan-av.

WANTED—KENSINGTON PARK OR PARK trap; also horses; must be in good order. Address MACKEY FLOWER, cor. Drexel-blvd. and 41st-st.

WANTED—2-SEATED FAMILY SURREY for single horse. D 652, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—ONE 26-PASSENGER TALLY ho wagonette, very cheap. Racine Wagon and Car Co., 430-432 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A FINE LIGHT SET OF double harness; also light pole. Barn northeast corner of 28th-st. and Wabash-av.

AGENTS WANTED.

SALARY OR COMMISSION TO AGENTS TO handle the Patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The most useful and novel invention of the age. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds. Works like magic. 200 to 500 per cent profit. Agents make $50 per week. We also want a general agent to take charge of territory and appoint subagents. A rare chance to make money. Write for terms and specimen of erasing. Monroe Eraser Mfg. Co., X 14, La Crosse, Wis.

WANTED—
Special and district agents to represent the Fidelity Mutual Life of Philadelphia; insurance at actual cost, 10, 15, and 20-year term policies, renewable without examination; 10, 15, and 20; payment optional, limited policies; life policies at life rates; pays the full face of policy in cash at the end of probable life or age 70; joint life policies for partners or man and wife; $50,000,000 in force; assets 41 times its liabilities; $2,333,000 written in Cook County 1892; over $800,000 written since Jan. 1, 1893; don't waste your time trying to sell high premium policies, money is too scarce; but if you can furnish ref. come and see what I have to offer; we challenge comparison with any Company doing business in the U. S.
F. B. FLEMING, Western Manager,
45, 46, 47, 48, 115 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS AGENTS FOR THE city and country; exclusive territory given; permanent and profitable business to right parties. Rau Manufacturing Co., 128 Michigan-st., cor. La Salle-av., Chicago.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

A TEST—NO IMPOSITION—MRS. FOSTER, MOST celebrated astrologist and business clairvoyant known; tested by nobility of Europe; forty years' practice; consultation by mail on receipt of $1, stamp, and date of birth; hours 9 a. m. to 9:30 p. m.; permanently located at 78 Ogden-av., few doors north Madison. Fees, 50c and $1; gents $2.

CARD READER, CHARM WORKER; SATISFACtion guaranteed; ladies only. MRS. TURNER, 4726 Dearborn-st.

MEXICAN GYPSY OF ROCKAWAY BEACH REveals past, present, and future; gentlemen $1, ladies 50c. 532 Wabash-av.

MRS. STARR, CLAIRVOYANT, 3222 COTTAGE Grove—A satisfied patron my best advertisement.

CLOTHING.

A. S., 502 N. WELLS-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST prices for gentleman's cast-off clothing; orders by mail promptly attended to.

MISS BELL PAYS HIGHEST PRICES FOR LAdies', gents', and children's cast-off clothing. 97 Blue Island-av.

PICTURES, STAMPS, COINS, ETC.

STEVENS & CO., 69 DEARBORN-ST., BUY AND sell old coins and postage stamps.

TRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES.

BRANCH OFFICES OF "THE TRIBUNE" MAY be found at the drug stores named below. Advertisements will be accepted and charged for at office rates at any of these places:

SOUTH DIVISION.

COTTAGE GROVE AVENUE—
2614 .... C. E. KREYSSLER.
Cor. 31st .... J. H. HOGEY.
Cor. 35th .... C. E. MARSHALL.
Cor. 37th .... T. H. PATTERSON.
Cor. Oakwood .... FRAZIER W. HURLBURT
4134 .... I. W. BLOOD.
Cor. 63d .... CURTI & McRAE.
Cor. 94th .... CALUMET DRUG CO.
HALSTED STREET—
2603 .... A. J. KETTERING.
Cor. 19th .... E. J. HONDLE & CO.
54th-st. .... BOULEVARD PHAR.
STATE STREET—
Cor. Harrison .... MRS. A. REICHEL.
2200 .... GOLDEN KEY DRUG ST.
2727 .... F. LIST.
Cor. 31st .... W. K. FORSYTH.
3160 .... H. J. HOLTHOEFER.
Cor. 39th .... HURST PHARMACY.
Cor. 44th .... W. F. GRAY.
4700 .... JOHN I. BELL.
Cor. 59th .... C. E. REISS.
INDIANA AVENUE—
Cor. 31st .... E. VON HERMANN.
Cor. 35th .... T. H. McINNERNY.
TWENTY-SECOND STREET—
123 .... J. & R. SIMMS.
THIRTY-FIRST STREET—
Cor. Wentworth .... R. P. BRAUN.
WABASH AVENUE—
Cor. 14th .... E. J. PAINTER.
Cor. 16th .... O. F. FISCHER.
Cor. 18th .... E. A. HOLROYD.
THIRTY-NINTH STREET—
210 .... G. G. MUEHLMAN.
FORTY-FIRST STREET—
460 .... L. W. SCHWAB.
FORTY-THIRD STREET—
Cor. Lake .... O. F. SCHMIDT.
405 .... C. H. TRUESDELL.
FORTY-SEVENTH STREET—
Cor. Evans .... C. S. TIRRELL & CO.
FIFTY-THIRD STREET—
108 .... F. G. SECORD.
FIFTY-FIFTH STREET—
Cor. Madison .... J. & W. E. HOLLAND.
FIFTY-SIXTH STREET—
Cor. Jefferson .... O. F. SCHMIDT & CO.
SIXTY-THIRD STREET—
Cor. Woodlawn avenue .... R. M. BARBER & CO.
STONY ISLAND AVENUE—
6940 .... PARKSIDE PHARMACY.
DEARBORN STREET—
Cor. 35th .... I. W. BLOOD.
WENTWORTH AVENUE—
4642 .... J. A. KAERWER.
Cor. 55th .... LINDEMANN & KIDDER
WALLACE STREET—
Cor. 32d .... R. H. WHEELER.

WEST DIVISION.

WESTERN AVENUE—
Cor Adams .... ADAMS-ST. PHARMACY.
CHICAGO AVENUE—
567 .... HENRY SCHMITT.
DIVISION STREET—
Cor. Robey .... PAUL HEINEMANN.
INDIANA STREET—
Cor. Ashland .... F. EITERMAN.
ASHLAND AVENUE—
587 .... F. AMKRATZ.
5022 .... WM. STORCK.
BLUE ISLAND AVENUE—
171 .... L. WOLTERSDORF.
Cor. 14th .... C. J. KASBAUM.
Cor. Laflin .... KAPLENSKY PHAR'Y.
LAKE STREET—
Cor. Paulina .... R. T. SILLS.
771 .... L. L. FLECK.
1014 .... W. W. THUMSER.
Cor. Homan .... GARFIELD PARK PHAR
2081 .... M. H. WATSON.
MADISON STREET—
Cor. Halsted .... G. F. WISSHACK.
278 .... DELL & CO.
384 .... PASSAIC PHARMACY.
572 .... F. E. THAYER.
785 .... J. W. CRAIN.
826 .... K. McLENNON.
1001 .... C. D. STONE.
1049 .... MacDONALD PHARM.
Cor. Sacramento .... E. E. FOSTER.
Cor. Homan .... L. P. KOTZ.
1971 .... M. H. WATSON.
MILWAUKEE AVENUE—
232 .... FORD'S PHARMACY.
465 .... HENRY SCHROEDER.
875 .... R. W. R. MEINUNG.
1318 .... MOYEN BROS.
Cor. Oakley .... F. J. BERGER.
OGDEN AVENUE—
149 .... FRANK GRAMMER.
296 .... W. A. BRABROOK.
475 .... F. J. KNOWLES.
TWELFTH STREET—
422 .... T. R. BEHRENS.
VAN BUREN STREET—
Cor. Center .... J. M. SCOTT & CO.
Cor. Laflin .... W. T. MASON.
Cor. Robey .... C. E. BUTTON.
Cor. Francisco .... F. H. KELLETT.
HARRISON STREET—
Cor. Hermitage .... FRANK E. FISH.
Cor. Oakley .... G. A. GOETSCH.
WALLACE STREET—
Cor. 37th .... A. J. MUELLER.

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CHICAGO AVENUE—
80 .... R. H. HANKE.
NORTH AVENUE—
Cor. Cleveland .... A. M. REIS.
CLARK STREET—
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Cor. Chestnut .... WHITE BROS.
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LINCOLN AVENUE—
224 .... HENRY SCHALLER.
Cor. Belden .... F. R. LEONARD.
1152 .... G. A. BROWN.
Cor. (N. E.) Fullerton .... L. F. BARLOW.
SHEFFIELD AVENUE—
845 .... A. M. BOÉ.

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AURORA .... F. P. KRYGER, Transfer Station.
HINSDALE .... H. G. PROUTY & CO.
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68th and Wentworth .... H. J. HOUGHTON.
69th and Stewart-av. .... E. G. BINZ & CO.
SOUTH ENGLEWOOD—
Cor. Vincennes av. and Rock Island tracks .... L. E. PENBERTHY.
RAVENSWOOD .... A. E. BIERSTEDT.
EVANSTON .... ELICH PHARMACY.
IRVING PARK .... DR. W. PARKER.
GLEN ELLYN .... ERWIN PULSE.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL — MADAME DUKE—ROOM 66, 78 State-st., Kranz Building—Celebrated specialist for all diseases of the feet; instant relief given; satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Take elevator.

PERSONAL—A. L. WILLARD, M. D., PHYSICIAN and surgeon. 235 State-st., makes a specialty of diseases of the feet, instant and painless relief from corns, bunions, and ingrowing nails; satisfaction guaranteed or no charge for service. Hours 9 to 5.

PERSONAL—DETECTIVE WORK IN ALL ITS branches promptly executed at moderate rates by skilled operatives. American Protective Co., 1209 Michigan-av., Chicago; telephone South 969.

PERSONAL—WORLD'S CROWN "VITILIXIN" and "Luxuria," the greatest remedies for gray hairs, scalp, and skin, are both used in our Gray Hair Parlors, 1117 Masonic Temple.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—WORK IN OFFICE; FAIR penman; three years' experience in one office; good references, Room 35, Hotel Fargo, 248 State-st.

SITUATION WANTED—STEADY YOUNG MAN wishes a position as bookkeeper or assistant; can keep double or single entry; has had 5 years' experience. Address M N 10, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS BILL, entry, and shipping clerk, who is also competent correspondent; referring to best firms; moderate salary. Address D 689, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EVENINGS—6 TO 9; A1 penman; any kind of work; bookkeeping, copying, card-writing; reasonable salary. Address D 579, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN REAL ESTATE OFfice by first-class experienced office man; good appearance and talker; reasonable salary; first-class references. Address D 629, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN FOR general office work; 5 years' experience; good city references. Address M N 23, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FOR OPENING, CLOSing, examining, and writing up books periodically; day or evening. Address P. O. Box 594, city.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN; UNderstands bookkeeping, fair penman, rapid and accurate at figures. Address D 664, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS ASsistant bookkeeper or office work; cash bond and best of references if required. D 609, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED bookkeeper and general office man; good penman; excellent references. D 670, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED young man in jewelry house; willing to make himself useful. A. L. A., 3121 Forest-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF 16 as bookkeeper or general office work. Address D 625, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SWEDISH YOUNG man as clerk in grocery or any other store. Address CARL JACOBSON, 5116 Hubbard-av.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—IN STATIONERY HOUSE as salesman; have had 8 years' experience; Chicago references. Address D 685, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FROM A FIRST-CLASS fruit and commission house to sell country trade on commission. Address D 634, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ON THE ROAD AS SPEcialty salesman; 10 years' experience. Address D 643, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CITY SALESMAN; good references. Address M N 6, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—AN ENGINEER WITH long experience, furnishes complete working drawings and estimates of electrical underground systems and machinery where a practicable idea is given; I take orders for working models at the lowest price; thereby I can give drawings to the workingman; first-class references. Address Engineer's Office, 94 Wendell-st., Chicago.

SITUATION WANTED—AN A1 CUSTOM SHOEmaker who can cut, fit, etc.; capable of taking charge, is open for engagement. Address WILLIAM CHARLES, 370 Garfield-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN; A mechanic with over twenty years' experience as a carpenter, millwright, and steamboat joiner on first-class work. Address M N 12, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED CUStom cutter is open for an engagement. Address M N 11, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MILLER IN FLOUR mill; has good French references of 11 years. 280 Fifth-av.. S. CAMPIONI.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN TO learn a trade; can furnish reference. Address D 672, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ENGINEER BY EXPErienced and practical man of 28; single; best of references. Address B H 351, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATIONS WANTED—A YOUNG MARRIED couple, speaking French and English, just coming from Europe, want employment as coachman-gardener and chambermaid-cook in private family, inside or outside city. Address D 633, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS ENglish coachman, married; no incumbrance; prefer rooms over stable; wife willing. Both can come with highest references. Address M N 39, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED coachman, English, strictly temperate and reliable; 12 years' experience in private families; city references. Address D 650, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN BY MIDdle-aged man; strictly sober and obliging. Address D 615, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN IN FAMily by a young, sober man. Address D 630, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN BY A married man; no children; best Chicago reference from last employer. Address D 641, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; GOOD driver and groom; is willing, all around; best city references. Address D 729, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS COACHMAN BY young single man; thoroughly experienced; first-class city reference. Address D 730, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; TEMperate and reliable; city refers. D 728, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS COACHman. Address D 663, Tribune office.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SECOND BUTLER OR valet in private family; sober and most willing; best of city references. E. ANDERSON, to R. H. McCORMICK, 124 Rush-st.

SITUATION WANTED—GOOD EXPERIENCED butler would like situation in private family; city reference. Address M N 51, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER OF 5 years' experience as private secretary to an individual; can furnish best of references. Address M N 33, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERT STENOGRApher and typewriter; long experience. First-class references. Address D 693, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GENT. STENOGRApher; Remington; good penman; $10. Address M N 46, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STNOGRAPHIC WORK for evenings. T. M. DOW, 3333 Armour-av., City.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—PERMANENT; WITH good house, by business-man of good experience, speaking four languages; well acquainted in city and at World's Fair. A1 city references. Address D 695, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RECOMMENDABLE man (32), speaking French, German, Italian, Spanish, English; teacher, correspondent, interpreter, waiter. Address D 690, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY REFINED, HIGHLY educated married gentleman, speaking English, French, and some German; best city references. Address M N 19, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, AUSTRIAN, speaks English, well educated; would take charge of exhibits at the World's Fair. References, bond, or security given. 198 Ontario-st., North Side.

SITUATION WANTED—LAWYER OF EXPERIence in commercial business would like position in credit department of corporation or mercantile house; best of references and bond. F C 60, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS JANITOR; EXPERIenced, married; good, handy at carpentering, painting, etc.; best reference. Address JANITOR, 1927 Calumet-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY MAN AND WIFE in wholesale hardware or grocery house; experienced. City references given. Address D 640, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY HONEST YOUNG American as usefulman or pantryman in restaurant. J. H., 3915 Indiana-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS HOTEL man as headwaiter or steward in permanent hotel or restaurant. Address D 679, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MALE NURSE, FIRST-class in his line, by sober young man. Address D 740, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS ALLround newspaper editor. M N 29, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS PORTER OR JANItor. HENRY LEARNILLE, 82 Larrabee-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CLERK IN BOOK OR music store by a competent young lady; moderate salary to start with. Address 4530 Champlain-av.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY CANADIAN GIRL; general housework; good cook, nice laundress; best of Canadian references; city or suburbs. 561 W. Madison-st., Room 5.

SITUATION WANTED—BY THOROUGHLY EXperienced woman as nurse for infant; can take entire charge from birth; references. Address Nurse, care Urben, 383½ E. 43d-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS WAITRESS IN HOTEL by experienced young lady. Address D 697, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT GIRL as general or 2d housework, to go in country. Call 3901 Prairie-av.

SITUATION WANTED—HOUSEWORK; COMpetent, willing Danish girl; city, suburbs. 220 Ontario.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GERMAN GIRL TO take care of child or assist in housework; age 16. 326 29th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO WASHING, IRONing, scrubbing or house-cleaning by the day. Call or address 3629 Armour-av., 1st floor, rear.

SITUATION WANTED — RELIABLE WOMAN will nurse baby at home; children cared for by the day or week. 2340 Calumet-av., 4th flat.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY 2 GENERAL DOMEStics, city or suburbs. Call at 147 North Clark-st. MATHEWS.

SITUATION WANTED—THOROUGHLY COMPEtent cook and good laundress; city, suburbs, or country. Call at 147 N. Clark-st. MATHEWS.

SITUATION WANTED—HOUSEWORK, BY GERman girl; references. Call 3130 Cottage Grove-av.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GOOD SEAMSTRESS sewing in families. 227 25th-st., top flat.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—AS MANAGING HOUSEkeeper in hotel or private family by American lady; have had experience in both hotel and hospital; best of references. Address HOUSEKEEPER, 357 E. Ohio-st., City.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY STEnographer; Rem. and Smith; experienced and can furnish best city references. Address C 967, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED LADY stenographer (Remington); $9; best refs. Address M G 161, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED young lady stenographer; Remington or Smith; good references; medium salary. D 669, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY STENOGrapher and bookkeeper; two years' experience; permanent; best refs. M. D., 32 Maplewood-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; three years' experience. Address D 724, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER, CAPAble of handling correspondence, would like morning work after July 15. Address D 738, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT STEnographer and office assistant; 7 years' experience. Address D 588, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG STRANGER (19), well educated, refined, bright, and intelligent, seeks engagement as companion, amanuensis, or housekeeper; good linguist; would travel. Address M N 24, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A DOCTOR'S WIDOW in any position of trust; care of infant, invalid, companion to lady, etc.; is good musician and needlewoman; 4 years in last situation; best of references. Address D 733, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A LADY SPEAKING several languages position as Secretary, interpreter, or other suitable occupation. Address D 520, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER, LADY of experience, is open for engagement during World's Fair; highest references. Address 6530 Sheridan-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY FRENCH LADY AND gentleman as interpreter; speak French and English fluently. Address Flat B, 1157 Jackson-blvd.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, high school graduate, as copyist; work at home preferred. Address D 613, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY WANTS to care for invalid or elderly lady. 5943 Wright.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY 2 GIRLS, COLORED. 3156 Armour-av.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPERS—THREE ASSTS.; $10 AND $12; good penmen. Room 609, 100 Washington-st.

CLERK—ENTRY, EXPERIENCED; GENTS' FURnishing goods. Address, with references, D 701, Tribune office.

CLERK—YOUNG MAN, GOOD PENMAN; $10. Room 609, 100 Washington-st.

CLERKS — TWO YOUNG MEN; STATIONERY store; $10. Room 609, 100 Washington-st.

DRUG CLERK—JUNIOR. APPLY TO O. M. ZESCH, 121 S. Clark-st.

DRUG CLERK — REGISTERED, ASSISTANT; German-American preferred. N 34, Tribune.

OFFICE MAN—ABOUT 23; GOOD PENMAN; rapid. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 31.

YOUNG MAN QUICK AND ACCURATE AT FIGures, writing good hand, some office experience, to work into position of entry clerk. Address D 658, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN FOR OFFICE WORK; GOOD writer and figurer; $8. Room 415, 21 Quincy-st.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

ADVERTISING MEN—FINE MEDIUM; LIBERAL coms. Manhattan Pub. Co., 84 La Salle-st.

CANVASSERS—TO SELL SCHOOL CHARTS. Address M N 15, Tribune office.

CANVASSERS—TO SELL POCKET HORSEMAN. Address M N 18, Tribune office.

CANVASSERS—FOR AN ARTICLE WORTH $10 per day. 3202 Wentworth-av.

"HOTEL SOLICITOR"—WITH "BRAINS" AND "GOOD ADDRESS" wanted to solicit for first-class S. Side hotel. Big pay. Call 61st and Dearborn.

MAN—ACTIVE MAN WANTED TO CANVASS family trade for ice. Address, stating experience and salary expected, D 667, Tribune office.

MEN—THREE OF GOOD ADDRESS WHO HAVE been successful insurance solicitors; $50 and expenses and commission. R. 609, 100 Washington-st.

MEN—TO SELL WORLD'S FAIR DIRECTORY TO street men and stationers. Room 1280, 334 Dearborn-st.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED, FOR WINE AND liquor house; one having established trade and understanding German language preferred; references. Address M N 47, Tribune office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SALESMAN—AN EXPERIENCED WINE SALESman to handle our products on commission. Hammondsport Wine Co., Horticultural Building, World's Fair.

SALESMAN — EXPERIENCED, TO SELL A grocer's specialty in Wisconsin; must speak German and English fluently, and furnish bond and references. Apply 216 W. Van Buren-st.

SALESMAN — EXPERIENCED, TO TRAVEL South in a specialty line; reference required. Address M N 41, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—WITH $2 CAPITAL CAN MAKE $5 to $10 per day. Call 1014 Unity Building, The String Fly Co.

SALESMAN—GOOD HUSTLER; PAY GOOD. APply after 7 p. m. at stand front 185 State-st.

SALESMEN—FIRST-CLASS—TO SELL PERFUME machines; used all leading hotels, stores, and restaurants. Call H. W. CULLEN, 90 Illinois-st., 9:30 to 11 o'clock.

SALESMEN—FOR A QUICK-SELLING OFFICE fixture on commission. Address M N 14, Tribune.

SOLICITOR — ADVERTISEMENT; SALARY; "Laramie's Weekly." 9040 Houston-av., South Chicago.

SOLICITORS—ADVERTISING. CALL IN THE forenoon or address Chicago Bureau Brooklyn Daily Eagle, 310 Wabash-av., Auditorium Building, Nash Rockwood, Manager.

SOLICITORS—TO REPRESENT THE FIDELITY Mutual Life; permanent; advancement, and good pay. F. B. FLEMING, Western Manager,
46, 115 Dearborn-st.

SOLICITORS—TO START—IF ACCEPTABLE, SALary or commission guaranteed. 4226 Evans-av., near 42d-st.

TRAVELING SALESMAN—WANTING A PROFITable side line should address GEO. A. BAYLE, St. Louis, Mo., maker of grocery, bakery, and saloon specialties.

Boys.

BOY—FOR OFFICE WORK; BRIGHT, 16 YEARS, who has graduated from grammar school, and is good at writing and figures. Address D 731, Tribune office.

BOY—WHITE OFFICE BOY ABOUT 10 OR 12 years old. Good manners; neat appearance. Inquire at 224 Michigan-av., Saturday, between 8 and 9 o'clock only, July 8.

BOY—AGE 16, FOR OPTICAL STORE; $5. 269 Dearborn-st., Room 204.

BOY—TO ADDRESS CIRCULARS.
Address D 626, Tribune office.

BOY—TO ANSWER TELEPHONE. ADDRESS D 732, Tribune office.

BOYS—A FEW GOOD-SIZED BOYS TO SELL OFficial catalogues, World's Fair. W. B. CONKEY CO., 341 Dearborn-st.

OFFICE BOY—COMPETENT, LIVING WITH parents in Chicago; $4-$5 per week; give age, experience, references in own handwriting. Address D 657, Tribune office.

Trades.

BARBER—STEADY PLACE, SOUTH 864 WEST ern-av., opposite C., B. & Q. Depot.

CARRIAGE PAINTER—MUST BE FIRST-CLASS finisher and striper. Address M N 21, Tribune office.

GUITAR PLAYER—GOOD; TO TRAVEL WITH mandolin soloist; must be good reader. Address H. C. BABIZE, 1157 Jackson-blvd.

TINNERS—EXPERIENCED ON CAR WORK. APply Mgr. Pullman Car Works, Pullman, Ill.

WATCHMAKER—AT ONCE; MIDDLE-AGED man, 420 South Clark-st.

House Servants.

MAN—TO TAKE CARE OF A HORSE, COW, AND lawns, and his wife to cook and do general housework; an hour's ride from city; references required. Address D 676, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

GENTLEMEN WHO ARE CONFINING THEMselves in offices until they are losing their health to sell life insurance for the Fidelity Mutual Life and be independent and have outdoor exercise; six agents wrote in Cook County last year $2,000,000, averaging over $200 per month apiece. Why not give it a trial? You cannot lose anything and it may be your forte. FRANK B. FLEMING,
Western Agent,
46, 115 Dearborn-st.

HOTEL RUNNER — EXPERIENCED; GOOD character; salary and commission to right man. Strickland Hotel, Lake-av. and 38th-st.

HOUSE MAN AND WINDOW WASHER—HOTEL Grace, cor. Clark and Jackson-sts.

MAN—LIVE, ENERGETIC MAN OF GOOD BUSIness address to put fast-selling World's Fair Souvenir on sale in hotels, stationery stores, news stands, etc. First-class references required. State age and experience. Address D 683, Tribune office.

MAN—RELIABLE YOUNG MAN TO RUN FIRST-class lunch-room. Must speak German. Address D 660, Tribune office.

MAN—TO CANVASS AND COLLECT INSURance. A. JORDAN, R. 608, 173 E. Jackson-st.

MEN—BUILDING AND LOAN AND INSURANCE men to call on or address A. M. KENNEDY, 445-448 Monadnock Bldg., Chicago; salary and commission.

RUNNER—HOTEL; EXPERIENCED; SALARY and commission; must be first-class. Hotel Bancroft, Calumet-av. and 29th-st.

WATCHMAN—RELIABLE WATCHMAN IN wholesale house. Must have best of references. Address D 661, Tribune office.

WANT EMPLOYMENT? VACANCIES READY. CAMPBELL, DOWD & CO., 11, No. 325 Dearborn.

YOUNG MAN WITH SOME EXPERIENCE IN bottling wines to manage California fruit and wine department; give age and experience. Address D 678, Tribune office.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

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BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG LADY; MUST BE GOOD penman, quick and accurate at figures. Madison av. Laundry, 6022 Madison-av.

BOOKKEEPER—LADY WHO WRITES SPENCERian hand; $12 up. Room 609, 100 Washington-st.

CASHIER—COMPETENT LADY CASHIER AT GUNTHER'S, 212 State-st.

SALESLADY—YOUNG, OF GOOD APPEARANCE; no soliciting; $10 per week. Room 516 Stock Exchange.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER, LADY, young, $25 a week. R. 609, 100 Washington-st.

YOUNG LADY—WRITING GOOD HAND FOR OFfice work. A. W. CLEAVER & CO., 107 East 38th-st.

YOUNG LADY, GOOD PENMAN, $6. ROOM 609, 100 Washington-st.

Domestics.

CHAMBERMAID—AND TWO WAITRESSES AT small first-class hotel near World's Fair. Call or write MRS. S. G. MORRIS, 5484 Cornell-av., one block east of where Hyde Park cable cars turn on to Lake-av.

COOK—THOROUGHLY COMPETENT WOMAN as cook in small first-class hotel near World's Fair; good wages. Call or write MRS. S. G. MORRIS, 5484 Cornell-av., one block east and 1½ blocks south of Hyde Park (53d-st.) Station Illinois Central R. R.

COOK—WOMAN FOR PLAIN COOKING IN REStaurant; no baking; $8; also dining-room girl; $4.50. 3531 Cottage Grove-av.

COOK—FIRST-CLASS; GOOD WAGES. 422 HUron-st.

COOK—GOOD—AND SECOND GIRL—WANTED at once. References. 2604 Prairie-av.

COOK AND SECOND GIRL—GOOD, IN SMALL family; no washing. 192 Ashland-av.

COOK—A GOOD COOK AND A SECOND GIRL. Apply 192 Ashland-blvd.

COOK—$7; LAUNDRESS, $6; SECOND GIRL, $5. Call 147 N. Clark. MATHEWS.

GIRL—TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK. APPLY immediately. 4514 Emerald-av.

GIRL—TO HELP IN LAUNDRY; WAGES, $5 Hotel Grace, cor. Clark and Jackson-sts.

HOUSEWORK—RELIABLE GIRL FOR GENERal housework in a small family; German preferred; must be a good cook. Call at 4318 Greenwood-av.; bring references.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL WORK; must understand cooking; wages $5. 230 South Homan-av.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework; family of three. 4237 St. Lawrence-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL TO DO SECOND WORK IN small family at Highland Park; no children. Address D 677, Tribune office.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; good cook. 4434 Greenwood-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork, without cooking. 2548 Indiana-av.

NURSE—CHEERFUL, HEALTHY WOMAN, 21 or over, to care for 6-months-old boy; good home in pleasant suburb. Address MRS. E. H. ROSS, 269 Thatcher-av., River Forest, Oak Park P. O., Ill.

NURSE—AN EXPERIENCED FRENCH NURSE to take entire care of an infant. Address D 681, Tribune office.

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WAITER GIRLS—FIVE EXPERIENCED. 56 and 58 W. Jackson-st.

WAITRESSES—TWO NEAT TABLE FOR FIRST-class cafe. See proprietor Kenwood Beach Hotel, 50th-st., alongside Illinois Central railroad, bet. 10 and 3.

WAITRESSES—2; $6, BOARD AND ROOM. CALL 147 N. Clark. MATHEWS.

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Miscellaneous.

HOTEL HELP OF ALL KINDS. CALL EARLY. 1028 Chicago Opera-House.

LADIES TO WRITE AT HOME. ADDRESS IN own handwriting. BERTHA BENZ, Sec., South Bend, Ind.

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—CHOICE—CENTRAL—MOST PROMISING—
If you are ready to act and wish to place $50,000 to $100,000 in above and secure a handsome profit address M N 22, Tribune office.

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CALUMET-AV., north of Garfield-blvd., 50 or 100 feet.
SOUTH PARK-AV., north of Garfield-blvd., fronting Washington Park; 50 feet; will sell either of these pieces cheap or will exchange for improved.
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FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—HYDE PARK—TWO modern residences near 44th-st., "L" road, $5,500 and $7,500; will accept one-third in good clear vacant.
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FOR SALE—STATE-ST., EAST FRONT, 24 FEET with party wall; between 55th and 56th-sts., the only single lot in the block; easy terms. CHR. B. OTT, 5540 State-st.

FOR SALE—MICHIGAN-AV., NORTH OF 16TH-st., 52x170 ft., with frame improvements; can be had at a price $500 per foot below the market.
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FOR SALE—THE CHEAPEST SOUTH SIDE RESidence. F. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 308 Inter Ocean Bldg.

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FOR SALE—INVESTORS' AND BUILDERS' OPportunity; West Madison-st., desirable locality; 95x194 to 20-ft. alley. Call at once.
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FOR SALE—EDGEWATER LOTS ONLY $250 down, balance on long time at 6 per cent; very easy terms, including all the well-known Edgewater improvements, sewer, water, gas, macadamized streets; cement walks, stone curbs, street lamps; title perfect; abstract with each lot; 5 minutes' walk from the lake; near R. R. station and new electric road; this road will double value of lots on account of increased transportation; any one who can save a little money can buy one of these lots; free transportation daily to see property.
J. L. COCHRAN,
722 Opera-House Bldg.

FOR SALE—
NORTH SHORE BARGAIN.
The choicest block of 6 acres in Glencoe, with riparian rights, at forced sale and on very favorable terms; this is a chance of a lifetime for a beautiful home on the North Shore at half its real value. Call for full particulars.
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FOR SALE—9-ROOM HOUSE—LARGE LOT; cheap; 300 ft., Evanston; $3,500. D 723, Tribune.

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FOR SALE—OUR BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE property, at Wilmette, is especially inviting at this time; no finer place for private picnic party in the West; North Shore property, is on the "Rock Bottom," and our price can not be matched in Cook County; merit being the test; one lovely home for sale at close figure. If sold owner will build fine home adjoining; every advantage of lake shore, lovely trees in abundance; first-class schools, churches, stores, etc.; 34 minutes ride from Chicago Station. DRURY BROS., 1110 Tacoma Bldg.

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WILLIAM W. WEARE,
218 La Salle-st., Room 220.

FOR SALE — EVANSTON — MODERN 9-ROOM house; corner lot, 150x112; large lawns; forest trees; good barn and barnyard; bath room, hot water, furnace, gas, etc.; price $7,000. Apply at 53 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—AT RIVERSIDE, ON C., B. & Q. R. R. choice homes and investments.
C. A. WOODRUFF & CO., 318 Rookery.

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FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—MILLION ACRES choice lands, ranches, live stock, city real estate in Texas; send stamps for lists. MARTIN & CO., San Antonio, Tex.

FOR SALE—MY FARM, 240 ACRES, CLOSE TO city limits of Chicago, together with stock and machinery now on place. Will sacrifice for money. WAKELEY, 481 Ogden-av.

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FOR SALE—WANTED—ASSISTANCE TO COLOnize or sell at special bargain 170,000-acre tract, good, irrigable Nebraska land; also to trade lot of Nebraska farms. Address C S 66, Tribune office.

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WANTED—IMPROVED REAL ESTATE FOR immediate purchaser, a good piece of improved business property, South, North, or West Side; must be desirable and cheap; $10,000 to $15,000. Call between 2 and 5 p. m.
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WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, ONE $50,000 AND one $80,000 6 per cent gold fee; terms cash. Owner. Address M N 30, Tribune office.

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W. W. YATES & CO.,
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FOR EXCHANGE—$10,000 OR $15,000 IN STOCK of a strong company, incorporated, doing a heavy manufacturing business; shares of stock $100 each, paying dividends and worth above par; for residence or residences in desirable section of city. Address with particulars, M N 38, Tribune office.

LEASE, STOCK, FIXTURES, WORTH $2,000, for residence or farm. Address D 742, Tribune.

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TO EXCHANGE—$400 FIRST MORTGAGE FOR good driving horses. Address D 702, Tribune.

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LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

I MAKE BUILDING ASSOCIATION LOANS WITHout delay; no deduction of premiums. H. C. BUNN, 407 Chamber of Commerce.

LOANS MADE IN ANY AMOUNT ON GOOD FIRST and second class substantially improved city property; also choice large building loans; privilege of prepayment on any interest paying day; no delay; money on hand. WM. A. MERIGOLD & CO.,
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Money to loan on city real estate at current rates.
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WANTED—$6,000 LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, spring property, 80 miles north of Chicago, at once. Address D 686, Tribune office.

6 PER CENT—MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED Chicago real estate; building loans made; favorable terms. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

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$12,000 WANTED ON CALIFORNIA to take up mortgage now held by San Francisco bank; if you will entertain it address M N 28, Tribune office.

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ABOUT MONEY—DO YOU NEED ANY? We make loans of any size, large or small, on household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, and warehouse receipts at very low rates, for any length of time desired. Any part of the loan can be paid at any time, thus reducing the interest as fast as the loan is paid. If you need a loan please call on us. CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 86 La Salle-st (main floor), First floor above the street.

ANY ONE DESIRING TO MAKE A QUICK LOAN upon their furniture, piano, horses, or carriage on the very easiest terms and with the utmost privacy will do well to call at the office of FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 94 Washington-st., First Floor, Between Clark and Dearborn-sts., OR 351 63D-ST., ENGLEWOOD, where all business can be transacted without going down town. Englewood office open until 9 p. m.

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AT LOWEST RATES AND ON FAVORABLE terms we make loans on mortgages, warehouse receipts, notes, and on all good collaterals. SHIELDS & BRO., 95 Clark-st., Room 9.

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FOR SALE—$500,000 IN CHOICE 5 PER CENT 1st mtge. railroad bonds. Railroad now under construction; in partial operation located near Chicago, in first-class agricultural and manufacturing section. Bonus of stock given. D 726, Tribune.

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LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED AT highest cash values; loans negotiated on same a reasonable rates. T. R. BARTLING & CO., 605-6 Manhattan Bldg.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, and JEWELRY; strictly private; unredeemed diamonds and watches sold at low prices. RICHTER & FOSTER. Stock Exchange Bldg., 167 Dearborn-st., Room 411

NEW COLLATERAL LOAN BANK.

We have any amount of money to loan on diamonds, watches, jewelry.

Liberal advances made at low rate of interest.

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Collateral Loan Bank,

165 E. Madison-st. between La Salle and 5th-av.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT FOR CASH; all kinds of broken, unused, or out-of-style jewelry or silverware, etc.; highest prices paid. Victory Chemical Co., refiners, Room 601 Columbus Building, State and Washington-sts.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY WILL MAKE LOANS ON furniture or diamonds; lowest rates. 88 and 90 Washington-st., Room 54.

WANTED—$3,500, SECURED—WILL GIVE HALF the profits in good paying business or pay interest for use of same; reserve right to take up the loan. Address D 653, Tribune office.

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Fischer	$190	Marshall & Wendell	$300
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Haines Bros.	225	Camp & Co.	150
Washburn	190	Ludwig	225
Kroeger & Son	275	Connor	245
Cunningham, oak	225	Knabe, nearly new	375
Hazelton, mahogany	325	Kranich & Beach	200
Strich & Zeidler	275	McCammon	250

And many others. Also choice of square pianos from $25 upward. Our unequaled stock of new pianos embraces the KNABE, the FISCHER, the HAZELTON, the BRAUMULLER, and other leading makes. OUR PRICES ARE INVARIABLY THE LOWEST. TERMS CASH OR EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS. New pianos to rent. Old pianos taken in exchange. Tuning and moving. LYON & HEALY, State and Monroe-sts.

NOTE—Our factories (opposite Union Park) produce 100,000 musical instruments annually.

NEW ENGLAND PIANO CO., 262 and 264 Wabash-av.

PIANOS— TO RENT —PIANOS
PIANOS— AND —PIANOS
PIANOS— FOR SALE —PIANOS
PIANOS— ON —PIANOS
PIANOS— EASY PAYMENTS. —PIANOS

ONLY ONE PROFIT IN DEALING DIRECT WITH THE LARGEST MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD.

Excellent bargains in STANDARD MAKES of PIANOS and ORGANS which have been taken in exchange for the celebrated NEW ENGLAND PIANOS. IT WILL PAY YOU TO CALL. PIANOS STORED, TUNED, AND REPAIRED.

NEW ENGLAND PIANO COMPANY, WAREROOMS—200 Tremont-st., Boston. 98 Fifth-av., New York. 262-264 Wabash-av., Chicago. 26, 28, and 30 O'Farrell-st., San Francisco. FACTORIES: BOSTON, MASS.

ESTEY & CAMP—
233 STATE-ST. THE LEADING HOUSE 49-53 JACKSON-ST.
200 PIANOS——500 ORGANS.
Representing six leading manufacturers.
A LINE THAT EXCITES ADMIRATION.
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TERMS THAT SUIT.

We make a specialty of renting at lowest rates with or without privilege of purchase.

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Visitors welcome. Catalogues mailed free.

PAY BUT ONE PROFIT.

Buy direct from the manufacturer.

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One price. One profit. Plain figures. Satisfaction guaranteed. Second-hand pianos, $50 to $200. Second-hand organs, $10 to $30. W. W. KIMBALL CO. (Established 1857), Wabash-av., near Jackson-st.

CHICKERING PIANOS, CHASE BROS. PIanos, and a complete stock of medium priced and second-hand instruments for rent and sale on time payments. CHICKERING-CHASE BROS. CO., 219-221 Wabash-av.

BRADBURY PIANOS—You can always find good bargains in second hand pianos of all the leading manufacturers at the Bradbury Piano Warerooms, 255 and 257 Wabash-av.

ADAM SCHAAF, MANUFACTURER OF PIanos; prices reasonable; terms easy; second-hand pianos at very low prices; new pianos to rent, and one year's rent allowed if purchased. 276 West Madison-st., corner Morgan.

$225 BUYS A SOHMER UPRIGHT PIANO, 3 pedals, all improvements, splendid tone; fully guaranteed; easy payments. STEGER & CO., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-st.

THREE STEINWAY & SONS' UPRIGHT PIanos, walnut, ebony, and mahogany; $215, $290, and $325; in first-class condition. STEGER & CO., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-st.

$175 CASH BUYS A HALLET & DAVIS UPright piano. Guaranteed for 6 years. STEGER & CO., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-st.

SOHMER PIANOS—MATHUSHEK PIANOS—To rent and for sale on easy payments. THOMPSON MUSIC CO., 267 Wabash-av.

FINE VIOLINS—ROBERT GLIER VIOLINS, THE best quality, $50. Genuine old violins from $25 to world-famous masterpieces by STRADIVARIUS and GUARNERIUS. Several remarkable values just at the present time. LYON & HEALY, State and Monroe-sts.

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FRENCH LEARNED QUICK BY A NEW METHOD only a few more can be taken. Address D 699, Tribune office.

TUTOR—AND COMPANION—FOR 10-YEAR-OLD boy; satisfactory proof of ability and character required; give experience, reference, and salary expected. Address M G 31, Tribune office.

TUTORING—EXAM. PREPARATION BY CORnell student; mathematics a specialty. Address D 696, Tribune office.

WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED TEACHER, PUpils in German during summer. University of Chicago references. Address JESSIE L. JONES, 263 Dearborn-av.

BOOKS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR BOOKS, LIbraries, cyclopedias, magazines, and paper novels. WELLS B. SIZER, 189 State, Palmer House.

MACHINERY.

$35 TAKES NEW B. G. FOOT LATHE. CALL 633 57th-st., Englewood.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

FOR RENT—NICELY-FURNISHED 11-ROOM house, all conveniences, good barn; piano; convenient to "L" and cable roads; location Prairie-av.; best house in city for price. Address M N 43, Tribune office.

TO RENT—3210 RHODES-AV., 10-ROOM FURnished house, convenient to Illinois Central and Cottage Grove-av. cars; in good repair; immediate possession. Particulars at house.

TO RENT—MANY DESIRABLE SOUTH SIDE houses and flats, unfurnished or furnished, at reduced rents; examine our choice list. F. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 308 Inter Ocean Bldg.

FOR RENT—ARTISTICALLY FURNISHED house of 10 rooms for three months, more or less. 3834 Lake-av.

FOR RENT—HANDSOME PRIVATE HOME, finely furnished; excellent location, for 2 to 4 months. 3250 Rhodes-av.

TO RENT—MODERN NEWLY DECORATED house on 49th-st. A. W. GREEN, 184 E. 50th-st.

North Side.

FOR RENT—14-ROOM HOUSE PARTLY FURnished; choice location; moderate rent. 302 Erie.

TO RENT—52 ST. CLAIR-ST., 10-ROOM HOUSE. OGDEN SHELDON & CO., 36 Clark-st.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—OR WILL SELL LEASE AND FURniture of my 10-room modern house, with stable; all light and large rooms; furniture and carpets good as new; convenient to steam and street cars; good chance for World's Fair parties. M N 20, Tribune.

TO RENT—FAMILY GOING EAST WILL rent their 8-room house, completely furnished, to careful parties for $50 until Sept. 1; possession Monday; good barn. Address D 637, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSES AND FLATS during the World's Fair. Tel. 681. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

Suburban.

TO RENT—7-ROOM COTTAGE AT WESTERN Springs, block and half from depot, 35 minutes from city; will rent furnished for 4 months at $35, or unfurnished to May 1, 1894, at $18. Address D 671, Tribune office.

A GENTLEMAN LIVING IN EVANSTON will rent his furnished house, nicely located, from July 15 to Sept. 1 to a desirable party. Address K., 406 Asbury-av., Evanston.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, owners to take board for rent or part of rent. Address D 721, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT— "THE POTOMAC," Corner Michigan-av. and 30th-st.

No better location in the city; two blocks from "L" road station; convenient to car lines and Ill. Cent. R. R.; 7, 8, and 15-room apartments.

Elegantly appointed and supplied with every modern convenience, including cafe connected with the building, where meals can be had at all hours, passenger and freight elevators, gas ranges, logs, and clothes driers, sideboards, refrigerators, etc.

Steam heat, hot water, and electric light furnished to tenants gratis.

Moderate prices. Possession now. Agent on premises.

W. A. MERIGOLD & CO., 156 and 158 La Salle-st. Exclusive Agents. Branch 3920 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—SOUTH SIDE FLAT—THE "SHOREham," 4458 and 60 Oakenwald-av., fine 7-room 1st floor flat, steam heat, hot water, and everything modern, overlooking lake; rent $60 a mo. PROUDFOOT & CO., 126 Washington-st.

TO RENT—ONE FIVE-ROOM APARTMENT, UNfurnished; one four-room, furnished; Sherwood Building, 37th-st. and Langley-av., Ellis Park; no housekeeping; cafe in building. Apply at building, hall boy.

TO RENT—SEVEN-ROOM FLAT AT 4233 LAKE-av.; monthly rent $35 to May, '94; furniture for sale; a snap during World's Fair season. MRS. E. ELLSWORTH.

TO RENT—8-ROOM FLAT IN "THE CLINTON," 1427 Michigan-av.; immediate possession; $83. H. O. STONE & Co., 206 La Salle-st., Telephone 681.

TO RENT—7-ROOM FLATS, 6033 DREXEL-AV., steam heat, hot water, gas ranges, 2½ blocks from Elevated road.

TO RENT—4 AND 5 ROOM FLATS IN NEW building, 6345 and 6347 Cottage Grove-av.; elevated, electric, and cable cars. Apply at building.

TO RENT—FURNISHED 3-ROOM FLAT WITH bath, Indiana-av., near 23d-st. Address G M 162, Tribune office.

TO RENT—OR SALE—FIVE-ROOM FURNISHED flat in Plaza apartments. Address D 649, Tribune office.

TO RENT—COMPLETELY FURNISHED FLAT—4 rooms; bath; $50 monthly; 1 month or longer. Apply 3200 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—7-ROOM FLAT AT 6033 AND 6035 Drexel-av.; steam heat, hot water, gas ranges; janitor will show at any time.

TO RENT—3 OR 4 ROOM FLAT, COMPLETE for housekeeping, cheap to parties without children. 234 42d-st. or Clinton-place, 1st flat.

TO RENT—WILL SELL MY 7-R. FLAT AT YOUR own price if taken before 15th; only $70 rent; s. h., e. l.; finest location on Michigan-av.; 2505, Flat 2.

TO RENT—2 STEAM HEATED MODERN FLATS. 3105 Calumet-av.; inquire office.

TO RENT—3146 WABASH—NEAT PARTLY FURnished rear flat; marble basins; gas; $25.

TO RENT—4507 LAKE-AV.—7-ROOM FLAT, pleasantly situated; $40. Apply 2d floor.

West Side.

TO RENT—Choice new modern flats in very desirable location on West Side; have reduced the price. MADDEN BROS., 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—THREE 5 AND 6 ROOM FLATS, $20 and $22; and one corner store for drug store, Vernon Park Flat Building, Polk-st., near Center-av. Inquire on premises.

TO RENT—BY PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st. 336 W. 12th-st., 4th flat, 4 rooms, steam heat, $17. 332 W. 12th-st., 5 rooms and bath, steam heat, $20.

TO RENT—5-ROOM BRICK FLAT 119 LINCOLN, near Austin-av. $15; modern conveniences.

TO RENT—CHOICE MODERN 4 ROOM FLAT, 279 Ogden-av., $25. RUSTAD, 277 Ogden-av.

North Side.

TO RENT—IN THE NEW "MINEOLA" AND "Monterey," s. w. cor. La Salle-av. and Oak—Few 6 and 7 room flats left; modern; first-class cafe; walking distance; Wells and Clark cable one block; moderate rental. GOUDY, SHANKLIN & CO., 84 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED FLAT OF 8 ROOMS IN choicest location on North Side, $125 per month. Apply 388 La Salle-av., 2d flat.

TO RENT—BY PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st.—543 Burling-st., 2d flat, 7 rooms and bath, $35.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT FOR SUMMER; 8 rooms. 401B Oak-st.

WANTED—FLATS.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY LADY AND GENTLEman, small furnished flat, steam heat, modern improvements, to May 1 or longer. D 675, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—5 ROOM FURNISHED flat within 12 blocks of Congress-st. D 655, Tribune office.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

FOR RENT—ON S. WATER-ST., BET. 5TH-AV. and Franklin-st., part of store, 150 ft. deep, with part of basement; fine location for butter, eggs, etc. PROUDFOOT & CO., 126 Washington-st.

TO RENT—2 FINE STORES WITH LIVING rooms in rear. Apply 3019 Michigan-av., next to Lacoto Hotel.

TO RENT—SMALL OR LARGE STORES WITH steam heat. 131 to 141 31st-st.

TO RENT—STORES AND BUILDINGS. CALL for list. ROUNDS & CLOUGH, 189 La Salle-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—BY PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st. 341 S. Canal-st., large store and basement, suitable for wholesale liquor store.

TO RENT—$20—STORE 127 N. LINCON, COR. Austin-av.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—IN THE GARDEN CITY BLOCK, northwest corner of Randolph-st. and 5th-av., fine offices of various sizes, suitable for law offices, dentists, physicians, manufactures' agents, book publishers, and similar occupations. The building is heated by steam and lighted by a spacious skylight, electricity and gas, and has two first-class passenger and freight elevators. The rents will be found more reasonable than other buildings of the same character. Apply at Room 208, office of the building.

TO RENT—1 AND 3 NORTH CLARK-ST., LIGHT offices, single or en suite; steam heat, elevator, hot water, etc.; $18 to $32 per month. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—SMALL OFFICE NEAR ROOKERY, has vault; furnished complete; $25 monthly pays for furniture and rent. Address D 718, Tribune.

TO RENT—OFFICES IN 38 MODERN BUILDINGS. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.; telephone 681.

TO RENT—HALF PRICE, SPLENDID OFFICE AT 167 Washington-st., Room 29.

TO RENT—NICE LIGHT OFFICE, FURNISHED; everything complete. Suite 806 Tacoma Bldg.

Lofts.

TO RENT—LOFTS—COMPLETE DOWN-TOWN list. ROUNDS & CLOUGH, 189 La Salle.

TO RENT—LOFTS OF ALL SIZES IN MOST ANY location. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—HOTELS.

TO RENT—HOTEL AT PARK RIDGE—22 ROOMS; 150 foot lot, stables, etc.; 30 minutes from down-town; good transient trade and plenty of boarders; rent $75 per mo for the balance of the year. F. C. WOOD & CO., 151 Washington-st.

TO RENT—HOTELS OF ALL KINDS—WE HAVE a large list. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—2,500 SQUARE FEET IN THE RAND-McNally Building, to be vacated by World's Fair officials; suitable for publishers or subscription book agency; no machinery. Apply to RAND, McNALLY & CO., 166-168 Adams-st.

TO RENT—ROOMS WITH POWER; ALL SIZES; we are agents for large list of factory buildings and warehouses. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—SPACE IN STATE-ST. STORE; FINE window, suitable for California wines and fruits. Address D 680, Tribune office.

TO RENT—BY HAASE & ANDEREGG, 73 DEARborn-st.—573 Austin-av. elegant corner for saloon; price $55.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED HOTEL near Fair grounds. Address D 691, Tribune.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

51 UNIVERSITY-PL.—FIRST-CLASS BOARD AT reduced rates; try it. Headquarters.

68-70 24TH-ST.—WORLD'S FAIR ENTERTAINment—Desirable rooms with board, transit or permanent, reasonable; convenient to all lines.

243 MICHIGAN-AV.—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms on Lake-Front for Fair visitors, near Auditorium and fifteen minutes to Jackson Park.

268 EAST 61ST-ST., ONE BLOCK FROM FAIR—Elegantly furnished rooms in private house with best of board if desired; rates reasonable.

1332-1334 MICHIGAN-AV.—APARTMENT FOR World's Fair visitors, with or without board, reasonable.

1553 MICHIGAN-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS with table board; World's Fair guests accom.

1600 INDIANA-AV. — ELEGANT FURNISHED rooms; all conveniences; choice location; low rates to permanent people; excellent table.

1810 MICHIGAN-AV.—ONE OR TWO PLEASant rooms, with first-class board.

1823 TO 1827 WABASH-AV.—ELEGANT ROOMS with board; $10 to $15 per week; every convenience.

2457 MICHIGAN-AV. — FIRST-CLASS ROOMS in private family in finest residence portion in Chicago; $1 per day; near line between Fair grounds and center of city; 15 minutes' ride each way. Meals if desired.

3534 LAKE-AV.—LARGE ROOMS, WITH BOARD. No World's Fair prices.

3962 ELLIS-AV.—BOARD AND ROOMS; MODerate rate.

4828 ST. LAWRENCE-AV.—2 GENTLEMEN TO board permanently; elegantly furnished front room, good table, private family, $6.50 per week, near L and cable road.

6070 UNION-AV., ENGLEWOOD—ROOM AND board in private family; $5 per week.

BOARDING — AND ROOMS—PRIVATE RESIdence; reasonable. Inquire R 3, 116 E. Randolph-st.

North Side.

41 DELAWARE-PL., FLAT 3—NICELY FURNISHed rooms, suitable for 2, with board.

196 LA SALLE-AV.—NICE DOUBLE AND SINgle rooms; good board; walking dist.; $5 up.

241 E. OHIO-ST.—DESIRABLE DOUBLE AND single rooms, with excellent board.

243 DEARBORN-AV.—SELECT BOARDING; DEsirable furnished room with homelike board.

262 ONTARIO-ST.—ELEGANT ALCOVE, ALSO single rooms; permanent or World's Fair visitors.

372 E. OHIO—ELEGANT ROOMS FRONTING lake and first-class board; $6 up; bath.

377 DEARBORN-AV. — HANDSOME ALCOVE. large closets; small family; reasonable rates.

381 DEARBORN-AV.— CHEERFUL HOME IN most desirable location.

395 DEARBORN-AV.—NEWLY AND HANDSOMEly furnished room, with first-class board.

443 DEARBORN—ELEGANT SINGLE AND connecting front rooms with board.

487 LA SALLE-AV.—ROOMS AND BOARD; transients taken; day boarders; moderate rate.

West Side.

181 WASHINGTON-BLVD.—LAPIERRE HOUSE. Rooms to rent; very reasonable; dining-room in connection.

477 WASHINGTON-BLVD., NEAR UNION PARK —Double and single room; superior table.

748 JACKSON-BLVD.— NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with good board; terms reasonable.

Hotels.

EUROPEAN HOTEL BREWSTER, 292 DEARborn-st., corner Van Buren; central location; lighted by electricity; genial, homelike, economical, and safe; no liquors on the premises; rooms $1 per day up. W. E. MARSH, Jr., of Galt House, Cincinnati, O.

GRAND PALACE HOTEL, COR. NORTH CLARK and Indiana-sts.—Elegant rooms at low prices; cut rates to weekly guests.

HOTEL GLENARM, N. E. CORNER 22D-ST. AND Indiana-av. — Permanent Hotel — Newly and handsomely furnished: 150 rooms; elevator, electric lights, and all conveniences. World's Fair or business center in fifteen minutes; cable cars pass the corner; most convenient and desirable; American or European plan; rates cut in half. $1 per day and upward.

HOTEL VERNON, EUROPEAN, 4227 TO 4237 Wabash-av.—Excellent restaurant in connection; a quiet and homelike place to stop during your visit; on line of all cables and elevated road to the Fair or down-town, 15 minutes' ride either way; rates $1 to $2 per day. Write for diagram and references.

HOTEL AND RESTAURANT—NO. 5559 COTTAGE Grove-av., corner 56th-st., opposite Washington Park, Chicago; 3 blocks north from west entrance to World's Fair; terms $1 per day or $1.50 per day for two; cots 50c per day. Address H. H. ALLEN, Manager.

HOTEL MIDLAND—167-169 EAST MADISON-ST.; strangers should call at the Midland before locating; all outside rooms with modern conveniences; rates $1 per day. F. H. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

HOTEL CRYSTAL, 49 5TH-AV., NEAR RANdolph., newly furnished rooms 50c. to $1.50 per day; $3 to $7 weekly.

HOTEL WILSON, 286 MICHIGAN-AV.—FURnished rooms $1 a day and upwards, single or en suite, facing Lake-Front.

HOTEL THE GRAND, 35TH AND CALUMET-AV.; twenty outside rooms, $1 up.

HOTEL DETROIT, 77 E. JACKSON-ST., NEWLY furnished; good accommodations; 75c up.

HOTEL TRENTON, EUROPEAN—302 DEARBORN —250 rooms; $1 upwards; modern, respectable.

HOTEL THE GRAND, 35TH-ST. AND CALUMET-av. 25 outside rooms. $1 per day.

MT. VERNON, 59 PLYMOUTH-PL., BLK. SO. P.-O.; fireproof; elevator; 200 guests; 75c, $1, $1.50.

THE ROCHESTER—FIRST-CLASS NEW EUropean hotel, with cafe attached, cor. 22d-st. and South Park-av., and in the choicest residence district, overlooking Lake Michigan, half block from the 22d-st. depot of the Illinois Central Railway, main line to the World's Fair, with trains running every 30 seconds; also street cars and cable line within 2 blocks, running always, reaching the business district, World's Fair, theaters in a few minutes; ready to contract with parties desiring first-class accommodations.

"THE ALPINE" HOTEL ON PINE-ST., BEtween Ohio and Ontario; easy access to all World's Fair trains. $1 to $3 per day. FREDERICK A. HALL.

THE HOTEL RAINIER—S. E. COR. COTTAGE Grove-av. and 33-dst.; European; overlooking the lake; first-class accommodations at moderate prices. Elegant cafe in connection. Office 55 33d-st.

THE "WAIDE," 61ST AND DEARBORN—75C, $1; meals 25c; brick; newly furnished; convenient, safe; near "grounds" and Englewood depots; desirable for families and ladies alone; send for circular.

"THE CENTRAL" 250 STATE-ST., NEAR PALMer House—Rooms 50c a day, $2 a week; with board, $1 a day, $5 a week upwards.

THE ALBANY, COR. 24TH AND WABASH-AV.; American plan; $2 per day and upwards; convenient to elevated and cable roads.

VIOLA—6500 OGLESBY-AV., BRICK, 4 BLOCKS from 64th-st. entrance; 50c to $1.

WOOD'S HOTEL (EUROPEAN), VAN BUREN and Wabash-av.—Elevator, steam heat, free baths; new, modern; first-class; reasonable prices.

Summer Resorts.

HOTEL LIPPINCOTT, FOX LAKE, ILL.—AN ENchanted summer land, open and ready to contract for guests. For particulars address hotel.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—AND ROOMS—IN PLEASANT SUBURBS of Chicago, North or West, not too near lake, for family of four, man, wife, and two girls 6 and 10 years old; for first-class accommodations a liberal price will be paid. Address full particulars C. E. ELLIS, 112 Dearborn-st.

BOARD—GENTLEMAN WANTS LIGHT ROOM, breakfast, and dinner, with refined private family; South Side only, bet. 20th and 30th-sts.; about $10 week; first-class neighborhood; permanent. Address D 651, Tribune office.

BOARD—BY A FAMILY OF SIX ADULTS, FOUR or five adjoining rooms and board; South or West Side; must be first-class; private family preferred. Address M N 13, Tribune office.

BOARD—AN EXPERT TEACHER OF GERMAN wishes room or board in exchange for tuition. Best references. Address D 741, Tribune office.

ROOMMATES.

ROOM-MATE WANTED—BY GENT; $1.25 PER week, near cable, West Side; first-class. Address D 674, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—$1 PER DAY EACH PERSON SECURES dainty breakfast and choice, elegantly furnished rooms, four, en suite or singly, offered by select private family; special offer to family or party of 8 or 10, rooms and breakfast 75c a day, weekly engagement, one to four weeks; Champlain-av., near 47th-st., 7 minutes' walk to elevated road, 18 minutes' ride to Exposition; four large rooms, en suite, two front; for economy, comfort, and convenience this beats any offer made. Address D 673, Tribune office.

TO RENT — FIVE ELEGANTLY FURNISHED rooms; detached house; each room light and airy; use of bath, hot and cold water; one of the nicest locations in the city; strictly private family; own the property; one block from elevated railroad; ½ block from first-class restaurant. M. C. WATERS, 4041 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—HOTEL GLENARM, N. E. COR. 22D-st. and Indiana-av., newly and handsomely furnished; elevator, electric lights, and all conveniences; furnished rooms to permanent guests at lowest rates.

TO RENT—SMALL FURNISHED ROOM $6 WEEK; also large parlor and alcove bed, suitable for family, bath, etc.; fine lake view; first-class location. 3541 Lake-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR MAN AND wife or two gentlemen; permanent; electric lights and all conveniences; private family; reference given and required. 269 46th-st.

TO RENT—FOR WORLD'S FAIR GUESTS, HANDsomely furnished rooms 1½ miles from Fair, four blocks from elevated; reasonable prices: 5141 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—4626 LANGLEY-AV., 4 DESIRABLE rear rooms; to adults only; good as front; gas range, 2d flat, front entrance.

TO RENT—DURING WORLD'S FAIR, NICE rooms in a private house in a good neighborhood; convenient to the Fair. 5144 Madison-av.

TO RENT — 2340 INDIANA-AV., HANDSOME front room; convenient to cable, elevated, and steam cars.

TO RENT—RICHLY FURNISHED ROOMS, SINgle or en suite, in private residence, near Metropole. 2327 Michigan-av. Prices low; references.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS to World's Fair guests at reasonable rates; fifteen minutes from grounds. Address 3628 Lake-av.

TO RENT—IN "THE ALLEN," 143 OAKWOOD-blvd., furnished rooms, $7 to $15 a week; send for circular.

TO RENT—ONE OR TWO FURNISHED ROOMS. to gentlemen; terms very moderate. 4005 Drexel-blvd.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH or without board; special rates to World's Fair visitors. 3158 Indiana-av.

TO RENT — 2436 PRAIRIE-AV., ELEGANT rooms for transients; few extra nice for permanent.

TO RENT—5,000 ROOMS FOR FAIR VISITORS; strictly private families; all personally inspected and warranted first-class; room owners; prices yours. GRISWOLD & BEDELL. 308 Royal Insurance Bldg.

TO RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS; bath; every attendance. 2427 Michigan-av., first flat.

TO RENT—259 MICHIGAN-AV.—ELEGANTLY furnished rooms for transients, 2 blocks from Auditorium, convenient to all lines of transportation.

TO RENT—1924 MICHIGAN-AV., BEAUTIFULLY furnished large rooms; also nice, airy single rooms.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT PARlor; gas and bath; near L road and cable; reasonable rent. 4100 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—FINELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH or without board, near 43d elevated station; elegant locality; everything convenient. 489 E. 42d-st.

TO RENT—NICE LARGE, AIRY ROOMS; SPLENdid location; very desirable; reasonable. 1831 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—4231 CALUMET-AV., LARGE WELL-furnished rooms, half block from 43d-st. station; terms very reasonable for location and advantages.

TO RENT—1462 MICHIGAN-AV.—FRENCH PRIvate house; splendid double parlors, private; also 2 comfortable rooms; separate; well furnished.

TO RENT—3020 MICHIGAN-AV.—WELL FURnished rooms; breakfast if desired; permanent or transient.

TO RENT—ROOMS; TEN MINUTES' RIDE FROM Fair grounds preferred. References. No. 18 47th-court.

TO RENT—SELECT ROOMS FOR WORLD'S FAIR visitors at 6440 Ellis-av., at the Modjeska; moderate rates. MRS. FLEWELLING.

TO RENT—4531 ELLIS-AV., FURNISHED rooms by day, week, or mo.; price reasonable.

TO RENT—35 25TH-ST., FACING LAKE—PLEASant rooms, with or without board; reasonable.

TO RENT—FURNISHED APARTMENTS. SINGLE or en suite. 64 Adams-st., cor of State.

TO RENT—4 ROOMS DURING FAIR, AT MODERate prices. CRES SMITH, 4001 Drexel-blvd.

TO RENT—4 ROOMS; MICHIGAN-AV. FRONT. Apply 3019 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—4359 LAKE-AV., ELEGANT FURnished rooms; terms reasonable; call and inspect.

TO RENT—ROOM WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD for two. No other boarders. 2338 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—3311 COTTAGE GROVE-AV., APARTment 23, elegant outside rooms, modern.

TO RENT—3624 ELLIS PARK, FIRST FLOOR—Pleasant furnished rooms.

TO RENT—2336 MICHIGAN-AV.—FOR GENTLEmen, pleasant rooms, with modern conveniences.

TO RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS; board if desired; reasonable. 49 33d-st., 1st flat.

TO RENT—1258 MICHIGAN-AV.—1ST-CLASS furnished rooms for World's Fair visitors.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS, first-class private family. 2947 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, NEAR Auditorium. 271 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANT APARTMENT, DAY OR week. 4128 Drexel-blvd.

TO RENT—ROOMS, SINGLE OR EN SUITE, DURing the World's Fair. 4730 Kenwood-av.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED LARGE ROOM. 5 Oakland Cusant, Ellis-av. and 41st-st.

TO RENT—3535 INDIANA-AV., FLAT A, SOME very desirable rooms at reasonable prices.

West Side.

TO RENT—153 AND 155 SOUTH WOOD-ST.—Front and side suites of rooms furnished for housekeeping, by the day or week; they will be found worthy of the attention of small families now boarding or others arriving in the city.

TO RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED SINGLE OR double parlor; private family. Call 1st flat, 941 West Jackson-blvd.

North Side.

TO RENT—THREE ROOMS, SINGLE OR EN suite; all conveniences; splendidly furnished. WALSH, 255 Wells-st., cor. Chestnut.

TO RENT—PRIVATE FAMILY, DESIRABLE rooms, nicely furnished; pleasant location; convenient to business section. 101 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—65 CASS-ST., NEAR OHIO, NICE furnished double front rooms, all conveniences; price reasonable; rooms for transients.

TO RENT—PLEASANT, NICELY FURNISHED rooms; first and second floors. 37 Cass-st.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM, FURNISHED; transient or permanent. 202 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS. 76 Walton-pl.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, 208 Cass-st., 1st flat.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR two or three persons, day or week. 269 Ontario-st.

TO RENT—2 PLEASANT ROOMS WITH O without board. 292 Rush-st., Flat B.

TO RENT—460 LA SALLE-AV., 2D FLAT; NICE cool rooms; separate entrance; cheap.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE ROOMS IN MANY PRIvate residences; examine our list; no charge. F. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 308 Inter-Ocean Bldg.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOMS. WE HAVE APplicants for rooms daily. List your rooms and we will assist you in renting; demand increasing. F. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 308 Inter Ocean Bldg.

WANTED—TO RENT—A FURNISHED ROOM, North Side, with and without board; state price and location. Address M N 25, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOMS FOR 4 WEEKS during July and August. H. H. CROW, Boston, Nelson Co., Ky.

STORAGE.

CHICAGO STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 294 TO 300 Franklin-st.—Best storage for furniture and merchandise; private rooms; moving, packing and shipping; telephone Harrison 467. SNOW & SNOW, proprietors.

FIDELITY STORAGE WAREHOUSE IS NOW OCcupying its large, new building, 80, 82, and 84 E. 12th-st., between State and Wabash-av.; plenty of light, dry storage space and compartments for furniture at lowest rates; moving, packing, and shipping done. Established 1875. Telephone South 786.

ORIENTAL STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 399 TO 405 W. Madison-st., for storage of furniture and merchandise; goods sold on commission; advances made. Telephone 4026. The E. Jennings Co., Props.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE AND PIANOS—Largest, oldest, and safest in the city. Moving and packing furniture a specialty. West Side—156, 158, and 160 W. Monroe-st. Tel. 4579 Main. South Side—350 and 352 Wabash-av. Tel. 1543 Main. GEORGE PARRY.

UNION PARK Fireproof Furniture Storage Warehouse — CLEANEST, CHEAPEST, BEST storage for furniture, merchandise, pianos, etc.; private rooms; money loaned; tel. W. 153, 503 and 505 Carroll-av. LUTHER BROS., Props.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—ACTIVE MAN WITH $800 and services; half interest in office business; good profits; light work; established ten years; a rare chance. Address D 662, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—ONE WITH GOOD CHIcago acquaintance to assist in placing some California properties. Address M N 27, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $175 IN PAYING business; will bear investigation; no bonus asked. Address D 739, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—IN ONE OF THE BEST saloons of the city; $2,000 required; call at once. Bargain. Address D 687, Tribune office.

WANTED—A PARTNER—BY AN INVENTOR having several inventions, three of which are very valuable, two of them unfinished; inventor wants partner to join him for half interest and furnish means to complete and place inventions upon the market, for which there is practically no competition and profits should be large. Address M N 32, Tribune office.

WANTED—PARTY TO TAKE RETIRING PARTner's interest in a good money making business; $1,200 needed. Address M N 26, Tribune office.

BICYCLES AND TRICYLES.

STILL BIGGER BARGAINS— AT THE BIG FIRE SALE OF BICYCLES. DON'T WAIT—COME TODAY. CORNER DEARBORN AND WASHINGTON-STS.

FOR SALE—RAMBLER BICYCLE, NO. 2 G. & J. Corrugated Pneumatic Tire, with lamp, horn, and chain; $85; only used 1 month; owner to leave the city. 3823 Langley-av.

TODAY $85 TAKES NEW $160 PNEUMATIC Rover. Address D 722, Tribune office.

$60 BUYS GOOD PNEUMATIC SAFETY; EASY payments. Address D 735, Tribune office.

1893 PNEUMATIC SAFETY FOR THE BEST offer in jewelry. Address D 736, Tribune office.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

DO YOU INTEND OPENING A DRUG STORE, cigar store, or restaurant? Get designs and estimates on fixtures free at 86 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—OAK DESK, $5; CHAIR, 75 CENTS, 184 Washington-st., 2d floor.

GAS FIXTURES AT FACTORY PRICES; LATest designs and lowest prices. H. S. HOLDEN, 67 and 69 S. Canal-st., near Madison.

TO RENT—NEW TEN SYRUP SODA FOUNTAIN. Call 4 60th-st., near Cottage Grove.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE—AT A MEETING OF DIrectors of the HAWLEY DOWN DRAFT FURNACE COMPANY held at their office in this City Wednesday, July 5, 1893, at 2 o'clock p. m., a semi-annual dividend of three (3) per cent was declared, payable Aug. 1, 1893. Transfer books will be closed from July 20 until Aug. 2, 1893, inclusive. JOHN C. DRUMM, Secretary.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, OFFICE OF THE RAILROAD AND WAREHOUSE COMMISSION— St. Paul, July 1, 1893.

The Railroad and Warehouse Commission of Minnesota invite sealed bids for the construction of a State elevator of 500,000 bushels capacity on St. Louis Bay at Duluth. Plans, specifications, etc., can be seen at our office. Bids will be opened Aug. 2 at 10 a. m. Each bid must be accompanied by a deposit in money of $10,000, or a certified check in said amount as guaranty of responsibility and good faith.

The Commission reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

WM. M. LIGGETT, GEO. L. BECKER, IRA B. MILLS, Commissioners.

Attest: A. K. TEISBERG, Secretary.

TO RESPONSIBLE SEWER CONTRACTORS—Until July 10th information as to about $125,000 worth of sewer work for which bids will be opened at New Orleans on July 24th by the New Orleans Sewerage Co., the first block of about two million dollars of such contracts, may be had between 11 o'clock and noon each week day upon inquiry at the office of the Fort Wayne Electric Co., 185 Dearborn-st. for the undersigned. HARVEY C. LOWRIE.

SCALES.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND SCALES, ALL KINDS. Address Borden & Selleck Co., Lake-st., Chicago.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BEST AND CHEAPEST BOARDING-HOUSE IN the city; very little money needed; full of boarders, and all will remain; to the right party this is a golden opportunity; located opposite Union Park. Call or address GEO. W. MEIZGEN, Local Pass. Agt. Penn. Co., Cor. Canal and Adams-sts.

A FINE SALOON, NEAR CLARK AND MADISON, for sale cheap if taken at once; good reason given. Inquire WM. WOLF, Hotel Brevoort Sample-Room.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES OF ALL KINDS bought, sold, and exchanged; legitimate deals of every character arranged quickly and judiciously; parties wanting to buy a business should call. People's Exchange Co., 925 Unity Bldg., 79 Dearborn.

"BIG PAY" TO HOTEL AGENT WITH "BRAINS." See ad. under male help wanted.

CANADIAN AGENCY WANTED FOR PATENT medicine and drug sundries by party with good connections. Address D 648, Tribune office.

CIGAR STORE—$1,000—CENTRAL DOWN-TOWN location; sales average $75 to $100 daily; must sell quick. People's Exchange Co., 925 Unity Bldg.

DO YOU WANT TO BUY, SELL, OR EXCHANGE a business? Do you want additional capital in your business? If so see us; we can help you. Call or write for our bulletin; offices in the principal Western cities. Western Business Agency, general offices, 321 to 326, 218 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BEST LOCATED, LARGE DINING-room in city, clean as a pin, over 100 steady boarders, transient trade besides; now this is a chance not often offered, for with an investment of $2,000 you clear over $400 monthly; there is no risk and no World's Fair scheme in this, but bona fide year around business; will bear closest investigation; leaving city. Address Owner, D 632, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AN EXCELLENT WELL-ESTABLISHed grocery business in the best suburb of Chicago; part cash and part on time; brick basement; store, 25x80; cemented basement 25x95; fine barn and large shed; lot 25x190; alley; trade last year over $30,000; flat above; rent store, fixtures, and flat cheap; cause of change poor health. Call or address 405 Security Bldg., Madison and Fifth-av.

FOR SALE—THE WELL-KNOWN LINCOLN House, established over a year ago, with 21 well-furnished rooms, doing a good business, with elegant bar-room with billiards and pool, which will pay for itself in 6 months. For particulars call at 4734 State-st.

FOR SALE—NEARLY NEW, FURNISHED, MODern hotel in a growing town on the C. & N. W. R. R., or will exchange for good farm. Address D 631, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—LIVERY BUSINESS AND STOCK; the best location and the largest business on the North Side; about $40,000 required. Address M N 37, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—SALOON WITH BOARDING-HOUSE on South Canal-st.; good location; long lease; party must sell on account of sickness in family. Inquire at The Wacker & Birk Brg. and Mltg. Co., 171 N. Desplaines-st.

FOR SALE—BIG BARGAIN — SOUTH SIDE steam laundry; well equipped; established trade over $500 per week; price $4,500. D 665, Tribune.

FOR SALE—DRESSMAKING BUSINESS, WELL established, on South Side; good reasons for selling. Address M N 36, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS SAMPLE-ROOM, OAK fixtures, centrally located; good reason for selling. Apply to owner, 1816 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE — RESTAURANT AND ROOMING-house, near World's Fair entrance; bargain, if taken at once. Address M N 45, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FINE $1,000 STOCK OF BOOTS AND shoes in town 40 miles from Chicago; oldest and best stock in town. Address D 656, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—18-ROOM HOTEL DOING A GOOD business; must sell; at sacrifice. Address D 627, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MEAT MARKET; OLD STAND; good location; bargain. 830 Madison-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—STOCK GENERAL Md'se. Address box 76, Frankfort, Ind.

HONEST, ENERGETIC MAN CAN BUY HALF interest in legitimate business; only small capital required. Address D 719, Tribune office.

HOTEL FOR SALE—$1,000—SELECT; SO. SIDE; full; 40 beds. "Rooming Bureau," 92 Van Buren-st.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL A BUSINESS call on CLEVELAND & LIGHT. 184 Dearborn-st.

MAN—FOR MANUFACTURERS' AGENCY; $500 required; $2,000 stock. Address D 700, Tribune.

O'DONNELL AND DUER BAVARIAN BREWING Co.—One of the largest breweries in the United States; belongs to no syndicate of any kind; parties desiring to go into the saloon business will do well to call on them. Cor. 40th and Wallace-sts.

POSITIONS WITH LEADING MANUFACTURERS and business firms. People's Exchange, 925 Unity Building.

SPLENDID CHANCE—RESTAURANT FOR RENT in nice 100-room hotel, three blocks from main entrance to Fair; 200 feet from elevated and I. C. depots; 100 guests now wanting good meals. Apply immediately to J. S. CORBIN at 6326 Madison-av.

THE ADVERTISER HAS $1,000 AND DESIRES to meet a party who can invest an equal amount with him in a legitimate and honorable enterprise guaranteed to return 100 per cent profit in thirty days; this is an opportunity seldom offered; closest investigation solicited. Best references given and required. Address D 644, Tribune office.

TO BUY, SELL, EXCHANGE, INSURE, BORROW, rent, see HUBBARD, 416 Stock Exchange.

WANTED—FOR THE EXHIBITION IN SAN Francisco, which opens Dec. 25, 1893, capital to the amount of about $15,000 (by one or more persons) is desired by an accomplished aeronaut, Captain of the Prussian army, with a view of building a concert beer garden in connection with a balloon captive, for which a concession has been granted him. For particulars address D 642, Tribune office.

WALL PAPER AND HOUSE-PAINTING BUSIness for sale, or will exchange for real estate; is in first-class shape for a competent hustler to make a good living; owner has made well out of it and will sell cheap as he wants to retire. Address M N 49, Tribune office.

WE WANT GOOD BUSINESSES TO SELL— PHŒNIX TRADING CO., 70 La Salle-st.

WANTED—ACTIVE MAN ACQUAINTED WITH commercial work for manager of permanent business out of city; he requires $1,200; salary $125 per month. Address D 668, Tribune office.

WE HAVE A BARGAIN IN A SALOON TODAY; also a furnished house and flat; come and make an offer. FLETCHER & CO., 167 Dearborn-st., Room 617.

WANTED—MAN WITH $2,000 CAPITAL AND services in an A1 manufacturing concern. Room 411 Unity Building, 79 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—MAN WITH $300 CAPITAL TO JOIN me in paying business and go to Pacific coast. Address M N 31, Tribune office.

WANTED—SMALL GROCERY FOR SUBURBAN lots or to be paid from profits. M N 9, Tribune.

$100 WITH SERVICES—BUSINESS THAT will net $20 a day. 1622 Wabash-av.

$300—GRANDEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED —Confectionery, ice-cream, soda, cigars, tobacco, fruits, 10 showcases, counters, awning, fixtures, 4 living rooms, furnished. 1622 Wabash-av.

$450 TAKES ONE-THIRD INTEREST IN AN old established office business; grand chance for one with limited capital; $1,500 average income for each partner. Address D 688, Tribune office.

$1,000 BUYS A GOOD CORNER SALOON. C. HEMING & CO., 16th and Loomis.

$6,500 TAKES A HIGH CLASS BAKERY AND cafe doing a rushing business and increasing daily; splendid location near World's Fair; 2 large ovens; 20 hands employed. D 686, Tribune.

$25,000 WANTED—TWO MEN WITH LARGE experience in the manufacture of ladies' fine shoes, with plant and some capital, are desirous of interesting a third party with above capital. Good references required. Address M N 44, Tribune office.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

CASH PAID FOR FURNITURE OF PRIVATE residences; all kinds of household goods bought at liberal prices; call personally only on us before selling. Fidelity Storage Warehouse, 80 E. 12th-st.

CASH PAID FOR FURNITURE, CARPETS, household goods. T. P., 21 Park-av.

FURNITURE— CARPETS— STOVES— HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS. $100 WORTH OF GOODS, $5 PER MONTH.

Full 3-piece hardwood bed-room suit	$7.88
Parlor suits from	18.00 up
Cook stoves	6.45 up
Wood-seat chairs	19 c.
Tables from	65c up
Carpets	16c up

MARTIN EMERICH OUTFITTING COMPANY. Leading housefurnishing outfitters. 61 and 263 State-st. Open evenings till 9 o'clock.

FOR SALE—NEW FURNITURE OF 10-ROOM house; cost $500; must sell. Apply 3200 Cottage Grove-av.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE—A FEW NEW DOUble beds and bedding. Popular Hotel, 6344 Hope-av.

LEASEHOLDS TO SELL & WANTED.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM MODERN FURNISHED flat in fine location, steam heat, all new and very fine; cheap for cash if taken at once; no agents need answer. Address D 743, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE; GOOD locality; half block from elevated and cable lines; ill health reason for selling. 2231 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—WE HAVE THE CHEAPEST FURnished houses and flats, all locations. Call. F. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 308 Inter Ocean Bldg.

FLAT FOR SALE, FURNISHED, 7 ROOMS. 3308 Cottage Grove-av., 2d flat.

UNDERTAKING.

POSTLEWAIT— High class undertaking; all divisions of the city and suburbs not exceeding 100 miles distant. Telephone west 209.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WORLD'S FAIR!—I. I. I. K. AND N. LAND list. W. M. DURHAM, Banker, Momence, Ill.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET CO. Express Steamer Service. New York, Southampton (London), Hamburg—Magnificent new twin screw steamers of 13—16,000 h. p. This line holds the record for fastest time to London and the Continent.

WEEKLY SAILINGS EVERY THURSDAY.

Columbia	July 6	Fuerst Bismarck	July 27
Augusta Victoria	July 13	Columbia	Aug. 3
Normannia	July 20	Augusta Victoria	Aug. 10

Hamburg-American Packet Co. Gen. Passage Offices: 37 Broadway, New York. 125 La Salle-st., Chicago.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE FRENCH LINE TO HAVRE—PARIS. EVERY SATURDAY. Company's entire fleet composed of large, fast express steamers, which make the voyage regularly in one week; no crossing of Channel, no tedious delay at seaport. MAURICE M. KOZMINSKI, General Western Agent, 166 Randolph-st.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

AMERICAN LINE— NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON & LONDON every Saturday.

Shortest and most convenient Route to London.

S. S. New York	July 15	S. S. Paris	July 26
S. S. Chester	July 22	S. S. Berlin	Aug. 5

Passengers land at Empress Dock, avoiding inconvenience and exposure of transfer by tender.

RED STAR LINE. NEW YORK TO ANTWERP every Wednesday. Short and direct route to the Continent.

S. S. Westernland	July 12	S. S. Friesland	Aug. 2
S. S. Noordland	July 19	S. S. Belgenland	Aug. 9
S. S. Waesland	July 26	S. S. Rhynland	Aug. 16

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, 32 Clark-st., Chicago.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S. S. CO. SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON. FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS. I. cabin, $90; II. cabin, $50 and $60. Steamers sail from foot of 2d-st., Hoboken, N. J. To Southampton (London), BREMEN.

Havel, Tues., July 4, 9 a.m.	Saale, Sat., July 15, 9 a.m.
Elbe, Sat., July 8, 11 a.m.	Spree, Tu., July 18, 11 a.m.
Lahn, Tues., July 11, 4 p.m.	Kaiser, Sat., July 22, 7 a.m.

MEDITERRANEAN LINE. New York and Genoa less than Eleven Days.

Fulda	July 15	Werra	Sept. 9	Werra	Oct. 14
Werra	Aug. 5	Kaiser	Sept. 16	Kaiser	Oct. 21
Fulda	Aug. 19	Fulda	Sept. 23	Fulda	Nov. 4

Passage, $100, $125, or $150 a berth, first cabin. H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO., General Western Agents, 80 Fifth-av., Chicago.

THE OLD RELIABLE CUNARD LINE, ESTABlished 1840. Carrying the U. S. and British mails. "CAMPANIA," "LUCANIA." The New Twin Screw Steamships, 620 feet long, 12,950 tons, 30,000 H. P., positively the largest, fastest, and most magnificent steamers in the world. "UMBRIA," "ETRURIA," "AURANIA," "SERVIA," and others, averaging over 510 ft. long, 7,500 tons, and 14,000 H. P. The whole comprising an incomparable fleet of fast Express passenger steamers. The character, record, and general reputation of this line for safety, comfort, and speed (having never lost a passenger during the 52 years of its existence) need no comment. F. G. WHITING, Mgr. West. Dept., 131 Randolph.

WHITE STAR LINE—Sailings Wednesdays. From New York and Liverpool, via Queenstown.

Majestic	July 12, 4 pm	Britannic	July 26, 4 pm
Adriatic	July 19, 10 am	Teutonic	Aug. 2, 9 am

Saloon rates $60 and upwards, according to berth. Second cabin $40 and $45. Steerage at low rates. Company's offices: H. MAITLAND KERSEY, Agt., 29 Broadway, New York. N. ANDERSON, Agt., 54 S.Clark-st., Chicago, and White Star Pavilion, World's Fair.

ROYAL NETHERLANDS AND U. S. MAIL LINE for France and Germany. Sailing every Saturday and alternate Wednesday between New York and Rotterdam or Amsterdam via Boulogne sur Mer. For full information about rates, sailing, etc., apply to General Western Passenger Agency, 86 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

Lake Navigation.

GRAHAM & MORTON STEAMERS—DAILY LAKE excursions to St. Joseph and Benton Harbor, Mich., the great fruit belt and summer resort; 120 miles round trip lake ride by the fast palace steamers, City of Chicago and Chicora. Leave daily 9:30 a. m.; return to city 8:30 p. m.; round trip, $1.50. Leave Sunday 10 a. m., return to city 10 p. m.; round trip $1.50. Leave every night 11:30; single fare $1. Leave Saturday 2 p. m.; $1.50 round trip. The tickets on the Saturday 2 p. m. and 9:30 a. m. week-day boat are good to return at any time during the season. Close connections are made with the C. & W. M. R. R. for Grand Rapids and all Northern Michigan summer resorts, and with the C., C., C. & St. L. and Vandalia for all southern points. Dock and office foot of Wabash-av. J. H. GRAHAM, President.

LAKE MICHIGAN AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSPORTATION CO. LAKE SUPERIOR STEAMERS. The Great Lake Route. Owner of the new Steamship Manitou. For Mackinac Isld., Sault Ste. Marie, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Toronto, etc.: Tues. 9 a. m., Wed. 8:30 p. m., Fri. 8 p. m., Sat. 8:30 p. m. For Harbor Spgs., Petoskey, etc. Tues. 9 a. m., Fri. 8 p. m. For Marquette, Hancock, Houghton, Ashland, Duluth, etc., Wed. and Sat. 8:30 p. m. Illustrated Folders, World's Fair Souvenir, containing correct Street Guide of Chicago, mailed free. Offices and Docks—Rush and N. Water-sts., Chicago.

GOODRICH STEAMERS—THREE TIMES DAILY for Milwaukee at *9 a. m., 7:30 p. m., *8 p. m. The new S. S. "Virginia" the 9 a. m. boat; the new S. S. "Indiana" the 8 p. m. boat. Every Day for Racine, Milwaukee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Kewaunee, Ahnapee, Sturgeon Bay, Marinette, and Menominee at 7:30 p. m. Every Day for Grand Haven, Muskegon, Grand Rapids, etc., at 7:30 p. m. on the new S. S. "Atlanta" and "City of Racine." Daily for Ludington and Manistee at *9 a. m. Saturday's boat leaves at 8 p. m. Every Tuesday and Saturday at 7 p. m. for Green Bay, Escanaba, Manistique, and all way ports. *Sunday ex. Office and Docks, foot Michigan-av.

SEYMOUR TRANSPORTATION CO., OFFICE and dock 432 Illinois-st. Steamers will leave their dock every Tuesday at 10 a. m., Wednesday at 1 p. m., Friday at 3 p. m., Saturday at 9 p. m. for Ludington, Manistee, Frankfort, Traverse City, Charlevoix, Petoskey, Harbor Springs, Bay View, Nequetonsing, Macinac Island, and Sault Ste. Marie.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY. THE GREAT LAKE MICHIGAN ROUTE. 4 sailings per week for all the principal Northern Michigan and Eastern resorts. Steamers every Monday 8 p. m., Wednesday 1 p. m., Saturday 7 p. m.; every Tuesday 2 p. m. special steamer for Owen Sound and all points in Canada. Send for tourist guide giving full particulars. Office and dock, east end Michigan-st., Chicago. Telephone Main 572.

CHICAGO AND MICHIGAN CITY LINE. Steamer Soo City leaves Randolph-st. Pier, east of viaduct, for Michigan City 10 o'clock a. m. and 5:30 p. m.; arriving back 5 p. m. and 9:30 a. m. Office 35 Metropolitan Block. Telephone main 934.

$1 TO MILWAUKEE, INCLUDING BERTH; steamers leave O'Connor's dock, east end Michigan-st., at 9 p. m. every day.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY—Ticket offices, 206 and 208 Clark-st., Oakley-av. Station, and depot corner Wells and Kinzie-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Council Bluffs, Omaha, Des Moines, Denver, Lincoln, Sioux City, Ogden, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Portland and the West	†12:05 pm	* 2:15 pm
	* 5:20 pm	* 8:15 am
	* 7:00 pm	* 8:15 am
	*10:15 pm	*11:00 am
	*10:40 pm	* 7:00 am
Black Hills and Deadwood	* 7:00 pm	* 8:15 am
Duluth and Superior Special	* 5:50 pm	* 7:45 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire, Madison, and the Northwest	† 8:15 am	¶ 7:45 am
	* 6:00 pm	* 9:30 am
	*10:30 pm	* 9:35 pm
Iowa and the Dakotas	§ 5:20 pm	¶ 8:15 am
La Crosse, Winona, Sparta	† 8:15 am	* 8:00 am
	*10:30 pm	† 6:15 pm
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Green Bay, Menominee	†11:30 am	* 6:15 pm
	* 8:00 pm	* 7:15 am
Oshkosh, Appleton, F. Howard	* 3:00 pm	† 1:15 pm
Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Ironwood and Rhinelander	* 5:00 pm	*10:05 am
	§11:00 pm	¶ 7:15 am
Marquette and Lake Superior	* 8:00 pm	* 7:15 am

Milwaukee and Racine—Leave, †7:00 a. m., *8:30 a. m., †11:30 a. m., *2:00 p. m., *3:00 p. m., *5:00 p. m., *8:00 p. m., *11:00 p. m.; arrive, *7:15 a. m., *9:30 a. m., *10:05 a. m., *11:30 a. m., *1:15 p. m., †4:00 p. m., *6:15 p. m., *9:45 p. m.

Waukesha and Madison—Lv., †7:00 a. m., *8:30 a. m., †11:30 a. m., *3:00 p. m., *5:00 p. m.; ar., *10:05 a. m., †1:15 p. m., †4:00 p. m., †6:15 p. m., *9:45 p. m.

*Daily. †Ex. Sun. ¶Ex. Mon. §Ex. Sat.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PAC. RY.—PASSENger Station, Van Buren-st., one block south Board of Trade. City Ticket office, 104 Clark-st.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Illinois and Iowa Mail	† 8:15 am	† 7:00 pm
Rocky Mountain Lim. to Den., C Spgs. and Pueblo via Lincoln.	*10:25 am	* 5:00 pm
Peoria Express	10:25 am	5:00 pm
Council Bluffs and Omaha Ex.	*12:45 pm	* 1:35 pm
Minneapolis, St. P. & Sioux Falls	* 3:50 pm	*11:15 am
St. Joe, Atch., & Leavenworth	* 3:50 pm	*11:15 am
Joliet Accommodation	* 4:15 pm	* 9:20 am
Peru Accommodation	† 5:25 pm	† 9:40 am
Peoria Express	† 6:00 pm	† 1:35 pm
Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo, via Kansas City, Vestibuled	* 6:00 pm	*10:00 am
Denver, Colo. Spgs. & Pueblo via Omaha & Linc. (Big Five)	*10:00 pm	* 7:50 am
Council Bluffs and Omaha	*10:30 pm	* 7:15 am
Minneapolis & St. Paul	‡10:30 pm	¶ 7:15 am
Denver, via Kansas City	*11:15 pm	* 6:50 am
St. Joe, Atch., and Leavenworth	*11:15 pm	* 6:50 am
Peoria Night Express	*11:15 pm	* 6:50 am

*Daily †Ex. Sunday ‡Ex. Saturday ¶Ex. Monday

BURLINGTON ROUTE, C. B. AND Q. RAILroad.—Berths and tickets at No. 211 Clark street and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Galesburg, Streator, La Crosse	† 8:30 am	† 6:25 pm
Rockford and Forreston	† 8:30 am	† 6:25 pm
Local Points, Illinois and Iowa	*11:20 am	* 2:40 pm
Denver and San Francisco	*12:45 pm	* 8:20 am
Texas Fast Express	* 1:25 pm	* 4:25 pm
Rochelle, Rockford, Mendota	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Rock Falls and Sterling	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Omaha, C. Bluffs & Neb. points	* 5:50 pm	* 6:45 am
Deadwood and the Black Hills	* 5:50 pm	* 8:20 am
Streator and Ottawa	* 6:00 pm	* 8:46 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph & Atch.	* 6:10 pm	*10:15 am
All points in Texas	* 6:10 pm	*10:15 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 6:15 pm	* 9:00 am
Galesburg Accommodation	* 6:35 pm	*11:00 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 9:30 pm	* 7:10 am
Kansas City, St. Joe, & Atchison	*10:30 pm	* 6:25 am
Omaha, Lincoln and Denver	*11:00 pm	* 4:10 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES—*Da. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex Mon. §Ex. Sun. & Mon. x Ex. Sat.

	Lv.	Arr.
St. Paul, Minneapolis and Pacific Express	* 5:00 pm	*7:15 am
	*11:45 pm	*10:05 am
Ashland, Iron towns, and Duluth	* 5:00 pm	‡7:15 am
	x11:45 pm	*10:05 am
Chip. Falls & Eau Claire Ex.	†8:00 am	†7:40 pm
Waukesha Ex.	†2:30 pm	†12:30 am

CHICAGO AND WEST MICHIGAN RY. STAtion, foot of Twelfth-st. (Mich. Central). City ticket office, 67 Clark-st. Com'l. Agent, 193 Clark-st.

* Every day. † Week days.	Leave.	Arrive.
Grand Rapids and Bay View	† 8:25 am	*12:20 pm
Grand Rapids and Trav. City	† 9:00 am	† 4:10 pm
Grand Rapids and Bay View	* 5:45 pm	† 6:50 pm
Grand Rapids and Bay View	*11:35 pm	* 6:30 am

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS! DUBUQUE AND DES MOINES! Chicago Great Western Ry. Co., Grand Central Station, Fifth-av. and Harrison-st. City office, corner Clark and Jackson-sts. (Phenix Bldg.)

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
†St. Paul and Minneapolis	8:15 am	10:30 pm
†St. Charles and Sycamore Local	11:35 am	3:55 pm
*Sycamore and Byron Local	3:10 pm	10:20 am
†St. Charles and Sycamore Local	5:35 pm	6:50 am
*St. Paul and Minneapolis	6:00 pm	9:10 am

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN. Continued.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL R'Y. City ticket office, 207 Clark-st. Telephone No. 2190 Main. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams and Madison-sts.

	Depart.	Arrive.
LaCrosse, Winona, St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 8:30 am	* 6:45 am
	* 6:00 pm	* 9:30 am
	*10:30 pm	† 9:45 pm
Council Bluffs and Omaha	* 5:30 pm	* 7:15 am
	*11:00 pm	* 9:30 am
Sioux City and Yankton	* 5:30 pm	* 9:30 am
	‡11:00 pm	¶ 7:15 am
Milwaukee	* 8:30 am	* 6:45 am
do	†11:30 am	* 9:30 am
do	† 1:00 pm	†11:30 am
do	* 3:00 pm	*12:45 pm
do	* 6:00 pm	† 4:00 pm
do	* 8:00 pm	* 6:15 pm
do	*10:30 pm	* 9:45 pm
Oconomowoc	* 8:30 am	* 6:45 am
do	†11:30 am	* 9:30 am
do	† 3:00 pm	†11:30 am
do	* 6:00 pm	†12:45 pm
do		6:15 pm
do		* 9:45 pm
Waukesh	* 8:30 am	¶ 6:45 am
do	† 1:00 pm	†11:30 am
do	† 3:00 pm	†12:45 pm
do	* 6:00 pm	† 4:00 pm
do	‡ 8:00 pm	* 9:45 pm
Delavan	†11:30 am	* 9:30 am
do	† 3:00 pm	† 4:00 pm
Dubuque	* 3:00 pm	¶ 7:15 am
do	† 5:30 pm	* 8:00 am
do	‡11:00 pm	† 2:00 pm
Rockford	† 8:30 am	* 9:30 am
do	† 3:00 pm	† 2:00 pm
do	* 5:30 pm	† 6:05 pm
do	*11:00 pm	
Cedar Rapids	† 3:00 pm	* 7:15 am
do	*11:00 pm	† 2:00 pm
Kansas City, Ottumwa	‡11:00 pm	¶ 7:15 am
Sioux Falls	‡ 3:00 pm	¶ 8:00 am
do	‡ 5:30 pm	¶ 9:30 am
Austin, Owatonna, Faribault, Charles City, Mason City, Algona, Sanborn	‡ 3:00 pm	¶ 7:15 am
	‡ 8:00 pm	* 8:00 am
	‡11:00 pm	
Mitchell, Aberdeen, Chamberlain, etc.	‡ 3:00 pm	¶ 8:00 am
	‡ 5:30 pm	¶ 9:30 am
Green Bay, Appleton, etc.	* 1:00 pm	* 7:00 am
Green Bay, Appleton, etc.	* 8:00 pm	†12:45 pm
Green Bay, Appleton, etc.		† 9:45 pm
Northern Wisconsin and the Michigan Peninsula	* 8:00 pm	* 7:00 am
		† 9:45 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Daily except Saturday. ¶Daily except Monday.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th-st. and Park row. Trains for the south can also be taken from 22d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, and World's Fair (60th-st.) Stations. City ticket office, 194 Clark-st.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Chicago, Waco and Texas	* 3:00 am	* 7:20 am
Chicago & N. Orleans Limited	* 2:00 pm	* 6:45 pm
Chicago and Memphis	* 8:00 pm	* 5:35 pm
St. Louis Diamond Special	* 9:00 pm	* 8:10 am
Springfield and Decatur	* 9:00 pm	* 7:20 am
New Orleans Fast Mail	* 3:00 am	*12:20 pm
Cairo, St. Louis, Bloomington	† 8:35 am	† 6:45 pm
Chicago & New Orleans Exp.	* 8:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Kankakee and local points	* 4:10 pm	*10:25 am
Kankakee, Champaign & Bloomington Pass.	* 5:00 pm	* 9:50 am
Springfield, Havana, Decatur	†10:30 am	† 2:00 pm
Rockford, Dubuque, Sioux City & Sioux Falls Fast Line	* 1:30 pm	* 1:05 pm
Rockf'd, Dubuque, Sioux City	a11:35 pm	* 7:00 am
Rockford Passenger	* 3:30 pm	*10:30 am
Rockford & Freeport Pass	† 5:25 pm	†10:10 am
Rockford & Freeport Express	† 8:30 am	
Dubuque & Rockford Express		† 7:30 pm

aOn Saturday night runs to Waterloo only. *Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE R. R.—Trains leave Dearborn Station, cor. Dearborn and Polk-sts. Ticket office 212 Clark, cor Adams.

*Daily †Except Sunday	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis and Peoria Express	* 7:35 am	* 8:00 pm
Galesburg and Ft. Madison Ex.	† 9:25 am	† 8:00 pm
Joliet Express	† 1:05 pm	† 8:50 am
Colorado and Utah Express	* 5:00 pm	*11:00 am
Fort Worth and Galveston Ex.	* 5:00 pm	*11:00 am
Joliet and Streator	* 5:20 pm	*10:05 am
Pekin Express	† 5:20 pm	† 1:30 pm
St. Louis and Pekin Red Ex.	† 7:55 pm	* 7:55 am
California Limited	* 8:30 pm	* 9:10 am
California Fast Express	* 8:30 pm	* 6:30 am
Kansas City Fast Mail	* 8:30 pm	* 9:10 am
Joliet Express	*11:45 pm	* 6:35 pm
Kansas City Express	* 3:00 am	* 6:30 am

MONON ROUTE—DEPOT DEARBORN STATION Ticket offices, 232 Clark-st. and Auditorium Hotel

June 11th, 1893.	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	† 8:02 am	†10:10 pm
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	*10:05 am	* 5:30 pm
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 7:40 pm	* 7:35 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	*11:25 pm	* 8:00 am
Lafayette and Louisville	* 9:00 am	* 4:30 pm
Lafayette and Louisville	* 7:40 pm	* 7:35 am
Lafayette and Louisville	‡11:25 pm	†10:10 pm
Lafayette Accommodation	† 3:23 pm	†10:45 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Saturday.

CHICAGO & ALTON.—UNION PASSENGER STAtion, Canal-st., between Madison and Adams-sts. Ticket office 195 South Clark-st.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday	Leave.	Arrive.
Pacific Vestibuled Express	† 2:00 pm	1:15 pm
Kansas City and Denver Lim.	* 5:45 pm	10:00 am
Kansas City, Colorado & Utah	*11:30 pm	* 7:15 am
St. Louis Limited	*11:00 am	* 4:40 pm
St. Louis Palace Express	* 9:00 pm	* 8:05 am
Springfield & St. Louis Day Ex.	* 9:00 am	* 7:35 pm
Springfield & St. Louis Night Ex	*11:30 pm	* 7:40 am
Joliet and Dwight Accom.	† 5:00 pm	† 9:30 am

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket offices, 230 Clark-st., Auditorium Hotel, and Passenger Station, Dearborn and Polk-sts.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Southern Mail and Passenger	* 7:02 am	* 9:40 pm
Terre Haute and Evansville	† 8:00 am	* 7:25 pm
Danville and Terre Haute Pass.	† 1:55 pm	† 8:45 am
Nashville and Atlanta Limited	* 5:02 pm	* 8:58 am
Terre Haute and Evansville	* 9:40 pm	* 6:55 am

EASTERN.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, NEW YORK CENTRAL and Boston and Albany railroads—"The Niagara Falls Route." Trains leave new Central Station on Lake-Front, foot of Park row, and at 22d-st., 39th-st., and Hyde Park. City Ticket Office, 67 Clark-st.

June 18, 1893.	Leave Chicago.	Arrive Chicago.
Mail and Accommodation	† 7:05 am	† 7:35 pm
Grand Rapids Solid Train	† 8:25 am	† 6:50 pm
Detroit Day Express	† 9:00 am	† 4:10 pm
Grand Rapids via New Buffalo	† 9:00 am	† 4:10 pm
The North Shore Limited	*11:30 am	* 4:30 pm
New York & Eastern Express	* 3:10 pm	* 9:10 am
Kalamazoo & Grand Rapids Ex	† 4:15 pm	† 1:25 pm
New York and Chicago Limited	* 5:30 pm	* 9:45 am
Grand Rapids Solid Train	* 5:45 pm	* 1:20 pm
Atlantic Express	* 7:30 pm	* 7:55 am
Niagara Falls & Buffalo Special	* 8:40 pm	*11:15 am
Detroit Night Express	* 9:50 pm	* 6:50 am
Grand Rapids via Kalamazoo	* 9:50 pm	* 6:50 am
Grand Rapids Solid Train	*11:35 pm	* 6:30 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE, NEW YORK CENtral & Hudson River, Boston & Albany Railways.—Depot, Van Buren-st., opposite Board of Trade Block. Ticket offices—66 Clark-st., depot, and 22d-st.

§Daily. *Sunday excepted.	Leave.	Arrive.
Chicago and Buffalo Accom.	* 7:10 am	7:00 am
New York Mail	§ 8:00 am	9:10 am
Chicago and Boston Special	§10:30 am	2:30 pm
World's Fair Special	§12:30 pm	1:00 pm
EXPOSITION FLYER	2:00 pm	§10:00 am
Atlantic Express	§ 3:10 pm	§ 9:00 pm
Chi., Pitts. & Buffalo Special	§ 5:30 pm	
New York & Boston Express	§ 7:45 pm	§ 7:35 am
Chicago and Buffalo Accom.		* 6:45 pm
Buffalo Express	§ 9:00 pm	
New York Express	*11:30 pm	§ 9:45 am
Accommodation	* 4:05 pm	*11:30 am

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINES—CHICAGO—UNION PASSENGER STATION, Canal street, between Adams and Madison. TICKET OFFICES at Station and at 248 Clark street, cor. Jackson. THROUGH TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS: *Daily.

FROM CHICAGO TO	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Philadelphia & New York	*10:45 am	*10:00 am
Dayton & Cincinnati	* 9:45 am	* 5:45 pm
Indianapolis & Louisville	* 7:30 am	* 5:45 pm
New York via Columbus	* 9:50 am	* 5:30 pm
Mansfield & Pittsburg	*10:45 am	*10:00 am
Baltimore & Washington	*10:45 am	*10:00 am
Pittsburg & East	* 3:15 pm	* 9:30 pm
The Limited, Pittsburg & East	* 5:00 pm	*12:01 pm
Columbus & East	* 7:30 pm	* 7:30 am
Cincinnati & Dayton	* 9:00 pm	* 7:30 am
Dayton & Springfield	* 9:00 pm	* 7:30 am
Indianapolis & Louisville	* 9:00 pm	* 7:30 am
Mansfield & Youngstown	*11:30 pm	* 6:25 am
Pittsburg & East	*11:30 pm	* 6:25 am
Louisville & Nashville	* 4:00 pm	*10:00 pm
Louisville & Jacksonville, Fla.	* 7:30 am	* 5:45 pm

BALTIMORE AND OHIO.—DEPOT GRAND CENtral Passenger Station, also Ogden-av. City office, 193 Clark.

No extra fares are charged on the B. and O. Limited trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Local	† 6:05 am	6:40 pm
New York and Washington Vestibuled Limited	*10:45 am	* 9:35 pm
New York, Washington, and Pittsburg Vestibuled Limited	* 4:55 pm	*11:55 am
Local	3:55	9:45
Pittsburg, Cleveland, and Wheeling Limited	* 6:40 pm	* 7:40 am
Night Express	* 9:50 pm	* 6:00 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

WABASH RAILROAD.—TRAINS LEAVE FROM Dearborn Station, corner Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket office, 201 Clark-st.

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Chicago & St. Louis Lim.	*10:32 am	* 5:13 pm
St. Louis, Peoria & Tex. Expr.	* 8:35 am	* 6:25 pm
Kansas City & Texas Express	† 2:32 pm	† 1:00 pm
St. Louis & Peoria Vestibule Ex	* 9:00 pm	* 7:30 am
Peoria & Forest Accom.	* 4:35 pm	*10:10 am
Detroit, New York & Bos. Lim.	* 2:30 pm	*10:15 pm
Detroit, New York & Boston Ex	*10:30 pm	* 7:15 am
Toronto & Montreal Express	* 2:30 pm	*10:15 pm
Toronto & Montreal Local Ex.	*10:30 pm	* 7:15 am
Chicago & Detroit Local	† 8:32 am	† 6:15 pm
Det., Niag. Falls, N. Y. Ex.	*10:00 am	*10:10 am

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS, CENTRAL STAtion 12th-st. and Park row and 22d and 39th-sts. Ticket offices at 234 Clark-st. and Auditorium Hotel.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati Day Express	* 8:30 am	† 9:50 pm
Hoosier Express	† 1:00 pm	* 5:15 pm
Lafayette Accommodation	* 6:00 pm	*10:30 am
Washington Express	* 8:10 pm	* 5:45 pm
Cincinnati, Dayton, Columbus	* 9:15 pm	* 6:55 am
Cincinnati Night Express	*11:30 pm	* 7:30 am

NICKEL PLATE—THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO and St. Louis R. R. Depot, 12th-st. viaduct, corner Clark-st.

All trains ar. and de. daily.	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail and Express	7:35 am	8:10 pm
New York and Boston Express	2:30 pm	9:50 pm
New York and Boston Express	9:30 pm	8:10 am

For rates and sleeping car accommodations call on or address Henry Thorne, Ticket Agent, 199 Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

ERIE LINES (CHICAGO AND ERIE RAILROAD)—Ticket offices 242 Clark-st., Grand Pacific Hotel, and Dearborn Station, Polk-st., cor. Fourth-av.

All trains daily.	Leave.	Arrive.
New York	10:00 am	4:10 pm
New York and Boston	2:00 pm	7:55 pm
Jamestown and Buffalo	2:00 pm	7:55 pm
Huntington Accommodation	4:40 pm	9:40 am
New York and Boston	7:45 pm	7:25 am
Columbus and Norfolk, Va.	7:45 pm	7:25 am

HIS HONOR SAYS "NO."

JUDGE CLIFFORD REFUSES TO RESERVE SENTENCE ON LEWIS VOSS.

Members of the Catholic Benefit Association Make the Request for the Prisoner, Convicted of Forgery, but the Court Said Judge Shepard Had Helped the Same Man Out in the Same Way a Year Ago, Apparently Without Satisfactory Results—News of the Tribunals.

Several members of the Catholic Benefit Association yesterday petitioned Judge Clifford to reserve sentence on Lewis Voss, convicted of forgery. The court refused to grant the request. He said he remembered a year ago the prisoner was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary on the same charge by Judge Shepard, but sentence was revoked at the pleading of the man's friends, and he was discharged pending good behavior. "No full grown man can play such a dodge on me," said Judge Clifford. "He has had an opportunity to reform, but instead of doing so he went right back to the same business. Let him be taken back to jail and I will pronounce sentence later."

Is Vodicka in Contempt?

Judge Stein ordered a rule to issue against Willebald Vodicka to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt of court. Vodicka was ordered by the court several days ago to pay his wife, Elizabeth Vodicka, who is suing for a divorce, $125 alimony. Upon his failing to comply he was committed to jail. A writ of habeas corpus was sworn out for his release and Judge McConnell, who heard the petition, decided as the commitment was made until the court should order otherwise there was no opportunity given the prisoner to obey the court's mandate even if he felt so disposed. Vodicka was therefore released. Notwithstanding Judge McConnell's view of the case Judge Stein on convening court yesterday morning promptly reversed his order citing Vodicka to show cause why he is not in contempt.

Otto Nast's Request.

Otto Nast received an inheritance of $2,000 from Germany which he says he was induced to put into a saloon and restaurant at Nos. 320-326 Dearborn street with John M. Neil, on the latter's assurance that the business would yield $10,000 to $20,000 profit during the World's Fair. June 5 following the establishment was taken in hand by the Sheriff on a confessed judgment, which, the complainant says, was conspired by Neil in order to defraud him. The court is asked to make inquiries.

Court Notes.

William A. White, who conducts a galvanizing roofing establishment at No. 64 Pacific avenue, was ordered by Judge Collins in the Circuit Court yesterday to pay his wife, Eliza J. White, $1,100 and $500 solicitors' fees on or before Monday or be committed to jail for contempt. White is reputed to be worth $500,000.

Waldemar Madson and his wife, Bertha C. Madson, have brought suit in the Superior Court against Bertha Halvorsen for $5,000 damages each. The plaintiffs allege that Mrs. Halvorsen caused their arrest on a charge of disorderly conduct several weeks ago and that on a hearing before Justice Severson they were discharged. The damages asked for are to be as compensation for false imprisonment.

Steele Mackaye, the originator of the Spectatorium scheme at the World's Fair which failed, is the defendant in a suit before Judge Hutchinson. The plaintiff is the Empire Theater company. It is alleged that Mackaye is indebted to the company for $1,117 for painting done in 1889. At the time he gave two judgment notes in payment of the bill. The plaintiff therefor brings suit on the notes, claiming that they have never been paid.

Judge Clifford yesterday decided the case of the Great Western Telegraph company against Benjamin Loewenthal, which has been in the courts for a number of years, in favor of the defendant. In 1869 Loewenthal signed a subscription list to take 100 shares of stock in the plaintiff company. He claimed that the subscription was taken on condition that he might investigate the standing of the company. The Secretary would not show him the books, and he gave notification to cancel the subscription, which was never done. The company subsequently went into the hands of a receiver and in 1886 the court ordered an assessment on the unpaid stock. The defendant refused to pay and the company by its receiver sued on the subscription. The court held that Loewenthal had a right to cancel his subscription as he had done, and was, therefore, not liable on the same.

THE COURT RECORD.

United States Circuit Court—New Suits.

22,956—E. B. Rich vs. Covel Mfg. Co. Bill inj. infrng. pat. Charles C. Bulkley, solr.
22,957—A. Ellinger vs. Manchester Fire Assur. Co. Asst., $8,000. E. H. Gary and Zach Hofheimer, solrs.
22,958—Same vs. Caledonian Ins. Co. Asst., $5,000. Same solr.

United States District Court—New Suits.

8,717—Charles Williams vs. Schooner Hattie Fisher. Libel, wages, $38.50. W. H. Condon, proc.
8,718—Independent Fuel Co. vs. Str. Pearl. Libel, supplies, $727.20. W. H. Condon, proc.
8,719—United States vs. Yacht Comanche. Libel, viol. anchorage law. Dist.-Atty. Milchrist, proc.

Superior Court—New Suits.

149,844—Delia Brown vs. Henry Brown. Bill for div. L. Spiegel, solr.
149,845—Emil Olson vs. Theo. Hermann. Case, $15,000. C. B. Sims, atty.
149,846—Peter McGeoch vs. John M. Chadwick. Asst. $15,000. Hamlin, Holland & Boyden, attys.
149,847—Frank Hamlin vs. Columbian Pyrotechnical Co. Conf. judgt., $2,500. Same attys.
149,848—O'Donnell & Duer Bavarian Brewing Co. vs. Peter Borchem. Same, $172.60. Lackner & Butz, attys.
149,849—United States Brg. Co. of Chicago vs. Charles H. Mueller. Same, $935. Winston & Meagher, attys.
149,850—William Levi, by Esther Levi, vs. Chicago City Ry. Co. Case, $5,000. B. Landon, atty.
149,851—Frederick B. David vs. Frances M. Humes. extrx., et al. Bill to forc. trust deed, $15,150. Justus Chancellor, solr.
149,852—A. Ellinger & Co. vs. Conneticut Fire Ins. Co. of Hartford, Conn. Asst., $2,000. E. H. Gary and Zach Hofheimer, attys.
149,853—Same vs. Oakland Home Ins. Co. Same, $3,000. Same.
149,854—Continental National Bank of Chicago vs. Andrew Peterson. Conf. judgt., $473.38. Cyrus W. Rice, atty.
149,855—Crane Company vs. San Juan Hardware Co. Attch., $311.38. Wilber, Eldridge & Pinney, attys.
149,856—Walter T. Haley vs. Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co. Case, $25,000. Case, Hogan & Case, attys.
149,857—John Graef vs. James G. Kelly. Asst., $1,000. John Graef, atty.
149,858—Peter W. Tuch vs. Daniel Stern. Asst., $500. Arnold Tripp, atty.
149,859—Georgiana Fortin vs. New Method Laundry. Appl.
149,860—Ford Roofing Co. vs. Robert Neill et al. as Neill & Malnke. Asst., $800. C. B. Samson, atty.
149,861—Henry Myers et al. vs. Harry St. Ormund et al. Bill for injunc. and recvr. Blum & Blum, solrs.
149,862—Woldemer Madson vs. Bertha Halversen. Case, $5,000. Case, Hogan & Case, attys.
149,863—Same vs. Same. Same. Same. Same.
149,864—Haiman Lowy vs. Clayton O. Billow. Appl.
149,865—James R. Smith vs. Fred H. Long. Scire facias to rev. judgt., $1,349. Hays & McArdle, attys.
149,866—John Hickey et al. vs. Mary Ward et al. Bill for partition. Snowhook & Johnson, solrs.
149,867—R. S. Peale vs. Columbia Casino Co. Con. judgt., $7,719.57. Partridge & Partridge, attys.
149,868—William Bennett vs. Chicago City Ry. Co. Case, $1,000. B. Landon, atty.
149,869—Leopold Mayer et al. vs. Mates Jedlicka et al. Bill forc. mortg., $17,000. Albert H. Meads, solr.
149,870—Peyton R. Chandler et al. vs. Lucy T. Belknap et al. Same, $12,000. Stillman & Martyn, solrs.

Circuit Court—New Suits.

117,724—Thomas C. Fetrow by J. S. Huey, guardian vs. Cassie R. Kraus et al. Bill to establish trust, etc. Heckman & Elsdon, solrs.
117,725—Same vs. same. Bill to set aside will. Same.
117,726—People ex rel. Lewis S. Miller vs. John S. Miller, alias John S. Portzel. Petition habeas corpus. Holmes & Saunders, solrs.
117,727—George E. P. Dodge vs. John M. Haslett et al. Bill to forc. trust deed, $4,150. Franklin B. Simons, solr.
117,728—Elisha A. Robinson Co. vs. Edward Erickson. Conf. judgt., $256.77. Walker & Davis, attys.
117,729—Smith & Anthony Co. vs. John F. Dalton et al. Bill for injc. Baker & Greeley, solrs.
117,730—Richard S. Hopkins et al. vs. James E. Moore. Case, $20,000. Wilber, Eldridge & Pinney, attys.
117,731—W. R. Arns Jr. vs. Smith Obergfell Mfg. Co. Conf. judgt., $2,050. I. T Greenacre, atty.
117,732—Michael E. Herbert vs. St. Charles Building Co. et al. Asst., $3,000. Maher & Gilbert, attys.
117,733—Otto Nast vs. John M. Reil. Bill for acctg. and recvr. J. Warren Pease, solr.
117,734—Chicago Carriage Lamp Co. vs. Freeland B. Caldwell. Appl.
117,735—Heath & Milligan Mfg. Co. vs. Thomas Blake. Conf. judgt., $347.27. L. H. Craig, atty.
117,736—Asst. Sup.
117,737—Asst. Sup.
117,738—Goes Lithographing Co. vs. Columbian Pyrotechnical Co. Conf. judgt., $3,454.39. Snapp & Breckenridge, attys.
117,739—Interior Building Co. vs. Sveike Domby et al. Same, $1,518.46. Same.
117,740—Robert Seelenbinder vs. Marie C. Seelenbinder. Bill for div. P. J. Ellert, solr.
117,741—William P. Higgins, by J. M. Higgins, next friend, vs. Louisville, New Albany and Chicago Ry. Co. Case, $1,000. John J. Rooney, atty.
117,742—John M. Meyer vs. Cohen and B. Walinsky. Asst., $500. Reeves & Reeves, attys.
117,743—Bankers' National Bank of Chicago vs. Herman R. Powers et al. Asst., $5,600. Miller & Oppenheim, attys.
117,744—Mrs. Anna Schmidt vs. Tredrig Kirchoff. Conf. judgt., $1,230. Isadore Plotke, atty.
117,745—J. S. Howland & Co. vs. Edward Erickson. Same, $874.26. Herrick, Allen & Boyesen, attys.
117,746—Same vs. Same. Same, $774.20. Same.
117,747—Asst. Sup. two days.
117,748—Louisville Banking Co. vs. Joseph Wolf. Asst., $1,500. H. S. McCartney, atty.
117,749—Asst. Sup. two days.
117,750—Debt. Sup.
117,751—Mary E. Burke et al. vs. Catherine Croghan et al. Bill to forc. trust deed, $1,319.83. Henry N. Stoltenberg, solr.
117,752—James J. Simons vs. Henry Towne. Bill for acctg. Caldwell & Pierson, solrs.
117,753—Charles Prim vs. Fred Bruhn. Appl.
117,754—Asst. Sup.
117,755—Asst. Sup.
117,756—G. C. Sargeant vs. Emma Ramseyer. Asst., $3,500. Aldrich, Payne & Defrees, attys.
117,757—Annie Joyce vs. William Joyce. Bill for div. N. M. Plotke, solr.
117,758—Ezra B. McCagg vs. Ruth Walker et al. Bill for partition. E. B. McCagg, solr.
117,759—Moses Bensinger vs. Ignatz Czubeck. Bill to forc. trust deed, $3,500. Felix Babbage, solr.
117,760—Berman Friend vs. Erasmus G. Minnick. Bill to forc. trust deed, $5,000. Felix Babbage, solr.
117,761—Cook & Chick vs. Albert H. Pratt. Attch., $1,874.43. Smith, Heimer & Moulton, attys.
117,762—Kate L. Caruthers, extrx. will Malcolm Caruthers, dec., vs. Frederick L. Boruff et al. Conf. judgt., $245. Woolfolk & Browning, attys.
117,763—Herman Landauer et al. vs. J. Wirkus. Replvn., $450. Cratty Bros. & Jarvis, attys.
117,764—E. C. Cook & Bro. vs. Turnbull & Cullerton. Asst., $1,000. Weigley, Bulkley & Gray, attys.
117,765—Compound Lumber Co. vs. Bogue & Co. Asst., $2,500. Same.
117,766—W. North-av. Building L. and H. Assn. of Chicago vs. Christine Pedersen et al. Bill to forc. mortg. $1,000. A. J. Elvig, solr.
117,767—Helen M. Dowd vs. Charles E. Denker et al. Conf. judgt., $1,157.12. Henry W. Brant, atty.
117,768—Eliza Friott vs. William Friott. Bill for div. George S. Foster, solr.
117,769—John Laing vs. C. F. Bilhoon. Replvn., $500. W. F. Holmes, atty.
117,770—George B. Reed vs. G. P. Brown. Conf. judgt., $171.74. J. H. Gault, atty.
117,771—Petition of City of Chicago for the ascertainment of cost of opening an alley between Sebor, Mather, Desplaines, and Halsted streets. Adolph Kraus, atty.
117,772—Same Robey street from Belmont avenue to Clybourn avenue. Same.
117,773—Same for widening North avenue from Springfield avenue to Avers avenue. Same.
117,774—Same Forty-ninth street, between Calumet avenue and Grand boulevard. Same.
117,775—Coxe Bros. & Co. vs. Chicago and Western Indiana Railroad Co. et al. Case, $600. Norton, Burley & Howell, attys.
117,776—E. & H. T. Anthony & Co. vs. E. A. Turner. Asst., $300. Same.
117,777—Plaquemine Lumber and Improvement Co. vs. Samuel B. Barker & Co. Asst., $1,000. Pease & McEmery, attys.
117,778—Adkins & Chapin Supply Co. vs. Mrs. M. E. Cork. Asst., $5,000. Weigley, Bulkley & Gray, attys.
117,779—Benjamin Baker et al. vs. Alfred L. Ward et al. Bill to forec. trust deed, $3,000. L. A. McDonald, solr.
117,780—Anton Czachorowsky vs. H. Edelson et al. Appl.
117,781—A. P. Andrew Jr. & Son vs. Doiese & Shepard. Asst., $3,500. H. H. Rose, atty.
117,782—Lena Gertrude Marcus vs. Louis Horace Marcus. Bill for div. Frank Compton, solr.
117,783—Bradner Smith & Co. vs. Charles Kuehne et al. Appl.
117,784—In re application of James Mussen, guardian of Charles A. Mussen, a minor. Petn. to sell. Johnson, Herring & Brooke, solr.
117,785—C. Gramp & Co. vs. Margaret Powers et al. Conf. of judgt., $129.81. Cratty Bros. & Jarvis, attys.
117,786—Phillippi-Hyman Co. vs. Thompson & Sweet. Attch., $326.83. James J. Hoch, atty.
117,787—Aeolia L. Munger vs. Thos. F. Munger. Bill for div. F. W. Charlton, solr.
117,788—Herbert Ripley vs. W. H. Colvin Jr. Asst., $500. Jas. A. Fullenweider, atty.
117,789—Mabel V. Clark vs. Charles H. Clark. Bill for div. Nolan & Coykendall, solrs.
117,790—Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Ry. Co. vs. Larry Lyons et al. Petition to condemn. Loesh Bros., solrs.
117,791—Alice A. Thompson et al. vs. Riley E. Perham et al. Bill to forc. trust deed, $3,000. L. A. McDonald, solr.
117,792—William Honstock vs. John Martin. Appeal.
117,793—F. C. Schaefer vs. Isaac Little. Appeal.
117,794—Bill sup. Two days.
117,795—Julia L. Huston vs. August Ohm et al. Bill for inj. William A. Schonfield, solr.
117,796—Ester Zilberman vs. Ella Ganon. Appl.
Withheld suits—117,678—Olaf Berlin vs. Ellen A. Berlin. Bill for div. Emil A. Meyer, solr.
117,689—John Stirlen vs. Chicago Fuel Gas Appliance Co. Bill for receiver. Stirlen & King, solrs.
117,703—William H. McMillian vs. Hyde Park District Telegraph and Electric Co. Asst., $400. Loesch Bros., attys.
117,719—Ansonia Electric Co. vs. Same. Attch., $543.13. Matz & Fisher, attys.

County Court—New Suits.

10,978—Smith Obergfell Mfg. Co. to Herbert S. Worth. Vol. assgmt. Kraft & Kraft, attys.
10,979—John Masek vs. Josef Tomeh. Appeal.
10,980—Wisconsin Furnace Co. to E. Louis Kuhns. Vol. assgmt. Aldrich, Payne & Defrees, attys.
10,981—Joseph F. Forsyth and Ebenezer A. Hyde to E. Louis Kuhns. Same. Same attys.

Judgments.

JUDGE BRENTANO—3,153—Ryan vs. Nix; deft., $3,657.45.—13,149—Bradner S. & Co. vs. C. P. Agcy.; deft., $292.15.—13,096—Sullivan vs. Lynn; deft., $750.—12,813—Packard vs. Thompson; deft. $5,763.
JUDGE HUTCHINSON—13,030—Morris vs. Barker; deft., $1,857.45.—13,175—Second Natl. Bk. vs. Curtis; deft., $562.50.—13,007—Union Natl. Bk. vs. Bradley; deft., $778.71.
JUDGE MCCONNELL—4,182—De Butts vs. Berkowsky; on ver., $284.06.—117,741—Higgins vs. L., N. A. and C. Ry.; on fdg., $1,000 and sat. in open ct.

Decrees.

JUDGE STEIN—5,104—Helle vs. Frick; dec. of sale.—3,855—Cipra vs. Cipra; same.
JUDGE TULEY—5,929—Berkitt vs. Fleming; dec. of sale.—6,192—Connell vs. Casey; same.—3,389—Minnie vs. Albert Scheel; dec. div.—5,668—David vs. Louise Higgins; same.—117,293—Lizzie vs. Michael Casey; same.—5,735—Morris vs. Bessie Levy; same.—677—Ida E. vs. Schuyler E. Brumley; same.—6,062—Albertine vs. Charles Mann; same.—81,487—George G. vs. Mary Harrison; same.—5,663—Catherine vs. Alfred Marschuer; same.—114,667—George W. vs. Minnie C. Rowden; same.—6,413—Christine vs. Arthur C. Chapman; same.—9,068—Hilda vs. Albert Sneel; same.
JUDGE COLLINS—101,693—Van Schaack vs. Sweet; dec.—101,692—Silvester vs. Same; same.—92,622—Peirce vs. Peirce; dec.

Court Calls for Today.

JUDGE JENKINS—Motions of course.
JUDGE GROSSCUP—No call.
JUDGE STEIN—Criminal Court.
JUDGE BRENTANO—Nos. 3,061, 4,625, 4,187, 140,687, 140,241, 136,085, 139,960, 133,425, 3,240, 4,393, 139,965, 3,895, 3,898, 11,175, 12,209, 133,460, and 3,986.
JUDGE HUTCHINSON—No. 4,257, 4,261, 4,274, 4,359, 3,956, 8,065, 4,366, 4,367, 4,369, 4,370, and 4,382.
JUDGE GOGGIN—Short cause calendar.
JUDGE TULEY—No. 62. No. 3,058 on hg.
JUDGE COLLINS—No. call. No. 33 on hg.
JUDGE TUTHILL—Nos. 3,461, 3,888, 2,960, and 7,504 on hg.
JUDGE BAKER—No. 5,567 at 10 a. m. and 87,684 at 2 p. m.
JUDGE MCCONNELL—No. 4,450, 4,216, 88,382, 4,150, 2,932, 3,341, 2,788, 657, 4,475, 4,485, 4,443, and 9,209 on hg.
JUDGE ADAMS—Nos. 3,284, 2,038, 195, 1,799, 1,338, 4,295, 4,284, 3,560, 4,560, and 4,651.
JUDGE DUNNE—Nos. 4,798, 5,142, 1,936, 5,181, 5,193, 1,715, 3,263, 5,026, and 1,076.
JUDGE SCALES—Nos. 10,058, 10,930, and 10,353 at 10 a. m., and Nos. 10,850 and 10,835 at 2 p. m.
JUDGE KOHLSAAT—General business.

CRIMINAL COURT.

JUDGE CLIFFORD—Branch 1—Nos. 3,121, 3,135, 3,136, 3,149, 3,153, 3,154, 3,161, 3,172, 2,792, 2,878, 2,882, 2,885, 2,886, 2,887, 2,888, 2,893, 2,941, 3,046, 3,048, 3,057, 3,053, 3,055, 3,058, 3,060, 3,062.
JUDGE WINDES—Branch 2—Rinsella, on trial.
JUDGE STEIN—Branch 4—Call not extended.

Appellate Court Opinions.

4,777—Weller-French company vs. John Gortorski; affirmed.
4,792—Arthur W. Windett vs. Joseph Murphy; affirmed.
4,795—Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company vs. Lester T. Elder; affirmed.
4,797—Alexander Marney vs. Annette Marny; affirmed.
4,799—National Cash Register Company vs. Thomas Murdock et al.; affirmed.
4,800—James J. O'Connor vs. Thomas F. O'Connor; affirmed.
4,623—Alexander Marney vs. Annette Marney; affirmed.
4,624—Alexander Marney vs. Annette Marney; affirmed.

Movements of Produce.

The following grain was inspected as received in this city Wednesday by carloads:

	Contra't grades.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Tot'l
Winter wheat	22	31	1	54
Spring wheat	16	67	2	85
Corn	323	169	73	565
Oats	31	140	.....	171
Rye	1	.....	.....	1
Barley	.....	.....	2	2
Total	393	407	78	878

Inspected out: 99,465 bu wheat, 143,562 bu corn. The receipts to be announced today are expected to include 75 cars wheat, 250 cars corn, 120 cars oats, and 23,000 hogs.

The following were the local receipts and shipments of the articles named for the 24 hours ending at 6 o'clock Wednesday evening:

ARTICLES.	RECEIPTS. 1893.	RECEIPTS. 1892.	SHIPMENTS. 1893.	SHIPMENTS. 1892.
Flour, brls	18,633	24,504	22,922	7,259
Wheat, bu	124,834	237,494	94,382	122,672
Corn, bu	652,007	372,172	582,294	236,876
Oats, bu	314,535	637,304	270,761	272,983
Rye, bu	2,000	5,880	1,070	739
Barley, bu	6,750	14,598	539	9,255
T. seed, lbs	.....	70,500	.....	32,280
C. seed, lbs	.....	.....	.....	24,220
Oth. sd., lbs	6,000	20,000	69,290	27,120
F. seed, bu	7,130	32,325	3,763	.....
B. Corn, lbs	.....	.....	27,750	9,625
Cheese, lbs	245,725	475,650	310,963	139,220
Butter, lbs	870,797	890,416	705,466	787,000
Hides, lbs	131,275	466,903	582,090	684,040
Wool, lbs	399,457	658,257	500,647	440,204

The following were the exports of the articles named from the Atlantic seaboard ports for the week ending on the dates named:

	July 1, 1893.	June 24, 1893.	July 2, 1892.
Flour, brls	258,000	251,000	290,900
Wheat, bu	2,598,000	2,526,000	2,014,800
Corn, bu	886,000	940,000	616,500
Oats, bu	231,000	220,000	242,000
Pork, brls	4,560	2,860	4,500
Lard, lbs	6,850,000	5,926,000	7,977,000
Bacon, lbs	8,566,000	8,048,000	11,875,000

The following were the clearances of provisions from Atlantic ports with the names of the markets to which exported for the week ending July 1, 1893:

	Pork, brls.	Lard, lbs.	Bacon, lbs.
Liverpool	700	1,590,000	6,120,000
London	20	261,000	548,000
Glasgow	150	150,000	230,000
Bristol	20	140,000	240,000
Other English ports	20	670,000	989,000
Antwerp	....	449,000	220,000
Germany	....	920,000	16,000
Holland	....	320,000	.....
France	....	620,000	.....
Other Continental	....	159,000	.....
Elsewhere	3,650	1,571,000	243,000
Totals	4,560	6,850,000	8,566,000

Miscellaneous Telegraphic Markets.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 6.—WHEAT—There was a much better feeling in the pit today than yesterday, and prices were about reversed. The opening was the lowest, and from that time to the close nearly there was a gradual advance. The cash market was considerably firmer, with a small advance over yesterday. No. 1 Northern sold at 60@60½c, and No. 2 Northern at 57½@58c. The millers bought freely. Receipts 141 cars here and 176 cars at Duluth and Superior. Close—July, opened, highest, and closed, 59c; lowest, 57⅝c; August, 62c. September opened, 63⅛c; highest, 64⅛c; lowest, 63⅛@63¼c; closed, 64⅛c. On track—No 1 hard, 62½c; No. 1 Northern, 60½c; No. 2 Northern, 57@58½c.

Toledo, O., July 6.—GRAIN—Wheat—Higher; No. 2 cash and July, 64⅝c; August, 67½c; September, 69⅝c. Corn—Steady; No. 2 cash, 40c; No. 3, 39c; No. 3 yellow, 40c. Oats—Quiet; cash, 31½c. Rye—Dull; cash, 52c. CLOVERSEED—Dull, steadier; prime October, $6.47½. Receipts—Wheat, 26,598 bu; corn, 13,000 bu; oats, 2,000 bu; rye, 1,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 24,000 bu; corn, 3,000 bu; rye, 500 bu.

Peoria, Ill., July 6.—GRAIN—Corn—Firmer; No. 2, 37c; No. 3, 36c. Oats—Active, steady; No. 2 white, 29½@29⅞c; No. 3 white, 28½@28⅞c. Rye—None. WHISKY—Firm; wines, $1.12; spirits, $1.14. Receipts—Wheat, 600 bu; corn, 39,650 bu; oats, 33,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 600 bu; corn, 3,900 bu; oats, 31,000 bu; barley, 700 bu.

Duluth, Minn., July 6.—WHEAT—The market was very dull today. Close: No. 1 hard cash, 65½c; July, 65½c; September, 71½c. No. 1 Northern cash, 62c; July, 62½c; September, 68½c; No. 2 Northern, 58½c; No. 3, 53½c; rejected, 48c. On track—No. 1 Northern, to arrive, 63c.

Baltimore, Md., July 6.—GRAIN—Wheat strong; No. 2 red, spot and July, 67⅛c; August, 69⅛c; September, 71⅝c. Corn firmer; mixed, spot and July, 47c bid; August, 48c bid. Oats quiet; No. 2 white Western, 38c. Rye dull; No. 2, 56c.

DOWN HILL AND UP.

STOCKS BREAK SHARPLY AND THEN MAKE MATERIAL ADVANCE.

Board of Trade Markets Show Some Recovery—A Flood of Crop Damage Reports from the Wheat Fields—Decreased Harvest Returns Indicated—Corn Higher All Day—Continued Liberal Buying for Export Account—Other Cereals Dull—Provisions Quiet, but Share the Firmness Elsewhere.

There is little change in conditions from day to day. In the local situation whatever change there is to note is undoubtedly in the direction of improvement, but that change is not great enough to merit much jubilation. There is as yet no evidence that the July disbursements are going to make material improvement. The money market is about where it has been for some days, though there are in places small signs of better things. It is still impossible, however, for the general borrower to get money, even though his security is unquestioned. The only people who are being accommodated are those who have some special standing on which to ask accommodation.

There was improvement in the money situation in New York. Rates for call loans got down to 4 per cent and closed at that figure, and this was in spite of the fact that there were not only no further issues of clearing-house certificates, but that $100,000 of these certificates were retired, and also that some large sterling loans were repaid. It is generally believed that the last of the clearing-house certificates have been issued, and that from now on the amount will be rapidly reduced. The Boston money situation shows some improvement, but in Philadelphia matters are still in unsatisfactory shape. Telegrams from Philadelphia indicate improvement, but Philadelphia exchange is still an undesirable form of credit. The improvement in the New York money market was reflected in a decidedly better tone in the stock market. About everything on the list in Wall street showed improvement at the close, and the market was still strong.

Decided dullness is still the leading characteristic of the local stock market. The market was quite as dull yesterday as has ruled lately, so far as the volume of transactions is concerned, but in point of variety of quotations there was nothing dull about it. The fluctuations of the street railroad stocks were wide enough to suit any one. At the opening the announcement of an increase in the North Side dividends seemed to produce a bearish rather than a bullish effect. The stock was decidedly heavy and sold down to 210. West Side was also weak and dropped in a single sale from 156¼ to 154 for the account. The tone was decidedly different in the afternoon. North Side jumped on a few sales to 220 and West Side closed at the highest for the day, the last sale being at 158⅛ for the account. The market is in a peculiar condition. Quotations are likely to be widely influenced either way by small transactions. The market is devoid of buying orders and selling orders are equally scarce. This being the case a little pressure to sell easily results in sharp depression, while a small demand advances prices out of proportion to its importance. Quite a number of bears developed in the market yesterday and there was a little short selling in the morning. These short sellers were forced to foot a loss in covering later in the day.

The fluctuations one way or another mean but little now. About all they indicate is that there has been a few hundred shares pressing on the market or that there have been orders to buy a small amount. The indications are that we are to have just such a dull and easily influenced market for some time yet. The wealthy operators who might be expected to take hold and lead a bull campaign are many of them in a poor position to do that. The general situation is such that not much is to be hoped for in the way of heavy investment operations at the present time. That being the case the market is likely to be moved by small transactions until such time as there is distinct improvement in the money market. The entire conundrum of the local stock market is in the direction of the money supply. There is no one so bearish that they will not admit that prices as a rule are excessively low. This is particularly so on those properties that are showing such enormous increases in earnings as the street railways, breweries, etc. It matters little, however, how low these prices are until money becomes easy enough to admit of an effective demand from investment quarters. When money becomes easy enough so brokers can execute orders in the ordinary way with ordinary margins there is every prospect that the market will see a great boom. Until that time comes there is not much reason to look for anything more than a repetition of the kind of trading we have seen for the last ten days.

There was practically nothing doing in the miscellaneous stocks. Chicago Brewing and Malting advanced to 40½ for the preferred, and later 41 was bid for the account. The other brewery stocks show some strength. Great increases in production of beer are reported. New York biscuit sold at 23. There was a sale of some alley bonds at a low quotation, 5,000 of them going at 87½. Strawboard sold at 50. It is said that Strawboard has earned this year up to the present time at the rate of 13, which would be at the rate of 26 on the present selling price of this stock.

The list of sales was as follows:

SALES FIRST CALL—10:30 A. M.

4 Chi City Ry......310	25 N Y Biscuit Co... 23
1 D Match C Ill......113	

BONDS.

$5000 C G L & C Co 5s 80½ | $ 300 C C Ry 5-20 4½s 94

SALES BETWEEN CALLS.

14 N C S R R Co......215	100 W C S R R act ..155¼
100 do act..........214	2 do..........154½
75 do..........210	6 Street's W C L... 23⅞
100 do act..........214	10 C B & M Co pfd.. 40½
50 W C St R R act.. 156½	1 Chi City Ry.......310
50 do act..........154	

SALES SECOND CALL—2 P. M.

50 W C S R R act.......155½	30 C P & P Co pfd... 45
200 do act..........157	100 C B & M Co act.. 30
50 do act..........157¼	50 N C S R R Co act.215
50 do act..........157½	50 do act..........217
50 do act..........157½	1 do..........214
50 do act..........157¼	100 do act..........219⅛
5 Lake St E R R... 22	

BONDS.

$7000 Chi Gaslight & Coke Co 5s 81

SALES AFTER CALLS.

80 L St El R R......... 22	50 N C S R R Co act.219½
10 W C S R R......158	50 do act..........220
50 do act..........158⅛	10 Am Stb Co.......50½
50 N C S R R Co act.219⅛	57 do..........50

BONDS.

$5000 Chi & S S Rap Tran Co 5s.............. 87½

"I believe," said this bank officer, "that by the middle of August the banks of Chicago will be searching for borrowers for their money. It is true that there is as yet no noticeable improvement in the money market. That is not because there has been no improvement in the real situation, but simply because there is still a lack of confidence on the part of bank managers. Deposits are rapidly increasing. Few people recognize the influence that World's Fair receipts are now having. At least $500,000 of outside money is now spent in Chicago every day and the sum is steadily increasing. I can see no reason for taking such a gloomy view of the general situation as that now so commonly held. One month from today Congress will meet, and those who are best informed have the least doubt about there being vigorous action taken which will stop the purchase of silver bullion. Few people understand how much that will mean in its effect in restoring confidence both here and abroad, and particularly in the way it will stimulate foreign investment in our securities. I look for as large importations of gold this year as were ever brought to our shores in the same period. Our exports now are limited only by the capacity of the ocean steamers, and that must soon make itself felt. While the prospects for the general situation are fairly bright the prospects for Chicago seem to me positively brilliant. A situation is usually reckoned bad when people are loaded up with a lot of stuff which nobody else wants. That is not at all our situation. Liquidation has gone on here now until no one is overloaded, and further than that there is a market for everything we have. I confidently look for a veritable boom later this year."

The record of the day in the way of small bank failures was hardly in accord with this cheerful view perhaps. There are few who go so far with their hopefulness as this, but it is at least time to admit that the outlook is not entirely gloomy and that there are certainly possibilities of much brighter things.

The sterling market was practically unchanged yesterday. The tendency was rather heavy and the indication is that the advance made earlier in the week was too rapid. Quotations were as follows:

	Sixties.	Demand.
Posted	483½	485½
Actual	483	485
Documentary	480½	483

Clearings at the principal cities of the United States yesterday and a week ago were:

	July 6.	June 29.
New York	$107,440,682	$ 99,928,157
Boston	17,825,748	11,916,068
Chicago	15,608,000	13,237,000
Philadelphia	12,604,588	9,769,938
St. Louis	4,034,703	2,840,475
Baltimore	2,895,111	1,921,170
New Orleans	1,521,473	1,116,617

New York exchange was quoted as follows yesterday: Chicago, 75c discount; Boston, 25@40c discount; St. Louis, 50@75c discount.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 6.—[Special.]—The closing of London's stock market today was reflected in the dullness on our own exchanges; not, it may be safely said, because London has been a seller for our securities on its own account but because of the inviting field offered by an open London market to bear manipulators here. The local stock market opened steady, with changes in price both few and irregular. National Cordage, however, sold down rapidly on liquidation, it appears, by holders who did not fancy next week's payment of the first installment on the assessment. There was some effort to sell down other stocks but it met with little success, and in the later trading, partly because of the lower rates for money, prices generally rallied on moderate buying for the short account. A very significant and important bit of the day's news was the cancellation of a block of $100,000 clearing house loan certificates. Reading stock advanced from the start on news that the $3,743,000 issue of receiver's certificates had been authorized by the court.

Money rates were nominally easy today, but it was the ease which comes from market stagnation. The demand for use in speculative purchases of stocks is almost wholly absent, speculators knowing perfectly well that banks will not loan freely for such a purpose and that an aggressive movement would defeat itself through its immediate unsettling influence on stock exchange loaning rates. Even were this result not certain mercantile customers have at present an undoubted prior claim on bank accommodation. The surest safeguard of the situation is the resolute protection, at all hazards and at any sacrifice, of this branch of trade. Wall street, it may be added, has a decidedly better outlook through the certainty that, little by little, the July disbursement money will seek reinvestment. The yielding of call money rates adds to the probability of such a movement.

The transactions in railway and miscellaneous bonds were somewhat larger than yesterday, the sales footing up $737,000, against $648,000 yesterday. The dealings were well distributed. While the usually active issues, as a rule, were weak the leading bond brokers reported an increased number of orders for small amounts of the investment bonds at improving prices. Little Rock and Memphis 1sts fell 3, to 32; Michigan Central 5s of 1931 3, to 105; Peoria and Eastern incomes 2, to 16; Denver and Gulf 1sts 2, to 60. Erie 2ds extended rose 2, to 113½. Milwaukee, Lake Shore and Western 1sts advanced 5, to 120, but later sold at 116.

Government bonds strong. State bonds dull.

Money on call was easier at 4 per cent; last loan, 4; closed offered at 4. Prime mercantile paper, 6@8 per cent. Sterling exchange a shade lower, with actual business in bankers' bills at 482½@482¾ for 60-day bills and 484½@484¾ for demand. Silver market quiet and weaker; certificates sold at 73@73½, closing 73¾.

The total sales of stocks today were 104,000 shares, including: Atchison, 3,100; Burlington and Quincy, 5,100; Chicago Gas, 3,100; General Electric, 6,800; National Cordage, 6,400; Northwest, 3,500; Reading, 12,200; Rock Island, 3,000; St. Paul, 8,300; Sugar, 12,000; Western Union, 7,200. Sales silver certificates, 50,000 ounces.

SALES AND QUOTATIONS ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing—July 5	Closing—July 6
Atchison	3,100	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛	20⅞
Amer. Cot. Oil	1,250	33	32⅞	32½	33½
Do pfd	305	66¼	66	66¼	....
Amer. Sugar	11,981	82⅞	80⅝	82⅞	81
Do pfd	454	81½	80	80	81¼
Balt. & Ohio	833	73	72⅝	73	72
Cen. Pac	100	20	20	20	....
C., B. & Q	5,000	84½	83⅞	84⅛	84
C. & N. W	3,503	102½	101½	102⅛	101⅛
C., M. & St. P	8,332	67⅛	66⅝	67⅝	66⅛
Do pfd	344	113½	113	113	113½
C., R. I. & P	3,082	69⅝	68⅞	69⅝	69⅝
C., St. P., M. O	400	37	37	37	37
Do pfd	310	106¼	106⅛	106⅛	....
Ches. & Ohio	220	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17
C. F. & I	100	36	36	36	....
C., C., C. & St. L	510	41	40½	41	40⅞
Do pfd	100	85	85	85	....
Cent. R. R. of N. J	210	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
C. & E. Ill	100	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞	....
Col. & H. V	600	19⅝	18⅞	18⅝	19⅝
Citizens' Gas	100	100	100	100	....
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	300	123	122⅛	122⅛	....
Chicago Gas	3,100	69⅝	68	69⅞	67⅛
D., L. & W	2,110	144⅞	143⅞	144⅞	143⅞
Del. & Hud	237	120	120	120	120
Den. & Rio G. pfd	910	35	34	34½	35½
Dist. & C. F. Co	1,400	23	22⅝	22½	23
Edison	40	105¼	105¼	105¼	....
Gen. Elec	6,880	71⅞	69½	71⅝	71⅜
Lake Shore	955	120½	120	120¼	120
Louis. & Nash	2,560	64⅞	63⅞	64⅝	63⅞
L. E. & W. pfd	200	69	69	69	....
Laclede Gas pfd	15	59½	59½	59½	57
Manhattan	755	122½	120½	122½	122
Mo. Pacific	1,225	32	31⅞	32	31⅛
Nat. Starch	100	8	8	8	....
N. Y. & N. E	1,600	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛	20⅝
Nor. Pac. pfd	400	32¼	32⅞	32¼	32
N. Y., L. E. & W	600	16⅛	16	16	15⅞
N. Y. Cent	268	100½	100⅛	100⅛	100⅞
N. Y., Sus. & W	270	13⅛	13	13⅛	13
Nor. Am. Co	150	8⅝	8⅛	8½	8⅝
N. Y., Ont. & W	510	14	14	14	14
Nat. Linseed	300	21	21	21	....
Nat. Lead	1,076	29½	29⅛	29⅛	29⅞
Nat. Cordage	7,016	10½	8⅝	8⅞	10⅞
Do pfd	511	41	40	40	42
N. Y., C. & St. L	100	14	14	14	14
Ogn. S. Line	100	12	10⅞	11⅞	....
O. Ry. & Nav	50	65	65	65	....
Phil. & Reading	13,100	15	14½	14⅞	14
Pac. Mail	1,800	18⅞	17⅞	17⅞	18⅝
Pullman	340	162⅞	161	162	....
Peo., D. & E	100	9⅞	9⅛	9⅛	8⅞
P. C. C. & St. L. pfd	100	50½	50½	50½	....
Rich. Term	300	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅞
R., W. & O	100	106	106	106	....
So. Pacific	500	27⅞	27⅛	27⅞	27⅞
Silver Bullion	50,000	73½	73	73	75⅝
St. L. & S. W. pfd	165	10	9⅞	10	....
Tex. Pac	200	6⅛	6⅜	6⅜	6
Tol., A. A. & N. M	125	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	12
Tenn. Coal	300	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	15⅞
Union Pacific	1,400	24½	23⅞	24½	24
W. & L. E. pfd	100	50⅛	50⅛	50⅛	49½
Wabash	600	8	7⅞	8	8
Do pfd	385	16⅜	16	16⅛	15⅞
Western Union	7,221	81⅛	80⅝	81⅛	81
Wis. Cent	100	8	8	8	8

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams..........145	Fargo..........130
American..........108	United States.......... 50

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. 4s reg..........110	U. S. 4½s reg.......... 96
U. S. 4s coup..........110	

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

9000 ACo8s..........108	4000 MLS&W 1st..116@120
30000 Atch 4s......76⅞@77	20000 MC5s of 1931......105
17000 Atch 2d ClA.41½@42	3000 M C 7s..........116½
3000 BR&Pgm5s.......98⅛	21000 MK&T1st 4s...78@78⅞
5000 CS1st gt..........102½	21000 MK&T2d......40@40½
7000 CNJgm5s..107½@107⅞	11000 M P 3d..........105
1000 CP6s '98..........105	2000 M&SPcn..........120½
2000 C&Ocn5s..........100	1000 M&SP1s-SMdiv..108½
2000 C&O-R&Ad 1st c4s 78	2000 NYLE&Wcl tr 6s.100
2000 C&Ogn4½s..........76⅝	3000 NYC&SL 4s..94½@94⅞
18000 CB&Q cn 7s..........114	8000 NP1st cp...112½@113
10000 CB&Q-Ia div 4s.. 89⅞	5000 N P1st rg..........110½
1000 C B & Q 5s s f......100	1000 NP2d cp..........109⅞
10000 CB&Qcn 5s......98½	1000 NP3d cp..........99½
6000 C&NP1st..........67⅛	1000 NP cn 5s..........61½
18000 CRI&P5scp....95@95½	10000 NYCdb 5s..........105
2000 C St P M&O cn......116@116½	1000 N W cn..........132
10000 CHV&T5s......85@86	8000 OrImp cn 5s...48@48½
10000 CGL&CColst81½@82	4000 OSL6s..........101
12000 D&RG 4s..........77	1000 P&E1st..........67½
10000 Detroit Gas 5s.......85	6000 P&Einc..........166
20000 DL&M 1 g..........84	10000 P&E & P2d..........65
3000 DSS&A5s..........96	5000 P&R2d pf in......20
54000 ETV&G con gd 5s......91@91½	20000 P&R3d in..........15
3000 Erie 2d mg..........113½	14000 P&Rgm4s....66⅞@66⅞
1000 Fult El lts..........90	15000 R&WP t ctr 5s tr r......25@25½
5000 GEdeb5s..........83	3000 R&WPt c tr6s tr r. 55
20000 H&Tcp1st5s..........103	5000 RG&W1st..........68
1000 Iowa C 1st 5s......77	22000 SL&SW1st...59½@60
5000 KP 1st cn..........105½	2000 S A & A P 1st 6s of 1886-1926 t r.......... 67
1000 K&StJo cn..........111½	1000 T&P1st5s..........70½
8000 K C 1st 4s.......88@88½	20000 T&P2d in..........17½
2000 K&O 1st..........98	7000 T&OC1st..........103
7000 LacG 1st 5s..78⅞@79	2000 UPD&G1st..........60
1000 LS&MS1st cp......113⅞	4000 UE1 1st.......111@112½
2000 L&WBcn asst......104	4000 UP sf..........102
10000 LR&M 1st..........82	11000 Wab1st5s..........100
4000 L&N un gd 4s......80	3000 Wab2d m5s..........70⅞
9000 LNA&C1st..........105	30000 WSgtd 4s......98@98½
10000 LE&W1st 5s......110⅞	23000 WSgtd 4s rg..97⅞@98
5000 M&N1st 1913 cn...109	

BOSTON.

BOSTON, Mass., July 6.—Stock sales and quotations:

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Atchison	4,500	21	21⅞	20⅛	21⅞
Amn. Sugar	3,800	84	84⅛	80⅝	82⅝
Bell Telephone	27	188	188	187	187
C., B. & Q	1,500	83⅞	84½	83⅞	84⅞
C. Junc. Ry	82	75	78	75	75
Do pfd	5	87	87	87	87
Mex. Cent	400	6	6	6	6
Union Pacific	650	24½	24½	24	24½

Bonds:

3000 Atch 4s.......75⅞@76	1000 C&WMich 5s.... 90
1000 do 2ds.......... 41	1000 Ogdenbg 6s.....102½
3000 Mex Cent 4s.... 50	2000 Gen Elec 5s..... 83½
7000 C B Q 7s...114@114¼	8000 Chi Junc 5s..99@99⅞
5000 Gas 1sts.........72@73	1000 Ore S Line 6s... 98
1000 C B & N 5s........ 99	26000 CBQcon5s97½@99

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 6.—The market closed steady. Pennsylvania, 50⅞; Reading, 4⅞@4 7-16; Lehigh Valley, 40½@40⅞; Reading general 4s, 66⅞@66⅝; do 1st inc., 30@30⅞; do 2d inc., 20⅞@20½; do 3d inc., 15@15⅞.

MINING STOCKS.

BOSTON, Mass., July 6.—Allouez Mining company, $40.00; Atlantic, $7.50; Boston and Montana, $18.50; Butte and Boston, $6.25; Calumet and Hecla, $278.00; Centennial, $2.50; Franklin, $10.00; Kearsarge, $6.00; Osceola, $25.25; Quincy, $107.00; Tamarack, $138.00.

NEW YORK, July 6.—Crown Point, 20c; Con. Cal. and Va., $1.35; Deadwood, 90c; Gould and Curry, 35c; Hale and Norcross, 20c; Homestake, $7.00; Mexican, 65c; Ontario, $7.00; Ophir, $1.00; Plymouth, 20c; Sierra Nevada, 55c; Standard, $1.20; Union Consolidated, 50c; Yellow Jacket, 80c; Iron Silver, 15c; Quicksilver, $2.00; Quicksilver preferred, $15.00; Bulwer, 10c.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 6.—Alta, 10c; Belcher, 35c; Best & Belcher, 40c; Bodie Consolidated, 15c; Bulwer, 10c; Chollar, 35c; Consolidated California and Virginia, $1.30; Crown Point, 20c; Gould & Curry, 35c; Hale & Norcross, 25c; Mexican, 50c; Mono, 10c; Ophir, 95c; Potosi, 65c; Savage, 25c; Sierra Nevada, 50c; Union Consolidated, 40c; Yellow Jacket, 65c.

DULL TRADING ON WALL STREET.

Bears Hammer Away on Stocks—Bankers Think the Worst Is Over.

NEW YORK, July 6.—[Special.]—Less than 100,000 shares of listed stock were dealt in on the Stock Exchange today. There seems little disposition upon the part of anybody to trade. The important bear leaders are out in the country enjoying themselves and the market is thus left to their lieutenants, for most of the operations in the market lately have been by speculators on the bear side, who ordinarily are credited with executing orders for other people rather than for themselves. The most important development appears in the disposition upon the part of Europe to sell stock. Exchange has stiffened somewhat, and shipments of gold this way do not seem as probable as they did some days ago. This revelation is encouraging the small traders to hammer away upon their own account. Reading has been strong on reports that the Vanderbilts have been large buyers of the stock and junior bonds. It is likely to be found before long that this report is misleading. In banking circles it is believed that the worst is over so far as money rates are concerned and there are even intimations from important quarters that time money may be available before long. None the less the leading bankers of the State are of the opinion that it will be a good while before funds are plentiful to give Wall street all the facilities it needs for active trading in stocks. H. ALLAWAY.

WHAT TRADE GOSSIPS WERE SAYING.

Interesting Bits of Information Picked Up on the Floor of the Exchange.

Many reports came in to the effect that wheat is badly damaged in both the winter and spring districts, and traders as a rule decided that where there is so much smoke there must be some fire; hence the leading markets took a bullish turn. The damage was done some time ago, and is now being developed, and there was less than an average interest in present weather conditions. These showed seasonable temperatures, the Northwest getting some rains, while the signal service map indicated an absence of moisture in Kansas. The feeling after the close was rather firm. Puts on September wheat sold at 68⅞@69c, and were finally quoted at 68⅞@69c. Calls sold at 69⅜c up to 70c, and were finally 69⅞c. Puts on September corn sold at 41⅝@41¾c and calls at 42¼@42⅜c.

Estimated receipts for today: Wheat, 75 cars; corn, 250 cars; oats, 120 cars; and 23,000 hogs.

The Bradstreet report said that the available supply of wheat east and west of the Rocky Mountains decreased 1,448,000 bu for the week. Also that stocks in country elevators in the Northwest decreased 1,100,000 bu, showing a total reduction of 2,548,000 bu.

There was initial trading in oats for delivery in May, 1894. Blackman sold to Simons at 29c, and subsequently a few "fives" went at a shade above that. Exports of oats were a little larger, New York reporting 89,400 bu.

The Duluth stock of wheat was reported cut down to 4,600,000 bu with further inroads this week. The foreigners are rather favoring that point with their buying orders, but the local cash trade reports considerable inquiry, and expresses the belief that before long the big outward movement will shift to this market, provided relative prices remain as now. Bids yesterday were close to asked figures, but no business was made public nor were there any charters.

The *Price Current* in its crop summary says: "Harvesting generally progressing well. Delayed in Kansas by rains; outcome disappointing in Missouri. Other regions well maintained. Quality unsatisfactory in Western section. Rains in Northwest give considerable encouragement and general situation favorable. Corn crop advancing seasonably."

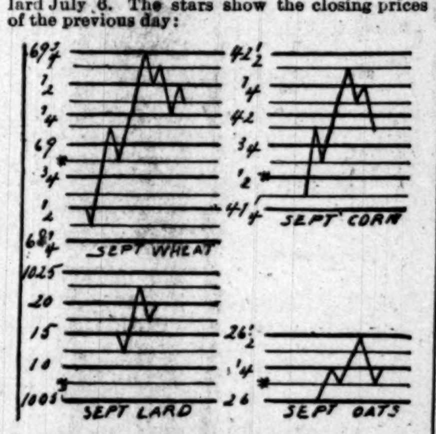
The cash business in corn in store approximated 500,000 bu, vessel room was reported taken for 320,000 bu, and it was hinted that additional tonnage was engaged and not made public. The increased demand for corn was attributed largely to export orders and proved the chief support to the market. Now that country shipments to place on July contracts are out of the way in a measure some of the people in the trade are anticipating a falling off in the movement from first hands. New York reported 80,000 bu corn taken there for export.

Kennett-Hopkins sent out a decidedly bullish crop report on the wheat outlook. Among other things this said: "We have it on good authority that a leading railway tapping nearly every portion of the Northwest will issue in a day or two, if it decides to make the report public, a statement showing much greater damage to spring wheat than has yet been sent from any quarter. The road has had agents out for some days, and last Saturday their reports were sent in. They were so surprisingly bad that officials could not credit them, and other agents were at once sent out with instructions to extend their field of observation. Some of these men reported by wire today, and they confirm the previous reports, a number of them declaring that the coming harvest will be the worst ever known in the Northwest."

A flood of telegrams came in from the Northwest of the most bullish character. These were much in line with scattering advices for the last day or two, but were multiplied many times and seemed to be sent from all classes of people, including crop experts, railroad men, implement dealers, grain handlers, and grain growers. The damage is generally attributed to a short period of hot weather the middle of last month. Against this is the fact that copious rains and cooler temperature have been common for a fortnight, yet it is insisted that these came too late, and many conservative people, who are evidently in a position to know, say the yield cannot be more than 50 to 60 per cent of a full one. Hinckley, the crop expert, wired from Moorhead, Minn., that he finds the condition worse than expected, and far worse than others have reported, estimating only half a crop for the two Dakotas and Minnesota. Lamson's Jim River Valley correspondent talks the same way, and W. F. Johnston, who has just returned from South Dakota, offers no encouragement to the bear party.

Bad crop reports were not confined to the spring wheat district, the advices from the South and Southwest indicating decided disappointment in the yield. These telegrams referred chiefly to the wheat fields of Illinois and Missouri. Here are specimens: One of C. R. Clark's correspondents in this State said that rust had struck the wheat, making the prospect the poorest in years; that one piece of ground whence he expected to get 1,000 bu No. 2 red will not yield over 300 bu, and that probably a lower grade. A telegram to Irwin-Green from St. Louis said that out of forty-eight farmers interviewed who live in Saline County, Mo., forty-five report wheat not worth cutting; thirteen have already taken the binders out of the fields and turned live stock into the wheat. Fields which a week ago promised 15 bu will not make seed, all on account of the rust.

The following diagrams indicate the principal fluctuations of September wheat, corn, oats, and lard July 6. The stars show the closing prices of the previous day:



BULL WHEAT REPORTS.

Crop Damage Advices Cause an Advance—Corn and Provisions Share the Strength.

Wheat changed front once more, initial weakness giving way to a complete recovery and a final advance, although outside prices were not fully maintained. It was almost a matter for wonderment that the advance was not greater under the mass of bull news from the wheat fields, which was so radical as to suggest a big whittling-down in former estimates of final outturn. The reports were much as the scattering hints of the last two days, but came in such a flood that everything else was overshadowed, and even the most persistent 60c bears were obliged to take cognizance of them. Summarized these said that the prospects in the Northwest were for little better than half a crop owing to extreme heat earlier in the season doing irreparable damage, and that harvest returns from the winter wheat fields were extremely disappointing, due chiefly to rust. The opening was really weak, September selling off ⅛c to 68⅝c, owing largely to heavy cables and showers in the West, with Cudahy brokers again on the selling side. At the shaded prices fair buying was developed and the augmented number of bad crop reports induced scattered shorts to cover. Logan was an early seller and Pardridge sold, while Champlin was the most conspicuous buyer, with Wadhams taking a fair quantity, possibly for Hately and possibly for Baker. The *Price Current* summary was given a mildly bullish interpretation and the *Bradstreet* report, while ambiguous, indicated a decrease in available supplies much greater than that posted Wednesday. Under these influences and such minor ones as small receipts, continued liberal reduction of stocks in the northwest, strength elsewhere, and fair clearances, September worked up to 69⅝c and eventually rested ⅝c higher for the day at 69⅜@69½c. July was neglected, closing about 4⅝c discount at 64⅞@64⅞c. There was no Liverpool market and closing cables showed the Continent uncertain, with Berlin lower. Exports were 580,000 bu wheat and flour, mostly from New York, and 120,000 bu were reported taken for early loading. Local receipts were 189 cars and shipments 100,000 bu. The estimate for today is 75 cars. Receipts at primary points were 416,484 bu and shipments 755,087 bu, of which Duluth sent out 547,000 bu. Cash lots were in fair demand, with no large business made public. Scattering cars to go to store sold at 65c for No. 2 red winter and 57½c for No. 3 red. Free on board sales were at 60c for No. 3 red winter, 58@59c for No. 3 spring, and 64c for No. 3 choice hard.

The improved demand for cash corn noted the day before was again the feature in the market and helped the futures. A considerable export business has been done the last two days, much of yesterday's purchases being of that character. This fact and the small stocks of contract grade and the small estimate for today brought an advance of 1@1¼c in cash and the near future, while deferred deliveries were relatively less strong, everything closing at a fair advance. Shipping houses, such as Bartlett-Frazier and Boyden, were buyers, scattered shorts covered, and moderate animation was the rule. Outside markets were higher and no public cables were received. July ranged at 39⅜c at the opening to 40⅞ and the contract grade of cash advanced to a small premium over seller the month. The close was ⅝c better at 40½c. September gained ⅝c, resting at 41⅞@42c, after selling at 41⅝@42⅜c. The receipts were 565 cars and the out-inspection 143,562 bu. The *Bradstreet* reported an increase in available supplies of 963,000 bu. Exports were 122,000 bu and lake tonnage was taken for 320,000 bu. In the active cash market many round lots changed hands. No. 2 and No. 2 yellow in store and to go there sold at 40@41c, and No. 3 at 39⅛@39⅞c. Free on board sales were at 37@37⅛c for No. 4, and 39⅞@40⅛c for No. 3 white. Billed through sold at 38c for No. 2 yellow, and 39c for No. 2 white.

Oats were not particularly active, with only a moderate speculative business, confined chiefly to July and September. Receipts were 171 cars, against 240 estimated, and there was a good demand for cash lots. With these factors and the strength in other cereals a moderate advance was scored, but not fully maintained. Exports at New York were reported at 89,457 bu. July ranged at 28c early to 28⅞@28⅞c together, under fair buying by Milmine-Bodman, Counselman and others, and closed 1⅛c higher at 28⅞c. September sold at 26@26⅛c and closed at 26⅛c. May sold for the first time at 29@29⅛c. In the sample market lightweight oats were dull, while there was a good demand for choice heavy lots. Free-on-board sales were at 26⅛@29½c for No. 3, 29⅞@31½c for do white, and 29@30⅞c for No. 2.

Rye continued dull and uninteresting. No. 2 in store was quotable at 48c and by sample on track at 49c. There were light offerings of round lots at 50c. A few cars of No. 3 by sample sold at 39@40c. The cash market was quiet. August was nominally 51c. September sold sparingly at 52c. Nothing was done in barley. There was no interest manifested by shippers or buyers. Common to fair barley was nominally unchanged and quotable at 32@35c. One car of screenings sold at $10.00 and choice lots were quotable at $13.00. Only two cars of barley arrived. Choice malting was nominally higher.

Flour was dull and practically steady. Only a small business was done, and this included 1,000 sacks winter on export account.

Millstuffs were in light demand, with prices about the same. Bran sold at $9.50@10.50 and middlings at $12.00.

Provisions were quiet, yet a little more life was manifested in the way of an improved demand for the deferred deliveries of lard and ribs. The speculative offerings were relatively small except at a material advance and the general tendency of product was higher, although some of the packers were inclined to realize at every substantial advance. The market received some strength from the advices sent from the yards of a higher hog market consequent upon unexpectedly small supplies. The strength elsewhere on the floor also extended in a mild degree to provisions. Liverpool was irregular and outside domestic markets were higher. September lard opened 7½c higher at $10.15, advanced to $10.22½ and closed 12½c higher at $10.20, with more doing in October, which ranged at $9.47½@9.65, and rested at the outside. September ribs sold at $9.20@9.25, and closed 12½c higher at $9.25, with July and cash 35@40c discount. Cudahy, Hately, and Armour bought lard, and Norton-Worthington and Steever were the leading sellers, Gooch and the Anglo-American selling some October. Wright offered ribs some support. Pork was neglected. September sold sparingly at $20.10 and closed nominal, with the difference between that and July narrowed somewhat. There was a good home and foreign shipping demand. Cash sales included 750 tcs lard at $9.50; 75 tcs sweet pickled hams, 20 lbs, at $10.62½; and 515,000 lbs short ribs, part at $8.80.

Flax was steady. Car lot offerings were apparently equal to the small demand. No. 1 on track remained at $1.11 paid, and July was offered at $1.10½. September improved and was $1.11 bid and $1.13 sellers. Receipts, 13 cars; shipments, 1,650 bu. Timothy was strong, with prices unchanged. September was quoted at $3.72½ bid. Cash timothy was $4.00 bid and not offered. Common to good was quotably $3.80@3.85. Clover was lifeless. Prime was quotable at $11.00 and October nominally the same. A small quantity of poor sold by sample at $6.00.

PRICES ON 'CHANGE.

The following table shows the range of prices on grain and provisions:

	Closed Wednesday.	Range yesterday.		Closed yesterday.
WHEAT.				
July	$ 64⅜	$ 63⅞@	65	$ 64⅞
Sept	68⅞	68⅝@	69⅝	69⅜
CORN.				
July	$ 39⅞	39⅜@	40⅞	40⅛
Sept	41⅛	41⅝@	42⅜	41⅞
OATS.				
July	$ 27⅞	28 @	28⅞	28⅞
Sept	26⅛	26 @	26⅝	26⅛
MESS PORK.				
July	$18.92½	$ ......@	......	......
Sept	20.07½	20.10 @	......	20.10
LARD—PER 100 LBS.				
July	$ 9.42½	$ 9.60 @	......	9.60
Sept	10.07½	10.12½@	10.22½	10.20
RIBS—BOXED 25 CENTS MORE THAN LOOSE.				
July	$ 8.70	$ ......@	......	8.90
Sept	9.12½	9.20 @	9.25	9.25

CLOSING PRICES CORRESPONDING DAY LAST YEAR.

	July.	September.	December.
No. 2 wheat	$ 77⅞	$ 76⅞	$ 79⅞
No. 2 corn	50⅞	49⅞	......
No. 2 oats	32⅞	31⅞	......
Mess pork	11.42½	11.57½	......
Lard	7.00	7.10	......
Short ribs	7.25	7.27½	......

Lake freights were steady on a basis of 1c for wheat and corn to Buffalo. Charters were made for 320,000 bu corn and 120,000 bu oats.

ON SOUTH WATER STREET.

Heavy Receipts and General Activity—Brisk Trade in Southern Vegetables.

Prices were generally firm and trade active. Butter was a little firmer, although receipts were heavier. Cheese was dull, with prices a trifle lower for the cheaper grades. The trade in strawberries is about over. Receipts were light. A few Wisconsin strawberries sold at $1.50 early and went down as low as 50c for poor to clean up. Eggs were scarcer. Receipts were light and in most cases the quality was poor. Poultry was active, with receipts less than the demand. The trade in early Southern vegetables has fairly opened for the season and the market was active.

The following quotations are for round lots of merchantable quality and usually from first hands:

BUTTER—Fancy separator goods, 19½@20½c; fine, 17½@18½c; fair to good, 15@16c; fancy dairies, Cooley's, 16@17c; medium to good, 14@15c; packing stock, fresh, 13@13½c; roll, good to choice, 12½@13c.

BUTTERINE—Extra fancy creamery, 18c per lb; fancy creamery, 17c; extra dairy, 15c; dairy, 12½c; rolls and small pails, ½c additional.

CHEESE—New makes—Finest full-cream cheddars, 8@8½c per lb; flat shapes, 8@8½c; Young Americas, 8@8½c; slightly skimmed, 6½@7c; imitation Swiss cheese, 13@15c; brick cheese, 8½@9c.

DRIED FRUITS—Evaporated apples, 7½@10c per lb; Northern sun-dried apples, 5@6½c; peaches, 5@6c; blackberries, 6@7c; raspberries, 23@24½c. California dried fruits—Apricots, 14@16c per lb; unpeeled peaches, 8@11c; peeled peaches, 22@24c; prunes, 9@13c; raisins, London layers, $1.85@2.00 per box; muscatels, $1.25@1.35; with do loose, 4@7c per lb.

EGGS—Good Northern stock, 14½@15c per doz.

GREEN FRUITS—Apples, fine to choice, $2.50@5.00 per brl, and fair to good, $1.00@1.75; bananas, $1.00@2.00 per bunch; lemons, $3.00@4.50 per box; California oranges, $2.75@3.25 per box; Michigan strawberries, 50c@$1.00 per 16-qt case; Wisconsin, $1.00@1.50; pineapples, $7.00@10.00 per 100; cherries, $1.00@1.25 per case of 16 qts; gooseberries, $1.00@1.25 per case of 16 qts; plums, 50c@1.00 per case of 24 pts; red raspberries, $1.00@1.50 per case of 24 pts; black raspberries, $1.50@2.00 per case of 24 qts; peaches 50c@$1.00 per case of 4 baskets; blackberries, $2.00@2.25 per case of 24 qts.

HAY—Was in large supply and only fair demand. Receipts were 1,701 tons and shipments 96 tons. Sales were: On track, 6 cars No. 1 timothy at $11.50@12.00; 11 cars upland prairie, at $8.00@11.00.

HIDES—No. 1 green salted, 3⅞c per lb; No. 2 do, 2⅞c; No. 1 calfskins, 6½c; No. 2 do, 5c; No. 1 country tallow, 4c per lb; No. 2 do, 3½c.

POTATOES—Burbanks, Wisconsin, 65@70c; Michigan, 65@70c; Hebrons, 60@65c; new potatoes, New Orleans, $2.00@2.50 per brl.

POULTRY—Live hen turkeys, good to choice, 11@11½c per lb; gobblers, 9c; live chickens, 10½@11½c; spring chickens, 16@17½c per lb; roosters, 5@6c; live ducks, 8@9c; live geese, full feathered, $3.00@5.00 per doz.

VEGETABLES—New cabbages, St. Louis, $2.00@2.25 per crate; yellow and red onions, New Orleans, $3.00@3.50 per barrel; new turnips, 65@75c per bu box; cucumbers, Cincinnati, 30@35c per doz; home grown, 25@30c; green onions, 10c per doz bunches; lettuce, 50@60c per box; pie plant, 20c per doz bunches; radishes, 20@25c per doz; spinach, 60@75c per brl; spring beets, 25@30c per doz bunches; parsley, 18@20c per doz bunches; watercress, 20@25c per doz bunches; peas, $1.25 per sack; string beans, 60@75c per bu; wax beans, 75c@$1.00; asparagus, 85@90c per doz; cauliflower, $1.00@1.25 per box; tomatoes, Mississippi flats, 75c@$1.00 per 4-basket crate; egg plants, $1.00@1.25 per doz; watermelons, $2.50@3.50 per doz; green corn, 15c per doz.

WHISKY—Steady on the basis of $1.12.

LOCAL LIVE STOCK.

Advance in the Cattle Market—Hogs Go Higher—Receipts and Prices.

Chicago receipts and shipments of live stock for dates mentioned:

Dates.	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Receipts—				
Monday, July 3	13,896	1,260	27,926	12,668
Tuesday, July 4				
Wednesday, July 5	23,506	1,603	25,886	15,498
Thursday, July 6	11,000	1,000	19,000	15,000
Week thus far	48,402	3,863	32,812	43,166
Same p'd last week	49,912	5,096	107,417	49,651
Same period 1892	43,422	3,471	73,480	28,469
Shipments—				
Monday, July 3	3,562	252	8,878	2,618
Tuesday, July 4				
Wednesday, July 5	4,016	331	6,684	1,202
Thursday, July 6	4,000	200	6,000	1,500
Week thus far	11,578	783	21,562	5,320
Same p'd last week	12,702	390	21,585	9,628
Same period 1892	12,581	373	27,580	5,670

Receipts July 6, with comparisons at four markets:

Markets.	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Chicago	11,000	19,000	15,000
Kansas City	3,500	8,000	2,500
Omaha	1,800	4,200	500
St. Louis	3,000	3,500	200
Totals	19,300	34,700	18,200
Cor. day last week	23,600	40,400	12,400
Cor. day 1892	27,900	52,800	12,500
Cor. day 1891	18,000	49,000	10,000
Cor. day 1890	14,200	61,200	7,000

Today's receipts are estimated at 22,000 hogs, 8,000 cattle, and 7,000 sheep, against 32,061 hogs, 8,822 cattle, and 8,089 sheep one week ago and 32,180 hogs, 22,760 cattle, and 4,529 sheep one year ago.

CATTLE—Smaller receipts and a good demand caused a stronger market, which opened firm to 20c higher, and closed quiet at about 5@10c advance. Quotations:

Fancy native steers, 1,500@1,750 lbs	$5.30@5.60
Choice to fancy steers, 1,300@1,500 lbs	4.65@5.25
Good to choice steers, 1,200@1,400 lbs	4.30@4.70
Fair to choice steers, 1,100@1,300 lbs	3.90@4.40
Poor to fair steers, 900@1,100 lbs	3.60@4.15
Common to good butchers' steers	3.70@3.90
Choice to extra cows and heifers	2.95@3.50
Fair to good cows and heifers	2.15@2.75
Poor to good canning cows	1.50@2.40
Stockers and feeders, 700@1,150 lbs	2.50@4.00
Native veal calves, 100@400 lbs	3.00@5.75
Texas steers, 800@1,200 lbs	2.40@4.25
Texas cows, bulls, and stags	1.50@2.90

HOGS—Most of the hogs sold 10c higher. The market opened strong, later weakened, and late in the afternoon strengthened again. Heavy sold at $5.95@6.40; bulk, $6.15@6.30; mixed, $6.00@6.35; bulk, $6.15@6.25; light, $6.05@6.35; bulk, $6.20@6.30; pigs, $4.75@6.25; bulk, $5.75@6.20.

SHEEP—All desirable sheep and lambs were active and steady, while poor to fair stock generally sold 5@10c lower.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS ELSEWHERE.

Kansas City, Mo., July 6.—CATTLE—Receipts, 4,300; shipments, 4,500; market strong to 10c higher; Texas steers, $2.35@4.00; Texas cows, $1.75@2.60; shippers, $4.20@5.45; native cows, $1.50@4.00; butcher stock, $3.00@4.35; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.10; bulls and mixed, $2.00@3.00. HOGS—Receipts, 9,100; shipments, 2,900; market ruled strong and 10@15c higher during most of trading, closing weak; bulk of sales, $5.85@6.00; heavies, $5.70@6.00; packers, $5.75@6.05; mixed, $5.70@6.40; Yorkers, $6.00@6.10; pigs, $5.20@6.00. SHEEP—Receipts, 2,900; shipments, 500; market steady.

St. Louis, Mo., July 6.—CATTLE—Receipts, 3,800; shipments, 3,200; market 10c higher; fair to good native steers, $3.00@4.50; grass Texas, $2.75@3.70. HOGS—Receipts, 3,600; shipments, 1,000; market opened 10c higher but the advance was lost; top price was $6.15, while bulk sales were at $5.95@6.10. SHEEP—Receipts, 200; shipments, 2,400; market steady and firm at unchanged prices.

Omaha, Neb., July 6.—CATTLE—Receipts, 1,800; steady; steers, $3.70@5.00; cows, $1.50@3.50; feeders, $2.25@3.70. HOGS—Receipts, 4,200; 25@35c higher; heavy, $5.90@6.05; light, $5.95@6.10; bulk, $5.95@6.05. SHEEP—Receipts, 500; dull, $3.00@4.75; lambs, $4.00@5.75.

FOREIGN FINANCE AND PRODUCE.

Leading Quotations from London, Liverpool, and Paris.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

LONDON, July 6.—Business on the money market has been extremely quiet, with abundant offering of dividends now due. Rates throughout have been easy at a short advance, ⅛ to ⅞ for three months' bank bills. Silver is unchanged at 34⅛d.

Rate of discount in the open market for both short and 3 months' bills 1½ per cent. The bullion in the Bank of England decreased £374,000 during the last week. The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability which last week was 50.36 per cent is now 43.46 per cent.

PARIS, July 6.—Three per cent rentes 97f 92½c for the account. The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows an increase of 2,025,000f gold and a decrease of 3,150,000f silver.

LIVERPOOL, July 6.—PROVISIONS—Closing—Pork—Demand moderate; unchanged. Lard—Demand poor; spot dull, 48s.

PRODUCE MARKETS EAST AND WEST.

Cotton, Grain, and Provision Movement, Together with Closing Quotations.

New York, July 6.—[Special.]—COTTON—Advanced 3 to 5 points, closing steady with a net advance for the day of 1 to 3 points and the sales 72,300 bales. A holiday in Liverpool owing to the royal wedding. New Orleans declined 1 point, but recovered this, and advanced 5 to 6 points, part of which was lost. Spot prices were unchanged here with trade dull and the sales 123 bales for spinning. Middling uplands, 7 15-16. Southern spot markets were unchanged as a rule and quiet. Norfolk advanced 1-16c. The government weekly reports says that the plant is small in most sections, but that a general improvement has taken place during the past week. New Orleans sold 800 bales and Memphis 400. Today's sales:

Months.	Sales.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
July	700	7.77	7.77	7.76@7.77
August	18,100	7.78	7.83	7.84@7.85
September	9,400	7.96	7.92	7.93@7.94
October	17,500	8.05	8.02	8.03@8.04
November	4,400	8.12	8.09	8.11@8.12
December	11,300	8.21	8.17	8.18@8.19
January	10,500	8.28	8.25	8.26@8.27
February	.....	.....	.....	8.33@8.34
March	400	8.42	8.42	8.41@8.42

COFFEE—Some deliveries 5 points off and others points up, closing quiet with sales of 120,150 bags. Havre advanced ¼f and Hamburg ¼ to ½ pfennig. A holiday in London. The receipts at Rio were 6,000 bags and at Santos 4,060. Rio exchange, 10 15-16d. Rio Janeiro was firm and Santos quiet. United States warehouse deliveries, 6,446 bags. Rio on the spot was quiet and steady. Sales of 550 bags Santos low grade, 300 bags Maracaibo, 300 bags Central American, and 200 bags Savanilla, private terms. Today's sales:

Months.	Sales.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
July	500	15.95	15.95	15.85@15.90
August	500	15.90	15.85	15.80@15.85
September	4,500	15.85	15.75	15.70@15.75
October	1,250	15.75	15.65	15.60@15.65
December	3,500	15.60	15.45	15.40@15.45

GRAIN—Wheat declined ⅛c, but recovered this and advanced ⅛ to ½c, part of which was lost; spot sales, 160,000 bu, including 120,000 bu for export; No. 2 red f. o. b. afloat at 4½@4⅝c under September; No. 1 Northern at ⅜@1c over July afloat at 73c, f. o. b. afloat; sample red Detroit at ⅛c over July afloat; No. 2 hard winter at 2⅛c under September afloat; for local account 5 loads ungraded red at 68@71c. Option sales, 1,100,000 bu. Corn advanced ⅜c; spot sales, 95,000 bu, including 64,000 bu for export; No. 2 at 47¼@48½c in elevator, and 49½c afloat. Option sales, 290,000 bu. Oats advanced ⅛@⅜, but distant months reacted and closed the same as yesterday. Spot prices ⅛ to ⅜c higher; spot sales, 140,000 bu, including 35,000 bu for export; No. 2 white at 37@38c; No. 3 do at 36c; No. 2 mixed at 35. Option sales, 45,000 bu. Rye dull.

BUTTER—Choice, 20@22c.
CHEESE—Fancy, 8⅞@8¾c.
EGGS—15½@17½c.

SUGAR—More active and firm; 89 test, 3⅝c; 96 test, 4⅜c. Sales 995 hogsheads and 27,000 bags muscovado, 89 test at 3⅝c, and 6,500 bags centrifugals, 96 test, at 4⅜c. Refined, fair, active, and firm.

COTTON-SEED OIL—Moderate demand, firm; crude, 36@37c.

PETROLEUM—It was neglected. Pennsylvania oil spot sales, none; August option sales, none, 57½c bid; Lima oil sales, none, 29c bid; total sales, none. At Oil City, Pa.—National Transit certificates opened 58c; highest, 58c; lowest, 58c; closed, 58c; sales, 13,000; clearances and shipments, 154,890; runs, 102,880. At Pittsburg, Pa.—National Transit certificates opened 58c; closed, 58c; highest, 58c; lowest, 58c; sales, 5,000.

FREIGHTS—The berth market holds steady, but engagements are restricted by a momentary lack of shipping margins. Full cargo grain freights are also steady, with a moderate movement, current quotations to Cork for orders from the Atlantic ports being 3s 1½d@3s 3d for July loading. Berth engagements hence are 16,000 bu grain to London at 4½d, and 16,000 bu grain to Antwerp at 4½d; grain rates to other ports nominally steady.

DRY GOODS—New business continues inactive. Few buyers have appeared in the market since the holiday, and there is accordingly little to note and no change whatever. The fact that money is easier does not affect trade at once.

St. Louis, Mo., July 6.—GRAIN—Wheat declined ⅛c early, but subsequently regained the loss and closed ⅛c above yesterday. Cash and July closed at 62½c; August, 64⅝c; September, 66⅝c. Corn advanced under the influence of wheat and closed ⅛c above yesterday; cash, 37c; July closed at 37⅛c; September, 38⅞c. Oats stronger; cash, 30c; July, 27⅛c; August, 24½c; September, 24⅞c. Rye quiet, 48c. Barley—No market. PROVISIONS—Firmer. Pork—Current make, jobbing, $18.50. Lard, $9.00. Salt meats—Loose shoulders, $8.12½; longs and ribs, $9.00; shorts, $9.37½. Boxed 15c more. Bacon—Shoulders, $9.25; longs and ribs, $10.25; shorts, $10.50. Sugar-cured hams, $13.00@14.00. Receipts—Wheat, 29,000 bu; corn, 42,600 bu; oats, 23,000 bu; rye and barley none. Shipments—Wheat, 6,000 bu; corn, 123,000 bu; oats, 6,000 bu; rye, 1,000 bu; barley, none.

Boston, Mass., July 6.—WOOL—The demand is still rather moderate. Manufacturers move cautiously, as they are not receiving any orders for goods. Prices for wool remain about the same. Ohio fleeces are quoted nominally at 24@25c for X and XX, and 27@28c for No. 1. Michigan X will sell at 21@22c and No. 2 at 26c per pound. In fine delaine selections there have been sales of Ohio at 25c and Michigan at 24c, while unwashed combing meats with a fairly good sale at 20@22c for one-quarter and three-eighths blood, as to quality. In new Texas, Territory, and California wool there has been a fair trade at 43@45c for fine and fine medium clean, and 40c for medium. Pulled wools are dull, with good supers selling at 30@35c and extras at 23@25c per pound. Domestic scoured wools are in fair demand at a wide range of prices. Australian wool is steady and quiet, and foreign carpet wools held firmly.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 6.—GRAIN—Wheat—Opened weak with late futures shade lower, but fair inquiry for export and with stronger reports from other grain centers; market closed firm. No. 2 red, July, 68@68½c; August, 70@70½c; September, 72@72½c; October, 74@74½c. Corn—Firm and higher. No. 2 mixed, July, 47½@48c; August, 48⅞@49c; September, 49@49½c; October, 49½@50c. Oats—Carlots firm; futures shade stronger but quiet. No. 2 white, July, 33@33½c; August, 34½@35½c; September, 33@34c. Receipts—Wheat, 39,800 bu; corn, 1,900 bu; oats, 45,800 bu. Shipments—Wheat, none; corn, 2,700 bu; oats, 17,000 bu.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 6.—GRAIN—Wheat—Spring easier; No. 1 Northern, 67c spot; 68c c. i. f.; winter wheat firm; No. 2 red, 67½c; No. 1 white, 69c; No. 3 extra, 64@65c. RECEIPTS—Wheat, 540,000 bu. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 300,000 bu.

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New York, June ...

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago Junction Railways and Union Stock-Yards Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company at No. 1 Montgomery-st., Jersey City, N. J., on Thursday, the ... day of ..., 1893, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. The transfer books of the company will close at 3 p. m. on Thursday, June 15, and reopen at 10 a. m. on ... 7, 1893. By order of the Board of Directors.
WILLIAM LANE, Secretary.

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